

# MANCHESTER



# ENTERPRISE.

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MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1897.

WHOLE NUMBER 1576.

Manchester Enterprise

By MAT D. BLOSSER.

Societies.

ANCIENT ORDER OF UNITED WORKMEN meet in their hall over Heusler's store on second and fourth Tuesday evening of each month. HOWARD CLARK, M. W. J. BLUM, Recorder.

MANCHESTER LODGE No. 148, F. & A. M. meet at Masonic Hall, Monday evening on or before each full moon. Visiting brothers are invited. FRED E. SPAFFARD, W. M. CHAS. J. ROESEN, Secretary.

MERIDIAN CHAPTER No. 48, F. & A. M. meet at Masonic Hall, Wednesday evening on or before each full moon. Companions cordially welcomed. E. C. ROBISON, H. P. C. J. ROBISON, Secretary.

ADONIRKUM COUNCIL No. 28, F. & A. M. meet at Masonic Hall, Tuesday evening on or before each full moon. All visiting companions invited. C. W. CASE, T. L. M. MAT D. BLOSSER, Recorder.

MANCHESTER CHAPTER No. 101, O. E. S. meet at Masonic Hall, Friday evening on or before each full moon. All visiting companions invited. MRS. EVA SPAFFARD, W. M. MRS. CLARA FREEMAN, Secretary.

MANCHESTER HIVE No. 626, L. O. T. M. meet in McCabe Hall second and fourth Tuesday evening of month. Visiting brothers are invited. FRED K. STEINKOHL, Com. CARL F. WUERTHNER, Record Keeper.

COMSTOCK POST No. 359 G. A. R. meet first and third Tuesday evening of each month at their hall over J. Braun's store. All commanded T. F. RUSHTON, Com. R. M. TEETER, Adj.

MANCHESTER TENT No. 141, K. O. T. M. meet in McCabe Hall second and fourth Tuesday evening of month. Visiting brothers are invited. FRED K. STEINKOHL, Com. CARL F. WUERTHNER, Record Keeper.

COMSTOCK W. R. C. No. 230 meet first and third Tuesday afternoon of month in their hall over J. Braun's store. Visiting members invited. MRS. C. SILKWORTH, Pres. MRS. LILLIE NASH, Secy.

## Business Cards.

A. F. & F. M. FREEMAN,  
ATTORNEYS  
And Counselors at Law. Offices over People's  
Bank.  
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A. J. WATERS,  
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And Counselor at Law. Office over Union  
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DR. J. F. OHLINGER,  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,  
Office over Youngman's Barber Shop.  
Corner Clinton and Boyne Streets,  
MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN.

G. W. TORREY,  
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Attention also given to Optical work.  
Office over Remmick, Marx & Co.'s store.  
Residence, corner Water and Duncan streets.

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Office at Residence, Ann Arbor street.  
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of Rupture, Gout, Pleas, etc.  
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Office at residence on Clinton street. Hours  
from 7 to 9 A. M., and from 3 to 8 P. M.  
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C. S. CHADWICK, D. D. S.,  
Will be in Manchester every  
Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, to practice  
DENTISTRY.  
In all its branches, to reasonable prices.  
Office over Union Savings Bank.

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Is prepared to do all kinds of  
DENTAL WORK.  
General and Local Anesthesia for Palates  
Extraction. Office over J. Braun & Co.'s Store.  
In Clinton every Thursday.

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LICENSED AUCTIONEER.  
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Sales in village or country will be promptly  
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Sales in village or country will be promptly  
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Real Estate, Farm or Village Property sold on  
reasonable terms. Dates made at ENTER-  
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Shaving, Haircutting, Shampooing, & Bath  
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CENTRAL MEAT MARKET.  
Steam Sausage makers. Fresh, salt and  
smoked meats. Wholesale and Retail.  
Ice for Private Families.

ENTERPRISE  
POULTRY YARDS.  
White and Barred Plymouth Rock fowls and  
eggs for sale. Boyne street, Manchester, Mich.  
Correspondence solicited.

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CAPITAL, \$25,000.  
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Its money is protected from the burglar-proof vault  
and made. Always open Saturday evenings.

## PENINSULA MATTERS

RELATED IN A BRIEF, CONCISE  
MANNER.

Alpena Man Fires Four Bullets into the  
Body of His Helpless Wife—Collision  
Caused by an Engineer's For-  
getfulness—Railroad Comes to Terms

Shot His Wife Four Times.

Maurice E. Casey went to the home of his wife's mother, Mrs. Sheridan, at Alpena and shot his wife, four bullets taking effect. The first shot struck her just under the right eye, going back into the head. The woman turned and ran, but Casey fired again, breaking her left arm. She fell and crawled under a table, and he fired two more shots, both of which struck her in the hips. The murderer then went to his own home, left his overcoat, kissed his little boy and went toward the river, and it is believed he has committed suicide. Mrs. Casey cannot recover.

Casey was about 40 years of age and his wife 30. He is a teacher of boxing and formerly kept a saloon. The couple have not lived happily for years, and Mrs. Casey recently secured a legal separation, each being given the custody of one child. Casey seemed to think a good deal of his wife and has brooded over the separation, and, it is thought, was out of his mind.

Later.—Casey was caught at the home of Conine Ribble, five miles from Alpena. After Casey had been there all night he told Ribble what he had done. The latter would not believe the story, but he induced Casey to give up his revolver and then went to Alpena and told the officers where Casey was hiding and he was easily captured. He claims not to remember the incidents of the tragedy and raves about his poor wife, asks how she is; if she is dead, etc. He raves, cries, and is morose by turns.

Mrs. Casey is still alive and the doctors have some hope for her recovery. Gov. Pingree's Asphalt Deal Falls.

News has been received from Caracas, Venezuela, that the deal for the sale of the Pedernales asphalt mine, near the mouth of the Orinoco river, to Gov. Pingree, of Michigan, has fallen through. Gov. Pingree was in high feather when he secured an option on the asphalt mine and he soon formed a syndicate on his return home. Col. Eli R. Sutton of Detroit, a Milwaukee banker and two engineers went to Caracas with letters of credit and full power to close the deal immediately. They were stupefied when they were told that the shareholders of the asphalt mine demanded \$160,000 for the property instead of \$80,000 stipulated in the option sold to Gov. Pingree. Protests were of no avail and the party had to return home without making the deal.

Knights of the Grip Victorious.

The traveling men of Michigan through their organization, the Knights of the Grip, have won a victory in the fight they have been pursuing for three years for a satisfactory interchangeable mileage book, and the Michigan roads almost as an entirely have decided to issue the book they have been demanding. The new mileage book will be issued about Jan. 1. It will by a 1,000-mile book sold for \$30 with a \$10 rebate on return of the cover if the book has been properly used. It will be good only for the purchaser, will be accepted for passage by train conductors, and will permit of the checking of baggage through junction points.

Extensive Prospecting for Coal.

The J. H. Somers Fuel Co., of Cleveland, has secured coal leases on an additional 1,000 acres of land in Kawkawlin township, Bay Co., Mich., and are sinking test holes in search of coal. Ziegelmeyer Bros. have also closed an agreement with the owners of 1,000 acres in the same township for the right to prospect for coal for the United Alkali Co., of Liverpool, Eng. The terms of the contract require the昭 Ziegelmeyers to make tests to their satisfaction within two years, and to sink a shaft for mining before three years, the owners to receive seven cents a ton royalty. There are half a dozen properties owning the land, and they have formed a pool by which they all receive their share for the coal taken out, no matter on whose land mining is started.

Munising Waterworks Reservoir Burst.

The waterworks reservoir at Munising, Mich., gave way with a noise like the roar of Niagara. It had just been completed by the Shaw-Kimball Engineering Co., of Toledo, and the council had appointed a committee to inspect the job. The reservoir is 317 feet above the level of the streets and supplied the water mains of the village. The break was caused by frost cracking the cement and the water working a way through the loose dirt. The amount of damage has not been estimated. The village is not without fire protection, however, for the mains can be fed by direct pressure from the bay by means of the new water works power house.

Iron ore in large quantities have been discovered near Munising.

A bonus of \$3,000 is being raised at Monroe to secure a flax and excelsior mill.

The fifth annual meeting of the association of the judges of Michigan will be held at Lansing commencing Dec. 28.

The postoffice at Laurium will be raised to the presidential class on Jan. 1, the salary of the postmaster to be \$1,000 per annum.

Saginaw and Bay City are receiving many inquiries from factories seeking locations, since the recent discovery of coal in that district.

Electrical Works Burn at Port Huron.

The Excelsior electric works at Port Huron, burning at an estimated loss of \$150,000. The fire started in the boiler room, and a heavy draught swept through the structure, causing the flames spread with such rapidity that the building was totally destroyed before the firemen could gain control. The city electric railway is paralyzed, as its motive power was furnished by the electric light plant. The four generators belonging to the street car company were ruined. Many business places using electricity generated by the Excelsior works will have to burn gas.

W. F. Davidson, manager of the Excelsior Electric Light Co., had started for Detroit, and at Lenox was notified by telegraph of the burning of the plant. He at once telegraphed from Lenox to Chicago for steel for a new building. He also ordered brick for a new building, by telegraph, and closed a contract for its erection. This feat was accomplished before Mr. Davidson had seen the ruins and before the flames were extinguished.

Wm. Morose, aged 85, of Lisbon, has married his adopted daughter, aged 16, who is pretty. She was born to his housekeeper and he adopted the girl after her mother's death. He seems to be very much in love with his girl wife, and she apparently returns this affection.

President L. R. Fiske completes his work of directing Albion College Jan. 1, after 20 years of highly successful service. He was made professor of philosophy emeritus by the trustees at their recent meeting. Rev. J. P. Ashley, the new president, is to arrive January 4. The faculty will tender him a reception.

Fred Muntz, aged 26, employed by the Michigan Wood Pulp Co., at Niles, met death while oiling a paper machine. When in front of some gearing he slipped and fell, his left leg being caught in the rapidly revolving wheels. The member was terribly crushed and doctors amputated the leg, but the young man died.

Theron F. Giddings, of Kalamazoo county, is slated for the U. S. marshals of the western district of Michigan if he wants it, so it is said. There are four other candidates for this important office, including Frank Watkins, of Hopkins; Wm. Mears, of Boyne Falls; J. D. S. Hanson, of Hart, and Frank Wait, of Sturgis.

Benj. Frankenstein, of Hillsdale, is a young Jew, who has repeatedly been in trouble for crooked work, was arrested at Saginaw for having obtained money by fraudulent means at Flint and Lapeer where he gave his name as Stein and professed to be a converted Jew collecting for a Jewish Christian band at Cleveland. He acknowledged his guilt, and was sent up for 90 days.

Essexville, a suburb of Bay City, was visited by a destructive fire which originated in the general store of John Tennant and spread rapidly. The residences of Mrs. Margaret Wynn and Malcolm Doubles and the town clerk's office were also destroyed. The loss will reach \$10,000. A strong wind prevailed and the residents were terror-stricken for fear the whole town would be burned.

Grand Rapids' library has outgrown its quarters in the city hall and will have a new building.

A number of residents of Arenac county are making preparations to go to the Klondike in the spring.

Central Lake is agitating the question of putting in a combination electric light and water works plant.

Fire destroyed the shoe store and harness shop of G. W. Chapman at Saranac. Loss \$1,800, no insurance.

The bondsmen of Hiram A. Waite, the ex-controller of Port Huron who is serving a term for embezzlement, have settled with the city for \$1,300. His shortage was \$2,400.

The peddlers' license law passed by the last legislature has been declared unconstitutional by the supreme court. The Grangers denounced the law at their recent convention at Lansing.

C. H. Clarke, of Chicago, has just concluded the lease of the mammoth Oakland Hotel property at St. Clair for five years. Mr. Clarke was of the firm of Clarke & Raiborne who managed this hotel in 1894.

The prison board has decided to dis-

continue the manufacture of bedroom suits at Jonia prison and to increase the output of wood novelties. This will reduce the competition with outside labor to a minimum.

The Calumet Light Guards, the pride of the Fifth regiment, M. N. G. is having serious trouble because of jealousy between the non-commissioned officers and the privates. A split which will cause a disruption is feared.

The fire which has been burning for two weeks in the 25,000 tons of coal stored in the big steel sheds of the Tamarack-Oscoda mines at Houghton continues to baffle all efforts to check it. The loss will be heavy.

The fruit growers in the vicinity of St. Louis are profiting by the apple famine in other parts of the state.

The apple crop was very abundant at St. Louis and nearly 15,000 bushels have been shipped from the state.

Everything now seems favorable to the proposed electric road from Hesperia, Newaygo county, to the lake shore in Oceana county. Hesperia has raised \$12,000. Ferry \$7,000, and Hart

is rapidly raising the sum asked for.

White insures Leo Ingerlizen, a Ger-

man painter, of Escanaba, suidced in the depot at Carlshend by blowing off the top of his head with a rifle. He was recently released from the state insane asylum as permanently cured.

Herman Ringel, aged 35, who re-

sides south of Manistee, went to town and becoming intoxicated laid down on the street car track. A car came along and crushed off one foot and inflicted other injuries, from which he died. He leaves a widow and several children.

What came near being a disastrous

explosion happened in Strasburg's meat market at Mt. Morris. Mr. Strasburg had just put a stick of wood in the stove when it was blown to pieces. A serious fire was narrowly averted. It is thought there was pow-

der in the wood.

James Walsh, sent to Ionia prison for 15 years from Mecosta county for burglary, has completed his sentence and was discharged. He was the oldest convict there and made a model prisoner. He says he will start for the Klondike next spring and try and

make up for his lost years.

Chas. Kimball fell from the roof of

the Church of God at Benton Harbor

and broke both legs and several ribs.

## WANT BRIC-A-BRAC.

### EUROPEAN POWERS GRABBING CHOICE BITS OF CHINA.

Germany's Occupation of Kiau-Chau the Beginning of the Partition of China Which Has Been Talked of for Many Years in Diplomatic Circles.

Following the occupation of Kiau-Chau and the surrounding Chinese territory by Germany comes the announcement that Russia has taken possession of Port Arthur, and now it is said that Great Britain's Asiatic squadron has sailed to make a grab of Quelpaert island, which is 60 miles south of Korea and in the entrance to the Yellow sea.

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# Manchester Enterprise FOR WOMEN AND HOME

By MAT D. BLOSSER,

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1897.

A new zone, the intertemperate, is to be added to the list, if the words of Dean Farrar prove true. He lately said, with refreshing bluntness, that he was afraid England was creating a zone of drunkenness in all parts of her empire which was destroying many of the native races.

A naval expert declares that the only method of insuring the efficiency of torpedo-boats is to keep them in harbor. This is suggestive of the "never-go-to-sea" counsel of a musical composition that need not be named, with the promised result of the rulership of the queen's navy.

It was shrewd saying which the Archishop of Canterbury quoted in a recent address to workmen, of a great French preacher who, two centuries ago, told the court of France that "they might judge how little God thought of riches by the sort of people to whom He had given them."

A man once claimed that he was a Frenchman on the ground that he had an uncle who played the French horn. Some persons, claiming to be patriotic, when questioned closely, might have to confess that they are patriots because a grandfather served in the revolution, or because a cousin sings "The Star-Spangled Banner" effectively. Patriotism is an individual thing. Patriots by proxy do not count.

Four men were killed in an attempt to settle an old feud in Louisiana the other day. That's generally the way with feuds. Other things may be settled with good results all round. But the minute an attempt is made to settle a feud somebody is almost sure to get killed or hurt, and then, when the smoke clears away, it is found that the feud is still unsettled. The best thing to do with a feud is to just let it alone.

When Dr. Atchison of Illinois remarked in the Methodist church congress at Pittsburgh a few days ago, that sacred song in certain branches of his church had degenerated into a caricature, he spoke a truth which has unfortunately been self-evident for several years. The trouble is that this Sunday school music is machine-made. It is ground out to meet a demand. There are some exceptions, of course, but these are few, too few. They are oases in a dreary desert of pure balderdash and rot.

The reconquered, who are often mentioned in dispatches from Cuba, are non-combatants from the outlying country districts, who were compelled by General Weyler's edicts to take refuge in the towns, on peril of being treated as rebels. They have been huddled together in large numbers in Havana, and other cities, and being cut off from their usual means of support, they have suffered great privations. General Blanco has so far modified the policy of his predecessor in the treatment of these people as to extend somewhat the area around the towns which they are allowed to cultivate. Committees for their relief have been formed in the several provinces under direction of the government.

Much interest has been awakened in England by the discovery of prehistoric lake village near Glastonbury. The dwellings were placed on mounds of clay raised above the level of the water. The framework of a primitive loom was found under one mound, and the number of broken bone needles and bone splinters discovered in another mound led the explorers to think that it may have been the site of an ancient needle factory. Very few human bones have been discovered, but among the interesting finds is a blue glass bead, with a waving dark line running around it. One of the mounds contains three hundred tons of clay, all of which must have been dug from the surrounding hills and carried to the spot in boats.

Regarding the embarrassment of the finances of Spain, the London Statist says: "The financial embarrassments of Spain are naturally weighing heavily upon the Paris Bourse. It is commonly estimated that French investors hold together about £160,000,000 worth of Spanish securities. If, therefore, there were to be an utter breakdown in Spain the losses to France would be very heavy. It is to be recollect that France has suffered much during the past two years from the collapse of the African boom, from the crash in the East at the time of the Armenian massacres from the fall in Spanish that has been going on so long, and if there were to be another breakdown the losses would be enormous. The condition of Spain explains much of the extreme quietness at present in the European stock markets, and especially of the stagnation in Paris and the unwillingness to enter into new enterprise."

It is truly singular that the slaughter of a few hundred thousand seals on and near the shores of far-away Alaska should get this and several other large nations into what looks much like a quarrel, while campaigns of extermination, now in progress right here at home, and involving interests vastly more important, create no excitement at all. For what is the value of every seal alive compared with that of our rapidly disappearing forests? As one cent to a thousand dollars, perhaps, and yet the work of devastation is going on at a rate.

The newly published biography of Queen Victoria points out that within the past fifteen years she has taken singing lessons from Tosti and drawing from Leitch. Since the education of so many private girls is "finished" at eighteen, perhaps it is only queens who profit from instruction after the age of sixty.

If the famine in the Klondike region continues during the winter the correspondents up there can keep from starvation by eating some of their fat

## ITEMS OF INTEREST FOR MAIDS AND MATRONs.

A Gown of Gray Cashmere - A Becoming Skirt for a Tall Figure Woman of the Orient Some Notes About Tea Gowns.

Love and Friendship.  
The birds, when winter shades the sky.  
Fly over the seas away.  
Where laughing isles in sunshine lie,  
And summer breezes play.  
And thus the friends that winter near  
While fortune's sun is warm.  
Are startled if a cloud appear,  
And then before the storm.  
But when from winter's howling plains  
Each other winter's past,  
The little snow-bird still remains.  
And chirrups midst the blast.

Love, like that bird, when friendship's strong  
With fortune's sun depart,  
Still lingers with its cheerful song.  
And nestles on the heart.

### Tea Gowns.

There is a wonderful fascination in a tea gown, and quite exquisite was one in a coarse-ribbed cream silk flounced and appliqued with lace, and tiny borders of mink to simulate an upper skirt. It was draped on to the shoulders in the form of a plenum over a front of cream velvet inserted with lace and soft waterfalls of lace fell from neck to waist to be tucked into a folded belt of cerise velvet.

Charmingly pretty was another in maize cloth slashed with guipure lace and drawn into the waist with mandarin orange velvet fastened by a quaint old turquoise clasp, while the sleeves were of finely tucked white lace and guipure.

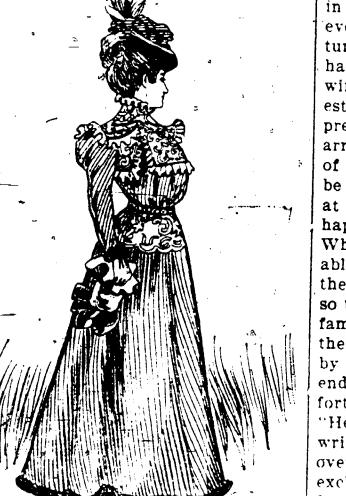
A very smart tea or theater jacket is of green brocade, turned back in front to show a vest of cream satin finely tucked and crossed by frills and narrow insertions of palest yellow lace. The tucked waistband is also of cream satin, prettily trimmed with lace; while the coat is finished on the shoulders with cascade draperies of fine lace to correspond.

Very pretty also is a tea gown of black accordion-plaited silk, the sun-ray plaitings being arranged to start from a yoke of cerise velvet, which is ornamented with a narrow applique design in cream guipure. Long ends of black satin ribbon float away from this yoke in front and add not a little to the graceful appearance of the gown as a whole.

Grey Cashmere.  
The picture shows a gown of gray cashmere, having the ever present bloused front of the same material, which acts as a fine foil for the plastron with epaulets, and bolero fronts of black velvet overlaid with white silk guipure applique and jet, which are edged with a narrow pleating of black liberty satin. The yoke of the same applique effects, fits plain all around, and the skirt falls in gathering at the back, while the bottom is edged with a band of gray fur flecked with black.

It is the details of finish and trimming that constitute the chief element of smartness in the new gowns, and not so much the change of cut and materials, for in truth there is very little change in the shape of gowns or wraps, and, after all, materials are but a rehash of what we have had for years, only dressed up in new colorings, and perhaps given new names that few of us remember five minutes after they have been told us.

The question "What is the fashion.

  
able black skirt to wear with the fancy waist?" is perhaps more often asked than any other by the woman who makes one skirt answer for many occasions. In reply it may be asserted that rich black satin is given the preference where only one skirt is found in the wardrobe of the questioner. But if you already have that, then plain black taffeta, often much trimmed from waist to hem, is the newest and most fashionable.

In This So?  
Women are often accused of becoming careless about their dress and style of hair-dressing after marriage, and the reason for this is speculated upon. Here is the other side of the question. "I found out the other day why married men, or almost all married men, are so slovenly regarding their dress," said a married man recently. "No matter how much of a dandy the man may have been before marriage, as a rule he begins to show unmistakable signs, shortly afterward, that he cares nothing about his personal appearance. It has been popularly supposed that the reason for this is because a man, once he is married, thinks that his mission in life as a good dresser is ended, and that he can wear soiled linen and old clothes to his heart's content, or because the wife does not think to have clean collars and cuffs laid out for him. This idea is all wrong, for all women like to have their husbands look well, and at least clean, for they well know it is a reflection upon themselves if the husband looks otherwise, and they are

too selfish to want any such notion to gain credence. The real reason, however, is jealousy. A friend of mine, when I asked him why he always wore the same necktie, told me that if he changed his tie or clothes or shirt, and often if he shaved himself, his wife thought it was because he wanted to look nice for some other woman's benefit, until, out of sheer desperation, he preferred to go about looking almost unkempt rather than have his wife nag him."

A Becoming Skirt.  
This model shows one of the newest and most becoming skirts of the season, and is designed for a tall figure. The cloth is one of the new blues, having a bodice of the cut-out or pierced work over white satin, which is well bloused in the front at the waist line. The revers are white satin edged with narrow frills of the cloth which have no finish, but are simply cut with clean, close edges. The same frills are applied with graceful effect on the skirt, while the tie is blue chiffon.

White wool and broad-cloth costumes are novelties for the winter, but in all instances are trimmed with dark colors, usually black or very dark brown. Many of them are trimmed with tucks of generous width, each one being edged with a tiny band of black velvet, while others

  
have a row of black lace insertion between the tucks.

Women in the Orient.  
Mrs. Slapham Pennington, an American, who has travelled extensively in Turkey, Egypt and the east, and has had unusual advantages for observing the women of the harems there, has brought out a little book which she calls "A Key to the Orient," wherein a very different aspect from that generally received is taken of the relations of the sexes there. The western world generally holds that women in all Mohammedan countries are the mere slaves of the men, creatures of pleasure, and are finally denied a soul. Far from this being the case, Mrs. Pennington urges, they are held in the highest honor, and even the work of household drudgery, which makes life so hard to be borne elsewhere, is in the hands of men.

Another of the notions she overthrows has to do with the prevalence of polygamy. It is exceedingly rare, she observes, to find a man of more than one wife, except in the cases of officials, whose rank compels them, as a social duty, to maintain a large household. Even then it is rather more than likely that the pasha or bey will wed successive wives, divorcing each in turn, with a sufficient settlement to keep her from wags, as he marries a successor—a practice which, as Mrs. Pennington points out, does not differ by much from the usage growing in England and America. It is true that there are no love matches in the American sense of the word, but every girl is given plenty of opportunity to see the candidate for her hand at a distance, as from a lattice window, and if she express the slightest repugnance the matter is not pressed further. All the matrimonial arrangements devolve on the mothers of the young couple, who may safely be presumed to have their interests at heart, and there is very little unhappiness after marriage as a result. When wedded it is considered unsuitable for young wives to take upon themselves the care of housekeeping, so they go to live with their husband's family. As soon as motherhood blesses the young matron she is believed even by the most fanatical mosems to be endowed with a soul and she is henceforth held in the highest respect. "Her days run calmly on," says the writer. "Only broken by the rejoicings over the successive babies, and by the excitement of other weddings in her family, and at last she is called to take the place of honor vacated by her mother or mother-in-law and to rule the harem."

Work of a Maid of Honor.  
It is a great distinction to be chosen as one of Queen Victoria's maids of honor, but it entails obligations. The position is strictly dependent upon birth, for the maid must be either the daughter or granddaughter of a peer. When appointed the maids receive the title of honorable, which they retain through life.

Each maid of honor has three months of waiting every year, and often her young friends are apt to regard her as being very fortunate for receiving \$500 a month for her actual time of waiting. But it is quite a mistake to suppose that the duties are trifling or that the post is in any sense a sinecure. Nothing save severe illness can allow of a maid of honor altering or postponing her term of waiting. She has to be literally at the beck and call of her royal mistress, and though no objection is made to each young lady bringing with her a pet—at the present moment the Hon. Miss Cadogan possesses one of the most valuable dogs in the world—even the permission to receive a call from a friend or relation must be asked and obtained before a maid of honor can be "at home" to any of her acquaintances.

When the late Alexander Dumas was asked if he ever gave anything to the poor he replied: "Oh, yes, when I come across a bad piece of money I always give it to a blind man."



## UNDER THE MISTLETOE! TO THEIR CHEEKS THE WARM BLOOD FLIES AS INTO HER EYES LOOK HIS, BUT—THERE ARE OTHER EYES.

### WHEN SANTA CLAUS ARRIVES.

With a rub,  
And a dub,  
And a rub-a-dub dub,  
And a rub-a-dub dub on the drum,  
The boy comes a tramping  
And stamping  
And rampling  
And a rub-a-dub dubbing his drum.

With a rink,  
And a tink,  
And a rink-a-tink tink,  
And a rink-a-tink tink of the bell,  
Number Two comes a flashing  
And dashing  
And crashing  
"Fire injin, an' horses, an' bell."

With a whoot,  
And a toot,  
And a whoot-a-toot toot,  
And a whoot-a-toot on the horn,  
The youngest comes blaring  
And faring  
And tearing  
And raising the roof with his horn.

With a whang!  
And a bang!  
And a whang-a-bang bang!!!  
And a whang-a-bang bang all around!  
Hurrah for the noise!  
Of the joys  
Of the boys  
When Santa Claus cometh to town!

—Carl Currie.

Waiting plates bountifully with any piece we wished, together with all manner of good things in the way of vegetables. A rice pudding with plenty of raisins, pumpkin pies and rosy-cheeked apples served for dessert, and our only sorrow was that we could eat so little. After dinner we children played games in the kitchen, around the fireplace that was used when there was no fire in the cook stove. Here we popped corn, cracked nuts, told fairy stories and played blind-man's buff while the older ones "visited" in the "keepin'-room" until the time came to return home.

### PURITAN CHRISTMAS.

The riotous celebration of Christmas day prejudiced the early Puritans against the holiday. In Scotland Knox set his face against the special observance of the day with such sternness that to this day the holiday in Scotland is but slightly observed; and much the same feeling animated the Nonconformists of England. Naturally in the New England settlements this sentiment prevailed. Cotton denounced the "wanton Bacchanalian Christmas" spent in reveling, dancing, carding, masking, mumming consumed in contemplations, in interludes, in excess-of-wine, in mad mirth."

Of the first Pilgrims' Christmas, but little was known, except that it was spent, as was many a later one, in work. Bradford said: "Ye 25 day began to erect ye first house for comone use to receive item and their goods." On the following Christmas the Governor re-ords with grim humor "a passage rather of mirth than of waight." Some new company excused themselves from work on that day, saying it went against their consciences. The governor answered that they would spare them until better informed. But returning at mid-day and finding them playing pitch-the-bar and stool-ball on the streets, he told them that it was against his conscience that they should play and others work, and so made them cease their games.

By 1659 the Puritans had grown to hate Christmas more and more. The very name smacked to them of in-ense, stole and monkish jargon; any person who observed it as a holiday by forbearing of labor, feasting or any other way, was to pay five shillings fine, so desirous were they to "beat down every sprout of Episcopacy." Judge Sewall watched jealously the feeling of the people with regard to Christmas, and noted with pleasure on each succeeding year the continuance of common traffic throughout the day. Such entries as this show his attitude: "Dec. 25th, 1685.—Carts come to town and shops open as usual."

"Some somehow observe the day, but are vexed. I believe that the Body of people profane it, and blessed be God no authority yet to compel them to keep it." When the Church of England established Christmas services in Boston a few years later we find the judge waging hopeless war against Governor Belcher over it and bearing him praising his son for not going with other boy friends to hear the novel and attractive services. He says: "I dehort mine from Christmas keeping and charge them to forbear."

Christmas could not be regarded till this century as a New England holiday, though in certain localities, such as old Narragansett, an opulent community, which was settled by Episcopalians—two weeks of Christmas visiting and feasting were entered into which zest by both planters and slaves for many years previous to the revolution.

The Custom of Carol Singing.  
The practice of singing carols appears to be as ancient as the celebration of Christmas itself. The word "carol" is believed to be derived from the Latin "cantare," to sing, and "rola," an interjection expressive of joy. In the early ages of the church the bishops were accustomed to sing carols on Christmas day among their clergy. In process of time these Christmas hymns became very much secularized, and latterly were nothing more than festive chants sung during the revelries of the Christmas season.

In his "History of English Poetry," Warton notices a license granted in 1562 to John Tysdale for printing "Certayne goodly carrolles to be songe to the glory of God," and again "Christmass carowles, autorised by my Lord of London." This may be regarded as a specimen of the endeavors made at the time of the Reformation to supplant the old popular carols by compositions of a more devout character, and in Scotland instances of the same policy are found in the famous "Gude and Godly Ballates" and "Ane compen- sations book of Gode and Spiritual Songs."

A Prince an Electrician.  
Prince Victor Emmanuel of Naples is said to be an expert electrician. He experiments on all its applications to light, sound, motive power, and photography, and was one of the first persons in Italy to investigate the Roentgen rays.

## DIPHTHERIA IN WISCONSIN.

Fifty-Three Deaths in One Small Town in Less Than Four Weeks.

A preventive and cure for diphtheria, croup, tonsillitis, quinsy and all throat troubles recently placed upon the market has achieved such marvelous success as to greatly stir up the medical fraternity. Its power over diphtheria seems almost miraculous, as it stops its spread as by magic.

Grantsburg, Wisconsin, population less than four hundred, was visited by a terrible epidemic of diphtheria, during which fifty-three of its inhabitants died in less than four weeks. After much urging by the friends of Muco-Solvent, the authorities decided to use it, and thereupon telegraphed for a large supply, which arrived the next day at 4 o'clock, and by 6 o'clock every man, woman and child in Grantsburg were taking Muco-Solvent, with the result that not another death occurred, whereas, up to the very hour its use was commenced, not a day, for two weeks, had passed without from one to five deaths. Many other epidemics have been quickly stamped out by Muco-Solvent, notably at Madison, Polar, Winona and Neenah, Wisconsin.

We earnestly advise every mother to procure Muco-Solvent and keep it in the house ready for prompt use for every ill, however slight, especially if accompanied with sore throat, cough or cold, and thus, in many instances, prevent diphtheria or some other serious ailment the presence of which is not even suspected. Pleasant to take. It can be procured by sending the price \$1.00 per bottle to the Muco-Solvent Company, 356 Dearborn street, Chicago, upon receipt of which they will send it, free of charge.

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of Cataract that cannot be cured by Hall's Cataract Cure.

J. CHENEY, CO., Toledo, O.  
We, the proprietors, have known J. Cheney for the last six years, and find him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation.

W. H. MARSH, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Cataract Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Some men give one the impression that if they were pricked with a pin there would be nothing left of them.

### Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Smoke, the life-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists and chemists can send. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

The worst of the family trees is that it requires too much whitewashing to keep the insects off.

### Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

# Manchester Enterprise

By MAT D. BLOSSER.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1897.

## VILLAGE AND TOWNSHIP.

### Brief News Items.

This is a bright sunny winter's day. A. Jaeger has a new Christmas advertisement.

Our merchants have had a good Christmas trade.

We wish our readers, one and all a merry Christmas.

Robison & Koebele have a new advertisement this week.

Rebuss & Walker received a car-load of western sheep yesterday.

The young folks enjoyed skating upon the ponds the past few days.

Christmas sermon at the Universalist church next Sunday morning.

Next Monday evening the dance and cake walk comes off at arbeiter hall.

John Kessler shipped a quantity of potatoes to Tecumseh grocer yesterday.

The post-office will be closed Christmas from 11 a. m. until 2 p. m., and after 4 p. m.

Sleight has improved during the past few days and is now better than wheeling especially for light loads.

These are very short days and one can see to work only from 8 a. m. until 4 p. m., without artificial light.

Some of the stores will be closed Saturday afternoon but we can not learn of any that will be closed all day.

Saturday being Christmas, the banks will be closed all day and will not be open during the evening as usual Saturday evenings.

We learn that Lewis Kuebler has purchased of V. P. Caub, the brick store lately vacated by Lynch & Co., and will move his in shop there.

When the railroad boys heard that chime whistle last Monday they felt happy, because they knew the paymaster was coming and they would have money to buy Christmas presents.

The Universalist Society are to give an entertainment on the 11th of January. Miss Fuller an elocutionist will be the drawing card, while local talent will furnish vocal and instrumental music.

B. W. Amsden and family will go to Brooklyn to eat Christmas dinner with W. S. Culver and family, they will then go to Ypsilanti to visit Mr. & Mrs. Geo. Amsden, who expect all their children home on Sunday.

Supervisor Wm. Burles of Manchester, is in the city, presumably looking after his political fence, for it is whispered about town that the genial supervisor is figuring on stepping into Sheriff Judson's shoes when that gentleman "goes up higher."—Ann Arbor Times. He would be a good man for the place.

The financial statements of our two banks, which will be found in this week's ENTERPRISE show a large increase in deposits since the October report was made. It shows also, that there is comparatively no call for money and people take it to the banks for safe keeping. If money continues to seek the banks instead of being loaned out, the rate of interest must be lowered.

Following are the officers elected by Manchester tent K. O. T. M.:

Com.—C. E. Lewis,  
Lt. Com.—Earl Chase,  
R. K.—Horace Case,  
F. K.—J. W. Rauschenberger,

Chaplain—John Wiener,  
Sergeant—Adam Schable,  
M. at A.—W. Schaefer,  
1st M. of G.—Edward Braun,  
2d M. of G.—Chris. Bauer,  
Sentinel—John Gumper  
Picket—Jacob Bauer.

Dr. Thos. F. Moran of Purdue University, gave a very interesting lecture on "Benedict Arnold" last Friday evening at arbeiter hall. Notwithstanding the weather was cold and the roads very rough, he was greeted by a large audience who always find pleasure and profit in listening to our former townswoman. The doctor has a good command of language, is easy in his movements and is so entertaining that his hearers forget all about the flight of time, and when he is through they wish that he would talk longer. At the close of his lecture he gave a large number of fine stereopticon views of the scenes of Arnold's treason, West Point, the Hudson river, etc.

A very interesting lawsuit has just been heard and determined in our circuit court. About the year 1878, Mr. & Mrs. Pyron V. Fellows, who then lived in Sharon, took from the superintendent of the poor of this county a ten-months-old child of unknown parentage, and gave it the name Mabel Aileen Fellows. When the child was about nine years of age the foster parents did all they thought necessary to make her their heir at law. Mrs. Fellows in her lifetime had a one-sixth interest in what was known as the Hudson farm now owned by Leonard Herman. This place was burdened with a life estate to Clarissa Hudson, the widow and mother who died in 1893. The heirs aside from Mrs. Fellows sold to Mr. Herman, but the court holds that in the adoption papers is found the contract which gives Mabel the interest of Mrs. Fellows, and must be regarded. A. F. & F. M. Freeman were for the complainant, Mabel, and A. J. Waters and Prof. B. M. Thompson were for defendant Herman, and the other heirs.

## CHOICE GLEANINGS.

News from Hillside, Valley and Plain.

### SHARON.

William Huesman spent Sunday in Dexter. Max Irwin visited friends in Jackson over Sunday.

The Rommelhardt auction was well attended.

August Overmire of the U. of M. is spending the holiday vacation at home.

Miss Cora Reno of Freedom was the guest of Sharon friends Saturday and Sunday.

The youngest child of Jacob Kaup is very sick with inflammation of the lungs.

Miss Mae Keeler will hold Christmas exercises at her school, next Friday afternoon.

Miss May Lehman who has been away visiting for some time, returned home last Tuesday.

They will have a Christmas tree at the German Lutheran church, and Christmas services on Sunday evening.

Lewis Hayes and John Rachman of Ann Arbor drove out Thursday, Dec. 16, to attend the Rommelhardt auction.

Miss Cora Reno of Freedom, accompanied by her cousin Miss Esther Reno, went to Jackson to spend the week with friends.

The north Sharon Epworth League are preparing for another social, which will be given the Friday evening before New Year's.

Miss Laura Huesman returned from Ann Arbor on Saturday accompanied by her friend Miss Vogel who will spend Christmas with her.

There will be a Christmas tree at Rowe's corners' church on Christmas Eve, there will be music, singing and other interesting exercises.

The north Sharon school will unite with district No. 9 in giving a Christmas entertainment, Thursday evening at the north Sharon school house.

Miss Flora Uphaus and Miss Minnie Gieske who have been in Ann Arbor the past two months came home Saturday to spend Christmas with their parents.

### BROOKLYN

Christmas services at all saint's church at 10 o'clock a. m.

The young gentlemen have their party December 23rd.

The gentlemen's club now has its full membership, fifteen.

Ed. Parker of Tomahawk, Wis., is in town for an indefinite time.

Miss Haskins of Jackson a hair dresser was in town the past week.

Rev. Buckley of Battle Creek preached at Unity church Sunday evening.

Mr. W. S. Culver entertained the Chinese teetotal club Tuesday evening.

Carl Nichols went to Toledo Saturday to visit relatives and have his eyes treated.

The G. A. R. have installation of officers new year's night and a literary programme will be given.

Joe North exchanged a necktie for the ticket to a horse drawing and was lucky enough to draw the horse.

Mrs. R. M. Johnson is in Quincy caring for her daughter, Mrs. Clara Ransford. A little daughter was born last week and only lived four days.

Tuesday while driving after a load of wood James Brighton's horse became frightened, ran and threw him out but no serious damage was done.

Mrs. Herbert Reed and daughter Ethel started Monday for El Paso, Texas, to see her brother Eugene Monagan, who is very low with consumption.

Trelegan's theatre company did not have as full houses as they deserved until Saturday evening when the hall was packed to bear, Tea Nights in Bar-room. They are in Onsted this week.

### WAMPLER'S LAKE.

Mud and Wampler's lakes are frozen over. Jim Basom of Manchester was in this vicinity Monday.

Albert Vanderwalker has rented William Stitt's farm and moved there.

There will be a Christmas tree next Friday night at the Ladd school house.

Ed. Moore and Jairus Main have traded horses again. Something new for Ed.

There must be sleighing at Brooklyn as E. D. Main was down Monday after his center.

Mrs. James Wallace gave a party last Wednesday evening in honor of Miss Bertha's birthday.

Miss Dora Boomer went to Springville Sunday where she expects to remain two or three weeks.

Miss Blanche Coulson closes her third term of school at the Wampler's lake school house next Friday.

Mrs. Dan Fuller and Mrs. Harry Ladd went to Jackson Saturday to get things for the Christmas tree.

Edgar Blaiddell of Manchester visited his cousin, Mrs. J. B. Main at Wampler's lake, from Monday until Wednesday of last week.

Mr. & Mrs. John Horning will go to Detroit next Friday to spend Christmas with their son Homer. They expect to return the following Wednesday.

Albert Robison of Sharon was at this place last Wednesday on his way to the vicinity of Adrian, where he expects about two weeks employment at dehorning cattle.

Mrs. Leonard Roberts planned a very pleasant surprise for her husband last Monday evening in honor of his birthday. About 30 invited guests were present. Mr. Roberts received a large arm-chair as a token of esteem from his many friends. After refreshments had been served the rest of the evening was spent at games and music.

## BRIDGEWATER.

The reading club held their meeting at the home of H. R. Palmer Monday evening. George S. Dawson presided. The programme consisted of roll call; reading of report of last meeting by Miss Dell Benham, secretary pro tem; selected readings by Frank Palmer, Wilbur Hogan, Clyde Knight, Mrs. George Allen, Miss Dell Benham and Miss Alice Mitchell; essay by Miss Jessie Aulls; recitation by Miss Ida Silkworth, Miss Opal Hogan and Master Ward Avery. The next meeting will be with Mr. & Mrs. Peter Knight, Jan. 3rd, 1897.

## FREEDOM.

Mr. Gibson of Ridgeway was in town Sunday.

Miss Ricca Altenber is visiting in Macon this week.

Will Seckinger of Manchester was in town Sunday.

A baby boy now enlightens the home of Mr. & Mrs. Henry Lutz.

Arthur and Minnie Stait of Clinton spent Sunday with relatives here.

August Reno and Chas. Burkhart spent part of last week in Jackson.

Mr. & Mrs. Ben. Dresselhouse of Bridgewater visited their parents here last week.

Misses Sarah Feldkamp and Esther Kuhl have gone to Chelsea to learn dressmaking.

## NORVELL.

Floyd Austin is home from Ann Arbor to spend the holidays.

The silver club are making preparations to have a banquet, new year's night.

Rev. & Mrs. E. Yager of Napoleon were guests of Mr. & Mrs. Geo. Harris, on Monday.

Miss Myrtle Chase of Ypsilanti has been spending a few days at her uncle's, Wm. Babcock's.

Mrs. Frank Miller of Brooklyn, and Mrs. Tom. Ward of Napoleon visited at C. Mahrl's last Saturday afternoon.

Miss Beulie Fay, who is attending school at Hillsdale, came home Wednesday to spend Christmas and new year's.

## IRON CREEK.

Mr. & Mrs. L. M. Baldwin expect to go to Litchfield to spend Christmas.

Miss Ira Uphaus of Freedom is visiting her aunt Mrs. S. O. Clark, this week.

The school in district No. 9 have Christmas exercises on Thursday evening of this week.

Mr. & Mrs. A. C. Bowens went to Canada Wednesday to spend two weeks visiting at his old home.

H. R. Palmer, secretary of the S. W. Ins. Company was here last week writing new policies for members.

Miss Grace Nelson returned the latter part of last week from a visit in the southwestern part of the state.

The Sunday school have their entertainment Friday evening. There is to be a long programme of exercises.

Mr. & Mrs. Richard Green intend to entertain a large number of relatives at maple grove farm on Christmas.

Herbert Withersell and his friend Mr. Snodgrass came over from Ann Arbor to spend the holidays with the former's parents.

The A. C. F. society close the year with a grand rally Sunday evening, in which all the members are expected to take part either with essays or speeches.

The following is a list of the officers of the A. C. F. society for the next term: President, Miss Mamie Payne; vice president, C. D. McMahon; secretary, Miss Florence Kelham; treasurer, Percy H. Kelly.

## BORN.

TRULZ.—In Sharon on Tuesday, Dec. 14, 1897, to Mr. & Mrs. Wm. Trulz, a son.

WALKER.—In Sharon on Monday, Dec. 20, 1897, to Mr. & Mrs. Lewis Walker, a daughter.

LANDWEHR.—In this village on Tuesday, Dec. 11, 1897, to Mr. & Mrs. Henry Landwehr, a daughter.

HAEUSSLER.—In Freedom on Saturday, Dec. 18, 1897, to Mr. & Mrs. Wm. Haeusler, a daughter.

## HOME MARKETS.

BEANS.—Good demand, 50c@60c; hand picked, 75c per bu.

BUTTER.—Dull and lower, 14c@15c.

BEEF.—Good demand. Heifers, \$3.60@

\$3.80; cows \$2.50@\$3.00 cwt. 1,100 to 1,200 lb.

BALLEY.—Fair demand, 75c@80c.

CORN.—Fair demand, 13c@15c.

CABBAGE.—25c@30c per head.

CLOVER SEED.—Dull—\$2.75@\$2.80.

BAKED.—\$1.00@1.25 per bu.

CALVES.—Higher, \$5.00@\$5.50 per cwt.

DRESSED HOGS.—\$3.60@\$4.00 per cwt.

EGGS.—Good demand at 15c@16c per doz.

HOGS.—Live, still lower, best \$2.75@

\$3.00 per cwt. dead \$2.25@\$2.50 per cwt.

HIDES.—Beef, 6c lb.; veal, 7c lb.

HAY.—Timothy in good demand. No. 1, \$5.00@5.50 ton.

HICKORY NUTS.—Shell-bark, 50c@75c per bushel.

LARD.—6c per lb.

OATS.—New, 17c@20c per bu.

ONIONS.—30c@50c per bu.

## Manchester Enterprise

By MAT D. BLOSSER.

### Notice to the Public.

Advertisers wishing to change their advertising matter, or to add copy to the work they have done as early as Tuesday, will do well to do it after the 2nd of December, as it will not be inserted the next week.

Advertisers wishing additional space should inform us of the amount desired as many days before publication date as possible in order that we may arrange for it.

Notices of church socials and meetings free, but not to exceed a line, and when a fee or admission is charged must be paid for the same as other business announcements.

Those having business at the probate court are requested to ask Judge Newark to send their notices.

Birth, Marriage and Death notices, free. Obituary notices, five cents a line.

Card Notices, five cents a line.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER, 23, 1897.

The Lake Shore engineers and firemen are to have some sort of a uniform to draw over their regular wearing apparel, while on duty.

Mrs. Elizabeth Babcock who lives near Mendon was 100 years old last week Wednesday. She lived in Jackson county with her husband Wm. Babcock from 1836 to 1854.

A band of 20 mormon elders are about to begin the conquest of Michigan. They will take men if they are rich, but are specially anxious to get a lot of good looking women.

According to the latest official report there are 7,167 school districts in Michigan, 15,896 teachers employed to teach 494,169 scholars and they get \$4,989,009.66 in salaries. The total expense of running the schools in 1896 was \$6,521,949.03.

It was reported that a ten per cent. a month assessment had been levied on all appointees under Piagre to pay his campaign expenses. The governor claims to know nothing about it but says the state central committee assessed him \$5,000 and worked against him and that he settled for \$1,500.

In the beginning, God created the heavens and the earth. Then he made the editor, liberal patronizers and prompt paying subscribers, and it was good. The next day a Minoesia blizzard set in and he created a man who didn't take his home paper and another who didn't believe in advertising, and He rested. Then the devil got into the moulding room and he created the fellow who takes the editor's paper for several years and then fails to pay for it. Then the devil got rested, but the editor hasn't had any rest since.

### Washtenaw County.

The circuit court jury was discharged last Friday evening.

The lower floor of university hall has been reseated with opera house chairs.

F. S. Gaige, the popular New York Life Insurance agent, was in attendance at the big convention in Chicago last week.—Ann Arbor Times.

The Glazier stove company of Chelsea has bought instruments and organized a band of 18 pieces. Fred Fuller is leader and Claude Flager, manager.

Joseph Jefferson, the great impersonator of "Bip Van Winkle" recently spoke at university hall and afterwards remarked. "That was the largest and finest audience I ever had the pleasure of addressing."

At a cost of \$25,000, Phillip D. Armour, of Chicago, will erect a new ice-house, at Whitmore lake. The building when completed will cover an acre of ground and will be fifty feet high. It is estimated that it will take fifty acres of ice one foot thick to fill the house.—Times.

Judge Kinne holds that Ann Arbor's transient traders' ordinance is unconstitutional. He took the case from the jury and issued an order for a verdict for Luther James, Edward Croarkin and Patrick Sloan. The Times says the judge stated that while his sympathies were certainly in favor of some such protection for the home merchant he could not but hold that the ordinance in question was a direct discrimination between home and foreign merchants and that the license is an unreasonable tax, and for these reasons contrary to the laws of the state of Michigan.

### Jackson County.

James O'Donnell of Jackson is a candidate for nomination to the office of governor.

The furniture firm of Newell, Richardson & Galbraith of Jackson, closed its doors—for inventory.

Jackson claims the honor of forming the first mining company that discovered and worked an iron mine in the lake Superior county. That was in 1845.

Among the jurors drawn for the January term of circuit court, are: Jerry W. Pierce, Columbia; Jesse Huribert, Grass Lake; Thomas Saint, Napoleon; Ernest Schmedic, Noyell. Court opens Jan. 3.

### Lenawee County.

Tecumseh men are not anxious to have a woolen mill located there—only half a dozen men attended the last meeting.

Andrew McDermott of Clinton who went to New Mexico about two months ago, for his health is reported dead. His remains will be sent home.

Geo. W. Collins, the Adrian man who was supposed to be drowned at Toledo last fall but who was hiding at Cleveland, has returned to his family, but refuses to explain his mysterious disappearance.

### CHRISTMAS AT THE CHURCHES.



CHRISTMAS will be observed here by at least four of the churches, the methodist, universalist, St. Mary's and Emanuel. Great preparations have been made to make the children's hearts glad and cause them to remember the glorious day when the Saviour came to bring peace on earth, good will to man.

At St. Mary's church they will have a Christmas tree Friday evening and on Christmas there will be 6 o'clock mass. Rev. Heidenreich will go to Clinton on the morning train, hold service there at 8 o'clock and return here in time for service at the regular hour.

The Methodist Sunday school will have Santa Claus and Christmas chimney Friday evening. They have prepared a fine literary and musical programme. There will be no services at the church on Christmas day but Rev. Shier will preach an appropriate sermon Sunday morning.

The M. E. Sunday school at Sharon will also have exercises Christmas eve.

Emanuel's Sunday school will have a Christmas tree and appropriate exercises Christmas eve. Christmas day there will be the regular services and sermon by the pastor. The communion, usually held on Christmas will not take place until after the regular Sunday services.

The Universalist Sunday school has been invited to Mrs. Wm. Burtless' on Tuesday evening next in lieu of the Christmas exercises usually held at the church. Rev. Merrifield will preach a Christmas sermon Sunday morning.

### Was a Lovely Lady.

Mrs. Clarkson, who died on Friday.

Mrs. Henrietta E. Clarkson, who died on Friday, was one of the pioneers of Michigan, and came to this state in the latter 30's with her husband, John J. Clarkson, settling in Manchester, Washtenaw county. Mr. Clarkson kept a general store in that village for a great many years, and was well known to the business men of Detroit as an honorable, upright business man. When he retired from business the family took up their residence in Jackson. Mrs. Clarkson was well known and much beloved by her many friends of the central city. A visit to her home, which was always open to her friends, reminded one of old time hospitality. Mrs. Clarkson, being a native of New Jersey, had all the characteristics of the southerners, whose homes and firesides are noted for a generous reception to guests at any and all times. With loyal dignity and grace she presided over her home and commanded the respect and admiration of all with whom she came in contact. She is survived by two daughters and a son, Mrs. Fred E. Farnsworth of Detroit, Mrs. O. F. Hall of Chicago, and E. B. Clarkson of Jackson. —Free Press, Sunday.

### OBITUARY.

Mrs. Henrietta E. Clarkson, who died Friday, had resided in Jackson for a long period and by her kind nature had drawn about her a large circle of friends. She was always ready with words of cheer and substantial gifts to aid all who came to her in distress. This was done in such an unostentatious manner as to at once cause the recipients to admire her. Her relief of distress has caused many to arise and call her blessed, and her strong friendships have made the world seem brighter and better to many a weary heart.

The world has been made better by the Christian character and devotion of Mrs. Clarkson, as she lived her religion every day and never missed the opportunity of doing good deeds. Many are saddened by her death, as they will miss her cheerful words and pleasant smile. In this life she did what she could to make those about her happy, and although in feeble health for a long time she was uncomplaining, always forgetful of self, scattering sunshine into the lives of all who came under her influence. She was faithful in every duty, and her example will prove an inspiration for noble living to many. The sympathy of all is extended to the children of the deceased.

The funeral was held at the family residence, 727 W. Main street, Monday forenoon at 11 o'clock, and was attended by friends and neighbors. Rev. R. B. Balcom conducted the services and St. Paul's choir rendered the music. The honorary pall bearers were: J. M. Root, C. R. Kriegerbocker, Dwight Merriman, Eugene Pringle, J. G. Carter and C. C. Pond. The active bearers were: L. H. Field, J. H. Pilcher, J. C. Sharp, H. C. Ransom, W. H. Withington and T. J. Camp. Interment was at Mt. Evergreen.

Where all that was mortal of this noble woman, so loved in life was laid to rest.

Jackson Citizen.

### School Notes.

School will begin Jan. 3rd, 1898.

Eva Hall visited school Monday morning.

Exercises will be held in the chapel Friday afternoon beginning at 1:30 p.m., consisting of a play by the intermediate and the grammar rooms, and essays and recitations by the other departments.

Last Friday afternoon interest was aroused in the discussion of Germany and Hayti, Canadians and Reciprocity, America, and politics in Austria, by Edith Tracy, Frank Rawson, Helen Leeson, and Arthur Tracy.

Dr. Moran's lecture added \$8.70 to the piano fund. Dr. Moran has the thanks of the school for his efforts to add to the piano fund and we trust that his successful career may be an inspiration to our students in their endeavors to get an education.

### RESTLESS HUMANITY.

PEOPLES WHO TRAVEL FOR PLEASURE AND THOSE WHO ARE ON BUSINESS SENT.

Rev. McPhail is visiting in town.

Lawyer Waters went to Ann Arbor Monday afternoon.

Milo Rowe is assisting in G. J. Haessler's store this week.

Mr. & Mrs. James Kelly will spend Christmas in Brooklyn.

A. F. & F. M. Freeman went to Ann Arbor Monday afternoon.

Robert Bartlett is visiting part of the week with friends in Sharon.

We received a pleasant call yesterday from James Hay of Norwell.

Miss Beers of Colon is the guest of her cousin, Mrs. E. C. Westgate.

Mr. Harvey Blaisted and relatives visited friends in Clinton last Saturday.

Miss Blanche Stark and Robert Merrieth are clerking at the racket store.

Mr. & Mrs. W. Bancroft of Jackson came here yesterday to sit for pictures.

Mr. & Mrs. Geo. O. Merriman left here Monday to spend the winter in Kansas.

Mrs. Lewis Bollinger went to Brooklyn Tuesday and visited her parents until to-day.

Mrs. Henry Cash of Brooklyn visited her parents, Mr. & Mrs. Jas. Kelly over Sunday.

Mrs. Mary Holler of Buffalo, N. Y., is the guest of her cousin, Miss Anna Jackson.

Mr. & Mrs. A. F. Freeman attended the funeral of Mrs. Clarkson, at Jackson, Monday.

Mr. & Mrs. W. J. Kerr of Detroit are visiting relatives in town during the holidays.

Mrs. Mark Case went to Ypsilanti Monday to visit Mrs. Chas. Case, and returned Tuesday.

Miss Cora Bailey will go to her home in Pontiac tomorrow to spend the Christmas vacation.

Mr. & Mrs. E. S. Haganan will spend Christmas with relatives and friends in Lenawee county.

Wm. Burtless went to Toledo on business Monday and to Ann Arbor Tuesday and Wednesday.

Mrs. Dr. Hunter of Clinton was in town Saturday on business with the lawyers Freeman.

Miss Edith Case is expected home Saturday from Elgin, Ill., to spend her Christmas vacation.

Mr. & Mrs. N. Whitnor expect Mr. & Mrs. Harvey Whiteor of Jackson to visit them on Christmas.

Robert Bartlett and Mrs. Willard Ayers of Williamsburg are visiting their sister, Mrs. H. C. Blaisted.

Mr. & Mrs. A. F. Fausel though not fully recovered from his recent attack of rheumatism, is able to be in the store.

Miss Sallie Clarkson of Ann Arbor, daughter of Mr. & Mrs. Sidney Clarkson, is visiting at Dr. Lynch's.

Miss Bertha Younghans of Toledo is expected here Friday night to spend a few days with her parents.

Mr. & Mrs. Herman Gieseke gave a birthday party for their little daughter Leone, Saturday afternoon.

S. H. Perkins Esq., went to Toledo today and Mrs. Russell will go to-morrow to spend Christmas with relatives.

Mike Gauss, who learned the barber's trade of J. J. Briegel, went to Albion on Tuesday expecting to find a job in a shop there.

Eugene and Clyde Root of Clayton, nephews of H. L. Root, are visiting him. Clyde intends to remain here and attend school.

Mr. & Mrs. John Townsend of Elkhart, Ind., are visiting their parents here. Today they went to Adrian to spend Christmas.

We learn that Mrs. L. Campbell who has been a terrible sufferer with a cancer on her face, was pronounced cured by an Indiana doctor.

C. J. Van Every arrived in town yesterday morning from Bronson. His family will come on Monday and make a visit at Mat D. Blosser's.

Mrs. Root who has been here assisting her mother and brother in settling their house, returned to her home near Clayton, last Saturday.

Ernest Kuenzler and Herman Schoettler who are attending the Elmhurst, Ill., college, arrived here today to spend the Christmas vacation.

Mrs. H. Townsend will go to Adrian today, and Henry will go on Saturday morning to spend the day with their daughter, Mrs. Frank Cantrick, and family.

Miss Eva Hall who is taking a literary course and Chas. Leeson who is in the mechanical engineering department of the university are visiting relatives here during Christmas vacation.

Mrs. H. Townsend will go to Adrian today, and Henry will go on Saturday morning to spend the day with their daughter, Mrs. Frank Cantrick, and family.

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DECORATED CHINA AT AMESON'S.

See the Goldfish at F. G. Briegel's.

Nothing is more appropriate for a Christmas present than a piece of decorated china such as Ameson sells.

Only one week more to get those fine photos. So come while you have a chance to get some cheap. JACKSON PHOTO CO.

H. L. Root, the new jeweler in the Gwinnett block, is prepared to do watch, clock and jewelry repairing. Give him a call.

WANTED—Walnut lumber 1", 1 1/2" and 2". Cash or trade. Highest market price paid. ANN ARBOR ORGAN CO., Ann Arbor, Mich.

BEAN MAISERS.

I have just vacated the store lately vacated by Lynch's Co., and am prepared to pay the highest current price for beans. Call and see me. JOHN KENSLER.

WANTED—Girls to learn to become expert machine operators on muslin underwear. Board will be guaranteed for four weeks. For particulars address,

STANDARD MFG. CO., Jackson, Mich.

Henry Palmer, township treasurer, will be at the town hall in Bridgewater to receive taxes every Friday during December, except Dec. 24th, when he will be at the store of Fred Schoen, at Bridgewater Station.

MISS BEERS OF COLON IS THE GUEST OF HER COUSIN, MRS. E. C. WESTGATE.

MISS HARVEY BLAISTED AND RELATIVES VISITED FRIENDS IN CLINTON LAST SATURDAY.

MISS BIANCHE STARK AND ROBERT MERRIETH ARE CLERKING AT THE RACKET STORE.

MR. & MRS. W. BANCROFT OF JACKSON CAME HERE YESTERDAY TO SIT FOR PICTURES.

A. F. & F. M. FREEMAN WENT TO ANN ARBOR MONDAY AFTERNOON.

ROBERT BARTLETT IS VISITING PART OF THE WEEK WITH FRIENDS IN SHARON.

WE RECEIVED A PLEASANT CALL YESTERDAY FROM JAMES HAY OF NORWELL.

MISS BEERS OF COLON IS THE GUEST OF HER COUSIN, MRS. E. C. WESTGATE.

## TALMAGE'S SERMON.

"GEOLOGY OR BIBLE" SUN-  
DAY'S SUBJECT.

"And When They Came to Nachon's Threshing Floor Uzah Put Forth His Hand to the Ark of God"—1. Samuel; Chapter VI. Verses 6 and 7.

**A**BAND of music is coming down the road, cornets blown, timbrels struck, harps thrummed, and cymbals clapped, all led by David, who was himself a musician. They are ahead of a wagon on which

is the sacred box called the "Ark." The yoke of oxen drawing the wagon imperiled it. Some critics say that the oxen kicked, being struck with the driver's goad, but my knowledge of oxen leads me to say that if on a hot day they see a shadow of a tree or wall they are apt to suddenly shy off to get the coolness of the shadow. I think these oxen so suddenly turned that the sacred box seemed about to upset and be thrown to the ground. Uzah rushed forward and laid hold of the ark to keep it upright. But he had no right to do so. A special command had been given by the Lord that no one, save the priest, under any circumstances should touch the box.

Nervous, and excited, and irreverent, Uzah disobeyed when he took hold of the ark, and he died as a consequence. In all ages, and 'never more so than in our own day, there are good people all the time afraid that the Holy Bible, which is the second ark of our time, will be upset, and they have been a long while afraid that science, and especially geology, would overthrow it. While we are not forbidden to touch the Holy Book, and, on the contrary, are urged to fondle and study it, any one who is afraid of the overthrow of the Book is greatly offending the Lord with his unbelief. The oxen have not yet been yoked which can upset that ark of the world's salvation. Written by the Lord Almighty, he is going to protect it until its mission is fulfilled, and there shall be no more need of a Bible, because all its prophecies will have been fulfilled and the human race will have exchanged worlds. A trumpet and a violin are very different instruments, but they may be played in perfect accord. So the Bible account of the creation of the world and the geologists' account are different. One story "written on parchment and the other on the rocks, and yet in perfect and eternal accord. The word 'day,' repeated in the first chapter of Genesis, has thrown into paroxysms of criticism many exegesis.

The Hebrew word "Yom" of the Bible means sometimes what we call a day, and sometimes it means ages; it may mean twenty-four hours or a hundred million years. The order of creation as written in the Book of Genesis is the order of creation discovered by geologists' crowbar. So many Uzzahs have been nervously rushing about for fear the strong oxen of scientific discovery would upset the Bible that I went somewhat apprehensively to look into the matter, when I found that the Bible and geology agree in saying that first were built the rocks; then the plants greened the earth; then marine creatures were created, from minnow to whale; then the wings and throats of aerial choirs were colored and tuned, and the quadrupeds began to beat, and bellow, and neigh. What is all this fuss that has been filling the church and the world concerning a fight between Moses and Agassiz? There is no fight at all. But is not the geological impression that the world was millions of years building antagonistic to the theory of one week's creation in Genesis? No. A great house is to be built. A man takes years to draw to the spot the foundation stone and the heavy timbers. The house is about done, but it is not finished for comfortable residence. Suddenly the owner calls in upholsterers, plumbers, gas fitters, paper hangers, and, in one week it is ready for occupancy. Now, it requires no stretch of imagination to realize that God could have taken millions of years for the bringing of the rocks and the timbers of this world together, yet only one week more to make it inhabitable and to furnish it for human residence. Remember, also, that all up and down the Bible the language of the times was used—common parlance—and it was not always to be taken literally. Just as we say every day that the world is round, when it is not round. It is spheroidal—flattened at the poles and protuberant at the equator. Professor Snel, with his chain of triangles, and Professor Varin with the shortened pendulum of his clock, found it was not round; but we do not become critical of any one who says the world is round.

But you do not really believe that story of the deluge and the sinking of the mountains under the wave? Tell us something we can believe. "Believe that," says geology, "for how do you account for those sea shells and sea weeds and skeletons of sea animals found on the top of some of the highest mountains? If the waters did not sometimes rise above the mountains, how did those sea shells and sea weeds and skeletons of sea animals get there? Did you put them there?"

But, now, do you not really believe that story about the storm of fire and brimstonewhelming Sodom and Gomorrah, and enveloping Lot's wife in such saline encrustations that she halted a sack of salt? For the confirmation of that story the geologist goes to that region, and after trying in vain to take a swim in the lake, so thick with salt he can not swim it—the lake beneath which Sodom and Gomorrah lie buried—one drop of the water so full of sulphur and brimstone that it stings your tongue, and for hours you can not get rid of the nauseating drop—the scientist then digging down and finding sulphur on top of sulphur, brimstone on top of brimstone, *etc.* all round there are jets, and crags, and peaks of salt, and if one of them did not become the sarcophagus of Lot's wife, they show you how a human being might in that tempest have been

halted and packed into a white monument that would defy the ages. But now, you do not really believe that New Testament story about the earthquake at the time Christ was crucified, do you? Geology digs down into Mount Calvary and finds the rocks ruptured and aslant, showing the work of an especial earthquake for that mountain, and an earthquake which did not touch the surrounding region. Go and look for yourself, and see there a dip and cleavage of rocks as nowhere else on the planet. Geology thus announcing an especial earthquake for the greatest tragedy of all the centuries—the assassination of the Son of God.

But you do not really believe that story of the burning of our world at the last day? Geology digs down and finds that the world is already on fire, and that the center of this globe is incandescent, molten, volcanic, and burning coal, burning out towards the surface, and the internal fires have so far reached the outside rim that I do not see how the world is to keep from complete conflagration until the prophecies concerning it are fulfilled. The lava poured forth from the mouths of Vesuvius, Mount Etna and Cotopaxi, and Kilaeua is only the regurgitation from an awful inflammation thousands of miles deep. There are mines in Pennsylvania and in several parts of the world that have been on fire for many years. These coal mines burning down and the internal fires of the earth burning up, after awhile these two fires, the descending and the ascending, will meet, and then will occur the universal conflagration of which the Bible speaks, when it says, "The elements shall melt with fervent heat, the earth also, and the works that are therein shall be burned up." Instead of disbelieving the Bible story about the final conflagration, since I have looked a little into geology, finding that its explorations are all in the line of confirmation of that prophecy, I wonder how this old craft of a world can keep sailing on much longer. It is like a ship on fire at sea, the fact that the hatches are kept down the only reason that it does not become one complete blaze—masts on fire, "atkins on fire, everything from cutwater to taffrail on fire. After geology has told us how near the internal fires have already burned their way through the surface, it ought not to be a surprise to us at any time to hear the ringing of the fire-bells of a universal conflagration. Oh, I am so glad that geology has been born! Astronomy

is grand, because it tells us about other worlds; but I must say that I am more interested in our world than in any other world, and geology tells us all about what it was, its cradle and what will be its grave. And this glorious geology is proving itself more and more the friend of theology. Thank God for the testimony of the rocks; the Ten Commandments announced among the split rocks of Sinai; the greatest sermon of Christ preached on the basaltic rocks of the Mount of Beatitudes; the Savior dying on the rocks of Golgotha, and buried amid the limestone rocks of Joseph's sepulchre; the last day to be ushered in with a reading of rocks, and our blessed Lord suggestively entitled the "Rock of Ages."—I this day proclaim the bands of a marriage between geology and theology, the rugged bridegroom and the fairest of brides. Let them join their hands, and "whom God hath joined together, let not man put asunder."

If anything in the history or condition of the earth seems for the time contradictory of anything in geology, you must remember that geology is all the time correcting itself, and more and more coming to harmonization with the great Book. In the last century the "French Scientific Association" printed a list of eighty theories of geology which had been adopted and afterward rejected. Lyell, the scientist, announced fifty theories of geology that had been believed in and afterwards thrown overboard. Meanwhile the story of the Bible has not changed at all, and if geology has cast out between one and two hundred theories which it once considered established, we can afford to wait until the last theory of geology antagonizing divine revelation shall have been given up. Now, in this discourse upon the geology of the Bible, or God among the Rocks, I charge all agitated and affrighted Uzzahs to calm their pulses about the upsetting of the Scriptures. Let me see! For several hundred years the oxen have been jerking the ark this way and that, and pulling it over rough places and trying to stick it in the mud of derision, and kicking with all the power of their hoofs against the sharp goads, and trying to pull it into the cool shade away from the heats of retribution from a God who will by no means clear the guilty. Yet have you not noticed that the Book has never been upset? The only changes made in it were by its learned friends in the revision of the Scriptures. The book of Genesis has been thundered against by the mightiest batteries, yet you cannot today find in all the earth a copy of the Bible which has not the fifty chapters of the first copy of the book of Genesis ever printed, starting with the words, "In the beginning, God," and closing with Joseph's coffin. Fierce attack on the book of Exodus has been made because they said it was cruel to drown Pharaoh, and the story of Mount Sinai was improbable. But the book of Exodus remains intact, and not one of us, considering the cruelties which he would have continued upon the brick kilns of Egypt, would have thrown Pharaoh a plank if we had seen him drowning. And Mount Sinai is today a pile of stones, and tumbled basalt, recalling the cataclysm of that mountain when the law was given. And, as to those Ten Commandments, all Roman law, all German law, all English law, all American law, worth anything are squarely founded on them. So mighty assault for centuries has been made on the Book of Joshua. It was said that the story of the detained sun and moon is an insult to modern astronomy; but that Book of Joshua may be found today in the chapel of every university in America, in defiance of any telescope projected from the roof of that university. The Book of Jonah has been the

target of ridicule for the small wit of ages; but there it stands, with its four chapters inviolate, while Geology puts up in its museums remains of sea monsters capable of doing more than the one which swallowed the greatest prophet. There stand the one thousand and eighty-nine chapters of the Bible, notwithstanding all the attacks of ages, and there they will stand until they shrivel up in the final fires, which geologists say are already kindled and glow hotter than the furnaces of an ocean steamer as it puts out from New York Narrows for Hamburg or Southampton. I should not wonder if from the crypt of ancient cities the inspired manuscripts of Matthew, Mark, Luke and John, in their own chirography, would be taken, and the epistles which Paul dictated to his amanuensis, as well as the one in the apostle's own hand-writing. At the same ratio of archaeological and geological confirmation of the Scriptures, the time will come when the truth of the Bible will no more be doubted than the common almanac, which tells you the days and the months of the year, and the unbelievers will be accounted harmless lunatics. Forward the telescope and the spectroscope and the chemical batteries, and critically examine the ostracodes of the ocean depths and the bones of the great mammals on the gravel hill-tops! And, the mightier, and the grander, and the deeper and the higher the explorations the better for our cause. As sure as the thunderbolts of the Almighty are stronger than the steel pens of agnostics, the ark of God will ride on unhurt, and Uzzah need not fear any disasters upsetting the apocalyptic angel flying through the midst of heaven, proclaiming to all nations, and kindred, and people, and tongues the unsearchable riches of Jesus Christ are mightier than the shouting of a yoke of oxen.

How much the rocks have had to do with the cause of God in all ages! In the wilderness God's Israel were fed with honey out of the rock. How the rock of Horeb paid Moses back in gushing, rippling, sparkling water for the two stouts stroked with which he struck it! And there stands the rock with name—I guess the longest word in the Bible—sela-hammahkoth, and it was worthy of a resounding, sesquipedalian nomenclature, for at that rock Saul was compelled to quit his pursuit of David and go home and look after the Philistines, who were making flank movement. There were the rocks of Bozoz and Seneh, between which Jonathan climbed up and sent flying in retreat the garrison of the uncircumcised. And yonder see David and his men hidden in the rock of Adullam and Enged!

Concerning all the vast things of God's government of the universe, be patient with the carrying out of plans beyond our measurement. Naturalists tell us that there are insects that are born and die within an hour, and that there are several generations of them in one day; and if one of those July insects of an hour should say, "How slow everything goes! I was told in the chrysalis state by a wondrous instinct that I would find in this world seasons of the year—spring, summer, autumn and winter. But where are the autumnal forests upholstered in fire, and where are the glorious springtimes, with orchards waving their censers of perfume before the altars of the morning? I do not believe there are any autumns or springtimes." If then a golden eagle, many years old, in a cage nearby, heard the hum of that complaining insect, it might well answer: "O, summer insect of an hour, though your life is so short you can not see the magnificent turn of the seasons, I can testify as to their reality, for I have seen them roll. When I was young, and before I was imprisoned in this cage, I brushed their gorgeous leafage and their fragrant blossoms with my own wing. You live an hour; I have lived thirty years. But in one of my flights high up, the gate of heaven open for a soul to go in or a seraph to come out, I heard the choirs chanting, "From everlasting to everlasting thou art God!" And it was an antiphonal in which all heaven responded, "From everlasting to everlasting thou art God." O, man! O, man! so far as your earthly existence is concerned, only the insect of an hour, be not impatient with the workings of the Omnipotent and the Eternal.

And now, for your solace and your safety, I ask you to come under the shelter, and into the deep clefts, and the almighty defense of a Rock that is higher than you, higher than any Gibraltar, higher than the Himalayas—the "Rock of Ages"—that will shelter you from the storm, that will hide you from your enemies, that will stand when the earthquakes of the last day get their prey under the mountains and hurl them into seas boiling with the fires which are already burning their way out from red-hot centers toward the surfaces which are already here and there spouting with fire amid the quaking of the mountains, under the look and touch of him, of whom it is said in the sublimest sentence ever written: "He looketh upon the mountains, and they tremble; He toucheth the hills and they smoke!"

He ye one and all to the Rock of Ages! And, now, as before this sermon on the Rocks I gave out the significant and appropriate hymn, "How firm a foundation ye saints of the Lord," I will give out after this sermon on the Rocks the significant and appropriate hymn:

Rock of Ages, cleft for me,  
Let me hide myself in thee!

LITTLE FELLOW WAS RIGHT.

At a school examination near Dudley one of her majesty's inspectors was questioning a boy in the lower standards, and found that his knowledge of arithmetic was very deficient. The inspector had asked several questions without getting a satisfactory answer, but, determined to arouse the little fellow's interest in the subject, he said: "If your teacher gave you two rabbits and I gave you one, how many would you have?" "Four, sir," replied the inspector, getting impatient: "two and one cannot make four." "Please, sir," said the little fellow, "I've got a lop-eared one already."—London Telegraph.

If a girl uses enough paint she may resemble the picture of health.

## THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

LESSON XIII—DECEMBER 26—1.

JOHN, 4:9-16.

Golden Text: "God So Loved the World, That He Gave His Only Begotten Son, That Whosoever Believeth in Him Should Not Perish." John 3:16.

Our Father in Heaven.—With most children the first idea of God is of a great Father up above the sky. And this is as it should be. The great principle of all true education is to advance step by step, and God, in revealing himself to man, adopts this principle, condescending to liken his divine attributes to human faculties (as in the use of terms "God's eyes," "arm," etc.), and to picture to us his divine character both by comparison and by contrast. He reveals himself to man, adopts this principle, condescending to liken his divine attributes to human faculties (as in the use of terms "God's eyes," "arm," etc.), and to picture to us his divine character both by comparison and by contrast.

The Two Revelations.—Thus has God given us in nature two distinct revelations of himself. First, creation reveals the "invisibles" of God, the "eternal and the unchangeable." The second, the "visible" of God, the "visible and the changeable." The Two Revelations.

The Two Revelations.—Thus has God given us in nature two distinct revelations of himself. First, creation reveals the "invisibles" of God, the "eternal and the unchangeable." The second, the "visible" of God, the "visible and the changeable." The Two Revelations.

## THE GORDON HIGHLANDERS.

Their Late Exploits in India in Accord with Their Reputation.

# "MY WIFE'S LIFE."

## How I was the means of saving it.

When the lungs are attacked and the symptoms of consumption appear, then begins the struggle between affection and that destroying disease which claims its victim. The struggle is long and hard, to the struggle when disease is conquered and health restored. Such an issue does not always end the struggle, as it did in the case of Mr. K. Morris, of Memphis, Tenn., who saw his wife wasting and weakening and physicians helpless, and then suggested the use of Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, which he thought was the wrong medicine. He tells the story thus:

"Seven years ago, my wife had a severe attack of lung trouble which the physicians pronounced consumption. The cough was extremely violent, especially at night, and was frequently attended with the spitting of blood. The doctor being unable to help her, I in due time called Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and was surprised at the great relief it gave. Before using one whole bottle she was cured. This medicine saved my wife's life. I have not the least doubt. I always keep Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in the house. Whenever and wherever we have a cold or cough we use it, and are

Noodles. Could you let me have \$5 for a few days? Noodles: No; I have more days than I know what to do with now. We should say that for longevity the best education would be that of a master.

### Beauty is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means clear skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets Candy Cathartics cleans your blood and keeps it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Given today to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sticky bilious complexion by taking Cascarets-beauty for ten cents. All drugs, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

Banks—What makes you look so sour? Rivers—Old fellow, I'm in a pickle. Can you spare me a little sugar?

### "Klondyke" Bulletin

Will be published by the Soo Line Mondays, containing all TELEGRAPHIC NEWS and up-to-date information as to BEST ROTATES, SERVICES, STEAMSHIP SAILINGS and every facility as same develop. INVALUABLE to Alaskan prospectors and all their friends. To be placed on mailing list, send six cents (6c) in stamps to W. R. CALLAWAY, G. P. A. Minneapolis, Minn.

A man who is well heeled can be a trifle indifferent about walking on his uppers.

Hives—not dangerous to life, but they are a prolific breeder of misery and profanity. Doan's Ointment gives instant relief, even in the worst cases of this and other exasperating diseases of the skin.

The greatest organ in the world with no stops—woman's voice.

Plant growth is accelerated by electricity.

FOR 30 DAYS YOU CAN TRY IT FOR 25 CENTS.

## RHEUMATISM 42 YEARS!

CURED BY

5 DROPS

SPENT HUNDREDS OF DOLLARS TRYING  
TO GET WELL, BUT ALL IN VAIN, USED  
"5 DROPS" FOR TWO MONTHS AND IS  
NOW COMPLETELY CURED.

THOUSANDS OF GRATEFUL LETTERS  
RECEIVED OF WHICH THE FOLLOWING  
ARE SAMPLES:

(Trade Mark.)

TO THE SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE CO., Chicago, Ill.: GENTLEMEN: I will state that I had the Rheumatism over 42 years. Spent \$1000 in trying to get well, but all in vain. I used it for two months and I am now well. I certainly believe it is all you claim for it, and fully worth the money to anyone. I hope the public will benefit by my statement of my own case, and any one wishing to write me will receive an answer.

### CRUTCHES DESTROYED AFTER ONE BOTTLE

RECENT, Nov. 12, 1897. SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE CO., 167 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.: SIRS: My wife has been suffering two years with Rheumatism. She has got along well enough to be about without crutches. I never have found anything that did her so much good, and I hope to be able to continue the treatment until she is entirely well.

JAMES WILLIAMS,  
May 20, 1897. Caster, Sleeplessness, Nervousness, Nervous and Neuralgic Headaches. Heart Weakness, Toothache, Earache, Cough, Swelling. L. Gripe, Malaria, Creeping Numbness, etc., etc. **"FIVE DROPS"** has never been equalled.

"**15 DROPS**" a trial of its wonderful curative properties, we will send out during the next thirty days 250 sample bottles of "5 DROPS" for \$1.00 for 30 days' bottles for \$1.00. Not sold by drug stores, only by us and our agents. Agents wanted in new territory. Write us to-day.

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE CO., 167-169 Dearborn St., CHICAGO, ILL.

**CANDY CATHARTIC**  
**Cascarets**  
CURE CONSTIPATION  
REGULATE THE LIVER  
ALL DRUGISTS

GET THE GENUINE ARTICLE!

## Walter Baker & Co.'s Breakfast COCOA

Pure, Delicious, Nutritious.

Costs Less than ONE CENT a cup.

Be sure that the package bears our Trade-Mark.

Walter Baker & Co. Limited,

Dorchester, Mass.

(Established 1780.)

## NEURALGIA

ANTHEMIALE GOUT  
Sick and Nervous Headaches POSITIVELY CURED  
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