News of the Week.

Closed by the Sheriff—Barnard Gates and Son.

A special to the *Pioneer-Press* says the stores of Barnard Gates, of Bedford, Minn., were closed a few days ago by the Sheriff. Liabilities $30,000. Next morning a wave broke in which his firm had twelve thousand bushels of grain, was burned down and later in the morning he committed suicide with strychnine.

Murder in a Church.

A Manhattan, Kansas, dispatch says a young man named William Peak was shot and instantly killed by a man named Bates, acting as a Deputy Marshal. Peak was standing inside the Christian Church when the shot was fired, which brought the people to an abrupt termination. Bates fled. No definite cause is given for the deed.

Texas Anecdote.

A Galveston News special from Goliad, Texas, says: Two men, Henderson and Lockhart, quarreled. Both drew revolvers. Lockhart caught Henderson's arm and fired six shots into him, killing him instantly. Henderson's brother, pushed at Lockhart with a pistol. They closed, and in a struggle Henderson emptied six chambers of his revolver into Lockhart's body, causing instant death.

Two Girls Burned to Death.

Information is received from the southern part of Indian Territory of a horrible casualty near the Blue Town, on the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railroad. Mrs. Morgan left her house and went to Denison to meet her husband. They returned, but found the house burned, and that their two beautiful young daughters, Helen, aged nine, and Hope, aged five, had perished in the flames. The bodies were found in the ruins, burned to a crisp.

Tired of Life.

Harvey Jones, a farmer, living five miles south of Independence, Ky., hung himself in his barn. He was a man in advanced life, and was for many years one of the largest tobacco raisers in Kentucky. His farm, one of the finest in his neighborhood, was mortgaged, and his creditors were about to foreclose it. Mr. Jones was highly respected, and his sad death is regretted by all. He leaves a large family to mourn his loss.

Sensational Elopement and Suicide.

A few days since Jos. L. Heath, a prominent citizen of Reed City, Michigan, left with a Miss Thayer, whose parents also live there. His father followed them, and caught them at Kalamazoo. Heath, as soon as apprehended, drew a rev lver and was about to shoot Mr. Thayer, but suddenly changed his mind. He then placed the revolver at his own breast and fired, the ball passing through his heart, causing instant death. The young girl was wild and distracted.

Fight with Colored Desperadoes.

Henry and Wesley Hart, Alexander Banks and two other negroes, all bad characters, had a desperate fight at Port Jervis, N. Y., the other day. Barricading themselves in Hart's house, fully armed, they prevented officers from entering the house, and threatened to shoot the officers who went to arrest them. The officers secured assistance, and finally got the men out. Banks and two other negroes, named Dunlap and Lee, escaped from the house in the rear. Barricading themselves in Hart's house, fully armed, they prevented officers from entering the house, and threatened to shoot the officers who went to arrest them. The officers secured assistance, and finally got the men out. Banks and two other negroes, named Dunlap and Lee, escaped from the house in the rear. Hart and Banks were wounded. All the negroes escaped, however, except Wesley Hart, who was caught while attempting to cross the river into Connecticut on floating cakes of ice.

Dead with a Knives in a Ball-Room.

The news reaches Cincinnati that with entrance to a ballroom at Cedar Hill, Texas, are follows: Two young men, Samuel Tomlinson and George Wilson, were at the ball, at which were collected young ladies and gentlemen of the best society in the place, when a young lady, Miss Burden, engaged to marry Tomlinson. Both he and McGregor claimed Miss Burden's dance, and a quarrel ensued, words arose, but McGregor, unmanfully led the lady out on the floor. Tomlinson, enraged with jealousy, drew a knife and attacked his rival as he and the girl were waltzing arm in arm. McGregor also drew a knife, and a terrific fight ensued, both being badly stabbed. The ballroom floor ran with blood. Both died instanted. McGregor is thought to be fatally cut.

Death of a Brave Woman.

The death is announced at Paris of Mme. Vassal, mother-of an officer of hussars who was imprisoned many years ago at Ste. Pelagie, conspiring against the Empire, and treated so badly that his mother wrote to Napoleon III. to inform him of the insults offered of the French army. a Republican like myself, is treated by your jailers as I was in Italy if he were a serpent. He is made to sleep on the wet ground: he is deprived of air and light; he is half eaten by vermin. Sire, I implore you, if I would be more generous on your part to put an end to his sufferings, I therefore pray you to have an Italian Orsini, to Avenge yourself like an Emperor, not like a tiger." Thanks to the intervention of Marshal Villars, Mme. Vassal was set free, and her son was treated a little better, but he died a short time after from a malady caught in prison.

Mysterious Disappearance Explained.

The dead body of Jeff. Brown, who mysteriously disappeared from Louisville on the 19th of November last, was accepted as part of the consignment of cyber scoring by Dredge-boat No. 1, while engaged in dredging the canal. On the day of the disappearance he attended a banquet at the opening lovely of the canal, and drank quite freely of the sumptuous meal provided. He left the place in an intoxicated condition about four o'clock in the evening, and was never seen alive again. As he was a hard drinker it is supposed that while laboring under a fit of mental aberration he went down to the canal to drink the water, and then drowned himself into the water. Jefferson Brown was about 52 years of age at the time of his disappearance, and for a number of years a lawyer of the city. Last summer he engaged himself as a candidate for Congress, but withdrew from the contest before the nomination.

Big Labor Strike in England.

Late news from London reports that it is estimated that over thirty thousand men were on a strike at Liverpool. The demeanor of the crowd was most threatening, in consequence of sailors joining the strikers. The laborers employed on the provision trade also struck. At Waterloo Dock the mob broke up the staging and did much damage. After their explosion by the police, they endeavored to storm the gates. At Princess Dock the mob boarded a steamer from Stillington, Ireland, which was unloading her cargo of grain, and setting fire to it, threw the captain and cut the hawsers adrift. The mob numbered about three thousand. A smaller mob terrorized laborers at Queen's, Nelson's, and Brambeymoor Docks. The police were re-enforced, especially near Sailors' Home. A number of laborers went to Liverpool from Wolverhampton were compelled to return by threats of murder.

The Russian Plague.

There is much discussion in the Produce Exchange and in financial circles in New York as to the effect likely to be produced on the business interests of this country by the ravages of the plague in Southern Russia. The establishment of a military cordon around the infected district, and measures being taken by other European powers for the prevention of the spread of the disease, have caused a great embarrassment in the export of Russian grain and other products. The Russian crop is large, and the fact that it is feared it may not be likely to prevent sowing need for a future crop. These contingencies are facts which are well known, and as far as yet observed, the opinion of change seems to be general that from these sources will spring an extraordinary European demand for cereals of the United States, a consequent rise in prices, and a brisk and profitable business in their transportation from the West to the seaboard and to Europe.

A Father's Terrible Crime.

A special dispatch to the Cincinnati Enquirer says that a horrible murder took place suddenly, a few nights since, on a farm four miles from Gonnaloa City, Ind., the victim being George Ward, jr., aged twenty-one, who met a fearful death at the hands of his unnatural father. It appears that an old man and his son had come down to Columbia City, where they got on a big spree and returned home at night very intoxicated. After putting up the horses the old man went into the house and abused his wife shamefully. The boys remonstrated, and as their father did not desist, they beat him unmercifully. He then left the house, and soon returned with an ax in his hand. He attacked first the boys. The elder, Frank, escaped, and the old man then buried the ax in the skull of Ward, who fell dead, his brains being nearly cleft in two. The murderer surrendered himself to the officers, and was taken to jail at once. He is a very large man, of a fine physique, and in his sober state of mind over his crime, as the deceased boy was his favorite son, and they always got along well. He is reported by all. He leaves a large family to mourn his loss.

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Pension Arrears.

In a recent discussion in the Senate on pension arrears, Mr. Dawes (R. Mass.) said he understood that it would take $34,000,000 to pay arrears of pensions in the cases now on the rolls, and there were 700,000 more on the roll, some of which would receive $1,000 or $1,200 arrearage. Although there were a large number of claims pending, he thought Congress had gone too far. He believed the bill granting arrearages of pensions would prove disastrous to the Treasury. The Commissioner of Pensions had said that twenty per cent. of the pensions were fraudulently obtained. Mr. Hale said the statistics of Pensions told the Committee on Appropriations that twenty per cent. of pensions were fraudulently obtained. He inquired if the Committee on Pensions was aware of the fact, and if any steps had been taken to remedy the evils. Mr. Ingalls, Chairman of the Committee on Pensions, replied that the committee had been so informed, but Congress had not sustained the committee in the measures brought forward to remedy the evil. Mr. Hale—Bureau had been making odds's, year after year, to detect fraudulent cases, and not one, through the efforts of the bureau, $500,000 had been saved.

Progress of the Plague.

A dispatch from St. Petersburg says that advices from the interior state that general alarm prevails throughout the country at the epidemic exist. The government of Saratoff complaining of the real condition of Kamyshin. Typhus fever and smallpox are increasing in an alarming manner in the government of Tver. The Siberian plague has not appeared in another village.

The cattle plague in the vicinity of Ekaterinoslav has spread to twenty-seven neighboring localities. In two, thousand head attacked half have perished.

The plague has appeared at a village on the Kief Railway. Three hundred cattle died in Orsk from smallpox and another unknown disease.

In Sebastopol a severe epidemic has appeared in two villages of Tambov, and the plague at Rostoff. A large number of Cossacks who had from Wellikia were forced to leave their homes on account of the ravages of the plague. It is officially announced that the epidemic disease in Tiflis has received a report from Kavola, on the Egean Sea, confirming rumors of outbreak of the plague there. The Petersburg *Golos* publishes strange, sensational letters stating that hundreds of bodies of those who died from the plague in Astrakhan were thrown into the Volga in December, and that the corpses are strewed over eight versts of Enotayevsker district.

Overwhelming Defeat of the British by the Zulus.

A dispatch from Capetown, via St. Vincent, says, the British column, consisting of 1,000 men of the 24th Regiment, a battery of artillery, and 800 native auxiliaries, was utterly annihilated near Tugela River, by 20,000 Zulus, who captured a valuable convoy of 102 wagons, 1,000 oxen, two cannon, 400 stand of arms, 1,000 rides, 250,000 rounds of ammunition, 60,000 pounds weight of provisions, and the colors of the 24th regiment. It is estimated 5,000 Zulus were killed and wounded in the battle.

Among the killed on the British side are Major, four Captains, twelve Lieutenants, and the Quartermaster of the 24th Regiment; two Captains of Royal Artillery; a Colonel, Captain, four Lieutenants, and Sergeant Major of Engineers, besides many more other British officers commanding native forces.

Seven attacks made by the Zulus have been repulsed, and the colony is now something resembling a fresh battle-ground, in which at first prevailed. Natal, however, is in great danger, and disturbances are feared on the frontier. Lord Chelmsford, commander of the expedition, has been forced to retire in consequence of defeat. It is estimated that five hundred Zulus were killed besides the officers above enumerated.

Sir Bartle Frere has sent appeals to England and Mauritius for re-enforcements. The mail steamer for England with a dispatch of a day later than news, with a request for six regiments of infantry and a brigade of cavalry. The men of war, the Active and Tenedos, have been ashore. The Tenedos was seriously injured, and was obliged to go into dock at Simons Bay.

Tribune Committee.

The Tribune Committee at Washington, has examined Colonel Mackey, of South Carolina. He said Republicans were in majority. Democrats were prevented from voting by menace. Ways were resorted to, to prevent that Democrats reported to have been elected. A committee of Republicans waited on Governor Hampton, who assured them he would act fairly in the appointment of Commissioners, and give one Republican and two Democrats in each county. In thirty-seven counties of the State, however, only five or six Republicans were appointed. He did not believe that the Republicans had a single manager of election in four hundred precincts. Some of the colored men who voted at the polls said they did so because they were paid two dollars a day for service. Witness, in order to counteract the Democrats, had the disposed these tickets printed, and three were to be used only in the event that the Republicans were certain the Democrats were is using these tickets. Some few Republican tickets had been given out the night before the election. Some of these cards were voted in the ballot-box. Fifty four thousand such tickets were in a package handed by witness to Senator Chamberlain. In coming to Washington witness flown to have printed tissue tickets, they did so with a view of counteracting the tickets of the other side. Witness had come to taking out of the ballot box they could not discriminate between the two kinds of tickets. He did not know how the Democrats could get an undue number of tissue tickets in the box, but he believed they were printed by the Democrats for fraudulent purpose.

R. M. Wallace, United States Marshal for South Carolina, testified to arresting Democrats for breaking up Republican meetings, but no convictions resulted. The Democrats generally did it after the close of a huge joke on the Republicans, saying that they had learned tricks from the Republicans and were now beating them at their own game. Not one colored man out of a thousand voted, if left free to the exercise of his Democratic ticket, although a number of them voted for fear of losing or hope of obtaining employment. Witness said to Senator McDonald, said that he knew of half a dozen prominent negroes who attempted to address public meetings in behalf of the Democrats.

General Lyman Sheldon, one of the prominent citizens of Charleston, was sworn, and made brief statement relative to the certificates which have been claimed to contain false returns from Ashley River. He knew nothing of the "Smith" certificate, and never heard of it until he came in contact in the press.

The Committee investigating cipher dispatches went to New York on the 6th, and Col. Pelton appeared as a witness. He testified that the most important of the cipher dispatches were in cipher, and he received them. One dispatch seemed to be in Mr. Marble's handwriting. Witness had conversation with Colonel Woolley, whose name was "Fox." His emphasis was put upon details that Mr. Tilden had given authority to purchase Electors and Returning Boards.

The Democratic question into the cipher dispatches was begun on the 17th, with Manton Marble on the stand. He said in answer to questions: "I was in Florida for look after the Electoral vote. I cannot say I went under instructions of the Democratic Committee; did not go at the special request of any one. Had no conversation with Governor Tilden on the matter. I went on my own responsibility. I came left, and simply bade him good bye. On my way I met Rendolph Blair and Fox, and I had a conversation with them. Think I got the cipher from Pelton, at the Everett House, and used it substantially as I have stated. Received from Tilden no telegrams; addressed my dispatches to Pelton. My object in going to Florida was to see that the returns made and let me here suggest, that the cipher dispatches published in the *Tribune*, are not the ones I received, are simply rubbish. The witness testified that he had bought Republican Presidential votes for sum of before. He said that so far as pecuniary arrangements were concerned they always be satisfied by wire all propositions made to him, but as to their conscientious feeling he could not.

On being asked: "Were you not aware that Woolley was authorized to buy our votes?" Witness replied: "Mr. Marble replied: "I was not aware of anything of the kind. Witness met Governor Tilden long after the election. He did not know how he felt. He denounced the whole proceeding, and said that under no circumstances would he have consummated any such transaction. My friendly relations with Governor Tilden have not been changed, for, as I have said before, I did not know, he felt I had nothing to do with these propositions, and merely included them in my cipher messages to accommodate the parties who made them.

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Advice to Consumptives.

The celebrated physician, Dr. Paul Neuber, gives the following valuable suggestions to persons suffering from lung diseases: The patient must with regular and conscientious care insist upon breathing fresh, pure air, and it must be clear that for the sake of fresh air it is wise more or less to live out of doors. A man, however, feeble, would drive or sit in a carriage, or a party which occupies a room, would do well to have the room in which he is confined to be compared to a sanitarium. Medical treatment is of secondary importance. The patient must keep the windows as low open as possible, and the room must be well ventilated, and the patient must be provided with a good Parlor Pedestal, Inhalation of the ammoniated Quinine, Iron and Cod Liver Oil, and Fat enough and dripping of the same disease, and the patient will be free from consumption, although it may result in the disease completely wasted in the system, this is the most efficient remedy for consumption. Dr. Neuber's establishment for any institution that provides special facilities for the treatment of this disease. Parties desiring isolated lavatories should address Dr. Neuber, Lyndhurst, Ontario, Canada, containing also a complete treatise upon the subject, which will be sent free.

In the last month and freight, both the cheapest and most efficacious remedy for all Lung Diseases, Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Throat Diseases, Debility, Wasting Away, Loss of Flesh, Loss of Appetite, Sleeplessness, Nervousness, Fevers, Fevers of Malaria, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, and Constipation, is the Oil of Cod Liver Oil, which is the most powerful and

Manchester Enterprise.

BY MAT D. BLOSSER.

We solicit communications and news items from all the surrounding towns.

Every communication must contain the name and address of the writer, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

We must not be held responsible for sentiments expressed by writers.

Any one wishing to become a regular or occasional correspondent, or news gatherer, will please write us for instructions.

If you have any business at the Probate office, make the request that your notice be published in the ENTERPRISE. Such a request will always be granted.

All articles for publication should be addressed to THE ENTERPRISE.

THURSDAY, FEB. 20, 1879.

The children of Dexter have whooping-cough.

Capt. Sam. B. Revenaugh, of Co. A, Ann Arbor, has resigned.

Business is reported good at Dexter, and every store is occupied.

The Dexter fire department has the valuable acquisition of a wooden pump.

Ira A. Bock, aged 82 years, an esteemed pioneer resident of Adrian, died on Tuesday morning, after a brief illness.

James Treadwell, of Dexboro, one of the wealthiest farmers of Washtenaw county, died on Monday, of hemorrhage of the stomach, aged 60 years.

The farmers of Webster township were to hold a meeting on the 17th, to form an organization to protect themselves against patent-right swindlers, &c.

The discrepency between the books of the city treasurer and county treasurer turns out to be an error in entering the amount, $269.00, upon the county treasurer's books.

New Orleans and Vicksburg specials denounce the recent reports of yellow fever in those cities as preposterously false, and state that the health of both places is excellent.

Detroit has a new board of trade building, and it's a nice one. They dedicated it on Tuesday evening, and had a grand reception. The Detroit board has had quite an eventful life, but is now classed among the solid planks.

A new farmers' protective association has been formed, taking in the ten eastern towns of this county and the western portion of Washtenaw. The first meeting was held in Chelsea, on Saturday, and Dexter Sweet, of Waterloo, was named one of the directors.—[Citizen.

The balance of cash in the State treasury, Feb. 8, was $347,357 99; receipts for the week ending Feb. 15, were $115,079 41; payments for same time, $11,603 59; leaving a balance, Feb. 15, 1879, of $650,832 72; increase for the week, $103,475 82.

The Episcopal and Presbyterian priests and bishops held a convention at Syracuse, N. Y., last week, for a crusade against the Oneida Community. Because she followers of Elder Noyes have been considered good citizens, displaying order and cleanliness in their houses, they have been suffered to hold their women in common and transfer them like their other property.

The New York Sun's Washington special quotes from the oldest financial paper on the Pacific coast, as follows: "The East has utterly failed to understand the situation and to extend that aid and sympathy which we have a right to expect from the sisterhood of States." Referring to the Chinese question, and after calling for a monster mass meeting, continues: "As a last resort, we will take advantage of the geographical line that surrounds us," "exhaustless resources, &c.," and set up an Occidental republic, which, if it cannot rival the old republic in glory of the past, will at least be a magnificent empire of white freemen, whose heritage shall be preserved to their children and their children's children forever."

SORVELL.

Has the Legislature of Michigan nothing else to busy itself about except altering the boundaries of the townships in the south-eastern part of Jackson county? Some 1522 the old settlers of Jacksonburg have lived in five different townships and not moved once. First, Jacksonburg, then Leoni, then Napoleon, then Brooklyn, now Norvell; all by acts of the Legislature, at the whim of dissatisfected politicians, with no particular benefit to anybody. The residents of Norvell ask for no change and protest against any alteration in its present boundaries.

Norvell is infested with the skunk mania, and judging by the SWELL, we have reason to believe the hunters are having good luck. The stores and public places are redolent with the fragrance of their rich perfume, the aroma of which knocks the attar of roses higher than a kite.

Alvinzie Hunt has been summoned to serve as a petit juror at Detroit for the next term of the District and U. S. Circuit Court.

AT LANSING.

SENATE.

Legislature reassembled, pursuant to adjournment, on Monday, Feb. 10th, on which day the message of Gov. Croswell giving official notification of the resignation of Senator Christiancy was received.

On Thursday Mr Childs introduced a bill providing for the erection of a fireproof building for the museum at the University of Michigan. Referred.

On Friday, the committee to whom was referred the bill to re-incorporate the village of Manchester, reported the same back to the Senate, with amendments. The Senate concurred in the amendments, and the bill, as amended, passed the Senate and went back to the House for concurrence in amendments. On motion of Mr. Childs, by a two thirds vote, the bill was ordered to take effect immediately.

Senator Lewis has given notice of a bill for the taxation of mortgages. It provides that mortgages on real estate shall not be assessed as personal property, but shall be assessed to the mortgagee. The remainder of the value of the real estate is to be assessed to the party in possession, or owner. The receipt of the tax collector is to be taken as a legal payment in extinguishment of so much of the amount due on the mortgage as is covered by the taxes.

Prof. Kedzie, by invitation of the two houses, lectured Friday evening on the qualities of kerosene oil. Some of his experiments were startling, and will have considerable influence in regulating the "fire test" at the present session.

HOUSE.

On Monday, the 10th inst., Mr. Raymond presented a petition from citizens of Grass Lake, for the re-incorporation of that village under the general law.

On Tuesday Mr. Robison presented petitions from citizens of Washtenaw county relative to the admission of girls to the agricultural college on an equal footing with boys; asking for a law restricting appealed cases to $100, and that provisions be made for the trial of this class of cases by arbitration; asking that the rate of interest be restricted by statute to seven per cent; asking an amendment to the law so as to make eligible the election of females to any civil office the duties of which relate to schools; and for making the kerosene oil standard of Michigan conform to that of head-light oil.

Mr. Sawyer presented a petition for the repeal of the fish shute laws. The petition sets forth as reasons therefor, that the act of 1877 makes no distinction between streams that are navigable in fact and those that are not; that in streams not navigable, the right to fish in the waters thereof would only belong to the riparian proprietors; that such statute makes mill owners put these shutes in dams constructed long before the statute was enacted; that it is unconstitutional, in that it provides for the taking of private property for the restoration of idle people, without just compensation; that the annual expense of these shutes, as the ice will carry them away every spring, will exceed the value of all fish which could be caught in said rivers; that it is unjust to the mill owners to make them bear all the expense of putting in the shutes and to assume to allow the public to enjoy all the benefits. Mr. Robison also presented a petition on the same subject.

On Thursday Mr. Robison presented a "petition of Mrs. Gertie T. Barnes and 3,000 others, citizens of Manchester, Northfield," etc., asking for a prohibitory liquor law. Mr. Allen also presented petitions on the same subject. Referred.

Mr. Robertson offered a resolution, tendering Dr. Reynolds the use of Representative Hall, on Saturday evening, Feb. 15th, for a lecture on the "Liquor Traffic." Adopted.

On Friday the Senate's amendment, striking out the words "Lima and Saline," in section 6,) to the bill to re-incorporate the village of Manchester, was concurred in by the House, and on motion of Mr. Robison, by a two-thirds vote the bill was ordered to take effect immediately.

The bill to incorporate the village of Brooklyn passed the House on Saturday.

Several bills have been introduced in reference to the State Prison at Jackson. For building a new block of cells, there being now eighty cells short of the number required. In order to econymise, 200 swine are kept. The city has declared the old pen a nuisance and a new one must be built. New steam boilers are also needed.

Mr. Strong has introduced a bill to detach the west quarter of the south half of section 2 and the south half of sections 3, 4, 5 and 6, town 4 south, of range 1 east, in the county of Jackson, from the township of Napoleon and attach the same to the township of Columbia; also to detach sections 7, 8, 17, 18, 19, 20, 29, 30, 31 and 32, town 4 south, range 2 east, and the east quarter of sections 12, 13, 24, 25 and 36, in town 4 south of range 1 east, from the township of Columbia and attach the same to the township of Norvell. A few years ago a re-arrangement of town ships was made in this county.

Senate bill to re-incorporate the village of Clinton passed the House on Monday.

A bill of Mr. Kuhn, "to discourage, suppress and punish drunkenness," starts off with startling announcement that "it shall be deemed a misdemeanor to ask any person to have a drink, or to pay, or tender him or her, by words or otherwise, to drink, on entering any place where intoxicating liquors are sold."

On Tuesday the two houses voted separately for United States Senator, with the following result: In the Senate—Barnes, 2; Chamberlain, 5; Chandler, 22. In the House—Barnes, 20; Chamberlain, 13; Chandler, 66. On joint ballot, Wednesday, Chandler was declared elected.

FROM CHARLEY.

NEPTUNE, N. J., Feb. 16, 1879.

EDITOR ENTERPRISE:—It is Sabbath, and having returned from church, and not engaged at present, I thought to pass away an hour by writing you a few lines.

I am well and as happy as the general run of mankind. The ENTERPRISE comes regularly, which is a welcome visitor.

We are having pleasant weather and much the same as in Michigan; one day warm and spring like, the next cold and chilly, which makes it very unhealthy. One has to be more careful here, for a cold is much more serious than at the West. Diphtheria and pneumonia are most sure to follow a severe cold, if not attended to.

As to the times, they seem to be improving slowly, although failures are occurring daily among some of the heaviest houses. Mechanics are having more to do than last winter. Everything in the dry-goods line is cheap, also some articles of produce. I will give you the prices as they are at present, for the benefit of some of the producers: Oranges sell at retail from 10 to 25 cts. per dozen; lemons the same. Apples, $2 to $2 50 per bbl., wholesale. Retail from store at 15 cts. a half peck. Potatoes, 18 cts. a half peck. Eggs, wholesale, 25 to 30c., but retail at 35 to 40c. per dozen, and scarce. Butter, 15 to 40 cts., retail, and at wholesale, 8 to 28 cts. You will see the difference between wholesale and retail. Now the eight cent butter at wholesale is what many of our farmers at home call good butter. Some of it has passed hands at 10 cts., and no trouble to get it here at that price from New York commission men. The butter makers can see what they lose by not taking a little care to make a good article. The market is full of what is nothing but grease.

My stay here has been a profit to me, and which I shall profit by hereafter. My lot is about closed out, and has proved good. The only trouble has been with that part which was salted with Syracuse and Saginaw salt. Not a pound should be used in butter for this market, except the imported salt; and good No. 1 butter is as salable as a good horse, and will always bring a good price. What is wanted for home use in Michigan it makes no difference, but for this market and New York there is ten cents difference on every pound. The commission man is sure of his per cent., while the manufacturer takes up with what she can get, and often gets more than its value, even at a small price.

It is now about three months since I took up my abode here. Have been well myself, but have been among sickness, and at the death-bed of a dear cousin, which makes it bad; but such cannot be avoided.

One more as to business, I am thoroughly convinced that this is the place to do business, and as for a residence, Manchester is good enough for me. I shall return home the fore part of March. C. W. S.

FROM VERMONT.

MONTPELIER, VT., Feb., 1879.

EDITOR ENTERPRISE:—According to promise I write you "something what I see." The first object which attracted my attention here was the lofty Green Mountain range, whose snow-capped peaks, studded with green pine and spruce timber, present a formidable appearance. At the base of these mountains, in many places, are extensive marble quarries, where immense marble rocks are drilled and blasted off from the main ledge, and by the saw are fitted for tombstones, monuments, &c.

To-day I rode over the Snake Mountains, but saw no snakes, however, as the snow is fully two feet deep on the mountain or in the valley. I am now in full view of the Adirondacs, across Lake Champlain. Besides having a good sleigh-ride, I have seen some very fine sheep, to-day, including the one which won the sweepstakes prize at the Centennial, valued at $1,500.00. Others have been offered to me at from $100.00 to $500.00; and I saw one sold at $175.00. Good sheep are high. I shall try to bring home some that will suit most any one. This State may rightly be termed the "Alma Mater" in sheep breeding, but in farming proper, O my! A Michigander would starve to death; yet these Vermonters are getting rich, and have cash "enough to raise prices for what they have. More anon

C. F. BEECHER.

Miscellaneous.

MAHRLE the Tailor

Has received his stock of Cloths for the Fall trade. He has also received a large line of samples of Fall and Winter goods for men's and boys' wear. He has sold at cost all summer, and

Will Make a Suit

of clothing in the best manner, at the same rate, if you will only give him a trial. He says he will guarantee satisfaction, or make the clothes

FREE OF COST.

TO THE CITIZENS

OF

MANCHESTER AND VICINITY.

Having refitted UNION HALL GALLERY, and furnished it with the best of Instruments, I am now prepared to do all kinds of

PHOTOGRAPH

AND

Gem Work.

GOOD PICTURES COPIED in Photographs, Crayon India Ink or Water Colors.

Fine Line of Frames, Matts, &c., constantly on hand. Hoping to merit your patronage, I am Yours, S. JAYNE.

The most extensive Manufacturers of Billiard Tables in existence.

The J. M. Brunswick & Balke Co.

CHICAGO, CINCINNATI, ST. LOUIS

and

724 Broadway, New-York.

Newest and most elegant styles of

BILLIARD TABLES

AT LOWEST PRICES.

Elegant Parlor, Dining, Library and Billiard Tables combined; size 3 x 6½; slate beds, perfect cushions, complete with balls and cues, $75.

Address whichever house is nearest your city.

The J. M. Brunswick & Balke Co.

Furniture.

LOCKWOOD'S

Furniture Rooms!

EAST SIDE OF THE BRIDGE,

Stop and examine the ELEGANT PARLOR SUITES, DOLL'S BEDROOM SETS,

Couches, Tables, Arm Chairs, Rockers, Bureaus, Secretaries, Wash Stands, Book Cas.s,—

(Of new designs and finish.)

Matresses, Springs, &c.

Picture frames in first-class style. A fine line of

Coffins and Caskets, of all sizes.

Remember the place, Jefferson street, east of G. W. Davis' Store, Manchester, Mich.

THE GREAT EMPORIUM

FURNITURE!

IN CENTRAL MICHIGAN,

is at the

PRISON

Furniture Store,

Nos. 241 and 243 Main St.,

JACKSON, MICHIGAN.

Our stock is strictly first-class and guaranteed to be as fine as any in this country.

OUR PRICES ARE WAY DOWN!

Call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

H. C. RANSOM.

N. B.—We will sell at lower prices than any other house in this county.

Dotv's.

WALL PAPER

AND

WINDOW SHADES,

AT

DOTY'S VARIETY STORE,

East side of River

New Stock! Large and Elegant!

A Machine for Trimming the Wall Paper will be used free of extra charge.

HATS & CAPS

The Latest Style.

BOOTS AND SHOES!

Successors of Children's Wheel leg great variety of designs and colors.

CROCKERY

Of Latest Patterns and Choicest Brands.

Choice Family Groceries

Always on Hand.

G. W. DOTY & SON.

POTTLE'S DRY GOODS HOUSE.

SPRING STOCK

OF

Wall Paper,

Just Received,

AT

W. H. POTTLE'S

CLOTHING. CLOTHING.

BRAC IS A COOD DOC

— BUT —

HOLD-FAST IS BETTER!

All High-Priced Clothing Dealers!

HAVE TO SUCCUMB IN TIME.

LARGE ASSORTMENT, LOW PRICES,

DOES THE WORK.

FOUR DIFFERENT FIRMS

GONE TO THE WALL SINCE I CAME HERE!

Lower Than All Opposition Dealers.

COME AND SEE

M. M. PECK,

NEXT TO THE BANK.

CORN EXCHANGE. CORN EXCHANGE.

LATEST IMPROVEMENTS!

THE MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF

FARMING IMPLEMENTS

IN SOUTHERN MICHIGAN, SELECTED AND BOUGHT FROM THE BEST MANUFACTURING COMPANIES IN THE UNITED STATES.

AND I DEFY COMPETITION IN PRICE!

This is a partial list of the many articles that can always be found at my store:

Studebaker Wagons and Buggies, Spring Tooth Harrows,
Oliver Chilled Plows—Self-Scouring, Iron Harrows,
Fairbanks' Scales, Corn Cultivators,
Buckeye Grain Drills and Cultivators, Wood's Pumps,
Ann Arbor Cultivators, Iron Pumps,
Superior Grain Drills, Wind Mills,
Johnston Reapers, Stone Boats,
Leader Reapers, Wheelbarrows,
Westwinds, dos. of Sizes, Grindstones, Iron Legs,
J. I. Case Wood Mowers, Salt, Lime, Cement, Plaster, Sosodium,
Tiger Self-Dump Rakes, Clover and Timothy Seed,
Scotch Harrows, Lawn Mowers.

Also a complete stock of all the leading articles of Hardware.

Especial attention is called to the

Leader Spring-Tooth Harrow.

The cheapest and best article of the kind ever put on the market.

Also the New Oliver Chilled Plows. Come and see the best Plow in the world, before you buy, and I will guarantee to save you money and trouble if you patronize me.

Respectfully,

W. KIMBLE.

MANCHESTER, MICH.

THE OLD RELIABLE

PERKINS WINDMILL

The BEST, and consequently the CHEAPEST WINDMILL TO MAKE.

This Windmill has not got to be improved.—It has REACHED PERFECTION

Thousands of them in use, and every one satisfied. Yes, more than satisfied, they like to talk about their windmill. This kind of Windmills has stood the test for years, and is universally acknowledged to be

THE MOST POWERFUL MILL IN USE.

And on account of its great power, it will do more work than any other mill.

Farmers, if you want a Windmill that will do its work without any attention, and last as long as you live,

GET A PERKINS!

and you will THE BEST PUMP IN USE.

These Windmills are getting rich, and have stuck "enough to raise prices for what they have. More anon

C. F. BEECHER.

We keep none but FIRST-CLASS, WELL MADE MILLS, and sell them at the LOWEST PRICE. We also sell the Celebrated Jones of Binghamton Scales, and keep a large stock of Pumps, Lead Pipe, Iron Pipe, Brass Goods, Sheet Iron, Zinc, Copper, Tin, Iron, Steel, Nails, Carpenters' Tools, Cutlery, Guns, Ammunition, Sporting Goods, Agricultural Implements, Seeds, Salt, Plaster, Cement, Hair, Building Paper, Carpet Felt, Tarred Felt, Roofing Paper, Rosin, Oil, Glue, Putty, Paints, Oils, Varnish, Glass, Stoves, Furnace, Tinware, Woodenware, Willowware, Agent for the celebrated Charter Oak Stoves, Agent for the celebrated Ever-Ready Washing Machine, Agent for the celebrated Universal Clothes Wringer, Agent for the celebrated Lightning Fruit Jars, Agent for the celebrated Wilson Sewing Machine, Agent for the celebrated Howe Scales, Agent for the celebrated Fairbanks Scales, Agent for the celebrated Buckeye Mower and Reaper, Agent for the celebrated Champion Mower and Reaper, Agent for the celebrated Deering Harvester, Agent for the celebrated Plows, Agent for the celebrated Farm Bells, Agent for the celebrated Ann Arbor Tooth Harrow, Agent for the celebrated Ann Arbor Cultivator, Agent for the celebrated Superior Grain Drill, Agent for the celebrated Superior Cider Mill, Agent for the celebrated Hay Tedder, Agent for the celebrated Ann Arbor Horse Hay Rake, Agent for the celebrated Ann Arbor Gang Plow, Agent for the celebrated Oliver Chilled Plows, Agent for the celebrated Leader Spring Tooth Harrow, Agent for the celebrated Wind Mills, Agent for the celebrated Force Pumps, Agent for the celebrated Iron Pumps, Agent for the celebrated Stone Boats, Agent for the celebrated Wheelbarrows, Agent for the celebrated Grindstones, Agent for the celebrated Iron Legs, Agent for the celebrated Salt, Agent for the celebrated Lime, Agent for the celebrated Cement, Agent for the celebrated Plaster, Agent for the celebrated Hair, Agent for the celebrated Building Paper, Agent for the celebrated Carpet Felt, Agent for the celebrated Tarred Felt, Agent for the celebrated Roofing Paper, Agent for the celebrated Rosin, Agent for the celebrated Oil, Agent for the celebrated Glue, Agent for the celebrated Putty, Agent for the celebrated Paints, Agent for the celebrated Oils, Agent for the celebrated Varnish, Agent for the celebrated Glass, Agent for the celebrated Stoves, Agent for the celebrated Furnace, Agent for the celebrated Tinware, Agent for the celebrated Woodenware, Agent for the celebrated Willowware.

M. M. PECK,

NEXT TO THE BANK.

Legal Notices.

Estate of Mary and Lewis Detling, Minors.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss.

At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on Thursday, the 6th day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine.

Present, William D. Harriman, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Mary Detling and Lewis Detling, Minors.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Irene Detling, Guardian, praying that he may be licensed to sell certain real estate belonging to said estate.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Wednesday, the 12th day of March, next, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said minors, and all other persons interested in said estate are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this Order to be published in the MANCHESTER ENTERPRISE, a newspaper printed and circulated in said County, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN, Judge of Probate.

(A true copy.)

William G. Doty, Probate Register.

Estate of Regina M. Unterkircher.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss.

At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on Monday, the 10th day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine.

Present, William D. Harriman, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Regina M. Unterkircher, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Amanda Gopelin, Guardian of said heirs-at-law, praying that she may be licensed to sell the real estate belonging to said estate, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this Order to be published in the MANCHESTER ENTERPRISE, a newspaper printed and circulated in said County, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN, Judge of Probate.

(A true copy.)

William G. Doty, Probate Register.

Remember, my prices will and shall be

MORTGAGE SALE.

ON the 12th day of September, 1877, Harriet B. Wait, of Manchester, Michigan, mortgaged to Frederick Breitenwischer, Lots two, three, nine and ten, in Block one, also Lot one in same block, excepting a strip off of the west side thereof, heretofore deeded to Joy Everett, all being home-stead lots in the Village of Manchester, Mich., to secure a Mortgage Bond, payable to the village of Manchester, in the Village of Manchester, County of Washtenaw, Mich., on the first day of November next of said date. The mortgage was, on the 15th day of September, 1877, recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Washtenaw County, Michigan, in Liber 50 of Mortgages, on page 210. Upon this mortgage there is remaining unpaid and payable, the principal sum of one hundred and eighty-two dollars, and no suit or proceeding has been instituted at law or in equity to recover the debt or any part thereof. Notice is therefore hereby given, that, pursuant to law and the terms of said mortgage, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to pay the principal and interest, and the costs, to the highest bidder, on the 18th day of March, 1879, at noon, at the south door of the Court House in Ann Arbor, Washtenaw County, Michigan, that being the place appointed for holding the circuit court for said county, to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage, the costs and charges of the foreclosure and the sale thereof, and an attorney's fee of thirty-five dollars, as stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, thereof.—Dated December 19, 1878. FREDERICK BREITENWISCHER, Mortgagee.

A. E. HAWKEY, Attorney for Mortgagee.

Real Estate for Sale.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss.

In the matter of the estate of Elias Hale, deceased.

Notice hereby given, that in pursuance of an order granted to the undersigned Executor of the last Will and testament of said deceased, by the Hon. Judge of Probate for the County of Washtenaw, in the State of Michigan, bearing date the 11th day of July, 1878, we shall sell at Vendue to the highest bidder, at the late residence of said deceased in the Township of Freedom, in the County of Washtenaw, in said State, on Wednesday, the twelfth day of March, A. D. 1879, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day (subject to such encumbrances by mortgage or otherwise existing at the time of the death of said deceased) the following described real estate, viz:

The North half of the South-east quarter of Section Twenty-one (21) Town three (3) South, Range four (4) East.

The North-West quarter of the South-West quarter of Section Twenty-one (21) Town three (3) South, Range four (4) East.

The South-East quarter of the North-East quarter of Section Twenty (20) Town three (3) South, Range four (4) East.

The South-West quarter of the South-West quarter of Section Twenty (20) Town three (3) South, Range four (4) East.

The East half of the South-West quarter of Section Twenty-one (21), Town, three (3) South, Range four (4) East, all in the Township of Freedom, Washtenaw County, in Michigan—Dated January 31st, 1879.

REV. ROBERT W. HAIRE, Executor, &c.

MORTGAGE SALE.

ON the 4th day of November, A. D. 1875, Hiram Pierce, of Manchester, Michigan, mortgaged to Thomas I. Spafard, of Manchester, Michigan, "All those certain pieces or parcels of land situate in the Township of Manchester, County of Washtenaw, and State of Michigan, known as and described as follows, to wit: The south-west quarter of the south-east quarter of section four, town four south of range three east (containing fifteen acres) and the south half of the south half of the south part of section four in town four south of range three east; beginning at the south-west corner of said south-east quarter, running thence east on section line, eighty rods, to the east line of said south half of said south half of said south half

News of the Week

A Helpless Woman Rescued to Death.

A German woman, an invalid, unable to walk or move out of her chair, occupied a small house with her husband in Waco, Texas, both being newcomers. During the husband's absence the house took fire, and before the women's perilous situation could be discovered she was helplessly surrounded by flames. Persons saw her in her chair unable to move as she the flames in on her. Her entire body was destroyed except the skull, some bones and the heart.

Railroad Horror.

A Wheeling, W. Va., dispatch says that as Robert Smith and daughter were returning home in a wagon, and when at a crossing near Littleton, the horse became frightened at an approaching train. His daughter jumped out of the rear of the wagon, and fell in the middle of the track, the engine passing over and killing her instantly, dragging her body a distance of sixty feet. The remains were gathered up in a horribly mangled condition. Her father, aunt, and uncle, who were witnesses of her terrible death, remained in the wagon and escaped unhurt.

The Last City of Memphis.

Judge Baxter, of the United States Circuit Court, appointed Thomas J. Latham receiver to take charge of the effects of the late city of Memphis, including taxes unpaid, amounting to nearly $3,000,000, with power to sue, collect in any way, by garnishment or otherwise. All creditors are ordered to come in and make themselves parties, and file their claims with the receiver the third Monday in May next. The appointment was made on the bills filed by Myers & Reed, attorneys, representing nearly $2,000,000 of claims against the city. The other creditors consolidated causes, making a total aggregate of $2,500,000.

Attempted Murder and Suicide.

A special to the *Argonaut* from Brownsville, Tenn., says: Frank Bond, a young lawyer of this city, was shot this afternoon by his cousin, James S. Bond, jr. The shooting occurred in the Court-house yard, at a sale of property in which both were interested. Frank Bond bidding on the part that James wished to buy, he drew a pistol and fired three shots at Frank. One shot took effect in the shoulder, and one in the side, passing through the bowels. His physicians think there is but a slight chance of his recovery. After the shooting his cousin James attempted suicide by shooting himself through the head. The wound inflicted is not dangerous.

Horrible Tragedy at Huntsville.

For some time Rufus Irving, a colored man of Huntsville, Ala., has been jealous of his wife. In a fit of rage he deliberately drew a pistol and shot her, but not fatally. He fled, but subsequently returned to see if she was dead; finding her still alive, he shot her again. To make sure of the work, he then entered a room and drew across the women's throat, almost severing the head from the body. The blood spurted in the room and spattered the walls, making a ghastly spectacle. She fell over dead. Irving then drew the razor across his own throat and fell beside his wife, but did not expire, and attempted to get up. At this juncture his wife's brother, aged 16 years, seized a gun, and putting his mouth to Irving's head, literally blew his brains out.

A Steamer Burned.

A few nights since, at 8:30, the steamer A. C. Donnally took fire in the watchman's locker, one mile above Island No. 1, on the Mississippi River. Pilot Hamilton discovered the fire on Kentucky shore, and she ran to the bank head on for fifteen feet, and all of her crew and people were saved without any loss, unless themselves by jumping ashore into the water from the bow of the boat on the frozen ground. There was no loss of life, and no one was hurt. Mate Hamilton, who was on watch, and who had tried to prevent it, was the last man to leave the boat, and he jumped upon each other, doing all the injury. The pilots and two chambermaids had to jump into the river from the stern, and swam ashore. One chambermaid was picked up a little below the boat. The Donnally had 600 tons of freight, mostly cotton, molasses and rice. The wounded were taken to Cairo and cared for.

Bad Accident of a Philadelphia Lad.

William Zeigler, a lad eleven years of age, who lives with his parents on Allegheny-avenue, near Chatham-street, Philadelphia, committed suicide by hanging in a closet in his bedroom. The circumstances of the lad's absence so lock himself in the house. He went into the cellar, piled up blocks of coal and by means of a rope from a hook in a joist around his throat. He then kicked away the blocks. When the parents returned they found a bear from the neighbor's house which she had been visiting, she was compelled to climb from the window and descend by the window. Not finding Willie in the lower rooms, she proceeded to the upper rooms and there in the cellar, saw the body with the dangling body still warm, the rope having stretched until the boy's knees touched the floor. Every effort was made and unsuccessful efforts were made to resuscitate him. The reason assigned for the suicide is a disturbance of mind because produced by reading religious books. He frequently declared that he wanted to go to heaven from this sinful world.

Kicked to Death.

In New York City, a few nights ago, a fire broke out in the extensive stables of Walter Brooks, Brooks's Hotel, on the New York Tattersall's, corner of Seventh-avenue and Forty-second-street. Seventy valuable horses were found in the stables, and the second floor were burned to death. About one hundred sets of harness and a number of sleighs and wagons were also destroyed. The flames communicated with the harness store of John B. Ryder, 610 Seventh-avenue, and land of Hankins' adjoining store, 612 Seventh-avenue, and almost entirely destroyed their stock. The buildings are owned by Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, and the total loss will reach nearly $100,000, partially covered by insurance.

The building of the Rogers Locomotive Works, at Paterson, New Jersey, used as a millwright's shop and for the storage of patterns and of models of locomotives in all parts of the world, and filled with machinery costing about $225,000, burned the other night. Total loss, $210,000; insurance, $110,000. The flames spread to the flax mill of Barbour Brothers, and the building and machinery were burned; total loss, about $35,000; insured. Residences in the neighborhood were damaged considerably.

Carling's brewery at Toronto, Ont., or London, Ont., was destroyed by fire on the night of the 19th; loss, $200,000; insurance, $100,000. A German named Gottfried Lang, aged 70, was

A Hanging in North Carolina.

John Edwards was hanged on the 14th of February in Smithfield, North Carolina, for the murder of Kader Barnes, a former neighbor, with whom he had quarreled about a bargain for a pig which he had persuaded from Barnes. His own daughter, six years old, was the only witness of the terrible deed, and he was convicted on her testimony. A correspondent of the Cincinnati *Enquirer*, who was present at the execution, says that Edwards was to have swung six weeks previously, but was reprieved. He was led to the scaffold, and the rope was being adjusted when the order of respite came. In conversation with the writer on that day the condemned man said he would not be hanged, and that he never would be hung. This morning when he was visited by a minister, he told the reverend gentleman that it was no use attempting him, for he felt sure that the Governor would notify him of his pardon. The preacher reminded him that he had only a few hours to live, and that he had better have thrown up and prepare, for it was very doubtful about a reprieve. At one o'clock Sheriff Lyler conducted Edwards to the scaffold. He was very unalterable, and had little or nothing to say. The minister accompanied him. As at half past one the knot was tied, and the last trap the doomed man said was: "This looks like bu. I am innocent, say how." In a few minutes thereafter the drop fell, and Edwards, who was very emaciated and lean, swung off like a feather. The death-throes were terrible. The body was cut down in thirty minutes after the execution, and turned over to the relatives. Edwards's last words were: "Ballard (his lawyer) must be forgot all about it. The hanging was witnessed only by officials.

Fatal Landslide.

At the foot of Grand-avenue, Kansas City, a few days ago, a fatal accident occurred in a cut being made for the Chicago & Alton Railroad. The cut, with its steep perpendicular walls, is now 40 feet high, paved in, and buried the workmen and their teams under six thousand yards of earth. Parties were repairing the bed of the cut at the time, and ten men working at each team. Besides these there were the foreman, Joseph McCarty, his clerk, and two men working with the pick. Mr. Scobe, the contractor, was in the cut. Six persons were killed outright and several wounded. The following are killed: Peter Bailey, James Ryan, Thomas Carey, Ed. Hines, Dan Dimitt, Richard Rine. All the bodies have been recovered. The scene was heartrending. The wives and children stood around frantically toward the outlet of the cut to escape, but their way was blocked by the huge mass of earth, and at that time, were standing squarely across the excavation, and six of them were overwhelmed by the huge mass of earth, and sank down to die under its ponderous weight. Those who escaped, dared with frenzied strength they were, washed with desperate energy upon the murderous earth, and with frantic speed set to work to unbury their buried companions. Three hours of nutting labor, and six dead bodies were brought to view, as detailed above. An immense crowd of people collected at each end of the cut, and could only be kept out of danger by the utmost efforts of the police. The wives and children of the workmen in the cut came running from all directions, rushed madly through the crowd, and, calling the names of husband, father or brother, which they feared had been crushed to death, they would hardly be restrained from breaking through the lines, and the scene was not only sad but heartrending.

Executions of Moonlighters.

Charles McGill, who murdered his mistress in Cleveland in December, 1877, was hanged in that city on the 13th inst. A correspondent of the Cincinnati *Enquirer*, who witnessed the execution, says that McGill was dressed in a neat suit of black, with kid-fitted gloves. He was in his shirt pocket near his heart a piece of the shirt sleeve which was imbued with the blood of his victim, which he said he had kept to carry it with him to heaven. His hands were fastened together with handcuffs. His legs were tied in the Sheriff's sled, placed the black cloth cap upon his head, and then stepping back said, "Sister Cooley, I am coming to you." He then turned to his escort, who had come to see him safely to eternity, and said: "Good-by, boys!" The preacher reminded him that he had only a few hours to live, and that he had better have thought up and prepare, for it was very doubtful about a reprieve. At one o'clock Sheriff Lyler conducted Edwards to the scaffold. He was very unalterable, and had little or nothing to say. The minister accompanied him. As at half past one the knot was tied, and the last trap the doomed man said was: "This looks like bu. I am innocent, say how." In a few minutes thereafter the drop fell, and Edwards, who was very emaciated and lean, swung off like a feather. The death-throes were terrible. The body was cut down in thirty minutes after the execution, and turned over to the relatives. Edwards's last words were: "Ballard (his lawyer) must be forgot all about it. The hanging was witnessed only by officials.

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