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MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1896.

WHOLE NUMBER 1521.

WITHIN OUR WALLS.

MERE MENTION OF MICHIGAN MATTERS.

The State Board of Canvassers Complete Their Work on the Official Election Returns—Two Lives Lost by the Burning of a Lake Steamer.

Michigan's Official Vote.

The state board of canvassers has completed its work on the official returns of the votes cast at the recent election. The total vote cast for President and state officers in order of Republican, fusion, Prohibition, gold Democrat and National, is as follows:

President—McKinley, 293,327; Bryan, 237,251; Levering, 4,968; Palmer, 6,936; Bentley, 1,809. McKinley's plurality, 56,076.

Governor—Pingree, 304,431; Sligh, 221,022; Safford, 5,499; Giberson, 9,738; Sprague, 1,944. Pingree's plurality, 83,409.

Secretary of state—Gardner, 294,525; Bruce, 235,251; Roelofs, 5,197; Boyce, 7,530; Dean, 2,046. Gardner's plurality, 59,274.

State treasurer—Steel, 292,786; Karste, 236,340; King, 5,362; Stevens, 7,582; Shepherd, 1,969. Steel's plurality, 56,445.

Auditor-general—Dix, 293,591; Cole, 235,203; Heath, 5,367; Conkey, 7,223; Jackson, 1,814. Dix's plurality, 58,388.

Land commissioner—French, 293,488; Loennecker, 232,048; Parmenter, 5,345; Tinker, 7,462; Atkins, 1,885. French's plurality, 61,470.

Attorney-general—Maynard, 293,934; Murphy, 236,509; Cheever, 5,375; Lothrop, 7,618; Perrine, 1,854. Maynard's plurality, 57,425.

Superintendent of public instruction—Hammond, 293,578; Haskins, 232,196; Avann, 5,367; Heap, 7,416; Willett, 1,955. Hammond's plurality, 61,382.

Member of state board of education—Simmons, 293,535; Dewey, 231,141; Hauser, 5,372; Edwards, 7,458; Steere, 1,984. Simmons' plurality, 62,394.

Michigan's State Troops.

Adjt.-Gen. Green has submitted to Gov. Rich his biennial report. The strength of the Michigan National Guard in detail is as follows: Governor's staff, 13; brigadier-general and staff, 8; First regiment, 586; Second, 622; Third, 548; Fourth, 596; Fifth, 502; total, 2,876. The following is the strength of the naval brigade: Battalion officers, petty officers, etc., 14; first division, 61; second, 61; third, 57; total, 193. Gen. Green commends both forces very highly. Seven companies have been disbanded, viz., at Ypsilanti, Menominee, Jackson, Grand Rapids, Port Huron, Marquette and Three Rivers. With the exception of those at Menominee, Marquette and Three Rivers, all the disbanded companies were replaced by companies at the same places, the three new companies being located at Iron Mountain, Sault Ste. Marie and Battle Creek. The present equipment of the troops is said to be far from what it should be. During the biennial period there have been 2,581 honorable, and 305 dishonorable discharges issued. The latter being principally for non-attendance.

Steamer Burned—Two Sailors Dead.

The passenger steamer City of Kalamazoo burned to the water's edge at South Haven about 4 a. m. The flames spread so rapidly that the sailors were soon enveloped, and two were overcome by the smoke and burned to death. They are: Robert Van Ostrand, of South Haven, and Joseph Lang, of Covert. Three other men escaped without their clothing. Van Ostrand was single, but Lang leaves a widow and family.

The boat was owned by the H. W. Williams Transportation Co. The loss is $40,000, said to be well insured. The boat had been tied up a week for winter repairs.

Fatal Family Quarrel at St. Johns.

Ezra Auten was probably fatally stabbed at St. Johns, during a violent family quarrel, by his son, Jud, aged 29 years. Jud and his sister, Viola, had a dispute. The mother and father took sides against son and daughter. It is claimed the daughter struck the mother and Jud interfered, when his father stepped in between. It is alleged that Jud shoved his father against an organ and knocked him down. Then he drew a knife and stabbed him several times about the head and neck. Viola attacked her mother, who was trying to separate the combatants. Jud was arrested.

Two Girls Killed by a Train.

Alice Taft, aged 18, and May Luce, aged 17, were instantly killed and Anna Taft, twin sister of Alice, was probably fatally injured at the D., L. & N. railroad crossing, just west of Lyons. The three were daughters of farmers at Orange, but attended school at Lyons, driving to and from school each day. They were returning home from school, when the west bound passengers train struck their buggy on the crossing. The remains of the dead girls were taken to Ionia. The victims were among the most popular of the young people in the vicinity of Orange.

Buried Alive by a Well Cave-in.

Lowell Chesebro, a prominent farmer near Alden, met with a terrible fate at his home. He went down in a well 75 feet deep to repair the curbing, when it caved in on him, burying him alive.

Gov. Rich has appointed Henry R. Gillard, of Redmond, agent of the state board of corrections and charities for Huron county.

The Belding Hall refrigerator works, at Belding, which have been idle for six months, have started up again with a force of 200 men.

Michigan Horticulturists Meet.

The twenty-sixth annual meeting of the Michigan State Horticultural society was held at Grand Rapids. The annual report of Secretary E. C. Reid showed $141.86 brought forward from last year; total receipts, $335.99; disbursements, $26.28; balance on hand, $309.71. The expenses of the society the past two years have been paid by the state, the appropriation being $1,500 a year. About $500 will be covered back into the state treasury. During the year meetings were held at Hart and St. Joseph. One new local society was organized, at Grand Haven. The fruit crop the past year was immense in all classes, and this has had an effect upon the sale of fruit trees which have been sent to Australia, Van Dieman's Land and to Europe, and the fame of the Michigan society seems to be spreading. The demand for the annual reports of the society and its literature is large, and comes from all parts of the country.

Mr. Hale, of Connecticut; Thayer, of Wisconsin; Reihl, of Illinois, and Harrison, of Ohio, were introduced as distinguished visitors and each made a brief speech. Numerous other interesting talks were given and several important papers read.

Warden Van Evera on Prison Labor.

Warden Van Evera of the Marquette prison in his biennial report to Gov. Rich says the principal problem which he confronted was how to keep the convicts employed. The depressed condition of business caused several firms using prison labor to cancel contracts. He thus had a lot of idle convicts on his hands and resorted to various measures—financially unproductive—to keep them busy. Warden Van Evera says that the employment of convict labor in manufacturing goods can be defended only on the ground that it produces a revenue which relieves the burden of taxation. It is inexcusable to put convict manufactured goods in competition with free labor when there is no demand for them. Since October, 1895, 11 men have been paroled. One forfeited his parole. He says it is a great aid to prison discipline. It is estimated that $36,948 will be necessary for the current expenses for each of the years 1897 and 1898, there having actually been expended for this purpose in 1896, $34,710.45. Special appropriations of $46,500 will be needed. The average number of inmates is 209.

Michigan Federation of Labor.

The annual meeting of the Michigan Federation of Labor was held at Lansing. President L. E. Tossy in his annual address spoke rather bitterly of the poor success which labor had in securing favorable legislation or its enforcement, while "grasping monopolies not only force evil conditions upon laborers but also secure such legislation as will best serve the promotion of their nefarious schemes." He urges renewed efforts to bring about the initiative and the referendum; a state law keeping all children under 16 out of factories; the election of the labor commissioner by the people; the formulation of some plan of utilizing prison labor so that the contract system may be done away with; renewed agitation for an eight-hour law which should apply to all the people of the state; and the appointment of a paid lobbyist at the next legislative session at a cost of $15 a week.

THE TWO PENINSULAS.

Burglars at Eau Claire blew open the safe in Copper Bros.' meat market and stole $200.

The village of Talbot has a serious epidemic of diphtheria and poor health board supervision.

Seventh Day Adventists at their missionary offering meeting at Battle Creek, raised $8,750.

It is estimated that 3,000 deer were killed in the upper peninsula during the recent hunting season.

Fire destroyed the barn and crops of George Griffin, near South Haven. The estimated loss is $1,200.

Mary J. Service, of Jackson county, hanged herself at the Kalamazoo asylum with a stocking over a bed post.

A. W. Stone, of Burton township, Genesee county, lost several buildings, crops, machinery and five horses by fire.

Mrs. Dora Austin was sent to the county jail at Howell for ten days for assaulting Mrs. John Britten on the street with her fists.

Alexander Rioux, master mechanic of the Dollar Bay smelting works, fell from a ladder 30 feet and received probably fatal injuries.

Mrs. John Wooten, aged 72, while driving near her home at Bainbridge, was thrown out of the carriage and killed. She was a pioneer.

Gebhardt & Estabrook's saw mill was burned at Saginaw. The loss will aggregate $20,000; insurance, $13,000. It was of incendiary origin.

It is thought several Menominee saw mills will not resume operations next spring. The total product will be 30,000,000 feet less than in 1895.

Cows frightened George Dunning's horse at Sturgis, and he was thrown violently on his head. His scalp was torn loose, and he is perhaps fatally injured.

The Nichols & Shepard Thresher Co., started its plant at Battle Creek, after remaining idle for three months. The Advance Thresher works also started up.

Wilkinson Vincent, a farmer near Croswell, committed suicide by shooting himself. His wife had sued for a divorce, and domestic trouble preyed on his mind.

The village of Moline, on the G. R. & I. railroad was burglarized. Nearly all the stores of the village and the railroad office were entered and considerable booty secured.

Port Huron will have a 7 o'clock curfew bell for children.

The University of Michigan football eleven met their first defeat of the season at the hands—or feet—of the boys of the University of Chicago, at Chicago, by a score of 7 to 6.

Kolb Bros.' brewery truck ran into an open swing on the South Center street bridge at Bay City. The horses, valued at $500, were lost and 25 kegs of beer floated out into the bay.

George and Peter Brisho, of Oswego, N. Y., on their way to Lansing, to visit their sister, Mrs. Egbert Perry, were run down and killed by a Lake Shore passenger train at Sandusky, O.

Miss Mary Haynes, of Flint, who has been ill for some time with gangrene of the lungs, declared she was healed by the faith cure. She arose, dressed herself and walked about.

Seven synchronized clocks in the Western Union Telegraph office and the Hibbard house and several jewelry stores at Jackson were set on fire and destroyed by a live wire. Loss $600.

In an altercation over an old account at Coleman Henry Boyce cut off the nose of Geo. Serzaw, close to the face with an ax. Serzaw is in a dangerous condition. Boyce claims self-defense.

While Agent Howard, of the Lake Shore, at Jackson, was at dinner, burglars broke into the ticket office window, smashed the money drawer, and secured $40 in silver and several checks.

The Newsboys' association at Grand Rapids has been provided with an assembly hall 54x70 feet in size and intended for their exclusive use. The Evening Press was responsible for the move.

Gus Schrader invited an acquaintance to his room at Muskegon, and robbed him of $20. He has been sentenced by Judge Russell to two and one-half years in the upper peninsula prison.

The Union Trust Co., of Philadelphia, has signed a bond for $2,000, given to Marine City as a guarantee that the electric road between Marine City and Detroit will be completed by Nov. 15, 1897.

The Soldiers' home at Grand Rapids has just received two brass six-pounders from the war department, for the plaza in from of the main building. On state occasions they will be used for firing salutes.

George F. Hoxie was convicted in the recorders' court at Detroit, of criminally assaulting his 15-year-old daughter, Mabel Louise, and was sentenced by Judge Chapin to state prison at Jackson for life.

Fred R. Lewis, of Flint, hurled a stone at a bird, but his aim was bad and it went through a window at the Lewis paper mill, striking Patrick Stanton on the left temple, and he died from the blow.

The third annual convention of the Saginaw Valley district union of Christ Endeavorers, with 150 delegates in attendance, was held at Lapeer. There are 158 societies in the district, which is 20 more than last year.

Leslie D. Ortt, committed suicide at Grand Rapids, by putting the muzzle of a shot gun into his mouth and then pulling the trigger. His head was blown off. He was 23 years old, unmarried, out of work and melancholy.

A party of prominent Hancock citizens went to charivari Dr. H. Gasser who had recently moved into a new home, but the doctor nearly scared them to death by firing two heavy shots from a big horse pistol. The whole crowd had fled when the doctor went out to invite them in.

Atty.-Gen. Maynard has given an opinion in which he states that first and second term [illegible] can make good time, but [illegible] He holds that under the consolidated prison act it makes no difference whether the terms are all in one prison or not, so far as good time allowance is concerned.

Mrs. Wm. A. Blakely, who is demented, slipped out of her home at Petoskey at night and was not found until search had been made for three hours. The night was bitterly cold and six inches of snow lay on the ground, but the poor woman wore only her night gown. She was nearly frozen when found.

M. P. Nicholson, of Muskegon, has received a letter from his brother James who was formerly a tug master at Muskegon, but is now a colonel in the Cuban army under Maceo. The letter says that Americans never heard of half the victories over the Spanish. In a great fight five weeks ago Maceo beat them, killing 4,000 men.

The prospects for work at the mills along the Saginaw river are not very bright. There are about 100,000,000 feet of logs in the river. The call for men in the woods at from $12 to $16 a month is limited. The M. C. R. R. and F. & P. M. will probably bring down 100,000,000 feet, and operations in Canada will be on a limited scale.

Louis German, sent up from Mecosta county for five years for perjury has received a pardon from Gov. Rich. German was an honest old farmer who was used to prove an alibi for the Randall gang. He fixed dates by a receipt. It now appears that he was just a week off in his calculations, and that he had no intention of doing wrong.

Anton Campau, an old Detroit veteran, who is blind, fell through a hole left open by the contractors at the hospital of the Soldiers' home at Grand Rapids. His shoulder was dislocated and two ribs broken. On account of his age Campau may not recover.

Edwin Ruggles heard a peculiar noise in the basement of his feed mill, at Three Rivers but thought nothing of it and when his work was done he shut the mill and went home. His 6-year-old daughter was missing. Returning to the mill he found the child dead in the basement, almost every bone broken. She had been caught in a belt.

THE CUBAN WAR.

WHAT THE SPANISH AND THE CUBANS ARE DOING.

Also Some of the Doings of the Cuban Sympathizers in the United States—Capt.-Gen. Weyler Makes Another Trip to the Front.

Americans Becoming Aroused.

At a meeting held in Chickering hall, New York City, to commemorate the massacre of students in Havana in 1871 by Spanish soldiers the sentiment in favor of Cuba's freedom was even more pronounced than it has ever been before. Bourke Cockran, in one of the most eloquent speeches he ever made, said it was time that the United States intervened for humanity's sake, and that Cuba could be freed without firing a shot if the word was said. He denounced the Spanish rule of Cuba as barbarous and inhuman, and predicted that if this country did not take a hand in bringing about peace in Cuba the judgment of God would be visited upon us. He then said: "Never in the history of our country did so much depend upon the chief executive. Our President may pronounce for Cuba the word of doom or liberation. If he says that Cuba shall be free the light of liberty will bathe its shores and republicanism will be triumphant."

Chas. A. Dana, editor of the New York Sun, said: "If the government of the United States says that this butchery must stop, it will stop, and stop very promptly. The sun of liberty will rise upon Cuba to set no more."

Col. Ethan Allen, a descendant of the revolutionary hero of Ticonderoga, said: "I cannot approach this subject without the greatest indignation. I regard Spain as a black beast of nations. If I had my way I would strangle her and bury her in the Atlantic."

Col. Jose Reyes, aide de camp of Gen. Maceo, wounded and visiting New York for medical treatment, and with dispatches to the junta, was present at the meeting. He says the fighting in the Rubi hills of Pinar del Rio was the most sanguinary battle of the war. He claims that 2,000 of Weyler's men were killed in two days, and twice as many wounded. Maceo's men shot from behind rocks and trees and gradually gave way before the Spaniards, who, encouraged by what they thought to be a victory, pursued them. But they charged into a dynamite mine which was fired by electricity. A tremendous explosion occurred and Weyler lost 700 men killed besides 500 more in the fight, and 1,600 wounded. Next day Maceo, knowing of the reserve force under Weyler, retreated to even a stronger position. There he was attacked by the column under Echague, who was roundly thrashed and driven from the field, losing 800 men killed, besides 1,200 wounded. Then Weyler returned to Havana and the Spanish troops withdrew to a respectable distance.

An Interview with Gen. Weyler.

While Gen. Weyler was in Havana, after his trip to the front in Pinar del Rio, he gave an interview in which he expressed great satisfaction with the condition of affairs. He said that he had passed all over the territory the rebels claimed as their stronghold in the Rubi hills and he met very little resistance. Maceo had fled at the approach of the Spanish troops, and the insurgents had scattered in all directions, not giving a chance to have a battle. Weyler said that he was confident of soon pacifying the province of Pinar del Rio and that the rebellion in the provinces of Havana, Matanzas, Puerto Principe and Santa Clara was scarcely worth mentioning. The Spanish general continued in this strain to a great length, belittling the Cubans and their fighting.

The statements made by Gen. Weyler were indignantly denounced by the members of the Cuban junta in New York. Enrique Jose Verona, editor of Patria, the junta's organ, pointed to numerous reports from other sources to show the strength and extent of the rebellion throughout the island. He then said: "The scattering of forces by Maceo is due to a preconcerted plan. The forces are scattered and concentrated at will by Maceo, and he thereby makes sure of losing as few men as possible and of striking blows when he is least expected by Gen. Weyler to do so. Maceo cannot afford to lose as many men as Weyler can, for Spain sends men like droves of sheep to the slaughter. The tactics of which Gen. Weyler complains are evidences of Maceo's superiority as a military tactician over Weyler."

President Palma, of the junta, says Weyler is a liar when he says that all the strategic points in Pinar del Rio are in Spanish hands, and that there was not a slaughter of Spaniards at Rubi hills.

Weyler Returns Into Pinar del Rio.

Capt.-Gen. Weyler has departed from Havana as suddenly and unexpectedly as he returned a few days before. He has again gone into Pinar del Rio, evidently to take active command of his troops there. Gen. Weyler and part of his staff were driven in carriages to the pier, where they boarded the Reina Mercedes and were transferred to the Legazpi, which immediately steamed for Mariel. Thence by carriage the party went to Artemisa, and to Cristobal and the front. The other members of the staff went to Artemisa by rail.

Family of Five Burned to Death.

The home of Luther Greenman, a farmer four miles from Perry, N. Y., was destroyed by fire, and the entire family, consisting of five persons, was burned to death. A defective stove pipe caused the fire.

Wm. J. Bryan again took the stump, making several speeches in Missouri towns of his return from a hunting trip.

A SERIOUS FLOOD.

The Blizzard Causes an Ice Gorge in the Chippewa River in Wisconsin.

The storm which slid down from the Arctic regions upon the northwestern states took an excursion through Wisconsin also. One disastrous result was the forming of an ice gorge at the mouth of the Chippewa river, which caused the water to back up rapidly. On the lowlands below Durand the rise was so sudden that many families had to flee in their night clothes and leave their all behind. The suffering among the women and children from the cold was intense and a number have frozen feet and legs. A rescuing party was sent out from Durand and over 40 of the unfortunates were taken to that place. The bottom lands are all under water and the live stock and produce are a complete loss. In most of the homes were stored the winter's supplies and these were all lost. Damage was heavy at Eau Claire, Chippewa Falls, Irvine, Steven's Point and other places. Railroad traffic was greatly interfered with.

Finances of the United States.

The annual report of Daniel N. Morgan, treasurer of the United States, shows net ordinary revenues of the government of the fiscal year to have been $326,976,200, and the expenditures $352,179,446, leaving a deficiency for the year of $25,203,246, or $17,601,977 less than during the preceding fiscal year. The report shows that during last fiscal year there was an increase of $7,863,134 in the receipts from customs; $3,341,192 from internal revenue sources; $2,479,622 from miscellaneous sources, and a loss of $97,823 from the sale of public lands, making the net increase in the receipts $13,586,125. The decrease in the expenditures amounted to $4,015,852.

Town Destroyed by a Cyclone.

A very destructive cyclone struck the town of Ralston, on the Arkansas river, 50 miles northeast of Perry, Okla., and nearly wiped out the town of about 200 houses. Nearly every house in town was blown down, and several people were injured. Ralston is a small town supported by coal mines and remote from telegraph.

NEWSY CONDENSATIONS.

Campanini, the great tenor, has died at Parma, Italy.

The Cleveland, O., World is in the hands of a receiver.

Walter L. Rhue, aged 16, was killed while playing football at Brooklyn.

Wm. Steinway, the piano manufacturer, died at his home at New York.

A panic occurred at a fete at Baroda, India, resulting in 29 persons being crushed to death.

In order to rid the town of Alexis, Ill., of its only saloon, someone blew it up with dynamite.

Dr. Jameson, the Transvaal raider, is critically ill in Halloway jail, London, where he is serving a 15 months' sentence.

A bill now before the Alabama legislature makes it a misdemeanor for a woman to appear in public in bloomers or tights.

Congressman Dingley, of Maine, says he has no hopes of his tariff bill passing during the coming "short" session of congress.

Robert Fitzsimmons has accepted Dan Stuart's offer of a purse of $15,000 for a finish fight between Fitzsimmons and Corbett.

Nat C. Goodwin, the actor, has paid his wife $15,000 as full settlement of alimony and support and has allowed her to get a divorce.

The 125 men employed in Chas. P. Grubb's mines at Silver Springs, Pa., have struck for 80 cents a day. They were getting 70 cents.

The Asbury M. E. church at Des Moines, Ia., asked Wm. J. Bryan to lecture for them. He replied that his terms were $3,000 a night.

Private Secretary Thurber confirms the statement that President Cleveland has purchased a house at Princeton, N. J., for his future permanent home.

The residence of Chaplain M. C. Blaine, U. S. A., at Ft. Ringgold, Tex., burned and both Blaine and his daughter were burned to death. The father lost his life in trying to save his child.

Emil G. Hirsch, leader of the liberal Jews of Chicago, has declared in favor of abandoning the Jewish Sabbath and adopting the Christian Sunday. Dr. Hirsch's congregation will follow his lead.

The Hamburger Nachrichten, the organ of Prince Bismarck, which recently made public the secret treaty between Germany and Russia, has been denounced before the state's attorney for high treason.

Geo. W. Rinker called at the home of his neighbor, James Williams, near St. Clairsville, O., while the later was away. Rinker was leaving as Williams arrived half drunk, and Williams hit his visitor on the head with a poker, killing him instantly.

While Warden McCrea, of Erie, Pa., was en route to Riverside penitentiary with 23 prisoners, Thomas Cronin, under five years sentence for robbery, jumped from the train. McCrea followed him but alighting on his head broke his neck. Cronin was caught.

Leadville, Colo., miners have appealed to Gov. McIntyre to withdraw the state troops from the mines. They claim that the mine operators simply want to disorganize the union. They disclaim any responsibility for the recent violence at the mines, and show that the presence of the troops has cost the state over $200,000 and is adding to that sum more than $2,000 a day.

A big combination of the sandstone quarries of the United States, four-fifths of which are in Ohio, is being formed with $5,000,000 capital. The object is to reduce operating expenses and raise prices.

DEATH IN THE BLIZZARD.

Northwestern States in the Sweep of the Most Torrible Storm in Years.

The first storm of the winter has swept over the northwestern states and was probably the worst in years. The blizzard started in British Columbia and blew down through Montana, Idaho, the Dakotas, Minnesota, and touched up Kansas, Nebraska and western Missouri. The snow was piled 10 feet deep in the streets of Fargo and other places. Trains were snowbound and three Northern Pacific trains became stuck in the North Dakota drifts. Live stock suffered very heavily, particularly in Kansas and Nebraska.

As the blizzard continued for several days the reports of the effects of the cold, and wind and snow became more terrible, particularly in North Dakota. Human beings have been frozen to death, cattle have been stampeded and buried and smothered in snow drifts, trains blockaded, and wires blown down. The drifts in Dakota are small mountains and a coal famine is threatened. How many human lives have been sacrificed cannot be told until the snow drifts clear away, months hence. Men are missing everywhere in the heart of the storm. The dead and known missing are: Thomas Anderson, 18 years old, lost in the snow near Moorhead, Minn. F. M. Burrows, mail agent, lost in the storm at Devil's Lake, N. D. Frank Vack, of Chicago, frozen to death near Fargo, N. D. Two unidentified men found frozen to death near Fargo. Three missing men lost in the snow near Fargo. From the cattle country in the western part comes reports of intense suffering of the live stock on the ranges. Undoubtedly this was the worse blizzard since Jan. 12, 1888.

Hawaii Looking for Annexation.

The Hawaiian representatives at Washington are quietly at work perfecting their plans to secure recognition by Uncle Sam. The plan mapped out by Minister Hatch and Henry E. Cooper, Hawaiian minister of foreign affairs, is to work up all possible sentiment in favor of annexation among members of congress at this session and further to endeavor to influence friends of the incoming administration in favor of annexation pure and simple. It will be pointed out by the Hawaiian representatives that it will be dangerous to permit delay. The encroachment of Japan, China and other foreign powers has somewhat frightened the Hawaiian government.

An Insane Man's Awful Deed.

On Oct. 30 Henry Powers, a farmer near Marion, O., escaped from the insane asylum at Columbus. The asylum authorities were notified but they said allow Powers his liberty and await to developments. This was found to have been a serious error, as while the family were at breakfast, Powers went to the barn, securing an old musket, and placing the barrel close to his wife's head, blew the top of her head off. Three of the children escaped to a neighbor's house. Powers reloaded the musket, went to a potato patch 300 yards away and shot himself.

John W. Breidenthal, chairman of the Kansas Democratic central committee is trying to win the U. S. senatorship away from Senator Peffer.

THE MARKETS.

LIVE STOCK.

New York—	Cattle	Sheep	Lambs	Hogs
Best grades	$4 25@5 00	$3 50	$5 00	$4 15
Lower grades	2 25@4 00	2 25	4 25	3 75
Chicago—				
Best grades	4 50@5 25	3 50	5 00	3 40
Lower grades	2 50@4 25	1 50	3 50	3 35
Detroit—				
Best grades	3 75@4 00	3 10	4 40	3 40
Lower grades	2 00@3 50	2 00	3 25	3 25
Cincinnati—				
Best grades	4 00@4 30	3 25	4 25	3 35
Lower grades	2 25@3 75	2 00	3 00	3 25
Cleveland—				
Best grades	3 80@4 00	3 00	4 25	3 30
Lower grades	2 00@3 50	2 00	3 00	4 15
Pittsburg—				
Best grades	4 25@4 50	3 25	4 50	3 50
Lower grades	2 25@4 00	2 00	3 00	3 35

GRAIN, ETC.

	Wheat, No. 2 red	Corn, No. 2 mix	Oats, No. 2 white
New York	96½@96¾	29½@29¾	24 @24
Chicago	91½@92	23½@23¾	21½@22
*Detroit	96 @96½	23½@23¾	20 @20½
Toledo	96 @96	22½@22¾	19 @19
Cincinnati	95 @95	25½@25¾	19½@20
Cleveland	95 @95	23 @23	19 @19
Pittsburg	96 @96	24 @24	20 @20

*Detroit—No. 1 Timothy Hay $8.50 per ton. Potatoes, 25c per bu. Live Chickens, 6c per lb; turkeys, 8@9c; ducks, 8@9c. Eggs, strictly fresh, 20c. Butter, fresh dairy, 14@15c per lb; creamery, 19c.

REVIEW OF TRADE.

When the rush of orders after election slacked many began to think business dwindling. Subsidence of deferred orders is not decrease of business. Broadly speaking, the gain has been greater than anybody expected, and it is not surprising if a small part of it is in excess of the present consuming demand. Reports from all parts of the country show clearly enlargement of trade, not at all points in the same branches, but everywhere helped by a more confident feeling. Extremes of weather have made the past week not altogether good for retail trade, but in that line also there is improvement on the whole. Wheat went up over 6c for the week, without material change in foreign advices, which have been on the whole less stimulating. Western receipts are falling behind last year's. Corn has sympathized with wheat only a little and is coming freely. The most important factor in the wheat market is that the visible supplies do not gain as much as has been expected. Cotton has gained but little after its considerable decline. Wool is still being bought largely for speculation and the mills are doing but little more than on the previous week. Prospects appear good for a larger demand for iron and steel products. The collapse of the nail combination and probably of the beam combination tend to materially help the situation.

The blast furnace of the Cleveland, O., Rolling Mill Co., which has been idle since July 1, has assumed operations. Employment will be given to 150 men.

John R. Lawrence, of Sandusky, O., convicted of undue intimacy with his 14-year-old daughter, suicided in jail by taking laudanum. It is not known how he got the drug.

The Ohio Steel Co.'s plant at Youngstown, O., has begun operations with a full force. The have one order which alone calls for 15,000 tons of steel billets for making wire nails.

Manchester Enterprise

By MAT D. BLOSSER.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1896.

Peace that is prepared for war lasts the longest.

Men who expect favors should first throw around a few for sweet.

People are too apt to imagine that expense adds zest to amusement.

The fact that a thing is old usually makes it attractive, no matter if it is useless.

We never really appreciate what an easy time we have been having until we are promoted.

Uncle Sam is long-suffering, but when his "dander is up" even England comes to time.

Man is successful when he can combine in himself the enthusiasm of an amateur with the skill of a professional.

Com Paul now wants £1,000,000 damages for his republic, and the old man has a quiet way of usually getting what he wants.

Nobody seems to know whether Lord Salisbury means what he said about Venezuela, and nobody seems to know just what he did say.

The Strait of the Dardenelles is less than fifty miles long, but diplomatically speaking, it reaches to all the capitals of Europe, and even to the state department at Washington.

A Mr. Kwak of Korea has been locked up in jail for telling his country-men they had a right to criticise the government. His countrymen probably think he's a sad quack now.

Fred L. Wood broke the law and got into prison for life. Then he broke his father's will and got $20,000. If things continue in this course his next step will be to break prison and get out.

Gustav Erickson of Sioux City is a very obliging man. Mrs. Erickson claimed he had another living in Omaha, and had him arrested. At the trial he pleaded guilty, with the remark that he really never had been married but once, "but my wife is determined to send me to prison and I'd do anything to please her." A meek man, indeed, is poor Gustav.

A curious incident of the election is reported from Salt Lake City where a man and his wife both ran for the state senate and the woman handily defeated her husband and was elected by an immense plurality. He might well feel angry at the event, but as he had six wives, the one who beat him out can only claim a one-sixth interest in him and that may mildren the circumstances a trifle.

A milkman of Bayonne, N. J., tried to drown himself on Tuesday, and the water would not drown him! It was not deep enough, but the large iron anchor which he had tied to himself when he jumped in was heavy enough to keep him in two feet of water for several hours. Then he was rescued, and he now thinks better of suicide. Probably the long alliance between water and the milkman prejudiced the former in the latter's favor.

Spanish inefficiency has been shown in a judicious way by the recent self-floating of the new cruiser Princesa de Asturias, at Cadiz. The vessel, which it had taken seven years to build, got stuck in the mud when they tried to launch her over a month ago. After trying their best to float her without success for thirty days, the Spanish engineers gave up the job, adopting the usual Micawber policy of Spain of waiting for something to turn up. They were justified by the cruiser's slipping into the water of her own accord one afternoon when no one was watching her.

Russell Sage has the reputation of being a hard-hearted and cold-blooded money lender, but he seems to have a bit of sympathy after all. Last week he sued the Erie railroad company for allowing its employes to kill one of his horses which had fallen through a trestle and broken its leg. The railroad men had killed the animal to put it out of its misery. Mr. Sage employed a veterinary surgeon to examine the dead animal and he reported that its life could have been saved by keeping the leg in splints. The breaking of an animal's leg is death. A broken leg of a man is not regarded as serious and he cases it after proper treatment with much effect as before. Horses' legs are little different and their legs may be set and healed as are men's. Mr. Sage will find he has struck a chord of sympathy that thousands of good people will feel with him.

Miss Minnie Kalb of New York has sued Fred Strauss for $10,000 for breach of promise. Minnie says Fred court'd her for four years and during all that time resided at her mother's house and never paid a cent of board. It was here on the jury in this case we would certainly vote to give the young lady every dollar she asks. Wouldn't you?

In Indianapolis the authorities announce that young people must go without kissing, or have diphtheria. New cases of diphtheria continue to be reported at about the same rate.

A 17-year-old youth in Maine thinks he has discovered perpetual motion. A middle-age resident of Bath, a town in the same state, thought some time ago that he had made a similar discovery in the law of an esteemed Georgian.

Horseless wagons are to be used in the collection of mail in New York. If the experiments with the horseless carriage in Chicago some time ago, may hint of its worth the messenger boy will have his first formidable rival.

OLD MAN'S DARLING.

RICH CATCH OF A PRETTY YOUNG TYPEWRITER.

The Groom Is 76, Bride Just 22—She Becomes the Mistress of a Beautiful Suburban Home Instead of a Clerkship of Machine Keys.

(San Jose, Cal., Letter.)

R. William H. Leeman, aged 78 years, and Miss Jessie Brock, aged 22, of San Jose, were married a day or two ago. The bridegroom is a well-known capitalist and his bride is a pretty typewriter. Every effort has been made to keep the affair as quiet as possible, but the marriage leaked out and created somewhat of a sensation, owing to the age and standing of the groom and the youth of his bride. Mr. Leeman is one of the pioneer capitalists of the Santa Clara valley, the owner of a beautiful orchard home in Willow Glen, one of the gardens of the Santa Clara valley and the favorite residence suburb of San Jose. The aged wooer has passed the psalmist's span of life and his physical appearance does not belie his age. He walks with a stoop that gives evidence of the weight of years and infirmities, his hair has passed from gray to white, but his eye is as bright, his mind as clear, and his disposition as gallant, as when he first went wooing two score years ago and won the first Mrs. Leeman, who was his partner until death called her about two years ago. Since the death of his wife Mr. Leeman's life has been one of loneliness. Although possessed of a fortune estimated at a quarter of a million, he has preferred to live in close retirement at his lovely home, surrounded by his lawn, flower garden and choice fruit trees. A brother and his wife from New England spent some months with the bereaved capitalist, and the widow of a dead son also visited him, but it was not for some reason the visitors left for their eastern homes.

The first year after his bereavement Mr. Leeman wore the usual mourning. Then it was whispered about among the eligible middle-aged women of his acquaintance that old bachelors and spinsters who were not averse to a beautiful home and change of name, that the Willow Glen capitalist had tired of his lonely life and was looking for a comforter in his declining years. As a natural result, Mr. Leeman's circle of gossip friends enlarged, but it did not take them long, with a woman's wit, to learn that the aged wooer was in search of a rosy-cheeked, golden or auburn-haired charmer, who had a good name and inherit his fortune, so the old gentleman was soon left in comparatively peace to pursue his search. Thingut women manage the household and hold the purse. The relationships established between the mother's side. It is, in fact, almost a savage realization of Lytton's "Coming Race."

The New Cuban Stamps.

We hear and read a great deal about the Cuban revolution, but owing to conflicting reports it is difficult to determine the true state of affairs on the island. But when we hear from good authority that the insurgent government is endeavoring to form a government as nearly patterned after our own as possible, and that a new postal service has been opened and new stamps printed, it is suggested that perhaps these men have made more progress than the Spanish government. Spain, the oldest world to know of. These revolutionists stamps are not yet recognized by the postal authorities of the world. The series consists of four types: one in a centavo, brown green in color; another 2ms, and valued at 5 centavos; a third 10ms worth 10 centavos, and the fourth green, which is reckoned at 20 centavos. They are the size of ordinary stamps, but crudely printed. At the top of the stamp is the word "Cerrero," which simply means "postage," at the bottom is the value marked in centavos. The center of the stamp bears the inscription "Rep. de Cuba." There are other devices on the margin surrounding the center inscription, a palm tree, the national flower, to the left diagonal alternating lines of dark and light, and finally a sun rising out of the ocean.—New York Herald.

Deafened by Lightning.

A surgeon has just recorded a case of a man, aged 45, who had the receiver of a telephone in his ear when a flash of lightning appeared, and the patient fell insensible. On regaining consciousness, he about four minutes, he was found that the drum of the left ear was almost totally destroyed and the loss of hearing was complete.

Britain Sun Dials.

A sun dial made for London would be useless for either Paris or Edinburgh. The altitude of the pole varies with the latitude, and hence, is greater at Edinburgh and less at Paris than at London, and as the stylus must always point to the pole, the angle it makes with the dial-plate must vary with the latitude.

The emperor of Russia is allowed a salary of £25,000 a day; Queen Victoria's amounts to £6,500 a day; and that of the president of the United States, $136.98 a day.

Some of the Chinese think that women who wear short hair will be transformed into men in the future world.

IN WOMAN'S CORNER.

SOME CURRENT READING FOR DAMES AND DAMSELS.

Current Notes of the Modes—Bolero Waists—Sleeves Have Been Fashioning Costume—Some Gowns for "At Homes."

THERE never were little wraps and capes, and when does they are truly marvels of becomingness. Since anything that is cut off above the waist line is called bolero, this name must be applied to a vest of pale fawn silk striped with a tiny black line. The vest buttons over the bodice with broad black rouge, and is heavily lined with pink sheff china silk, with an interlining of sheet wadding for substance. The sleeves are a pretty puff pattern, with small bregeras capes upon the shoulders, each lined with shell pink silk. This little garment has some warmth and is decidedly becoming to the wearer, whether she be slender or stout.

Sleeves were full and skirred into the inside seam, and finished at the top with a full ruffle, faced with the material. A white satin ribbon is tied with deep loops in front, finished the dainty gown.

Something to Do.

Mollie Bawn finds it necessary for her to do something to earn a living, and she does not seem to find anything that will be profitable. Sewing is overdone in her town and teaching she is not capable of. Housework she might do, but she is the sole caretaker of a younger brother and sister. She keeps house for her father in a pretty little cottage in the suburbs of a flourishing town. She would be very glad to know of something that would pay, for her father earns only enough to keep the table supplied, and does not always make good use of his money. The cottage and grounds—five acres—belong to Molly and her little brother and sister. Answer: If there is a good-sized town and a tolerable market, Mollie might start a poultry yard. There is always a safe for chickens and fresh eggs, and five acres ought to raise enough vegetables to feed the family and a great deal of food for the fowls. Or early vegetables raised in hot beds ought to pay; but they must be very fine and of choice selection to command a good price. Fine flowers always sell, and if Mollie is a good cook (and if she is not she could learn) she could bake cake or bread for a few private customers. One young woman is making a good living by making croquettes. They are delicious and to be used need only be heated in the oven to be quite as good as fresh ones. It would seem that an energetic, ambitious young woman need not lack for ways of earning a livelihood, when there are people within reach who are fond of good things to eat and drink and wear and are willing to pay for them.

Lucy's Young Dream.

Mary is in dower, what she do, and asks advice. She has met a young man, and he is a year and a half her mother liked him, and he was taken by him manner that he is interested in her. He has called twice, and she has never invited him to do so, but she would like him to call, and also wishes to become better acquainted with him. Answer: Times seem to be so changed that young man should not call, unless invited, with him to do so. You should admire him all the more because he is rather retiring. Such course is commendable, and you might give him an extra smile by way of encouragement.

As Visiting Costume.

The costume illustrated has a skirt of beige amazon cloth, the foot of which is ornamented with embroidery, which forms ascending points. The bodice is of ruby velvet, slightly gathered at the waist in front, it has a very deep ripplet basque, trimmed with two beads of violet ribbon. The sleeves are of beige cloth, embroidered all over, and there are rippled sleeve caps of ruby velvet trimmed like the basque and lined with violet silk. A band of violet velvet ribbon forms the belt and outlines a corselet in front, where it is fastened by a bow and paste buckle.

The vegetables of this country may be one or combined to Christmas by the aid of 2,006 patent machines.

SCIENTIFIC CORNER.

CURRENT NOTES OF INVENTION AND DISCOVERY.

Stuffed Animals Used as Furniture—An Umbrella Kite—Umbrella for Lazy Men—Psychology in Medical Study—Casting of Steel.

THE utilization of stuffed animals as articles of household furniture is one of the most curious vagaries of English fashion. It is not a new one, the custom having originated some thirty years ago. One of the earliest designs of the kind was a horse's favorite charger—made into a silver-mounted ink stand. Chairs were also made which were supported by the four legs of a rhinoceros or zebra, or a favorite horse. More elaborate uses for animals were in time devised.

The original of the illustration of a bear mounted as a dumb-waiter stands in the smoking room of Marlborough House, the residence of the Prince of Wales. The bear was shot in Russia by the Prince some years ago. Another handsome specimen is a chair made out of a young giraffe, owned by a famous English hunter and sportsman, J. Gardiner Muir.

Psychology in Medical Study.

The public has been made aware the psychological phases of disease are ignored or made light of by intelligent medical men. The history of diseases is replete with accounts of conditions and symptoms that have no physical basis whatever. The mind may be material; indeed it is, and must be, although of a material differing widely from its flesh-and-bone environment. Only those who have suffered the varying agonies of mental depression, and what, for lack of a better name, is called hysteria, nervous depression and monomania of various sorts, can judge of the reality of the tortures to which the victims are subjected. So evident has the necessity—for more knowledge on these subjects become to some of the most eminent physicians in the world that the London University proposes to include psychology in its medical curriculum. The students will be examined as to their knowledge of all matters involving the connection of the mental and physical. This is something to thank Heaven for. In the Dark Ages nervousness meant witchcraft. It is a hopeful sign of the times when scientists recognize relation between the mind and body, which have been among simple folk fully established facts ever since the beginning of the Christian era.

Nature's Cold-Storage House.

In the valley of the Peace river, which flows from the Ural mountains into the Arctic ocean near Nova Zembla, there is a state of things which is attracting the attention of naturalists, and is only one more example of how perfectly nature adapts herself to when her primitive conditions are observed. This valley has a sturdy growth of cranberries, and wild strawberries, cranberries, any number of small fruit-bearing plants, with heath moss and lichens, some of which bear edible fruit in great profusion. An eminent ornithologist, in the course of his researches in this locality, stumbled on a little time. There were millions of wire frame very much like that of an umbrella, which not only serve to make the kite strong, but enables the owner to fold it up and carry it around in his handbag. The covering is of cloth, thus making the kite so strong that it will not break or tear by striking against houses or trees. The tail is formed of ribbons ten and twelve feet long, with little pockets designed to receive and so carry the mail. They may be filled more or less according to the strength of the wind, and thus regulate the rapidity of the flight. The kite is easily raised. The frame having been spread, a string is fixed to the central ring by a knot or a small hook, made of a hairpin. With the first gust of wind the aerophile soars aloft. It is quite strong enough to carry up a considerable weight, and it is was made large enough there is no reason why a boy couldn't take a ride through the air.

Umbrella Kite.

A Frenchman has invented a wonderful umbrella kite, which will soar much higher and pull much harder than any ordinary kite that you ever saw. He calls it an "aerophile." It has a

Fashion Fancies.

Decorative fleck effects still continue to be the charm of fashionable gowning. Collars, neck ruches, boas and fichus find a place in every wardrobe. For every-day wear the white linen collar is the favorite. It turns slightly over at top and is tied about with a small silk ribbon, fastened in a tiny bow in front. Other gowns have silk collars with lace or chiffon ruches falling over the top. These ruches are about three inches wide in the back, but narrow to three-quarters of an inch in front. Ruches such as the Fortuniny Queen of Scots wore are perhaps more fashionable than any other neck trimming. Luckily they are much smaller than those of the Elizabethan era, thereby causing the wearer no discomfort. Some ruches are entirely made of ribbon, either to blend with the color edged with black. Marie Antoinette fichus are still considerably worn and are crossed over the breast in pointed fashion, the ends either hanging or tucked under a broad corselet belt. Very dressy models are those which are adding a touch of frivolity to an otherwise plain gown. They may be made of fine tucks, insertion and lace, or of the chine. To return to collars, a pretty white satin model has six stiff little tucks around the top, and three tucks around about two inches from the neck-band.

Gowns for "At Homes."

Silk muslin, although a new material, has made astonishing progress in popularity of late, and is coming to the front as the only correct material for "at home" gowns. The fabric is also taking the place of organdie in a sort, as the effect is just the same, only experts or dress critics can tell the difference in the dark colors, and the cost is less than one-third. A very pretty costume was exhibited by a fashionable modiste, which was made of white silk gingham, embroidered in a dainty blue figure.

The sleeve and full-altered puffs were of pale blue silk muslin and a wide sailor collar of white taffeta. The

MRS. BROCK LEEMAN.

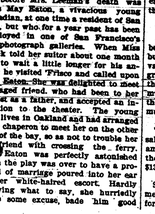
home, surrounded by his lawn, flower garden and choice fruit trees. A brother and his wife from New England spent some months with the bereaved capitalist, and the widow of a dead son also visited him, but it was not for some reason the visitors left for their eastern homes.

The first year after his bereavement Mr. Leeman wore the usual mourning. Then it was whispered about among the eligible middle-aged women of his acquaintance that old bachelors and spinsters who were not averse to a beautiful home and change of name, that the Willow Glen capitalist had tired of his lonely life and was looking for a comforter in his declining years. As a natural result, Mr. Leeman's circle of gossip friends enlarged, but it did not take them long, with a woman's wit, to learn that the aged wooer was in search of a rosy-cheeked, golden or auburn-haired charmer, who had a good name and inherit his fortune, so the old gentleman was soon left in comparatively peace to pursue his search for a young and blushing bride. Among the many friends of his dead wife was a Miss Jessie Brock, who about five years ago came to San Jose from Canada for her health, and found it. The roses came back to her cheeks and the light to her eye. The young lady often visited the Leemans, sometimes making protracted stays, and after Mrs. Leeman's death the thoughts of the bereaved husband often reverted to the pretty girl friend who was so tidy around his house in days gone by. A longing for her society grew upon him, once crept into his heart, so the old pioneer went a-wooing, and at first the pretty Miss Brock did not say he may, but gently bade him wait a little. She wanted time to think it over. This was about seven months ago, and for six months the lonely old capitalist waited while Miss Jessie clicked the keys of her typewriter and did some-thinking. The proposal was often repeated, and the answer as often delayed, until finally the patience of the persistent wooer was exhausted and he went off on another track.

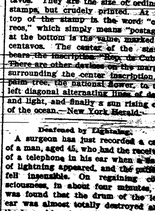
Another great friend of the old con-

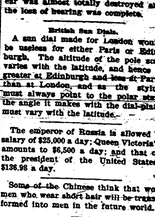
W. H. LEEMAN.

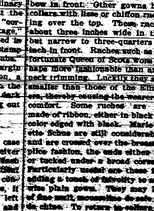
ple before Mrs. Leeman's death was Miss May Eaton, a vivacious young Canadian, at one time a resident of San Jose, but who for a year past has been employed in one of San Francisco's big photograph galleries. When Miss Brock told her sister about her one month ago to wait a little longer for his answer to her visited "Frisco and called upon Miss Eaton, she was delighted to meet her aged friend, who had been to her almost as a father, and accepted an invitation to the house. The young lady lives in Oakland and had arranged for a chaperon to meet her on the other side of the bay, so as not to make her old friend with crossing the ferry. Miss Eaton was perfectly astonished when the play was over to have a proposal of marriage poured into her ear by her white-haired escort. Hardly knowing what to say, she hurriedly made some excuse, bade him good



AT HOME TOILETTE.







Manchester Enterprise

By MAT D. BLOSSER.

Notice to the Public.

Advertisers wishing to change their advertisements, must get the copy in on the week they desire it to appear. Monday is the time for receiving copy for the issue of the week following.

Advertisers wishing additional space should inform us of the amount desired as many days before publication day as possible, in order that we may arrange for it.

Notice of church socials and meetings, free; but notices of any kind where a fee or admission is charged must be paid for the same as other business announcements.

Business notices at the publication office are requested to ask Judge Babbitt to send their letters up to his Entrance on Stone.

Birth, marriage and death notices, free. Obituary notices, five cents a line.

Card of Thanks, five cents a line.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1896.

The C. J. & M. is building a depot at Woodstock.

They have diphtheria in the family of Michael Hannon at Medina. One child has died and three other children are down with the disease.

The U. of M. foot ball management are to receive $4,000 as its share of the net proceeds of the thanksgiving game at Chicago. Will the boys get their hair cut?

Cliffs and villages all over the state are shocked at the late hour, 10 o'clock, then all the boys and girls must keep off the streets unless accompanied by parents or guardians.

The winter shirt waist is being worn in Adrian, as it was the prevalence of the summer. It is generally made of flannel, is as simple as possible and has a band at the neck and wrists for the adjustment of the stiff collar and cuffs.

Look out for swindlers. A stranger sold a compound of nitric acid and mercury as a silver-plating liquid to some Hudson people a few days ago. The effect of the solution lasts but only a few hours but the memory of the swindle lingers an indefinite time.

Norvell Farmers' Club.

The attendance of members at W. R. Mount's on Saturday, Nov. 28, was not large but a number of invited guests made up a good company and a pleasant meeting resulted.

After the bountiful dinner Pres. Halladay called to order and A. R. Palmer was pressed into service as chaplain. The regular programme being dispensed with, Mrs. L. D. Watkins volunteered a selection descriptive of "The old log house," and Mrs. R. D. Palmer recited Will Carleton's "How we fought the fire."

The discussion of the question proposed by the state association of farmers' clubs was then read by Pres. Halladay. The first, calling for the conveyance into the county treasury of all fees received in county offices, had already been acted upon by the club.

On the second, regarding state institutions, L. D. Watkins thought that the mining school and three other institutions should be suppressed as unprofitable. M. L. Raymond took strong ground in favor of caring for all the needy and incompetent. W. S. Ostrander not favor taxation for higher education. The mining school does us no good. To get an education in these days costs a good deal, and most of it is other people's money. We will have only one prison and that located in the northern peninsula. Favors cutting down expenses wherever possible, and the first place to begin is with the legislature. They should assemble to do business, not to kill time and draw their pay.

S. M. Merithew said we should take heed to the kind of men we send there. He favored the fourth and fifth principles, that the state or friends of the insane should support them wherever possible, and that no extra appropriations should be granted the university at present.

Mr. Crafts of Dakota spoke in favor of the taking back and suggested that the cost of supporting criminals could best be lessened by diminishing their number by striking at the saloon and other causes which produce them.

Pres. Oviatt thought the present the time for farmers to strike. The people and the legislature are ready to listen. Delegates should be sent to the farmers' meeting at Lansing. S. W. Holmes spoke of the visit of committees of the legislature to state institutions as a farce as now conducted. They should drop in unexpectedly instead of sending word that all might be in readiness for them.

M. L. Raymond said that we must and whine about the burden of taxation, but what does it amount to unless we do something? The feasible thing now seems to be to unite and co-operate with the state association of farmers' clubs in the effort to reduce taxation.

Mrs. L. D. Watkins spoke of the wickedness and immorality in our own midst, as maintaining the supply of criminals to be supported at public expense, and many who ought not foster it.

Pres. Halladay took up the principles somewhat in detail, expressing himself in favor of a majority of them. The best means to prevent legislation making the maintenance of our roads more burdensome, is to take more interest in their improvement and make them better.

S. W. Holmes was appointed delegate to the annual meeting of the state association of farmers' clubs, at Lansing, Dec. 7 and 8. The club will meet next with Mrs. R. D. Palmer and Sec. A R Palmer on Saturday Jan. 30, '97. Press chapsingn, L. D. Watkins; selection, Mrs. S. W. Holmes; essay, Mrs. John Greene; report of Delegate S. W. Holmes and discussion on the work done, followed if time permits, by a question box.

Lenawee County.

The Hudson bicycle works may be moved to Toledo. The proprietors have been looking over the ground.

The Tecumseh Herald will be issued semi-weekly during December. This is in lieu of a holiday supplement usually issued and will prove advantageous.

Ben Ellis, who used to clerk for Freese & Son at Clinton and later with Auderson & Co., Tecumseh, will travel for Baumgarden & Co., Toledo, after Jan. 1.

Adrian is getting in earnest and wants the Lima Northern to come there. Some of her citizens went to Tecumseh Saturday evening to get the Tecumsehites interested in making a long pull and a strong pull to secure the road if possible.

Hause Bros., have been somewhat pestered in the past by the bursting of barrels containing cider, which they have stored in the cellar. James Hause, with yankee ingenuity, has invented a little scheme to prevent this. He bores a small hole in the cask and then contersinks it sufficiently to allow him to drop in a marble. He then takes a piece of leather over the marble. When the gas accumulates in such quantities as to make considerable pressure it forces up the marble and allows it to escape, like a safety valve. Jim ought to get out a patent on it.—News.

Speaking of the change of time on the Jackson branch the Tecumseh Herald says: "For many moons yet the train on the Lake Shore has arrived at Tecumseh sometime near midnight now. Yesterday, the first day of the change, it was indeed comical to see men hasten to the postoffice shortly after one, and about one-half of the male population of the village didn't turn over enough to go to dinner, the other half being brighter not to know enough to come back. All should be thankful that the time of the night train has not been disturbed."

Washtenaw County.

Howard Canfield had his leg cut off below the knee, at Chelsea Monday, while operating a threshing press.

It is understood that P. J. Lehman, at present deputy county treasurer, will be made probate register by the new probate judge, H. Wirt Newkirk. Jacob Brown of Freedom, brother-in-law of Treasurer Belden, will succeed Mr. Lehman as deputy treasurer. Philip Bliss, of Lodi will be made deputy county clerk by the new clerk, J. F. Schuh. Better appointments would be hard to make.—Times.

The Rosa Washington case this morning in Ypsilanti Circuit court drew a large crowd of spectators. The little 14 year-old girl was in court with her 3 months-old child in her arms. She was put on the stand, and for a long time would not swear that her step-father, George Brown, was the father of her child and only did so after a rigid examination that bordered on a cross examination by the prosecuting attorney, accompanied by a notification that she might be prosecuted if she did not tell the truth. The girl fought hard to save her step father from the imprisonment that threatens him and whom she has lived as a step-father for years, including questions that would tell against him, but the story was finally obtained from her. Brown was bound over to circuit court with bail fixed at $1,500.—Times.

Jackson County.

Mrs. Melinda Grant, a pioneer of Grass Lake, is dead. Mrs. Grant had resided there for 43 years.—Citizen.

On petition of Grove Wolcott, who ran for judge of probate, a recount of ballots has been ordered in Jackson county.

Two cases of diphtheria have broken out in the family of F. A. Gates at Grass Lake, and every precaution is being taken to prevent the spread of the disease.

A C. J. & M. passenger train collided with a Lake Shore engine near the junction at Jackson Tuesday night. The locomotives were damaged but nobody was seriously injured.

Starr Crowell of Brooklyn was arrested charged with committing an assault on a girl of that village Saturday night. He was taken to Jackson on Tuesday demanded an examination which will take place Friday morning. In default of $1,000 bail he was remanded to jail.

If any of the state papers think the state is extravagant in sending printed copies of the crop report to all the newspapers in the state, when the information could be obtained through the daily papers, let them drop a postal to the secretary of state informing him that they have no use for the report. It will be discontinued and no doubt he would thank the publisher for the relief.

James K. Stevenson a rich farmer of Three Oaks, Livingston county, is charged with bastardy preferred by Tola Shankley a 21-year-old inmate of the industrial home at Adrian. She was indentured to Stevenson three years ago and was brought back three months since. Stevenson is 60 and has a family. He pleaded not guilty and gave $500 bail for his appearance for trial on the 16th.

They tell the story of a wedding feast that was brought to a sudden termination when one of the ladies present knocked the faucet out of a beer keg and let the liquid run upon the ground. She evidently thought that enough was as good as a feast.

A dispatch from Atlanta, Georgia, says that snow fell there to the depth of four inches yesterday.

SAYINGS AND DOINGS.

Personal Matters.

Miss Ella Braun is again very sick.

Howard Macomber is at home today.

W. C. Mack of Ann Arbor was in town Monday.

Smith Everett of Palmyra spent Sunday in town.

Miss Josie O'Neil of Adrian visited at A. H. Jaynes' last week.

Mrs. A. M. Emery of Lansing is visiting her sister, Mrs. Lidtinger.

Henry Howard spent Sunday with his brother Harlow in Jackson.

Paul and Amanda Schoettle spent Sunday with friends in Jackson.

We learn that Willis Perkins of San Francisco has been very sick.

Mr. Thieme of Adrian was in town yesterday putting the pianos in tune.

George Deatle's little girl is still very sick but is somewhat better than she was.

Miss Ione Lampson of Adrian is clerking for Adrian parties at Tecumseh at present.

Dr. Conklin went to Tecumseh yesterday to attend a meeting of royal arch masons.

Rosa Wuerthner came over from Ann Arbor to spend thanksgiving with her parents.

Mr. & Mrs. R. C. Witherell of Jackson visited her mother, south of this village, last week.

Mrs. Smith of Toledo has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. H. K. Berger, the past week.

Village Marshal Nisle has been suffering for some time with a lot of Job's comforters.

Elmer Silkworth of Hillsdale was in town over Sunday visiting his parents and friends.

Clarence Taylor came over from Ann Arbor last Wednesday and remained until Saturday.

Geo. Miller suffered from an ulcerated tooth last week but is able to attend to business now.

Norman Pomeroy of Dundee, visited his daughter, Mrs. Alf. Jayne, a few days last week.

Miss Cora Hall, who is attending the university at Ann Arbor, was home on thanksgiving.

We learn that Mrs. Sally Poucher of Bridgewater fell from her chair and was injured somewhat.

Mrs. Martha Denison went to Ypsilanti Saturday to spend the winter with her sister, Mrs. Hall.

We received a pleasant business call from Chas. Atkinson, Norvell's popular merchant, this morning.

Misses Julia Conklin and Julia Martin came up from Ypsilanti to visit their parents on Sunday last.

Mr. Adams of the lumber firm of Smith & Adams, Jackson, was in town Tuesday afternoon on business.

Mrs. A. G. Amsden and daughter of Grand Rapids came here last Saturday to visit over Sunday with relatives.

Miss Belle Collins of Blissfield visited Rev. & Mrs. D. H. Yokom a few days since while en route home from Ypsilanti.

Mrs. Chas. Barnard of Jackson and Mrs. Frank Wing of Ft. Wayne, Ind., came here yesterday to visit at C. W. Case's a few days.

Miss Maude Goodell closed a successful term of school in district No. 4, Bridgewater, last Wednesday, with thanksgiving exercises.

Henry Kirchhofer has been appointed agent to attend to the burial of deceased soldiers and sailors in this township, succeeding George Sherwood.

Rev. Jas. Butler, who has been preaching at Beecher, Ill., is visiting with his wife at her parents', Mr. & Mrs. Fred Williams. He has a call to preach at Sheridan, this state.

We received a pleasant call Monday morning from David Woodward of Clinton, who is here looking up salesmen for the standard cabinet of which he has the agency in Washtenaw county.

Wm. C. Kirchgessner of Grand Rapids, son of Wm. Kirchgessner of this village, would like a position on the state board of pharmacy, and his friends are procuring signatures to a petition which will be presented to Gov. Elect Pingree.

The ladies' society of the M. E. church are to hold a Fair, Dec. 11th and 12th, in the Bessac Store, and would be glad to see all who are in need of their line of goods. A fine grocery will be one attraction. Don't forget the date. One week from next Friday and Saturday. All should see their goods. A 15c supper to be served Friday night, and home made bread, doughnuts, etc., sold on Saturday.

David Woodward of Clinton is desirous of securing a number of agents to sell the Standard Kitchen Cabinet in Washtenaw county. Hundreds of the cabinets have been sold in Lenawee county and they are certainly a great convenience. Samples of the cabinet will be on exhibition here soon—Good wages can be made by industrious canvassers.

TAKE TEA

To date on Jewelry, Solid Silver and Plated Ware. Come and see me before Christmas.

AMSDEN.

I have a few choice pieces of decorated china to be sold at reasonable prices.

AMSDEN.

Just at the Right Time.

A Great Stock Reducing Sale IN OUR Clothing DEPT.

Of Men's and Boys' Heavy Winter Suits, Single and Double breasted. In the midst of the season when you are most in need of a warm Suit or Overcoat our prices melt away under our system of

Cash Purchasing and Cash Selling.

Remember this is a sale of strictly new and up-to-date Suits, and not one restricted. Every Suit in our immense Clothing Dept. will be reduced for this sale.

Sale begins Saturday, December 5th, and Continues 7 Days.

We have divided our Men's Suits into 5 lots, each one contains Suits that are worth 50 to 75 per cent. more than our sale price will be.

Lot No. 1 Men's $12.00 Suits.

This lot contains the newest and nobbiest also the most durable cloths that were ever used in the production of Ready to Wear Clothing. Every Suit cut on custom patterns and made by skilled tailors. Suits that are advertised as great $16 and $17 values. Here you will find them for this week at $12.

Lot No. 2 Men's $10.00 Suits.

Here is where we make the greatest stroke ever known in the Clothing Trade. 100 Suits in this lot that cannot be bought from the manufacturer at the price we have placed upon them for this Great Stock Reducing Sale. Your choice black and grey, brown and black invisible plaids, black and navy blue worsteds and cheviots. Black clay worsted cutaway as he has a Complete Assortment.

Lot No. 3 Men's $8.00 Suits.

25 Men's all wool Suits in heavy grey cheviots and black cashmeres, single and double breasted Suits that we guarantee to wear and to be perfect in fit. The kind you see everywhere for $12, our Stock Reducing Price, $8.00.

Lot No. 4 Men's $6.00 Suits.

This lot contains the greatest values in strictly all wool suits that were ever shown for 50 per cent. more than we are asking for them. We say strictly all wool and we guarantee what we say. Your choice of 50 men's suits, single and double breasted grey, black and brown mixed cheviots at $6.

Lot No. 5 Men's 5.00 Suits.

Here is where we make the man happy that is in need of a low-priced Suit, but the price we ask does not compare with the quality of the Suits, as they would be cheap at $7.00. We will offer them at this Stock Reducing Sale for $5.00.

Young Men's Suits....

Also included in this Great Stock Reducing Sale. These Suits run in sizes from 14 to 20 years. All are reduced for this sale.

6.00 and 7.00 Suits, sale price, 4.50
7.50 and 8.00 Suits, sale price, 5.00
8.50 and 9.00 Suits, sale price, 6.50
10.50 and 12.00 Suits, sale price, 8.00

Men's Odd Pants, 75c, 1.00, 1.19.

Cloak Sale, Dec. 12.

An immense line of sample garments at 50 to 75 per cent. less than regular price. Remember the date.

Manchester MACK & CO.

Lace Curtains are beautiful when clean. Bring them to us and they will be beautiful.

LO-K LIKE NEW.

Yes, ladies, and we also do up your

SHIRT WAISTS

in a superior manner, no matter how large the sleeves, how high the collar or how delicate the tint. Try us.

Manchester CITY LAUNDRY.

FRED HALL, Proprietor

PICNICS

Napkins, but by the Japanese

Napkins at the

ENTERPRISE OFFICE

Don't forget to buy your

CREPE PAPER,

AND PLAIN

Tissue Paper,

for all kinds of FANCY WORK, at

Enterprise Office.

Now! IS A GOOD TIME TO COME TO US AND PAY

STEINKOHL'S

Religious Section.

Sermon by Dr. Talmage.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29, 1896.—In this sermon of Dr. Talmage he is absorbing and startling interest. It is his sermon on the Bible, and it is of great significance. His subject was "The Dying Century," and the text, Isaiah xxxviii. 1: "Thus saith the Lord, Set thine house in order; for thou shalt die, and not live."

To advise hell to "repent and be saved" is one thing, but to "ring in the alarm" of the end of the world to the people who are in the midst of their worldly pleasures is another and a more difficult thing. The sermon of Dr. Talmage is one of warning

Good

In Hood's Sarsaparilla, because it cures the worst humors, even scrofula, salt rheum, eczema and those arising from impure blood.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The best.—In fact the best. Hood's Pills cure liver ills; easy to take, easy to operate, 25c.

The White Violet.

(This habitantess of far Cathay have a pretty little legend which accounts for the origin of the white violet. The following story is an accurate translation from the Chinese.)

At Nanlai, close under the great south wall of Fuhchan, lived Suen Moi, the violet girl, in the house of her father, the maker of baskets. But he was old, his hands had lost their skill, and he was like a blind fowl picking at raindrops after storms. They would have been poor had he not been as careful with his cash as a bee with its honey. Suen Moi did not know, so she sold violets that heaven might bestow upon her the hundred blessings. Her flowers grew in front of the house, which faced the north, and she knew the flowers loved her, because when they neglected they always turned their heads toward the door.

She called the flowers her children, gave them water, when the hot sun tried to scorch them, and kept the weeds away. Every day she picked the best one, and sold them, that her parents might not die poor. Whenever she sold a bunch she always whispered: "Pih-ko-ki-ko," that they might find comfort in the parting.

"The flowers of Suen Moi have souls," those at the market said. "Hear how they coo and her touch, and when they pass into strange hands they droop from their heats and die."

Suen Moi heard and they only wanted water.

She gathered her flowers early in the morning before the sun was up, and she kept them in a basket made of bamboo shoots.

One morning, just as she had finished, a young man stopped at the gate.

"Do you sell flowers?" he asked.

"Yes, honorable sir," and she bowed low, for she knew by his dress that he was a man of rank.

"I come to buy some of you."

She took the basket to him and held it out that he might pick out the honored one expected by all who know him; such is the man who makes this statement, he may say: "I have had my troubles for years, and it has made my life miserable. I tried everything I carry in my business, made me worse. I have been compelled to lie in bed in a helpless condition for as long as three days at a time; the greatest pain was from my back, which sometimes felt as though a bayonet was being run through me in the region of my kidneys; many citizens of Bellefonte know how bad I was. I could not move without the greatest caution, for as soon as I attempted to stoop over, bend to one side, or even turn in bed, the pain was simply unbearable. I was porous plaster—constantly for the little temporary relief they brought me. When after I caught the slightest cold it went straight to my kidneys and made me worse. I was advised to try Doan's Kidney Pills, and got some. I have taken in all four boxes of them, and I now feel as active as ever. A few months ago I would have ridiculed the idea of being cured so quickly, and being able to work as I can now. All the long-standing pains are gone, and the former traces of kidney disorders found in my urine have disappeared. I have recommended Doan's Kidney Pills to many friends who were troubled as I was, and in every case I have learned they proved as beneficial as with me. Doan's Kidney Pills would be cheap to me at almost any price."

For sale by all dealers, price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

The subscription to the new Spanish loan of 250,000,000 pesetas now represents 581,100,500 pesetas of which over 285,000,000 were subscribed in the provinces of Spain.

Cubans are actively recruiting men at San Francisco; large sums of money are also being subscribed for the insurgent cause.

Syrup of Figs

ONE MAN'S SUFFERING.

The Trials and Tribulations of a Battle Creek Citizen—How He Comes to Tell This Story.

(From the Battle Creek Moon.)

Among the moulders at the works of the Michigan Sunday company, we found Mr. Amos Maynard; he has lived in Battle Creek for over ten years, is honored and respected by all who know him; such is the man who makes this statement, he may say: "I have had kidney trouble for years, and it has made my life miserable. I tried everything I carry in my business, made me worse. I have been compelled to lie in bed in a helpless condition for as long as three days at a time; the greatest pain was from my back, which sometimes felt as though a bayonet was being run through me in the region of my kidneys; many citizens of Battle Creek know how bad I was. I could not move without the greatest caution, for as soon as I attempted to stoop over, bend to one side, or even turn in bed, the pain was simply unbearable. I was porous plaster—constantly for the little temporary relief they brought me. When after I caught the slightest cold it went straight to my kidneys and made me worse. I was advised to try Doan's Kidney Pills, and got some. I have taken in all four boxes of them, and I now feel as active as ever. A few months ago I would have ridiculed the idea of being cured so quickly, and being able to work as I can now. All the long-standing pains are gone, and the former traces of kidney disorders found in my urine have disappeared. I have recommended Doan's Kidney Pills to many friends who were troubled as I was, and in every case I have learned they proved as beneficial as with me. Doan's Kidney Pills would be cheap to me at almost any price."

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SWAMP ROOT

The Great KIDNEY, LIVER & BLADDER CURE.

Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

NO CURE

HOW ARE YOUR FEET?

Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the laws of health, the bounties of the many physical gifts, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle, pleasant, and rational efforts, are recognized. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to a constitutional disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed, so highly by all who know its good qualities. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you buy, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If it does not injure the health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are not needed. If, however, a laxative is actually needed, one may be recommended to the most skillful physicians, but it is most important that one should have the best, and with the well informed, the use of the genuine Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and giving most general satisfaction.

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For sale by all dealers, price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

Mme. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

Fight your troubles one at a time and they will be found rank will run.

Cow's Cough Vaseline

Is the standard best. It will break up a cough in one night. Also for Sore Throat, Lame Back, etc. Try it.

Feminine country clerks are rare, but if the experience of Miss Georgia Richards, who occupies that position in Arapahoe county, Colorado, counts for anything, the office is one to be sought. Her salary is $5,000 a year, the largest paid any woman official in the west.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c

Half the miseries of life might be extinguished would people realize the genera virtue in chemical magnesia.

MEDICAL AND ARMY RED TAPE.

English Military Surgeons Who Made Considerable Reputation.

Considerable controversy still continues to be waged with reference to the titles of the army doctors, says the London Navy and Military Record. In its zeal for the cause which it has so much at heart, the British Medical Journal has dropped into a funny error. Deploring "the and incongruities," our contemporary refers to two supposed army surgeons, belonging to the Royal Sussex regiment, who died in Egypt, who are, it is stated, mentioned on a monument at Brighton merely as "Dra. So-and-So." The names being placed between the Lance corporals and privates. As our contemporary, The Globe, points out: "Every soldier will, of course, see at once that, as a contemporary points out, the 'Dra.' are not "doctors," but drummers. It is his way that the friends of those army surgeons who glory only in the military half of their double-barreled titles, make their cause ridiculous, for they quite seem to forget that it is the other half of those titles by which they were distinguished, and earn their pay. It is stated that there was a certain very-military brigade surgeon lieutenant-colonel—in M——, to whom a subaltern addressed a note as to "Dr. So-and-So." The note came back unopened, and superscribed "No such person in M——." But the subaltern was equal to the occasion, and sent it back superscribed: "To await-arrival." It was the same medical officer to whom a captain's wife wrote a friendly reply thus: "Dear So-and-So: Baby has a big boil. Please come round and bring your lancet." To this she received a reply: "The note should have been addressed "Brigade Surgeon Lieut.-Col. So-and-So," and the lady wrote back: "Dear Brigade Surgeon Lieut.Col. So-and-So: Baby has a big boil. Please come round and bring your sword."

A Bicycle Freak.

The Effel tower bicycle is the newest sensation among the wheelmen of Berlin. It is a tandem, and a few weeks ago the strange machine, with one of its riders high by the side, made its appearance on the boulevards of the German city, and it at once became the talk-break of the continent. The rider, the rider on the lofty seat helps in the proposition of the wheel through a series of pedals, sprocket wheels and a chain leading down to the driver's wheel of the bicycle. Strange as it may appear, the wheel can be ridden up and down hill and over the ordinary country roads with as much ease and comfort as the regulation safety.

Three Balls.

Razzle—I thought you said that a machinist was impossible to waist.

Dazzle—So they are.

Razzle—Not much. I had mine soaked before I had it a week.—Harlem Life.

Long Corridors.

The corridors of Farnham castle, England, the episcopal palace of the bishop of Winchester, are 1,784 yards in length, all told, in the total.

WHAT'S MATTER WITH THE DOCTORS?

Are Now as Desirable as any in the Northern Peninsula, particularly in the Southern part of Wisconsin, are being rapidly taken up by actual settlers.

The most available area for the timber and meadow lands now ranging in price from $6.00 to $15.00 per acre. A few months hence their value will be greatly increased.

For a home or for investment no luckier chance is the West has to offer before Spring. Now is the time to invest. No better farming land exists anywhere. The greatest crops are to be obtained anywhere.

Schools and churches abound everywhere. Nearby markets for all farm products. Wisconsin is one of the leading states of the West.

For further information address, or call upon, W. R. Powell, General Immigration Agent, 416 Old Colony Building, Chicago Ill.

Some men learn enough in a year of travel to bore others for a lifetime.

A Superbly Appointed Train.

Undoubtedly the handsomest train between Chicago and St. Paul, Minneapolis, is the Superbly Appointed Train of "North-Western Limited," which leaves Chicago at 6:30 p. m. daily, via the Chicago & North-Western Ry. Its equipment, which is unsurpassed throughout, consists of Buffet, Smoking and Library Cars, Standard Sleeping Cars, Dining Cars and ladies' coaches, has every luxury which ingenuity can devise or money invest for the comfort and convenience of passengers. Ticket agents sell tickets over the Chicago & North-Western Ry. For full information apply to agents of connecting lines, or address, W. A. Kniskern, G. P. and T. A. Chicago, Ill.

There are few actresses as wicked as their press agent would have the public believe.

Santa Fe Special.

Leaves Chicago 8 p. m. Wednesdays and Saturdays, reaching Los Angeles and San Diego two and three days later hours. Returns from California, Monday and Thursdays.

Through Pullman sleeper vestibuled Pullman palace sleepers, buffet smoking car and chair cars. Santa Fe all the way. Ask ticket agents for circulars.

Another express train carrying both palace and tourist sleepers, leaves Chicago 10:30 p. m. daily, for Los Angeles, San Diego and San Francisco.

Inquire of G. T. Nicholson, General Passenger Agent, Great Northern Building, Chicago.

It is the latent human nature to run from a bad reputation.

California.

If you will write your name and address we will send a representative to your home to explain all about the advantages of Phillipsbrook Farm, personally conducted Tourist Car Excursions to California. Address A. Phillips Gen. Agt. 91 Adams street, Chicago. John Sebastian, G. P. A., Chicago, Ill.

Some people live on the installment plan.

Are You Going to Florida?

For rates, time cards and descriptive matter relating to the best lines in the South and Southeast, address the following agents of the Big Four Route: J. C. Tucker, General Northern Agent, or H. W. Sparks, Traveling Passenger Agent, 232 Clark Street, Chicago.

Attar of roses is worth $100 an ounce.

RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, CATARRH, ASTHMA, HEADACHE

OVER 200,000 PEOPLE CURED

in the last year without a single failure by "5 Drops."

5 DROPS

As a specific for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Weakness, Dyspepsia, Sleeplessness, Nervousness, Hysteria, Hemorrhages, Sick-headache, Asthma, May Fever, Catarrh, Sores, Bruises, Burns, Cuts, Sprains, Pain in Back, Side, Chest, Limbs and Joints, "5 Drops" has never been equalled. Its wonderful curative powers are due to its being the most penetrating, quick-acting, yet perfectly harmless liquid known. "5 Drops" is the most concentrated and powerful of all pain relievers, and is the only one that will do what we claim, namely, do it in just a few drops. Not to be taken internally. Not to be used in preference to a doctor, but to be used in addition to a doctor, when you think you need a pain reliever. It has already done wonders in relieving pain, and in curing many who have used it for years, and who had given up all hope of ever being free from pain, now painless and happy.

G. J. Wagner, Druggist, Corner of Olive and Sarah Streets, St. Louis, says: "I have sold over 5 Drops for many years, and have never had a bottle returned. Have sold more of your 5 Drops than all other pain remedies put together, and have never had a complaint. It is the best seller we have, and gives the most satisfaction of any pain remedy we have in our store."

Y. J. Joyce, of Memphis, Tenn., says: "You may be sure I will continue to recommend your 5 Drops, for it does all you claim for it, and more, and I have never had a complaint from any one who has used it, but, on the contrary, they are all loud in its praise."

Pierre Davis, of Bellefonte, Pa., says: "I have used your 5 Drops for Rheumatism, and it has given me more relief than any other remedy I have ever used, and I have tried all the best remedies I could hear of, including those of the best physicians in the world, and gives wonderful satisfaction."

Sent to any address on receipt of price, $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5, by the proprietors, the Dr. Davis Medicine Co., Kansas City, Mo.

Sold by druggists, or may be obtained through any jobber in drugs.

SWAN ON RHEUMATIC CURE CO., 157-159 Richmond St., Chicago, Ill.

STOP! Don't Let Constipation Kill You!

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets

CURE CONSTIPATION

REGULATE THE LIVER

ALL DRUGGISTS

10¢ 25¢ 50¢

THE MOST WONDERFUL, RELIABLE AND EFFECTIVE

MEDICINE ever DISCOVERED

BEGIN RIGHT. CURE RIGHT. Cascarets are the best medicine ever made for Biliousness, Sick Headache, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation, Liver Complaint, Piles, Blood Impurities, Pimples, Boils, Blotches, Eruptions, Sallow Complexion, Malaria, Fever and Ague, Worms, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Headache, Nervous Prostration, Nervous Debility, Nervous Headache, Female Complaints, Kidney Troubles, Backache, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Catarrh, Blood Poisons