

By ANITA DEAN, Extension Specialist in Foods and Nutrition

CLAIM: Scientist claims cure for common cold with massive doses of Vitamin C.

FACT: Claim is based on personal experience. There is no conclusive evidence to support it at this time.

CLAIM: Processed fruits and vegetables have less food value than fresh.

**FACT:** Some loss occurs in processing, as in home cooking. It varies with the food product, nutrient and conditions of preparation and storage.

Processed foods enable the U. S. population to eat both ample quantities and varieties of foods. Of course, people will always like fresh fruits and vegetables. Food scientists are constantly searching for methods to assure the highest possible quality and nutritional content of processed products.

CLAIM: Scurvy (Vitamin C deficiency) no longer occurs in the U. S.

FACT: Scurvy occurs (though rarely) among some elderly as a result of poverty and general neglect, among alcoholics and bottle-fed infants who have no regular source of Vitamin C. Vitamin C induces rapid recovery.

CLAIM: Synthetic concentrates (pills or beverages) are of equal value with Vitamin C rich foods such as tomatoes, oranges, etc.

**FACT:** True. But fruits and vegetables contain other essential nutrients as well as Vitamin C.

Vitamin C (ascorbic acid) is absolutely necessary

for the formation of collagen, the protein substance that binds the cells together. The healthy formation of bone material and the dentine of teeth depends on Vitamin C, which also helps heal wounds and broken bones. Vitamin C keeps walls of blood vessels and body cells firm and strong. Vitamin C is essential to the body's use of other nutrients including protein (the amino acid, tyrosine), folic acid (a B-vitamin), iron and calcium.

As indispensible as it is, nature doesn't guarantee it. The body can't store it to any large extent. Cooking destroys part of it. It dissolves in water and leaches out of food. It is unstable. It reacts eagerly with oxygen when exposed to air. Heat speeds up its destruction. Exposure to light hastens its loss.

What can you do to assure a dependable daily supply of Vitamin C? Use a variety of forms of foods high in Vitamin C, especially fruits and vegetables. If fresh, handle and store so as to preserve flavor, food value and appearance: for example, store leafy greens in the refrigerator. At high humidity with minimum air movement and exposure to air, they retain Vitamin C longer.

Eat some raw vegetables and fruits each day. Cook vegetables only in enough water to assure top flavor and appearance. Do not over cook. Cook vegetables and fruits in their skins occasionally.

Remember that large or whole pieces and coarser shreds expose a smaller surface area to the air. Acids such as vinegar and lemon juice used in preparing pickled vegetables and coleslaw and the lactic acid in sauerkraut protect Vitamin C. Refrigerate left-overs promptly, keep them covered and use as soon as possible.

These "Recommended Dietary Allowances," established by the National Research Council of the National Academy of Science, are considered adequate for maintaining good nutrition and health for all the U. S. population. They offer a wide margin of safety to cover differences in individual requirements. Do not confuse them with the "Minimum Daily Requirements" established by the U. S. Food and Drug Administration for labeling foods and special dietary products. Minimum daily Vitamin C requirements for adults are 30 milligrams; children (1 to 12), 20 milligrams;

infants, 10 milligrams.

## HOW MUCH VITAMIN C (Ascorbic Acid) DO YOU NEED EACH DAY?

AGE GROUP	MILLIGRAMS		
Man (18 to 75)	60		
Women (18 to 75)	55		
Boys (14 to 18)	55		
Girls (14 to 18)	50		
Boys and Girls (12 to 14)	45		
Children (1 to 12)	40		
Infants	35		
Pregnancy and Lactation	60		

## WHAT VITAMIN C-RICH FOODS DO YOU ENJOY EATING?

Choose your favorites from "Your Daily Vitamin C Score." Many seasonal and local foods are good sources of Vitamin C. Endless combinations of fruits and vegetables will furnish a day's supply of Vitamin C. Of course, you would also eat from the meat group, cereal and bread group, and milk group of foods.

course, you would also eat from the meat group, cereal and bread group, and milk group of foods.										
(1)			(7)							
HALF CANTALOUP		63	HALF GRAPEFRUIT		44	APPLE		7		
		_	FROZEN BROCCOLI		36	COLESLAW		21		
TOTAL		63	TOTAL		80	POTATO		20		
(2)					00	CHERRY PIE		12		
STRAWBERRY SHORTCAKE		44	(5)		10			_		
CANNED ASPARAGUS		23	BLUEBERRIES PEACH		10 7	TOTAL		60		
TOTAL		67	CAULIFLOWER		33	(8)				
(3)			RADISHES (4)		10	GREEN BEANS		8		
TOMATO JUICE		20	TOTAL		-	FRENCH FRIES		12		
SPARERIBS AND SAUERKRAU	JT	17	TOTAL		60	LETTUCE SALAD		10		
SWEET POTATOES		25	(6)			TOMATO (1/2)		21		
APPLE SAUCE		2	ORANGE JUICE		62	BANANA, WHOLE		12		
TOTAL		64	TOTAL		62	TOTAL		63		
YOUR DAILY VITAMIN C SCORE (VEGETABLES)										
	14.111									
	Milli- grams	SCORE	Tomatoes, canned—1/2 cup Cabbage, finely shredded, raw—	21		Beet greens, cooked, drained leaves and stems—1/2 cup	11			
Green pepper, sweet, raw-			1/2 cup	21		Green peas, canned—1/2 cup	11	-		
1 pod	94		White potato, peeled before			Summer squash, cooked—				
Green pepper, cooked-1 pod	70		boiling—5 oz.	20		1/2 cup	11			
Broccoli, whole stalks, cooked-	_		Tomato juice—½ cup Asparagus, canned—½ cup	20 19		Head lettuce—1/6 head	10			
1/2 cup	70		Turnips, cooked—½ cup	17		Radishes, raw, small—4	10			
Brussel sprouts, cooked-			Sauerkraut—1/2 cup	17		Snap beans, cooked, drained—				
1/2 cup	68		Green peas, cooked—1/2 cup	17		1/2 cup	8			
Collards, cooked—½ cup	43		Asparagus, cooked drained— 4 spears	16		Parsnips, cooked—1/2 cup	8			
Tomatoes, raw—1 (3x21/8 in.)	42		Lima beans—1/2 cup	15		Onion, cooked—1/2 cup	7			
Broccoli, frozen, cooked—  ½ cup	36		Winter squash, baked—			Corn, sweet or canned— 1 ear or ½ cup	7			
Turnip greens, mustard green			1/2 cup	14		Cucumber, raw, pared, center—				
kale, cooked—1/2 cup	34		Blackeye peas, cooked—  ½ cup	14		6 slices	6			
Cauliflower, cooked-1/2 cup	33		French fried potatoes—10	14		Beets, cooked, diced-1/2 cup	5			
Spinach, cooked—1/2 cup	25	-	pieces (2 x ½ x ½)	12		Celery, raw-1/2 cup diced or				
Sweet potatoes (peeled after			Spinach, canned, drained—			1 stalk	4			
cooking)—1 (5 x 2 in.)	25		V <sub>2</sub> cup	12 12		Carrot, whole—1 or 25 thin strips Potato chips—10 medium chips	_			
Cabbage, cooked—1/2 cup	24		Onion, 6 green or 1 raw	12		Fordro Chips—To mediam Chips	,			
YOUR DAILY VITAMIN C SCORE (FRUITS)										
	Milli-		Lemon—1	39		Bananas, raw—1	12			
	grams	SCORE	Grapefruit, canned, white,			Pineapple juice, canned—	11			
Orange—1	66		sweetened—1/2 cup	39	-	1/2 cup Apricots, raw (12 per lb.)—3	10			
Cantaloup—½ melon	63	-	Strawberries, frozen—2½ oz	38		Blueberries, raw—1/2 cup	10			
Orange juice, fresh or frozen-	0-62		Peaches, frozen—3 oz.	34*		Lemonade, frozen, diluted—				
Lemon juice—1/2 cup	56		Watermelon, raw, 4 x 8—	30		½ cup	9			
Orange and grapefruit juice,	-		Tangerines, raw, medium—1	27		Rhubarb, cooked, sweetened— 1/2 cup	9			
frozen—½ cup	51		Avocado, Florida—½	22		Pineapple, canned—2 small or				
Orange juice, canned,			Orange-apricot drink—			1 large slice	8			
unsweetened—1/2 cup	50		½ cup	20*		Pears, raw—1	7			
Grapefruit juice, fresh, white-			Cranberry juice, cocktail*—			Peach, yellow, fresh—1 Apricots, canned or cooked—	7			
1/2 cup	46		½ cup	20**		1/2 cup dried	4-5			
Strawberries, chopped—1/2 cup	44		Raspberries, red, frozen or	- 10		Peaches, canned—1/2 cup	4			
Grapefruit, fresh—½ Grapefruit juice, frozen	17			5-16		Apple—1	3			
diluted—1/2 cup	43		Blackberries, raw—½ cup Avocado, California—½	15 15		Grape juice, frozen, dilute— 1/2 cup	oje oje oje			
Grapefruit, canned, white,			Cherries, canned, red, sour—	.,						
unsweetened—1/2 cup	42		1/2 cup	12		*Includes ascorbic acid added b **Based on products stating 30 i	y man milligro	ams per 6		
Lime juice, fresh-1/2 cup	40		Pineapple, raw, diced—1/2 cup	12		fl. oz. serving. ***Present ONLY if added by man	ufactur	rer.		