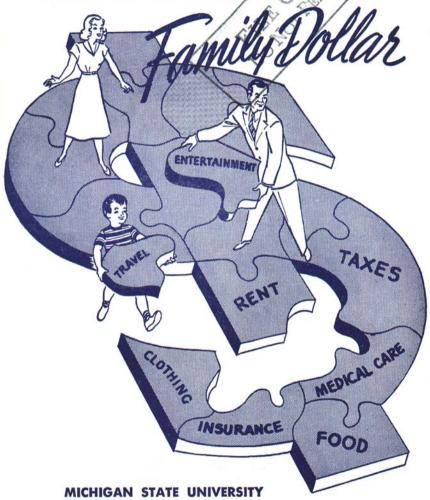
**EXTENSION BULLETIN 256** 

PLANNING THE USE OF THE



Cooperative Extension Service

EAST LANSING

# Planning the Use of the Family Dollar

By LUCILE KETCHUM1

#### HOW TO PLAN

The Livewells of Michigan have a modest income, but they've found that an organized plan helps them make the best use of whatever dollars they have to spend.

If you've decided to take a hand at getting your own family finances under control, the Livewells' system will interest you. This is how they do it.

#### A. First - Talk It Over - Decide What You Want

The Livewells have learned that their spending plan must fit them—not the neighbors, the Smiths or the Joneses, or some "average" family. To get a good financial "fit," the family who does the spending must do the planning. Both as individuals and as a group, they must make the choices themselves about what use of income will be best.

Although the Livewell family always finds it best to have their plans written down, a good deal of discussion goes on before they actually put a spending plan on paper. They talk things over—around the dinner table, over the dishes, or on the way to town.

Various things come up for consideration. The family needs a new car. Mr. Livewell is thinking about trading tractors, and Mrs. Livewell needs a new refrigerator. Mary's teeth should be straightened. Jack starts college next fall, and will need some extra cash besides his savings. And everybody wants to see Niagara Falls this year.

As a result, many different needs and wishes seem to be of equal importance. Then someone reminds the family of the goals which

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Extension Specialist in Home Management. The author wishes to extend full credit to Management and the original bulletin of the same. Much of Miss Pond's material, adapted to current conditions, is included in this revision. Mrs. Eunice A. Pardee, Extension Specialist in Home Management, collaborated in the 1958 Revision of the bulletin.

mean the most to all of them. When the things they want most out of life are considered, it becomes easier to decide what is actually important at the moment. But everyone has had his say, and each has listened to the other's ideas before a decision is reached.

#### B. Then Start In

This thinking through of goals is the core of family financial planning. Once it's done, the whole family may "sit in" on the final planning—or only Mr. and Mrs. Livewell. You'll have to decide such details according to what suits your own family best. It may not be important for all of the family actually to be present when you put your plan on paper (though the Livewells think it works better that way). However, it is important that father, mother, and the older children all share in the planning. Even the younger children will have an interest in certain parts.

The Livewells have found it most satisfactory to make their plans for a 12-month period. Fall is the best time for them to start plans, since that's when they sell their crops and receive the greater share of the year's income. Other families like starting at the first of the year better.

Your family may want to plan for a shorter period at first. You can set up a plan for a week, month, quarter, year, or half-year. But remember that if your plan is for a very short period, some expenses—such as coal, insurance and winter clothing—will be more difficult to handle.

When you're ready for the final step of putting your plan in writing, get pencils and paper together, and assemble receipts and cancelled checks. Records from account books will be a great help, if you have them. If not, estimate your living costs as accurately as you can.

In particular, take into consideration (1) What you've earned and spent in the past; (2) What the newspapers and magazines can tell you about price trends; and (3) Any special plans you have for the coming year.

The Livewells have developed a system which seems easy to them, and which helps them do a good job of planning. The following pages show how they do it, step by step. You can use these same pages to set up your own family spending plan.

## C. Take It Step By Step

period of your plan:
Our Gross Income

is your "Net Worth."

Our Net Worth\_

Major sources-farm, salaries, owned

Use this space to estimate your net money income for the

business
Other sources
tell the second of the second
TOTAL
Our Business expenses
Major-farm, owned business
Other
TOTAL
OUR NET MONEY INCOME
(Subtract total, business expenses, from total, gross income)  Transfer the last figure in this section to top of page 7.
II. Find Out Where You Are Now
It isn't only "income" and "out-go" that count. How far have you come already? You may be surprised to find how much you've accomplished—so before you go any further, buckle down and figure out your "Net Worth Statement." That will give you a picture of where you stand now.
The next page is a place to figure "What You Own" and "What

19

You Owe." The difference between the totals of the two columns

# OUR NET WORTH STATEMENT

What We Own	What We Owe	
Cash on hand and in checking account	Mortgage Debt Real Estate	
Bank Savings		
U. S. Savings Bonds	Installment Debt	
Stocks and Bonds	Furniture	
Cash Value of Life Insurance	H. H. Equipment	
Market Value of: Farm or Home	Farm Equipment  Other	
Other Real Estate		
Own Business	Notes to Bank And Others	
Auto		
Inventory Value of:		
Crops, Seed, Feed		
Machinery and Equipment	Taxes Past Due  Other Debts	
Estimated Value of: House Furnishings and Equipment	_ ====	
Money Owed Us		
Other		
Total	Total	
Our Net Worth	Date	19

III. Make a list of all items for which members of your family will use their money. It may help you to balance expenditures against money income if you put the different items under one of these two headings:

We	Plan	to	Have	Cost	Things	We'd	Like	to Have	Cos
	We	We Plan			*				*

Now estimate as accurately as you can the cost of all items in these lists. Refer to your receipts, bills, account books, etc. Make this step easier by first estimating amounts for the week or month. Then put them on a quarterly, semi-annual, or yearly basis, depending upon the length of plan you expect to make.

 ${\bf IV}_{\bullet}$  Transfer the items listed here to the appropriate sections on page 7, or use page 7 as a pattern and make yourself a larger page with more spaces.

#### OUR PLAN FOR FAMILY LIVING

Totals   T	
Tood Purchased	page 4)
RECREATION   School supplies   School supplies	Totals
Meals eaten out \$         \$         School supplies \$           2. HOUSEHOLD OPERATION         Books, newsp'rs \$           Electricity . \$         Games, toys . \$           Fuel \$         Radio \$           Soap, wax, etc. \$         Entertaining . \$           Telephone \$         Membership           Postage \$         dues \$	
Z. HOUSEHOLD OPERATION         Books, newsp'rs \$	
Electricity \$	
Fuel \$	
Soap, wax, etc.         Entertaining         . \$	
Telephone \$ Membership Postage \$ dues \$	
Postage \$ dues \$	
\$ \$ \$	\$
3. HOUSING 8. GIFTS AND	
*Rent \$ CONTRIBUTIONS	
Upkeep \$ To relatives and	
*Taxes, interest . \$ others outside	
*Insurance \$ family \$	
\$ \$ Church \$	
4. FURNISHINGS, Community Fund,	
EOUIPMENT etc \$	
Furniture \$ \$	\$
Equipment \$ 9. CLOTHING	
Sheets, towels, Dad \$	
etc \$ Mother \$	
Dishes \$\$	
\$ \$\$	
5. CAR AND OTHER\$	
TRANSPORTATION \$	\$
Car Payments . \$ 10. PERSONAL	
Insurance \$ Dad \$	
License \$ Mother \$	
Gas, oil \$\$	
Repairs \$\$	
Other travel . \$	
6. HEALTH CARE	
	·c
Doctor, dentist \$ 11. SAVINGS, PAYMENT	2
Hospital \$ ON DEBTS	
Hospitalization Payments on	
and accident debts \$	
insurance \$ \$	
Medical supplies \$ U.S. Sav. Bonds \$	
Glasses \$ Life Insurance \$	
Surgery \$ Investment,	
\$ \$ farm or home . \$	
Other \$	\$
OTAL	\$

\*Rent or taxes, insurance, interest, etc., probably would not be listed here if you live on a farm. They usually will be considered with the farm business.

 $\mathbf{V}_{ullet}$  Compare the total of planned expenditures with the total of expected income.

EXPECTED INCOME	
PLANNED EXPENDITURES	

# Can you make ends meet?

If so, skip this paragraph. If not, there should be things you can do. Patterning after the Livewells, you could consider one or more of the following:

- Locate items in your plan you can do without, and omit them. You may find some in both the "plan-to-have" and "like-to-have" lists. Or perhaps you'll transfer some "planto-haves" to the "like-to-have" list.
- 2. Determine to spend less for some items.
- 3. Re-examine ways of increasing your income.
- 4. If possible, produce more of your food and fuel at home.

A family discussion should bring out other ways that will suit your particular family circumstances.

# Be SURE you can make ends meet.

There always will be uncertainties—in expenses and income. Because this is so, you need a cushion—a safety margin between your estimates of income and expenses. Don't underestimate expenses nor put income to high just to balance your plan on paper. Make your estimates honest and realistic, and allow that margin. If you've done that, the planning job is done.

Now-to make the plan work!

#### MAKING YOUR PLAN WORK

## A. Follow Through

You have made thoughtful choices. Now is the time to follow through. Circumstances may change and you may have to take a different route from time to time, but always keep your goals in mind. That will help you to keep going in the direction you want, and to decide when detours are wise.

#### B. Try This

To make the way easier, pick out the expenses that are likely to be troublesome and decide how you will handle them. Some of the items that the Livewells plan ahead for are: taxes, insurance, the winters' fuel; fall school clothing; a vacation trip; building up a moderate "rainy day" fund for emergencies. You will be able to decide which expenses your family needs to make special plans for.

On pages 10 and 11 are places to figure out how you will meet some of these special needs when they come along. Put in the first column the total cost of the items you decide upon. There are two ways to provide for them:

- From regular income, plan to set a side a definite amount each month so that you will have the money on hand when payment is due. You may wish to put the "set aside" funds into a separate bank account for easier handling.
- 2. For some expenses you may find it more convenient to plan to use lump sum income which you expect at a certain time such as returns from sale of hogs, wheat or cherry crops; or perhaps a bonus payment from your company.

				OUI	R PLA	N FOR	SAV	ING
l t e m s	YEARLY TOTALS	DATE	JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUNE
Taxes, Federal Income								
Taxes, Property								
Property Insurance								
Interest on Loans								
Payment on Debts								
Life Insurance								
Southern (Not managed)								
Savings (list purposes)								
TOTAL								

AND	MEET	ING S	PECIAL	EXPEN	NSES	(See Section B, page 9)
JULY	AUG.	SEPT	ост.	NOV.	DEC.	Memoranda
_						

#### C. Check Your Plan

You will find that it pays to keep records of income and expenses. Records will enable you: (1) to see how your plan works; (2) to decide where to make changes, if you need to; (3) to make a better plan next time.

## For your monthly record:

Page 13, section I, can be used to record a month's cash receipts and business expenses. Pages 14-17 provide space for a record of family living expenses two months running. You can easily make additional record sheets like these.

#### For your annual record:

At the bottom of page 13, in section II, there is space for your annual record of cash receipts and business expenses. Pages 18 and 19 are for your annual record of family spending. By keeping these records you will be able to compare your actual spending with your plans for the year.

## A family account book is, of course, the best choice.

You may obtain one for a nominal charge from your County Extension Office or by writing to: Home Economics Extension Department, Michigan State University, East Lansing.

Adopt the policy of comparing actual records at the end of a week or month with your plan. Do not hesitate to make the necessary adjustments. Remember—the entire family should help to decide which adjustments are best. Working it out together you will be better able to follow through. The Livewells did not expect to be 100 per cent successful at first, but each year they made improvements. You can do it, too.

# CASH RECEIPTS AND BUSINESS EXPENSE

# I. Record for One Month

CASH RECEIPTS		CASH BUSINESS EXPENSES					
Source	Amount	Item	Amount				
Total for month		Total for month					
Amount planned		Amount planned					

# II. Annual Record

Month	Amount	Month	Amount
Total, cash receipts		Total, business expense	
Total, planned		Total, planned	- 1

Mon	th of			М	ITAC	HLY	REC	ORD	OF
Date	GOODS AND SERVICES BOUGHT	Food	Household Operation	Housing	Furnishings Equipment	Car, Other Transportation	Health Care	Education and Recreation	Giffts, Contributions
								-	
	l Amounts Spent								
Tota	Amounts planned to spend		_						

*********		CLOT	HING	ì	PERSONAL EXPENSES							
			Chi	ldren					ldren		ly	est-
Dod	Mother				Dad	Mother					Total, Family Living Expenses	Savings, Invest- ments, Debt Payments

Mon	th of			M	ITHC	HLY	REC	ORD	OF
Date	GOODS AND SERVICES BOUGHT	Food	Household Operation	Housing	Furnishings Equipment	Car, Other Transportation	Health Care	Education and Recreation	Gifts, Contributions
									_
							-1200		
	al Amounts Spent								-
	al Amounts planned to spend								

CLOTHING					PERSONAL EXPENSES							
Dad		Children						Children			ly nses	vest-
	Mother				Dod	Mother					Total, Family Living Expenses	Savings, Invest- ments, Debt
					7							

							ANNUAL	
монтн	Food	Household Operation	Housing	Furnishings Equipment	Car, Other Transportation	Health Care	Education and Recreation	Gifts, Contributions
	O11117 VII. 1							
Total Amount Spent								
Total Amount Planned to Spend								

CLOTHING				PERSON					
Dad		Children				Chil	dren	ly nses	est-
	Mother			Dod	Mother			Total, Family Living Expenses	Savings, Invest- ments, Debt Payments
		-			_	-			
		-			-				

#### WHY PLAN?

Although it does take time and thought to set up a sound family spending plan, you'll find it pays. These are the advantages a spending plan can give you:

- It provides a complete, current picture of your family's financial situation.
- It helps your family to get those things you need and want most.
- It results in a better division among the different budget items, and it can result in a fairer distribution of money among members of your family.
- 4. It teaches your children the value of money, and helps them develop good spending habits.
- 5. It promotes family cooperation and understanding.