--Sanitary Plumbing--

A Fine Line of

FIXTURES ON DISPLAY

in rooms below Manchester House.

Have Employed an Experienced Plumber

G. F. Wildt, to take charge of shop and work

Estimates Gladly Furnished

M. C. CORSETTE

1000 Fords Per Day

are made at the Ford factories.

Think what this mammoth output means!

It Means that the Ford is Right

Automobile buyers want quality at a low price. You get both in a Ford.

Come to the Garage and Look Them Over

We have some in stock. Prices:

Touring Car, $600

Runabout, $525

F. C. HUBER, Agt.

YOUR EYES—Eyes treated free of charge by

M. F. STEIN

Famous Detroit Optician

If You Could But See,

the number of Headaches, Pains and Blues that come to me for relief, and if you could know the number of Headaches Pains and Blues that Glasses have

Entirely Wiped Out

you would know that wearing of Glasses is not a sign of old age, nor is it a stylish fad. Wearing of Glasses stamps you as a man who recognizes the true value of health and the Great Gifts of Nature.

He will be at the office of Dr. Conklin.

MONDAY APRIL 7th

Studebaker

"I've been selling Studebaker Wagons and Buggies for over 30 years."

"I've sold them because my reputation as a dealer was at stake and from experience I have found that Studebaker means the best."

That tells the Story.

Thousands who bought Studebaker wagons before the Civil war and they have been buying them ever since.

Because they had confidence in the name Studebaker and in the sturdy, dependable wagons and buggies they build.

And that confidence has been justified. Studebaker wagons are built on honor and the Studebaker name is your guarantee.

There's a Studebaker for your needs—whether you live in city, town or country.

Farm Wagons · Business Wagons · Trucks
Bungies · Surreys · Remains a
Farm Carriages · Pleasure Vehicles · Line of Wagons

—And Studebaker harness also—as well and carefully made as Studebaker vehicles.

See our Dealer or Write us.

STUDEBAKER · South Bend, Ind.

NEW YORK · CHICAGO · DALLAS · KANSAS CITY · DENVER · SEATTLE · SALT LAKE CITY · SAN FRANCISCO · PORTLAND, ORE.

Manchester Enterprise

Published WEEKLY at Manchester, Mich

By MAT D. BLOSSER

Personal Items.

G. W. Kramer sang at a barn met at Adrian Tuesday night.

Dr. Scheurer and Frank Sloat were in Toledo Tuesday on business.

Frank Lesson and Dr. Lowry attended masonic meeting at Clinton last Friday evening.

We learn that Mr. Hodgins who has been running the granite works here, will move to Detroit.

Fred Spafard went to Clinton Tuesday to attend masonic meeting and was a guest of Fred Weaver.

Gottlob Knohn of Ann Arbor who came here to start a tailor shop and on Saturday, Feb. 1st, fell and broke his leg has been laid up at the Manchester house all this time. On Sunday Landlord Silkworth borrowed a pair of crutches for him and he began walking about his room.

Mrs. John Jackson received a telephone communication from the hospital nurse at Ann Arbor Tuesday evening and learned that the physicians amputated her brother Peter McCollum's leg on Monday taking it off about four inches below the knee. Peter was resting comfortably. A postal from Peter states that he is feeling fine since the amputation.

J. H. Kingsley, O. W. Case, E. M. Conklin, Mat D. Blosser, Wm. Hoffer, Hiram Parr, E. O. Jenter, E. G. Sorter went to Clinton Tuesday night in Huber's autos to see Tecumseh chapter confer the royal arch degree. The roads were dry and the trip was made in good time. The Clinton masons are fine entertainers and the Tecumseh boys good actors. All had a jolly time.

The remains of George Matthews, who died at the soldiers' home at Grand Rapids, were brought here by his nephew, George Sutton, and placed in the vault at Oak Grove. On Sunday afternoon they were taken out by members of Comstock Post G. A. R. and buried in his lot which is nearly in front of the vault, just to the right of the soldiers' monument. Some time ago Mr. Matthews said to Roe Tester, Comrade, you will probably outlive me. When I die I don't want any flowers put on my casket but I want you to cover it with the stars and stripes. This was done in accordance with his request. Mr. Matthews was 78 years of age and had been a resident of this township and village for many years though the most useful part of his life after the civil war was spent in Saginaw and elsewhere. He went out with the 17th Michigan, the stonewall regiment.

ALL LIKED IT

Meeting of High Masons and Illustrated Lecture Interesting to Them and Stars.

There was a light attendance at the assembly of Adoniram Council last Friday afternoon. Almost every member had something to do that day that apparently could not well be put off. But the royal and select masters degree were conferred upon one candidate, J. W. Payne. Past Grand Master David Woodward of Ionia was present and he Messrs Rogers, Nase and Weaver were among the visitors, and they remained until the late train south to hear the lecture by Grand Lecturer Arthur Mode of Detroit who, accompanied by his wife made an extensive tour of Palestine and the east two years ago.

Mr. McCloud took some 400 views in Jerusalem and the holy land, about 75 of which were used in illustrating a most interesting lecture. He certainly made careful research in the holiest holy city and succeeded in getting many pleasant and considerable authentic data and bits of history, etc., seldom obtained by visitors. They were clearly explained to the audience so they got a very satisfactory account of that wonderfully interesting country and its people. He has a splendid voice and describes the scenes in a way that makes one feel almost as though they were there. He talked fully an hour and a half yet many regretted when his lecture drew to a close.

The stereoptican used belongs to the high school and Janitor Kent very kindly manipulated the machine for which he has the thanks of all.

Bennet Root favored the audience at the close of the lecture with a song which was like a greeting appreciated. The lecture was attended by masons and ladies of the eastern star.

For Sale—House and lot just opposite Douglas Baldwin's residence on Macomb Street, also that beautiful building lot with four rods frontage on Jackson Street just west of Martin Truch's residence. Will go on sale but a short time. Inquire of Steinohl & Son Company, 606 Prudden Block, Lansing Michigan, or A. S. Snowman.

A 42-piece dinner set of Iokas china direct from the factory for $3.98. Send for it and save 50 per cent, see ad in this paper.

Plenty of Rye Feed at $1.25 per 100 pounds. Special price in ton lots. Norvell Roller Mills.

The Epworth League business meeting will be held at Miss Emma Loesser's Friday evening.

For Seed Barley inquire of Lowler & Hoffer.

NORVELL.

Mrs. Carr spent Friday in Jackson.

W. T. Naldrett was in Alma on business last week.

Mrs. George Roberts of this township died Monday night.

Clyde Beckwith was in Jackson on business Wednesday last.

School commenced on the plains Monday after a week's vacation.

Geo. Bancroft of Ann Arbor was here on business over Sunday.

Mrs. Babcock went to Mason Saturday for a short visit with relatives.

Mr. & Mrs. Lewis Kimble were in Brooklyn on business Thursday.

Mr. & Mrs. Geo. Rose of Jackson visited the former's parents over Sunday.

Wm. Mount and Mrs. Carr spent Thursday with relatives in Manchester.

Miss Jessie Naldrett of Monroe came home Monday on account of illness.

Mrs. Belz and Miss Pauline Walters visited friends in Manchester Friday.

Rev. C. H. Heaton is enjoying a ten days vacation from his duties at Hillsdale college.

Mr. & Mrs. Hamilton left Wednesday for a week's visit with their parents at Shepherd.

A. E. Palmer of Jackson attended the farmer's club Saturday and called on friends.

Dr. & Mrs. C. A. Reinholt of Brooklyn were callers at the home of A. J. Austin's Sunday.

Mr. & Mrs. G. Houck entertained the latter's sister and family of Jackson over Sunday.

Miss Elma Holmes, O. A. Lee and Mr. Austin were among Jackson passengers Monday.

Rev. C. H. Heaton went to Bellevue to preach Sunday and Mr. Hicks of Hillsdale filled the pulpit here.

Winfield Bradford of Toledo is spending a week's vacation with his grandparents Mr. & Mrs. F. Winfield.

Miss Edna Bacon, Ila Foor and Harvey Ahrens Manchester high school students, are enjoying a week's vacation.

Mr. & Mrs. H. F. Austin moved their household goods to Jackson Tuesday where they will make their future home.

Harry Atkinson of Grand Rapids and Miss Grace Abbott of Ovid were guests of the former's parents the first of the week.

Drs. Tompkins and Kern of Ann Arbor called on Mr. & Mrs. Harris Sunday. Blind Harris accompanied them to Jackson and spent the day.

Mr. & Mrs. Jas. Quigley moved their goods last week to a dairy farm near Jackson owned by Wm. Cobb, where they will work the coming year.

Norman Austin of Traverse City who came here to attend his sisters burial has been quite sick the past week at the home of his brother A. J. Austin.

Miss Fanny Austin of Mason came Monday night to attend her father Norman Austin, who was taken ill last week at the home of his brother A. J. Austin.

Harry Austin has bought a home on Francis street, Jackson and came here after his wife and baby Sunday. Dr. & Mrs. Floyd Austin of Brooklyn were also visitors at A. J. Austin's Sunday.

John Yelder and Miss Blanche Saunt were married at the Methodist parsonage in Napoleon Tuesday evening, March 25. They will reside on a farm east of Norvell recently purchased by the groom. Their many friends wish them success and happiness.

The following officers were elected in the Sunday school for the ensuing year: A. P. Holmes, superintendent; Miss Elma Holmes, secretary—librarian, Miss Edna Bacon, treasurer; Miss Marion Benedict, organist; Miss Nellie Raby, chorister. The teachers will remain the same as the past year.

The Norvell farmer's club met with Mr. & Mrs. F. C. Beckwith Saturday, March 29. There was attendance of about 30. The election of officers resulted in the same officholding office for another year: Jas. O'Neil and S. A. Grost were appointed to act on the program committee with the secretary. Mrs. Lewis Kimble was appointed to act as chairman of the entertainment committee. Women suffrage and local option were the principal topics for discussion. Not many of the gentlemen seemed to be against women suffrage. Mr. & Mrs. Frank Holmes were taken into the club. The club will be entertained April 19 beginning 1:30 o'clock by Mr. & Mrs. S. A. Grost and Mr. & Mrs. Paul Grost at the former's home. The program for that occasion will be co-operative led by Daniel Fuller.

B. G. Lovejoy will have an auction at his place in this village Saturday. A miscellaneous lot of goods belonging to him, Frank Maribee and Ed. Blyth will be sold. Mr Maribee is going to the north-west soon and wants to get rid of his goods. See hand bills for particulars.

The Academy of Forty will meet with Mr. & Mrs. Fred Spafard at the home of Mr. & Mrs. Frank Spafard, Tuesday evening, April 8th. Election of officers will take place. Roll call, convoy I would like to visit and why.

Druggists have been sent to a large number stating how you can secure a 42-piece dinner set direct from the factory. If you have not received one write the Dean Brokerage Co. 497 Dixi Block, Detroit.

Notice—In connection with the sale of 40 woven shed Sunday, March 30, Maribee will sell the carpenters wagon, cutter, jack screw, etc., formerly belonging to Jos. Krause.

For Sale—Six hundred pounds of old newspapers for sale at the ENTERPRISE office.

Told in a Few Words.

Chas Dastleton, Cumberland, Wyo., says that he had the worst cough a man ever had, and started in a few days with Warner's White Pine of Tar.

DEVELOPING PRINTING ENLARGING

For Amateur Photographers Who are Particular

If you simply want your films "finished" let anybody do it, but if you are looking for results (perhaps better than you ever dreamed of) send 1 roll and 10c for trial development and one five sample prints.

A. S. LYNDON, Ann Arbor, Mich.

"The man who makes thousands of pictures every year for Michigan students."

General Election and Township Meeting

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual ensuing General Election and Annual Township Meeting for the Township of Manchester, County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, will be held at the Village Hall within said Township on

MONDAY, APRIL 7TH, A. D. 1913,

at which General Election and Annual Township Meeting the following officers are to be chosen, viz.

STATE—Two Justices of the Supreme Court two Regents of the University of Michigan, one Superintendent of Public Instruction, one State Highway Commissioner, one Member of the State Board of Education, two Members of the State Board of Agriculture.

COUNTY—Two County Auditors full term.

TOWNSHIP—One Supervisor, one Township Clerk, one Township Treasurer, one Highway Commissioner, one Justice of the Peace, full term; one Justice of the Peace to fill vacancy, three years; one Member Board of Review, full term; Overseer of Highways, four (4) Poles.

PROPOSITIONS—To adopt the County Road System for said County.

The following proposed amendments to the constitution of Michigan will also be submitted, in accordance with concurrent resolutions adopted by the Legislature of 1913:

To amend Section 2 of Article 8 of the constitution relative to the right of women to vote.

To amend Section 2 of Article 17 of the constitution relative to initiative in constitutional amendments.

To amend Sections 1 and 10 of Article 5 of the constitution relative to the initiative and referendum on legislative matters.

To amend Section 14 of Article 10 of the constitution relative to the relief, insuring or pensioning of members of fire departments.

To amend Section 8 of Article 3 of the constitution relative to recall of elective officers, except judicial officers.

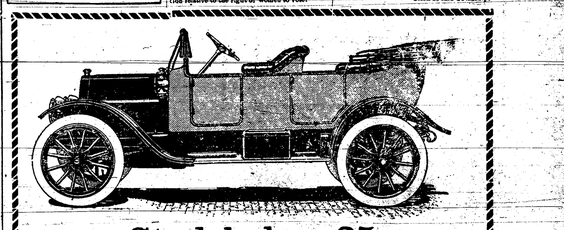
WOMEN ELECTORS.

In accordance with the Constitution of the State of Michigan and Act 306, Public Acts of 1909, should there be any proposition or propositions to vote upon at said Election involving the direct expenditure of public money, or the issue of bonds, every woman who possesses the qualifications of male electors and owns a property assessed for taxes or owes property subject to taxation jointly with her husband, or with any other person, or who owns no property on can read and write, and is a citizen of the United States and resides within the district or territory to be affected by the result of said election, will be entitled to vote upon such propositions, provided such persons have had her name duly registered in accordance with the provisions of said Act.

The Polls of said Election will be open at 7 o'clock a. m. and will remain open until 5 o'clock p. m. of said day of Election, and the Board of Election Inspectors shall, in their discretion, adjourn the polls at 12 o'clock noon for one hour.

Dated this 27th day of March, A. D. 1913.

A. G. GRABB,
Clerk of said Township.



Studebaker 25

Fully Equipped, $885

The finest car on the market for the price. Cars that cost from one to three hundred dollars more cannot compete with it. The body is of handsome design with ample room for five passengers. In proportion to its weight it has extraordinary power for hill climbing. The car is equipped with demountable rims, ventilating windshield, gas starter and Studebaker Jiffy curtains.

Everything about the Car is of the Best Quality

and conforms in every way to the high standard of Studebaker reputation. The Studebaker 25 is built not only for the buyer who delights in a fashionable car, but for the great American people who want an unfailing, handsome, enduring car at a price within their reach.

Prospective buyers will do well to inspect this car before buying. Catalogue and specifications free.

J. W. RAUSCHENBERGER, Agent

Proof from Michigan Farmers

SAL-VET

The Great Worm Destroyer and Conditioner

The results Michigan farmers are getting from "Sal-Vet" and the way they endorse it is *proof* conclusive that this great *worm destroyer and conditioner* is the greatest boon to farmers ever discovered. Here are a few of the hundreds of letters written to me by grateful Michigan farmers relating their experiences and results from "Sal-Vet". You may possibly know some of them personally. Read what they say:

"I have fed SAL-VET to all my sheep, hogs and cattle for the past two years, and would not be without it for anything. The sheep seem so well at this time of the year and my hogs and spring pigs are in the best condition they have ever been since to feed, any of my stock. Sal-Vet is the best thing I know of for worms and conditioner for anything that ails good healthy hogs, I am well satisfied with the results I have got from Sal-Vet." Signed, Frank Stock Farm, Superintendent, Jackson, Mich.

"My SAL-VET is all gone, and as common stock comes from miles to take its place, I want to order a barrel more. I can sell more than $5.00 worth of SAL-VET where one dollar worth of other stock food is sold. Your stock food is doing remarkably well. My experience has been that SAL-VET is the best I ever handled." Signed, E. A. DONTRADER, Fairview, Mich.

"I have given your SAL-VET a good trial for a year, it would cost me a dollar a head to do what SAL-VET does for my stock." Signed, W. NICHOLAS, Bangor, Mich.

"Sal-VET is all that you claim it to be and I will be glad to have you send me a barrel. It sells like gold and money in the pocket. Our people are well satisfied with the Sal-Vet Stock Food." Signed, BRIGGS & ROBERTS, Ionia, Mich.

"Having thoroughly tested your SAL-VET I have found it to be all that you claim for it. Being a stock food manufacturer, who on the strength of your offer, I have been in the selling business for 25 years, I can say, I mean it." Signed, JOHN E. LEYENDECKER, St. Marys, Ohio.

SAL-VET

"Sal-Vet" is a wonderful medicated salt—a preparation which is saving farmers hundreds of thousands of dollars. It is not only the surest and quickest remedy for worms, but also a tonic, digestive and conditioner which puts all farm animals in excellent condition, thus providing the most efficient disease preventive you can get. Sal-Vet is not a stock food, but it is one that all your farm animals can run to it freely—no drenching, no handling—no bother at all—*they doctor themselves.*

CHEAPEST and BEST

It is inexpensive—costing only one-twelfth of a cent a day for each sheep or hog and only a trifle more for larger animals. It saves feed—PREVENTS DISEASE—makes stock thrive and gain faster—in fact repays you in small cost many times over. It is from 100% to 400% cheaper than other live stock preparations and far more efficient. The fact that it is sold on a "Money-back Guarantee" PROVES all this.

Here Is My Money-Back Offer

Simply call at my dealer's store and get enough "Sal-Vet" to last all your stock 60 days. Take it home with you and place it where all your farm animals can run to it freely, then watch results. If "Sal-Vet" don't do what I claim, if it don't rid your stock of the deadly stomach and intestinal worms and prove a paying investment for you, simply notify the dealer and he will refund your money in full. You won't be out a single penny. I take all the risk. Remember you get ALL your money back if you are not pleased.

SIDNEY R. HYE, Pres. The S. R. Feil Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

To Our Customers: Get rid of the worms in your stock and watch your profits grow. "Sal-Vet" is giving wonderful satisfaction to our customers. We carry it in stock and will gladly arrange to let any farmer in this vicinity try it 60 days on Mr. Feil's that money-back offer. Come in and get "Sal-Vet" the next time you come to town. We back up every word in this advertisement. You take no risk. Don't wait until your stock gets badly infested with worms. Get "Sal-Vet" NOW PREVENT such loss, and have thrifty, finer, more profitable stock. It is the cheapest and best conditioner you can buy.

LONIER & HOFFER, Manchester, Mich.

MANCHESTER ENTERPRISE.

VOL. 47-NO. 34 · {Entered at Manchester Postoffice as Second Class Mail Matter} · MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, APRIL 10, 1913. · WHOLE NUMBER 2354

THE ENTERPRISE
Published Thursdays

Visits almost every home in Southern Washtenaw, Northern Lenawee and Southeastern Jackson Counties.

Try It for News or Advertising.

Sample Copy Free.

MANCHESTER.

In the southwest corner of Washtenaw County, 18 miles from Ann Arbor, the County Seat and Commercial Center, 9 miles from Jackson, the Prison City; 44 miles from Detroit; 16 miles from Toledo. At Junction of Jackson and Ypsilanti Branches of the Lake Shore Railway. Best Telephone, W. U. Telegraph, Municipal Electric Lighting Plant. Three Good Water Powers. Rich Farming, Fruit and Stock Section. Everything Up-to-Date.

SOCIETIES.

MANCHESTER LODGE No. 146, F. & A. M. meets at Masonic Hall Monday Evening on or before each full moon. Visiting brothers are invited. Frank G. Ives, W. M. Ira H. Root, Secretary.

MERIDIAN CHAPTER No. 43, R. & A. M., meets at Masonic Hall, Wednesday Evening on or before each full moon. Companions cordially welcome.
A. Root, Sec. F. E. Spafard, H. P.

ADONIRAM COUNCIL, No. 24, R. & S. M., meets at Masonic Hall, Tuesday Evening after each full moon. All visiting Masters are welcome. Mat D. Blosser, G. W. Case, Recorder. T. I. M.

MANCHESTER CHAPTER No. 181, O. E. S., meets at Masonic Hall, Friday Evening on or before full moon. Visiting members are welcome. Mrs. Hattie Speigelberg, W. M. Mae Lucy Sabin, W. Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. E. M. CONKLIN,
General Practice
Particular attention given to Chronic Diseases.
MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN.

DR. E. A. LOWERY
Dentist
MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN
Office over Exchange Bank. Phone 89
Office Hours: 8:30 a. m. to 12 m.
1 to 5 p. m.

G. A. SERVIS
Is prepared to do all kinds of Dental Work.
General and Local Anaesthetic for Painless Extraction. Office upstairs in Servis Building.

P. A. SCHEURER
Physician and Surgeon
Office and Residence, corner Jefferson and Beaufait streets. Office hours: Until 9:00 a. m., 12 to 2 and 6 to 8 p. m.

B. A. TRACY
Physician and Surgeon
Office and Residence on Ann Arbor Street. Office Hours from 7 to 9 a. m., from 12 to 1 and from 7 to 9 p. m.

C. F. KAPP
Physician and Surgeon
Office at Residence on Clinton street. Hours 9 to 10 a. m., and from 1 to 3 p. m.
MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN

L. DAVISSON, M. D. C.,
Veterinary Surgeon,
MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN
Office at Hotel Green. Phone No. 48.

A. J. WATERS
Attorney
Notary at Law. Office over Union Savings Bank
MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN

LEO L. WATKINS
Lawyer
Office in Watkins Block over Paul Brothers Store.
MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN

F. D. MERITHEW
Licensed Auctioneer
MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN
Sales in Village or Country will be promptly attended to on reasonable terms.
Dates can be secured at Enterprise Office.

BRIEGEL & LAUTERHAHN
Manchester Hotel Barbers
Shaving, Shampooing, Haircutting. Etc.
Hot and Cold Baths.

J. E. BOWLER
City Meat Market
MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN
Dealer in Fresh and Salted Meats and Poultry. Steam Sausage Maker.

LOUIS KUEBLER
Tinsmith and Plumber.
MANCHESTER, MICHIGAN
Hot Troughs, Tanks, Bath Tubs, Closets, Sinks, etc. Also Repairing Done Promptly.

MAT D. BLOSSER
Printer and Binder.
Best Facilities for doing all kinds of Commercial, School, Township and Lodge Work.

FARMERS!
Ask to see Sample and get prices of
LETTER HEADS AND ENVELOPES
With your name printed on. We can supply Wedding Stationery at reasonable Prices.
ENTERPRISE

Order your
Wedding Stationery
Of the ENTERPRISE
Various Sizes. Latest Styles
Lowest Prices.
Visiting and Business Cards and Envelopes.
MANCHESTER ENTERPRISE,
Manchester, Mich.

Blotting Paper.
WRITE AND COLORED
at the ENTERPRISE Office.

ENVELOPES!
ALL SIZES
Plain or Fancy Colored, sold by box or package
Printed or plain, at the
Enterprise Office

M. N. G. PICTURES ARE APPROVED

MICHIGAN MAN'S IDEA WILL BE COMMENDED TO OTHER STATES.

INTERURBAN FROM MUSKEGON TO SAGINAW.

Birmingham Farmer Finds Interesting Relics of Prehistoric Race, Other Items of State Interest Given in Brief.

The authorities in the war department are so favorably impressed with the moving pictures of the Michigan National Guard encampment exhibited by Major Phillips, of this state, that the same system will be recommended for other states.

Major Phillips's pictures, which were shown recently to the secretary of war, Editor-General Wood, and the members of the general's staff, presents a splendid idea of the work that is being done by the National guard.

Interurban Road is Organized

To promote an interurban railway from Muskegon to Saginaw the Muskegon-Canovia Land and Development Co. has been organized. The organizers are Norman B. Lawson and James L. Smith of Muskegon, W. W. Putney of Kent City, James L. Davis of Ada, Davis and John O. Fralich of Casnovia. Mr. Lawson is president, Messrs. Norris, Putney and Fralich vice-presidents Mr. Davis treasurer and Mr. Smith secretary.

It is planned to raise funds for building as far as Casnovia and Kent City, 26 miles, within the next few months. From Kent City east the proposition would be taken up with Cedar Springs, Belding and other places on the route to Saginaw.

Finds Work of Prehistoric Race.

August Heinze, a farmer, three and one-half miles northeast of Birmingham, while digging a basement for a new barn, discovered a quantity of hand-made pottery, supposed to have been made and buried by a prehistoric race of Indians. It is thought that Indians from Mexico or Central America came north in the summer, made this pottery to cook their food in and when they went south to winter buried it so they would have it to use the next summer.

Jury Allows Big Verdict

After deliberating six hours a circuit court jury at Pontiac returned a verdict of $5,450 in favor of Fred J. Evans, administrator of the estate of Dr. David C. Harsen, and against the G. T. R. company. Harsen was a year engineer and was killed at Durant when a car on which he was working suddenly started. The accident occurred December 12, 1910, when Harsen was 19 years old. He was survived by a widow.

To Extend Line to Port Huron.

Residents of Port Huron and the Thumb district have received assurance that Handy Bros. new railroad from Bad Axe, Peck, Sargo and other towns will stop their city at Marlette instead of the Pere Marquette. The road is a private enterprise and 40 miles have been constructed, about, during the road for a cent. The Handy brothers have large coal and lumber interests and are rated at over a half million.

At the hearing of the petition of the Grand Rapids & Indiana Railroad Co. for a temporary injunction restraining the Michigan & Chicago interurban line from crossing their line at grade in the village of Plainwell, which was argued in the circuit court at Allegan, it developed that the electric company has purchased the right of way for a branch to run from Plainwell at least as far as Otsego, and that it is completed to Otsego and the trestle the branch will be abandoned.

Gov. Ferris announced the appointment of the following delegates to represent Michigan at the inland waterways congress, to be held in St. Louis, April 16 to 18: R. E. Olds, Lansing; A. E. Kanitz, Saginaw, Kalamazoo; T. B. Preston, Ionia; Charles Hosmer, Eaton Rapids; C. A. Fresland, Sturgis; Joseph Rankin, Bad Axe; George S. Corbett, St. Johns; Frank H. White, Niles; William R. Loutit, Grand Haven; William Savidge, Spring Lake; Adrian Cole, Grand Rapids; William Brosse, Holland; B. C. Hawk, Battle Creek; C. S. Mott, Flint; T. F. Narzon, Bay City.

Milford Roberts, the 4-year-old son of Seymour Roberts, of Somerset Center, was drowned when he fell over the railing of a bridge over a creek, which was swollen by the overflow from the mill pond.

A runaway section of logging cars that broke loose on the Michigan Central railroad near Jackson last week at Lodington when a train was backing down grade caused the instant death of Samuel Crane, a switchman. Crane was in the cars old and unmarried. He was coupling two cars which the train away smashed into.

MICHIGAN NEWS IN BRIEF

The county Young Men's Christian association at Allegan has secured E. B. Hagaman, of Cadillac, for county secretary.

For the purpose of inducing manufactures to locate plants in Middleville, the business men have organized and raised $12,000.

The Michigan Home missionary convention, in annual session at Grand Rapids, chose Pontiac for the next meeting place.

John S. Hamaker, a Detroit printer, has purchased the Mendon Globe-Leader, the only newspaper in Mendon, from W. A. Carpenter.

George P. Hummer, a furniture manufacturer of Grand Rapids, won a verdict of $2,950 against the Midland Casualty Co. for the loss of an eye.

The official track and field meet of the Michigan Interscholastic Athletic association will be held at the Michigan Agricultural college, East Lansing, June 7.

Rep. C. W. Smith has a bill before the legislature to change the name of the Lapeer Home for the Feeble-minded to the "Michigan Home and Training School."

Roy Kivel, 18 years old, of Holbrook, while leading a horse, was thrown to the ground and suffered injuries and exposure. He died seven hours later.

The Island Copper Co., in the upper peninsula, wants to give the state 90,000 acres of land on Isle Royale, providing the state will establish thereon a game preserve.

With the death of Mrs. Olive Stevens at her home north of Mason, 12 members of the family have died in the past nine months, two of them suffering violent deaths.

Ministers and undertakers at Jackson are taking a decided stand against Sunday funerals and have asked the boards of the local cemeteries to refuse to permit Sabbath burials.

Father Michael Dalton, of St. Mary's church of Saginaw, left on a European trip. It is his first vacation in 34 years, and before he departed his parishioners presented him a purse of gold of $1,600.

Mrs. Kate C. Pierce, widow of Edward O. Pierce, who was a wealthy merchant, died of a complication of diseases. She was a direct descendant of Mary Allerton, one of the Mayflower.

The Butterfield Amusement company, controlling a string of Michigan theaters, took over the Howland theater at Pontiac, which it has handled for several months on a sublease.

The city council of Hastings has set aside a portion of the second story of the city hall for library purposes. In this will be placed the present collections of books in the city schools and the Hastings Women's club.

The state board having decided to locate at Marquette a division of the naval reserves, Commander Grant T. Stephenson, of Wells, who heads the staff of officers of the Second battalion, has undertaken the organization.

Frank Generieki, aged 70, was drowned and his wife, aged 65, probably fatally injured, at Auburn, when their horse became balky and threw the buggy buggy in about four feet of water in a ditch alongside the road.

John Siermasiski, who on the afternoon of March 22 slew his 12-months-old baby, was found guilty of murder in the first degree and was sentenced by Judge Parkinson at Jackson to life imprisonment. The jury was out 30 minutes.

William Bjaune, 21 years old a member of the lifeboat crew at Ludington, has reported after having been missing for four days and given up for lost. He was blown out into Lake Michigan in his open skiff and drifted for 36 hours before he was blown ashore.

Complete plans for the proposed new lake front park, which is to cost Muskegon $35,000, have been turned over to the council. The proposed park will run out into Muskegon lake over 600 feet. A total of 1,700 feet of sheet piling will be used to hold the material for filling in the docks.

A robber attempted to gain entrance to the office of Gates brothers wood and coal yard at Pontiac. Charles Gates was sleeping in the office and while the intruder was picking bits of broken glass out of the frame Gates walloped him over the head with a poker. The intruder ran.

First term prisoners in the state prison are rejoicing over the action of the legislature granting to the prison board of control the right to purchase prison farms. Fully 150 prisoners will be affected, and many of them are looking forward to the day when they will be permitted to go out on the farms.

Frank Buckle, a resident of Palmyra township, was struck and instantly killed by a westbound Lake Shore train near Lenawee Junction at Adrian.

Attractive prizes have been offered by business men and manufacturers of Hastings, to the Junior Civic grammar grades, to encourage them to raise all kinds of flowers and vegetables.

A westbound Main street car struck and ran over James McCormick, a one-legged man, of Jackson. Physicians found it necessary to amputate McCormick's only remaining leg.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET WINS IN THE BALLOTING ON MONDAY

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT FOR EQUAL SUFFRAGE IN MICHIGAN LOSES OWING TO LIGHT VOTE IN RURAL DISTRICTS.

DETROIT DECIDES TO TRY MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP OF STREET RAILWAYS.

Judge Murphy Runs Ahead of Democratic Ticket and Seems for Awhile to Have Beaten Moore for Supreme Judgeship—Some Local Results.

Success for the republican ticket and defeat for the equal suffrage amendment marked the results of the balloting in Michigan on Monday.

Great interest was centered in the fight made for votes for women, but with the impassible condition of country roads making a light rural vote inevitable and the big majorities rolled up against the amendment in the large cities it early became evident that the battle was lost to the women.

Early returns indicated a sweeping victory for the republican state ticket, with the exception of one supreme judgeship which looked for awhile as though it would go to Murphy, democratic nominee.

HON. JOSEPH H. STEERE.
Elected Judge of Supreme Court.

Much strength had been lost by the equal suffrage movement since the last election, many counties reversing the large favorable majorities which they at that time gave to the amendment.

Municipal ownership amendment to Detroit's charter, won by a sweeping vote, approximating three to one.

The equal suffrage amendment was defeated by a vote of four to one in Detroit. Thirty-two precincts in Wayne county evidence a total vote of 4,703 against equal suffrage, and 1,639 for it.

Judge Alfred J. Murphy, democratic candidate for justice of the supreme court, was victorious in both city and county by a big lead, with Steere, Moore and Person trailing. The vote for Judge Murphy was much stronger in the city than in the county, his name carrying practically every precinct in Detroit.

150,000,000 Parcels Handled.

More than 150,000,000 parcels post packages were mailed during the first three months the system was in operation, according to computations announced by postal experts, and based on reports from the 50 largest post-offices. Approximately 55 per cent more business was handler in March than in January. Chicago leads all in other cities, 6,895,744 parcels being handled in two months; New York handled 5,973,075, and Boston 1,657,026.

Explosion Kills Four Men.

Four men were burned to death and others fatally injured in an explosion at the Homestead-steel works of the United States Steel corporation near Pittsburg.

Charles Quick, 80, wandered off a bridge and was drowned in Grand River at Grand Haven.

Jack Genulski, 70, of Bay City, received injuries from which he died when the wagon in which he and his wife were driving turned turtle and pinned them beneath it in a ditch.

Fire broke out in Heath & Butler's general store at Port Austin, threatening for a time to whip out the village under a stiff wind. Good work kept the fire from other buildings, but the general store was gutted.

Benjamin Taylor, 35 years old, a farmer who lived near Saranac, set fire to the mattress in a cell in the jail at Lowell, and died from suffocation. It is thought Taylor attempted to light his pipe and dropped a blazing match on the bed.

Scores of persons narrowly escaped serious injury when a rush was made for the doors of the Bijou theater after some persons had shouted "fire." The theater was packed with women and children. Prompt work on the part of the theater police prevented a serious panic.

CONGRESS GOES TO WORK MONDAY

SIXTY-THIRD CONGRESS CONVENES IN WASHINGTON MONDAY.

PRESIDENT SMASHES PRECEDENT OF LONG STANDING.

Clark is Re-elected Speaker of the House by Straight Party Vote—Women Invade Capitol With Petitions.

The sixty-third congress, the first in many years with the followers of Thomas Jefferson in a majority, began business at noon Monday.

Just as Speaker Clark was dropping his gavel in the house, Majority Leader Underwood dropped the tariff revision bill into the hopper and thereby officially started a business that promises to keep congress at work through the Woodrow Wilson "dog days" and well into August.

While the legislators were finding their new seats, a procession of women suffragists representing every congressional district in the U. S. invaded the capitol and presented petitions demanding amendment for equal suffrage.

In the house the first day's proceedings were principally of organization. The re-election of Speaker Clark was the first business after about a hundred new members had been sworn.

The democratic candidate received 271 votes; James R. Mann, of Illinois, Rep., 111 votes, and Victor Murdoch, of Kansas, Prog., 18 votes.

Four progressive republicans voted for Rep. Cooper, of Wisconsin. Mr. Cooper voted for Rep. Nelson, of Minnesota.

These votes (271, 111 and 18) represent the strength of the three parties in the house.

On Tuesday President Wilson read in person his message to congress. This is the first time in one hundred and thirty years that this has been done. The president explains that his only object was to get into close personal touch with the legislator. The text of the message will be found in another column of this issue.

To Debate New Constitution

Arrangements were completed at Columbus, Ohio, for a series of joint debates to be offered from coast to coast next fall between Rev. Herbert S. Bigelow of Cincinnati, president of Ohio's recent constitutional convention, and former Governor Frank Hanly of Indiana, on the question: "Resolved, that the federal constitution is outmoded and obsolete and should be amended or altered in its fundamentals or a new one substituted." Mr. Bigelow will take the affirmative and former Governor Hanly the negative side of the question.

Labor Leaders are Liberated

William D. Haywood, leader of the International Workers of the World, and Adolph Lessig, strike leader, walked out of the supreme court house at Patterson, N. J., a free man. He and his comrade had been liberated from the charge of unlawful assembly, for which more than 200 strikers are now awaiting trial, on the eve of the alleged leaders assaulting throng of strikers set up a night's shout. The judge held that it is the duty of people have a right to gather to discuss their grievances with certain restrictions, whether these grievances have any basis or not.

Two Killed in B. and O. Wreck.

Two men were killed, four scalded, two of them severely, and five others injured when eastbound passengers train No. 6 on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, ran through an open switch at North Baltimore, Ohio, and the engine torn loose from the rest of the train crashed through the depot at Northwestern avenue.

Fireman Jackson was killed instantly. Grand Mason the other dead man, was in the baggage room. His entire body was scalded by escaping steam.

Would Drive Out Lean Sharks

Sixty members of big Chicago industrial enterprises, employing an aggregate of 100,000 persons, have subscribed a fund whereby they expect to drive local loan "sharks" out of business.

The scheme is the simple one of establishing a loan agency of their own and for this purpose $50,000 has been paid in.

Between 200 and 250 subscribers of the Valley Home Telephone company at Mayville have delivered their phoes to the manager of the local office because of an advance in rates.

The private bank at Gobleseville, which closed some weeks ago, will reopen as a state bank. Citizens have subscribed for a $25,000 stock issue. Stanley Sackett, owner of the private bank, has turned over all his holdings to a special committee and it is expect will be reimbursed that depositors will receive dollar for dollar.

Manchester Enterprise
BY MAT D. BLOSSER.
THURSDAY, APRIL 10, 1913

MASTERS OF SELF-DEFENSE

Skill of the Japanese at Jujutsu is a Marvel to the Visitor From Western Countries.

In his book on "The Fighting Spirit of Japan," E. J. Harrison says of jujutsu: "The word jujutsu, in the older nomenclature, is written with two ideographs, the first 'ju' meaning to obey, submit to, weak soft, pliable, and the second meaning 'art' or science." The use of the first character is intended to imply that 'jujutsu' relies for its triumphs not upon brute strength, but upon skill and finesse, the ability to win by appearing to yield. Thus in 'jujutsu' the opponent undermost may have the other at his mercy; instead of the novice he may appear to be defeated. 'Jujutsu' is the art which every warrior (noble or warrior) under the feudal regime was compelled to learn and it was often a point of honor among the high-minded ones, if attacked by a vulgar opponent, whether with or without a weapon, to try first to overcome him by means of jujutsu before drawing their own sword. Nowadays, however, jujutsu is no longer a monopoly of the military, and in the various 'dojo' or schools in the large cities render it possible for any respectable person to practice it."

Mr. Harrison tells of an expert who was sitting in a restaurant when he "noticed two of a coolie party rudely threw him downstairs. The coolie returned to the fray with 14 comrades, but the expert calmly sat on the head of the stairs and as fast as the coolies came up in single file, owing to the narrowness of the passage, he simply choked them in detail and hurled them down again. In the excitement of the moment he was rather more severe than was strictly necessary, and so broke one man's neck. The rest fled in terror, carrying of their dead or wounded. The 'judo' expert was arrested, but as he was easily able to prove that he had been one man against 15 he was, of course, acquitted. Nevertheless, the kodokwan temporarily suspended him for the conduct, which was deemed unduly violent."

Violence above what the combat calls for is generally condemned in jujutsu. Mr. Harrison quotes a native exponent, who says: "The employment of violent physical strength in jujutsu is not desirable, but is sometimes admissible. The pupil, however, who has not completely mastered his art must avoid the reckless use of force, which tends to hamper the free movement of the body and limbs, and, therefore, to prevent him from learning the mystery of the art."

Cliff Dwellings in Utah.

Cliff dwellings more than 1,000 years old and buildings of even greater age have been discovered in Utah according to D. B. Miller, assistant supervisor of the general land office, who has been at the head of a surveying party in that state for the last nine months.

"The cliff dwellings we found in Utah undoubtedly are many hundred of years-old," said Mr. Miller. "They were undoubtedly built by the Mound Builders. The Indians have also built on the Mesa lands, and many interesting structures were found behind the surface of the ground. In Utah are three natural bridges that are more wonderful than the natural bridge of Virginia. All are wide and two considerably higher than the Virginia bridge. One of these bridges has a span of more than 200 feet and the arch is more than 100 feet from the ground. It seems almost to have been made by man. White people rarely have visited these wonders of nature."

Forewarned.

A popular Cleveland doctor tells this story of a boy he knew who, though had reached the mature age of nine after 48 early career marked by many ups and downs, decided to quit.

His restless nature had made him somewhat of a torment to his teacher at times, and one afternoon not long ago she kept him after the others were dismissed and had a serious talk with him. Perhaps she was intimating that her admonitions were falling on stony ground. Anyway, she finally said: "I certainly will be glad to see your father to come and see me."

"Don't you do it," said the boy.

The teacher thought she had made an impression.

"Yes," she repeated. "I must send for your father."

"You better not," said the boy.

"Why not?" inquired the teacher.

"Because he charges $2 a visit," said the scamp.

Natural Query.

"I am going to start in tomorrow to do my own cooking."

"Can you afford life insurance does your husband carry?"

It Sounded So.

Mr. Todhunter—What's the baby screaming about now?

Mrs. Todhunter—She wants the moon.

Mr. Torbunter—Oh, is that all? She was making such a racket I thought she wanted the ballot.—Puck.

Improving Slowly.

"I guess we are coming along."

"Yes?"

"We had a murder trial the other day that wasn't called a 'travesty on justice.'"

Tempering the Blow.

Assistant Editor—Well have to send that poem of today's manuscript back. Her story is too pathetic for our pages.

Editor—Sprinkle a few dops of water over it; she'll think they are tear drops.

Exaggerated Eye.

"Flimbock seems to have a high opinion of himself."

"Yes, indeed. Why, every time Flimbock shows himself he thinks he's making history."

PROPOSED TARIFF ON MANY ITEMS

A Concise Statement of the Changes Made by New Bill.

COMMODITIES ON FREE LIST

Rates Raised on Some Luxuries—Raw Wool Placed on Free List and Sugar Given Heavy Reduction—Farm Products Reduced.

Washington.—Important changes in rates on variety of commodities in the new tariff bill now before congress follow:

Barley malt, from 45 cents to 25 cents a bushel.

Buckwheat, from 15 cents to 8 cents a bushel.

Corn, from 15 cents to 10 cents a bushel.

Rice, cleaned, from 2 cents to 1 cent a pound.

Wheat, from 25 cents to 10 cents a bushel.

Starch, from 6 cents to 3 cents a pound.

Cheese, from 6 cents a pound to 20 per cent ad valorem.

Beans, from 45 cents to 25 cents a pound.

Eggs, from 5 cents to 2 cents per dozen.

Nursery cuttings and seedlings, from 25 per cent to 15 per cent.

Asparagus, fresh, from 25 per cent to 15 per cent.

Apples, peaches, etc., from 25 cents to 10 cents a bushel.

Raisins, from 2½ cents to 2 cents a pound.

Currants—Present rate 1½ cents pound, proposed rate 17 cents for package under 1½ cubic feet, 25 cents for package of 2½ cubic feet, 70 cents for package up to 5 cubic feet, ½ cent a pound for lemons in bulk or in large packages.

Oranges, limes, grapefruit, etc.—Present rate 1 cent pound, proposed rate same as lemons.

Pineapples, from 8 cents to 6 cents a cubic foot capacity of barrels or packages, from $5 to $3 a thousand in bulk.

Chocolate Wafers—Present rate when valued from 15 cents to 24 cents, 2½ cents a pound and 10 per cent ad valorem additional; proposed rate 8 per cent ad valorem.

Value of Raw Wool a Factor.

Woolen manufactured goods and clothing—Present rate, 11 cents, based in many cases on value of raw wool. Comparison is here made with the equivalent ad valorem duties as previously estimated by the ways and means committee on wool prices in 1909:

Combed wool and tops, from 105 per cent to 15 per cent.

Woolen fabrics, felts and manufactured goods, from 97 per cent to 35 per cent.

Suspenders, ribbons, bindings, etc., from 83 per cent to 35 per cent.

Cotton manufactures:

Blankets and covers, etc., from 55 to 35 per cent.

Garters, suspenders, etc., from 45 per cent to 25 per cent.

Table cloths, from 40 to 25 per cent.

Lace curtains, etc., from 60 to 45 per cent.

Miscellaneous cotton goods, from 42 to 35 per cent.

Earthenware and Glassware.

Cement from 8 cents a hundred pounds to 5 per cent ad valorem.

Lime from 5 cents a hundred pounds to 5 per cent ad valorem.

China clay, a ton, from $2.50 to $1.25.

Fuller's earth, manufactured, from $3 to $1.50 a ton.

Mica, manufactured, from 5 cents and 20 per cent additional a pound to 30 per cent ad valorem.

Scrap iron, dealers', from 60 per cent to 55 per cent ad valorem; chinaware, plain white, from 55 per cent to 50 per cent ad valorem.

Cut and decorated glass from 60 per cent to 45 per cent ad valorem.

Cut glass tumblers, from 50 cents a square foot to 7 cents and 12 cents a square foot.

Marble, rough, from 65 cents to 50 cents a cubic foot.

Marble articles from 50 per cent to 40 per cent ad valorem.

Granite and building stone, dressed, from 50 per cent to 25 per cent ad valorem.

Iron, steel and metal products:

Reduction on Automobiles.

Automobiles and motorcycles, 45 per cent to 40 per cent.

Ferromanganese, from $2.50 a ton to 10 per cent.

Round iron from $6 to $12 a ton to 8 per cent.

Iron and steel forgings from 30 per cent to 15 per cent.

Ball and roller bearings from 45 to 35 per cent.

Sheet steel or iron, now $6 to $18, cut to 10 per cent.

Tin plate, now $24 a ton, cut to 20 per cent.

Shotguns and rifles, now $2.25 to $10 each, changed to 35 per cent.

Table and kitchen ware, from 40 to 25 per cent.

Steam engines, printing presses, machine tools, from 20 to 15 per cent.

Embroidering and lace making machines, now free, made dutiable at 25 per cent.

The schedule carries a blanket clause that articles or wares not specially mentioned shall pay 50 per cent.

Kitchen Sink.

The pipe that is hidden from view should be just as clean as the porcelain part. Greasy water, and little bits of this and that finding their way into the pipe soon clog it. This sometimes occasions a plumber's bill and sometimes illness. A sink strainer should be in every sink and all liquids should be poured through this, as a protection to the pipe. Every dish to be washed should be cleaned of particles of food before going into the water. Milk should never be poured down the sink. These are preventions, in sink care. Corrective are clean boiling water and common washing soda dissolved in it. A good flushing with this every day keeps or so will keep the pipe clean.

The Things We Hear.

"Ever Ma Mamalia?"

"Yes, once."

"Is what part?"

"Sherlock in 'The Memory Lane.'"

If wholly or partly of platinum, gold or silver, and 25 per cent, if wholly or in chief value composed of iron, steel, lead, copper, nickel, pewter, zinc, aluminum or other metal. Tableware, penknives and watch movements are required to bear the names of the manufacturer and country of origin.

Lead bearing ore, from 1½ cents a pound to half a cent.

As to Aluminum and Lead.

Aluminum, from 7 cents a pound to 25 per cent.

Antimony, from 1 cent a pound to 10 per cent.

Lead bullion, from 2 1-2 cents a pound to 25 per cent.

Nickel pigs, from 6 cents a pound to 10 per cent.

Chemicals, oils and paints:

Alkalis and compounds, from 25 per cent. ad valorem to 15 per cent.

Alum, etc., from ¾ cent a pound to 15 per cent. ad valorem.

Bleaching powder, from 1-5 cent to 1-10 cent a pound.

Fruit oils and essences, from $1 a pound to 20 per cent. ad valorem.

Refined and bleached oil, from 15 cents a gallon to 12 cents.

Cod, seal and white oil, from 7 cents a gallon to 5 cents.

Crude opium, from $1.50 a pound to $2.

Prepared opium, from $2 a pound to $4.

Ocher and other earths: Present rates range from ¼ cent to 1 cent a pound; proposed rate 5 per cent. ad valorem.

Sprites mineral, from 3¼ cents a pound to 25 per cent.

Zinc oxide, from 1 cent a pound to 10 per cent.

Paints, colors, etc., from 30 per cent to 15 per cent.

Varnish, from 3 cents a pound to 25 per cent.

Sponges, from 20 per cent to 10 per cent.

Reduction in Silk Goods.

Chiffons, clothing, ready-made, articles or wearing apparel not specially enumerated, including knit goods, from 60 per cent. to 50 per cent. ad valorem.

Woven fabrics, from 50 per cent. to 45 per cent. ad valorem.

Velvets, corduroys, ribbons of artificial and imitation silk or horse hair, from 45 cents a pound and 60 per cent. ad valorem additional, to 60 per cent. ad valorem.

Lumber and wood:

Timber, logs, free, to 15 per cent.

Osier or willow for basketmakers' use, from 25 per cent. to 10 per cent.

Willow furniture, from 45 to 25 per cent.

Details of the Sugar Schedule.

The sugar schedule eliminates the Dutch standard of color and reduces the basic rate on sugar testing by the polariscope not above 75 degrees from 1 cent a pound to 1-10 cent a pound. For each additional degree shown by the polariscope test the additional duty is reduced from twenty-five hundredth of 1 cent a pound to twenty-six one-thousandths of 1 cent a pound.

The other items in the cane sugar section are changed as follows: Molasses, testing not above 40 degrees, from 20 to 15 per cent. ad valorem; testing above 40 and not above 56 degrees, from 20 cents to 2½ cents a gallon; testing above 56 degrees, from 6 cents to 4½ cents a gallon. At the end of the section the following clause is added: "Provided that three years after the day when this act shall take effective the duties imposed on sugars enumerated in this paragraph shall thereafter be admitted free of duty."

Maple sugar and refined sirups, from 4 to 3 cents a pound.

Glucose or grape sugar, from 1½ to 1¼ cents a pound.

Unmanufactured sugar cane, from 20 to 15 per cent.

(A portion placing the articles in this section on the free list after three years is also included.)

Sugar candy valued at—45 cents a pound or less from 4 cents a pound and 15 per cent. ad valorem to 2 cents a pound and 15 per cent. ad valorem; 15 cents a pound, from 50 to 25 per cent.

(Cuban sugars by treaty arrangements come in at a 20-per-cent reduction from the regular duties.)

Scrap iron and steel, from a general classification at a rate of 55 cents a pound, and given an individual classification of 10 per cent ad valorem.

Flax, hemp and jute:

Flax, hackled, from 3 to 1¼ cents a pound.

Tow and flax, from 12½ to 10 cents.

Hemp and tow of hemp, from 1 cent to ¾ cent a pound.

Hemp, hackled, from 2 to 1 cent a pound.

Mattings, Linoleum, Etc.

Floor mattings, from 3½ cents to ½ cent a square yard.

Linoleum and oilcloth, now classified from 8 cents a square and 25 per cent. to 10 cents a square yard and 20 per cent. reclassified at the following rates—plain or stamped linoleum, 30 per cent.; inlaid linoleum, 35 per cent.; oilcloth, 15 per cent.

Pile fabrics, from 60 to 40 per cent.

Sailor or jackets of single jute yarns, from ¾ cents a pound and 15 per cent. to 25 per cent.

Paper and Books:

Printing paper (other than paper commercially known as hand made or machine made paper, japan paper and imitation Japan paper by whatever name known), unsized, sized or glazed, suitable for the printing of books and newspapers, but not for covers or bindings, not specially provided for in this section, valued above 2½ cents a pound, 12 per cent. ad valorem: "Provided, however, that if any country, dependency, province or other subdivision of government shall impose any export duty, export license fee or other charge of any kind whatsoever (whether in form of additional charge, or license fee, or otherwise) upon printing paper, wood pulp or wood for use in the manufacture of wood pulp, there shall be imposed upon printing paper, when imported either directly or indirectly from such country, dependency, province, or other subdivision of government, an additional duty equal to the amount of such country, dependency, province or other subdivision of government, upon printing paper, wood pulp or wood for use in the manufacture of wood pulp."

Writing paper, from 3 cents a pound and 15 per cent. ad valorem to 25 per cent.

Envelopes, from 20 to 15 per cent.

Books, from 25 per cent. to 15 per cent.

Photograph albums, from 35 per cent. to 25 per cent.

Manufactures of paper, from 35 to 25 per cent.

Sundries:

Straw hats, unblocked and untrimmed, 35 per cent. to 25 per cent.

Brushes and feather dusters, from 40 to 35 per cent.

Fireworks, from 12 to 10 cents a pound.

Gunpowder valued at less than 20 cents a pound, from 2 cents to ¼ cent a pound; valued over 20 cents a pound, from 4 cents to 1 cent a pound.

Furs, Hats, Gloves.

Furs, dressed on skin, from 20 to 30 per cent.; partly manufactured furs, from 50 to 40 per cent.; furs for hatters' use, from 20 to 15 per cent.

Hats, bonnets and hoods of felt, valued under the classification of the present law from $1.50 a dozen and 20 per cent. ad valorem to $7 a dozen and 20 per cent., placed in the new bill at 40 per cent. ad valorem.

Women's glace gloves, from $1.25 to $1 a dozen when not over 14 inches in length; an additional 5 cents a pair and a dozen for each inch in length over 14 inches.

Women's kid gloves, from $3 to $2 a dozen, not over 14 inches in length; an additional 25 cent tax a dozen for each inch over 14 inches in length.

Cumulative duty on lined gloves, cotton lined, from $1 to 25 cents a dozen; silk or wool lined, from $1 to 50 cents a dozen; fur lined, from $1 to $2.

Musical instruments, from 45 to 35 per cent.

Phonographs, from 45 to 25 per cent.

Photographic plates, from 25 to 15 per cent.

Moving picture films, from 25 to 20 per cent.

Umbrellas and sun shades, from 50 to 20 per cent.

The schedule carries a general provision increasing the duty on manufactured articles not specifically provided for in the section from 15 to 20 per cent. Unmanufactured articles remain at 15 per cent.

NEW INCOME TAX STARTS AT $4,000

Elaborate Provision for Graduated Payment System in New Tariff Bill.

Washington, D. C.—Included in the Democratic tariff revision bill is an income tax section, which would require every resident of the United States who earns more than $4,000 a year to pay a tax of 1 per cent. on his earnings in excess of the exemption. This would not compel the man who earns only $4,000 to pay a tax, but it would demand that one who earned $4,100, for example, pay into the government treasury an annual tax of 1 per cent. on $100, or $1.

The bill also would provide higher rates of taxation for persons with larger incomes, adding a surtax of 1 per cent. additional on earnings in excess of $20,000; 2 per cent. additional on earnings in excess of $50,000, and 3 per cent. additional on earnings in excess of $100,000.

How Surtax Would Be Imposed.

Under the surtax provisions the man who earns $20,000 would pay to the government each year at the rate of 1 per cent. on $16,000 ($4,000 exempt), or $160. If he earns $30,000 he would pay 1 per cent. on $16,000, and 2 per cent. on $10,000, making his annual tax $360. The person with a $50,000 income would pay 1 per cent. on $16,000 and 2 per cent. on $30,000—a total tax of $760. The man with an income of $100,000 would be required to pay 1 per cent. on $16,000, 2 per cent. on $30,000, and 3 per cent. on $50,000, which would be $1,500, bringing his total income tax to $2,260. Anyone with a net income of a million would pay this $2,260 on his first $100,000 and in addition he would pay 3 per cent. on $900,000, which would bring his total tax to $28,260.

This bill also would repeal the present corporation tax law, imposing a 1 per cent. tax on the earnings of corporations, stock companies, insurance companies and the like, but it would exempt partnerships. This is the law, that, being so graduated in scale as the earnings increase. The few changes from the present corporation tax act, concern chiefly the time of making returns and the time for collection.

The bill includes under its provisions the property and earnings in this country of persons who live abroad.

May Bring in $100,000,000.

It is estimated by members of the ways and means committee that approximately $100,000,000 in revenue may be derived from this new tax, including the corporation tax, that amount making up for the deficit in revenues to be derived from imports by virtue of the proposed reductions and the transfer to the free list of articles that are classed as necessaries of living.

Incomes of taxable persons shall include gains, profits and income derived from salaries, wages or compensation for personal service of whatever kind and in whatever form paid, or from professions, vocations, business, trade, commerce or sales or dealings in property, also from interest, rent, dividends, securities, income from the rental value of farms and ranches, royalties, and from property, income from but not the value of property acquired by bequest, gift, devise or descent, and also proceeds of life insurance policies paid upon death of persons insured.

Provision Made for Deductions.

The bill allows as deductions in computing net income all necessary expenses actually incurred in carrying on any business, not including personal living or family expenses, interest accrued and payable within the year by a taxable person on indebtedness; all national, state, county, school, municipal and municipal taxes, not including local benefit taxes; losses incurred in trade or from fires, storms or shipwreck not compensated for by insurance or otherwise; debts actually ascertained as worthless and charged off; also reasonable allowance for wear and tear on property; but no deduction will be allowed for expenses in construction or improvements made to increase property value.

It excepts also, in computing net income, amounts received as dividends upon the stock of any corporation, joint stock company, association or insurance company which has paid upon its net income under the corporation tax provision of the bill.

Without any recommendation of the president of the United States during his term, that of judges of the Supreme and federal courts of the United States, and compensation of all officers and employes of a state or any political subdivision thereof.

System of Collection Framed.

It establishes a system of collection of the tax at its source, requiring all corporations, joint stock companies, associations or insurance companies, receivers, trustees, assignees, administrators, receivers, etc., and officers and employes of the United States having the control or payment of salaries, wages, interest and other profits and income of another person to withhold and pay to the collector of internal revenue the amount of income tax due from such person. All such returns are made personally liable for such tax.

Persons or corporations liable to make returns of income who fail to do so at a specified time, are made liable to a fine not exceeding $500 and imprisonment for failure to make returns—is fixed at $1,000 or imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both.

"In formulating this additional tax post," said Chairman Underwood in his report, "the attempt has been made to provide not only for a source of revenue, but also a means of redressing in some measure the unequal burdens which result from the practice of basing the federal income entirely upon customs and internal revenue taxes, which fall with the greatest intensity upon the necessities of life. This system of taxation which inevitably throws the burden of supporting the government upon those who can ill afford the comforts, if correspondingly exempts the men of larger income, whose consumption of dutiable articles would not be fairly subject to tariff taxation in a fair and aggregate degree than is that of small income earners. It places the greater proportion of their resources for the ordinary necessaries of life."

Underwood Defends Plan.

Speaking of the principle of taxation laid down and the graduated system proposed, Mr. Underwood declared:

"The progressive principle already has been sustained by the Supreme court of the United States in the inheritance tax cases and there can be no doubt, that the same principle applies to the income tax included in this bill and will be fully upheld should it ever be called into question.

"Owing to defects in personal property taxation, the larger incomes in the United States have for many years been able to escape with less than their share of the general burden of taxation, and this inequity will be, it is believed, in part overcome by the plan proposed.

"The bill provides that all taxable persons shall be notified of the amount for which they are liable under the law on or before the 1st day of June of each year and assessments must be paid on or before June 30. For delay in making payments and ten days after notice, there shall be added the sum of 5 per cent. of the amount of tax unpaid and interest at the rate of 1 per cent. a month from the time the tax fell due.

The corporation tax provision, it is directed, shall be computed upon income for the year ending December 31, 1912, and for each calendar year thereafter. It is provided, however, that corporations may designate the last day of any month as the day of the ending of the business year for which they have the tax computed on the basis of net income ending on its designated date.

All labor, agricultural, horticultural, fraternal, religious and mutual benefit societies are made exempt from the tax.

Has the Earmarks.

Guide—In front of you is the national capital.

Miss Guest—Oh, isn't it angelic!

Mr. Groch—Angelic? Why, young man, what can you speak of it as being angelic?

Miss Gush—Well, it has wings, hasn't it?

No Child is Really Bad.

No child can be really bad if he has had the right training. If the children of the world were curbed in a wholesome and reasonable way we would see a great deal less of wilful waywardness and sweetness.

If they were taught to be manly and wicked they would sting like young serpents or claw and scratch like little tigers, or bite like wolves.

Instead they coo and play and howl to stretch their lungs.

The child of five years is a torment, if he is cruel to animals, if he is lacking in respect for older people, it is because his mother does not understand that a little discipline is a great blessing.

The intelligent mother who permits her child to grow into a young demon should be ashamed of herself and by all by the child.

For painting wires a Pennsylvanian has patented two stiff brushes that revolve against each other; no paint is used, but wires by compressed air from a reservoir.

HOLY DAY OF REST

Sabbath Wisely Set Aside for the Worship of God and the Needs of Humanity.

It is worth while to allude often to Prof. Carl Hilty's delightful book on "Happiness," and especially to its glorification of work.

One of Professor Hilty's strong points is that no one has a real right to the rest of Sunday unless he has toiled during the preceding six days.

The keeping of the Sabbath among the ancient Jews was counted a cardinal virtue. It extended even to their plants, which could not be watered or plucked on that day. Of course, the ceremonies of the priests, as of those of all sects in our own day, were not accounted as labor.

We can only fully realize the intensity of the old Jewish feeling for the day when we consider that it was a deliberate breach of the Sabbath was punishable by death.

That the national feeling on this subject approached fanaticism is seen by the record that a Jewish statesman, who had attained to great fame among the Romans, on the hour had struck for the beginning of the Sabbath. It was the Sabbath when Pompey, in the books of the Maccabees, from Josephus and from Plutarch, that the Jewish leaders refused to have anything to do with him, even suffering their enemies to cut them down rather than to desecrate the day.

Sabbath Rigors Mitigated.

"Prudent commanders, however," says Doctor Geikie, "took the great advantage thus given the enemy, observed the Sabbath rest only so far as they did not on that day from offensive operations."

The Pharisees, Essenes and Sadducees in the time of Christ made their chief stickters for the old rigor. They split the very smallest of hairs in their efforts to make themselves among them to give medicine to save life; but to give it merely to make the sick more comfortable was forbidden.

Recent discoveries, as related by Delitzsch and others, indicate that a seventh day of rest was observed by among many, perhaps most, of the ancient nations, and markedly among the Babylonians. Astronomy is said to have been early felt that the repose of the night did not suffice for the refreshment of the human mind, and that in addition a whole day of rest was needed as often as once in each week.

The Jew keeps the Sabbath as a festival. After a brief, ceremonious religious service he comes home during the morning, feasting and pleasure are the order of the day. The Jew's conception that Isa. 18:13, 14 enjoins this as meaning, "If thou turn away thy foot from the sabbath, from doing thy pleasure on my holy day, and call the Sabbath a delight, the holy of the Lord, honorable, then shalt thou delight thyself in the Lord, and I will cause thee to ride upon the high places of the earth."

Make Sabbath Day of Feasting.

Doctor Geikie, of the Great Britain, says: "So convinced are the Jews that one way of honoring the Sabbath is by feasting, that they commence fast the preceding day to enable them to eat the more at the Sabbath meals."

In the Christian church the methods are very different. We consider this day as sacred to the higher spiritual life, and we feel that it should be subject to tariff taxation in a fair less aggregate degree than is that of small income earners. It places the greater proportion of their resources for the ordinary necessaries of life."

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The Bible: What It Is

By REV. WILLIAM EVANS,
Director of Bible Course,
Moody Bible Institute, Chicago

TEXT—II Tim. 3:16.

The Bible is the Book of God and religion. There are other books besides the Bible, we are told, that reveal God to us; e. g., the book of nature, and the book of providence. We admit that nature reveals God to us. That the heavens declare the glory of God, and the firmament shows his handiwork, we do not for a moment deny. Nature is vocal with theology. Nor would we question the statement that God manifests himself through history and providence. Victor Hugo said: "Waterloo was God." By that he meant that God showed his hand in that great war and turned the scales of destiny into another channel. The history of all nations is replete with marked interference of God. Conquerors have come from the east nor from the west. It is God who setteth up one nation, and pulleth down another.

The knowledge of God that comes to us from these sources, however, is not sufficient fully to satisfy the human heart. Nature tells us of God, but does not adequately describe him to us. We want to know God as he is in himself. Nature and providence do not satisfy humanity. We need some other and deeper vision of God. We want to know something about his person, nature and attributes; his relations with his creatures, his plans and purposes and what displeases him; what are his ethical, moral and spiritual standards. To these questions nature, nor history, nor yet providence affords an adequate answer. Where shall we go? Shall we ask the wisdom of the world? Shall we go to the philosophers? Shall we go to the scientist or to the theologian? Shall we go to the Koran, the Vedas, etc. There can be no real comparison. The Bible is not to be put on the same plane as these books. None of them claim to be inspired. The Bible claims for itself; nor did any one of their authors claim for himself what the Bible claims for itself. The authors of the Bible claim for themselves. The Christian must be very careful in the

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A HIDDEN DANGER

It is a duty of the kidneys to rid the blood of uric acid, an irritating poison that is constantly forming in the blood.

When the kidneys fail, uric acid poisoning causes rheumatic pains, headaches, dizziness, gravel, urinary troubles, weak eyes, dropsy, or heart disease.

Doan's Kidney Pills help the kidneys fight off uric acid poisoning, strength to weak kidneys and relief from backache and urinary ills.

An Endless Chain

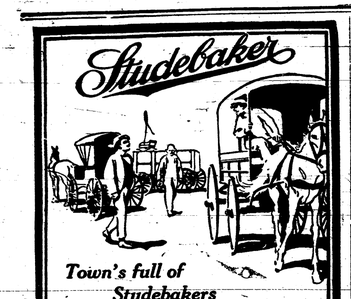
Mrs. George Hartmanstown, Cumberland Co., Pa., says: "My kidneys were so weak that I could not do a thing. I could hardly bend or rise without assistance. I was so dizzy I could not see more than over a yard. I had pain in my back that was worse than over. I had given up hope when I read about Doan's Kidney Pills. I got a box at Hoffman's Drug Store, Newville, and they helped me completely, and I have had no trouble since."

Get Doan's Kidney Pills at any store, 50 cents a box.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., Buffalo, New York.

FOR SALE CHEAP Gas Engine, almost new, in first-class condition, 8 horse power, will sell at a bargain if not sold before 1st of May. Also 1 Ford truck, 1 ton capacity, in excellent condition, 1 Ford touring car, 1 Ford runabout, 1 Ford coupe, 1 Ford sedan, 1 Ford 1 ton truck, 1 Ford 1 ton truck with dump body, 1 Ford 1 ton truck with stake body, 1 Ford 1 ton truck with canopy, 1 Ford 1 ton truck with stake body and canopy, 1 Ford 1 ton truck with dump body and canopy, 1 Ford 1 ton truck with dump body and canopy, 1 Ford 1 ton truck with dump

Studebaker



Town's full of Studebakers

Studebaker Farm Wagons, Studebaker Buggies and Studebaker Delivery Wagons.

—and every owner of a Studebaker vehicle is proud of it. Because he knows it is the best.

Studebaker wagons and buggies are built on honor and with the experience that comes from sixty years of wagon building, and you get the benefit of this experience when you buy a Studebaker vehicle

Whether you live in town or country; whether you want a week or pleasure vehicle, there's a Studebaker to fill your requirements. Farm wagons, contractor's wagons, trucks, municipal vehicles, ice wagons, dump wagons and carts, road oilers, buggies, depot wagons, surreys, pony carts, runabouts—we make them all.

—also harness, for any sized animal, for any vehicle, of the same high standard of quality as the Studebaker vehicles.

See our Dealer or write us.

STUDEBAKER South Bend, Ind.

NEW YORK CHICAGO DALLAS KANSAS CITY DENVER MINNEAPOLIS SALT LAKE CITY SAN FRANCISCO PORTLAND, ORE.

Beware of Smooth Strangers

"YOUR MONEY IS SECURE IN OUR BANK

A banker in Ohio is responsible for the statement, that if all the money taken out of his community by smooth strangers and "Get-Rich-Quick" schemes had remained at home, it would pike every road in the county.

Why do you not put your money safely in your home bank, where it will help you and everybody else in your community, and where you can get it when you want it?

We pay 3 per cent interest.

Union Savings Bank

Better Than Ever

We are not content to stand still We must improve Every day we work to make our store better, more deserving of your patronage New lines of Merchandise are constantly being added.

New Goods for Spring

consisting of

Ratines in all colors, 25c and 50c per yard.
Silk Striped Crepes, 35c per yard.
Linens in colors, 25c and 50c per yard.
Voiles, white and colors, 25c per yard.
Poplins in colors, 25c, 50c and $1.00 per yard.
Embroidery Flouncings in swiss and batistes with dainty embroidered edge, some exquisite designs for infants and misses' dresses and large ones for dress patterns. We have them at 50c, $1.00 and $1.50.
Beautiful Embroidered Voiles $1.00. Full skirt length.
Nice House Dresses, prices $1, $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75.
Children's Dresses 25c, 50c, $1 and $1.50

Just received a line of

Room Size Rugs and Samples of Carpets

to select from. Prices that are right, come in and inspect them

G. H. BREITENWISCHER

The Price Is $1.25

for the

ENTERPRISE

to everybody. But we have let our home subscribers, who

Pay a Full Year in Advance

have it for $1. Some come in a month later and want it for the $1.00. No, don't ask us to do that.

MAT D. BLOSSER

Manchester Enterprise

By MAT D. BLOSSER

For nearly 46 years the news given for Manchester and surroundings appears in this issue. Perhaps you have been reading it for years and you do not know us. We want to know what you know, if it's worth taking to the public. If you don't call, write us, signing your name. We want your advertisement, your job printing and order for stationery

Phone 44

We want you to take the ENTERPRISE and keep posted on what is doing in Manchester and vicinity.

$1.25 a Year; Single Copy 5c

and must be paid in advance.

Notices of any event where a fee is collected must be paid for; also obituary notices, card of thanks, etc., 5 cents a line; but other notices of social events may be inserted free.

We want to do your printing and advertising. Ask Judge Murray to send notices to the ENTERPRISE and he will.

When you write or 'phone, don't ask for anybody just say:

THE ENTERPRISE.

THURSDAY, APRIL 10, 1913

Initiative and referendum are approved by voters of the state.

Woman suffrage was defeated in this county by about 1400.

Detroit voted in favor of municipal township of the street railways.

The Adrian Times claims that Lenawee went dry by 718 majority. Woman suffrage lost by 1635.

In Jackson county local option got a severe set back, nearly every township showed a marked gain for the wet.

While not officially stated it is very likely that woman suffrage lost out in Michigan and the firemen's pension also.

They always tell how the average boy hates to resume school duties after a vacation. We have found some girls who were not any too anxious to go to school.

Salina is having a hard time searching for a water supply for her water works. About $1000 have been spent without result. They are now trying north of the village.

A special committee has been investigating long distance telephone rates and reported to the legislature that the rates were excessive; that the state should take steps looking to the control of the telephone lines.

There is a law against selling liquor to a drunkard. To include to public affairs as men are called upon to do. Several thought that to do so would have an effect to lower the moral standard, the home life of women. The conduct of those women in London and Washington was spoken of with reproach.

W. C. Buckman of Seattle who has been spending the winter in California writes us the freeze they had in southern California in January was a bad one and that the papers did not tell one percent of the actual damage done. He says no one knows the conditions except those who have been there to see. Geryes has sold for $2000 to $3000 per acre are worth today just what the land will bring perhaps $200 or less per acre. He says also that there will be no orange or lemons this year to speak of.

It was Ann Arbor and Ypsilanti with the aid of Pittsfield and Scio townships that carried the local option proposition by about 800 The most influential advocates of good roads, and especially H. J. Abbott and other members of the good roads committee of the Ann Arbor Civic association, are advocating the building of a section of good roads in various parts of the county which shall be a demonstration of trunk lines near Ann Arbor and Ypsilanti No road building will be started this year.

George Washington and John Quincy Adams when filling the chair as presidents of the United States, read their messages to congress, but since that time the presidents have sent their messages to be read to the congress. President Wilson decided to follow the custom of the first two presidents and read his message. His Schedule for some reason caused great flurry, but why, we cannot imagine unless that the trusts and interests feared him. He thought he could get in closer touch with those who were to frame the laws of the country, if he met with them and read his message and we think that it was a wise move. The message was brief and referred to the tariff. The democratic congress is called to readjust the tariff and relieve the country of burdens imposed by continuing a protective tariff too long. To adjust things in such a way that it will not materially affect the prosperous conditions of the country, will be a task which requires careful study and will keep congress at work for many months.

Personal Items.

John Walz of Ann Arbor visited friends in town Monday.

Lynn Hardenburg was elected township clerk of Tecumseh.

Herbert Dewey of Norvell was in town on business last Friday.

Charles Moehn was in Detroit last week visiting his bro her.

B. G. Sorter was so sick Monday that he could not leave the house.

Mrs. Glover and son Lyon of Ann Arbor visited here over Sunday.

Mrs. C. Lehn is visiting her daughter, Mrs Frank Ambler in Brooklyn.

Miss Rose Adrian visited her sister Louise at Ann Arbor last week.

Sam Grossman spent Sunday and Monday in Jackson and Detroit.

Mrs G H. Putnam has been very sick the past week, was threatened with pneumonia.

Miss Edna Rauschenberger has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Chas. Brooks and husband at Ann Arbor.

Mrs. Elizabeth Schwemmer and daughter of Ann Arbor are visiting her sister Mrs. E1 Dietle and other relatives.

Miss Estella Case attended a dancing party at Clinton Friday evening and visited at her uncles' Chas. Robison.

Fred Bortless took Will Beisel to Tipton Monday to ship stock for Chas Bortless. They went in Chasley's auto

Mrs. Lavina Conklin who has been quite sick the past few days is reported as somewhat better though very weak.

Jacob Graf who recently moved from here to Ann Arbor, has bought a house, 217 West Huron street and has moved there.

Mr. George Schaffer will leave Saturday to join her husband at Buffalo, N. Y., where they will reside the coming summer.

Chas. Glatz who has worked for Albert Kress the past winter has taken up cement work again. Will Kalmbach has taken his place.

Misses Julia Kirchhofer, Alma Schmid and Maud Goodell teachers in the Ann Arbor schools are spending a week's vacation with their parents.

A. J. Waters won that suit in the Jackson circuit for Donahue of Brooklyn, last week. It was almost exactly like the Shipe case he had in the Washtenaw circuit.

George Walz and family of Ann Arbor came here Monday to visit Mrs. C. Vogelbacher and daughters. He returned that night but the others remained this week.

Mr. Hodgins says that he will remain here He has bought a place in Ypsilanti where his family will reside They moved there this week and live on Forest avenue.

Mrs. George Miller, Miss Olga Kern and G. Wm. Kramer went to Clinton Tuesday to sing at the funeral of Mrs. Siggins and today they went to sing at the funeral of Mrs. Mary Palmer.

Mrs. S. McCord informs the ENTERPRISE that she had word from Mr. & Mrs. Ball of Dayton that they were safe but no further particulars were given. Mrs. Ball was formerly Miss Blanch Stark.

Thos. J. Farrell has not been feeling well enough to attend to his duties as rural mail carrier and his substitute, Morgan Huber, has been doing his work the past few days. He is feeling better now he says.

The ENTERPRISE received word by phone that owing to the sudden death of Wm. Jordan of Tecumseh lodge F. & A. M. and the funeral on Wednesday there would be no chapter meeting Wednesday night as was planned.

Mr. & Mrs. B. F. Bortless of Lansing came Saturday for a few days visit with their parents. Mr. Bortless is still a sufferer from hernia, they took Hazel Bortless to Ann Arbor to see her physician and they all visited Mesdames Campbell and Leland, returning at night.

Charles Bortless was out Sunday after noon with his automobile and when between Norvell and Napoleon in dodging mud puddles he lost control of the machine and went into the fence with it. After trying for a long time to get the machine to work he gave up and telephoned for Ferdinand Sieber to come after him. Later Merrick Burch, Fred Bortless and Frank Merithew brought the machine in. Charles was not hurt but he had to go to Buffalo that night.

Mrs. Mary Ann Case rarely ever gets into a carriage, we are told—without a feeling that something is going wrong Saturday night she entered the buss to go to Cornelius Carr's and her daughter, Mrs. Frank Merithew, made the remark, I hope nothing will happen, but there dist I the king bolt came out letting the front of the buss down on the ground with a jolt that threw the good lady in a heap in the front end of the concern. Unfortunately she was not badly injured.

The funeral of Mrs. John Brosette held at Emanuel's church Sunday morning was very largely attended. Among those from out of town who attended were: Mesdames Frederick Schlegel and Ricka Graff and Frederick Schaible of Ann Arbor, Fred Brosette and Theodore Schaible of Ypsilanti, Mr. & Mrs John Wurster and son Clarence and daughter Florence of Saline, Mr. & Mrs. John Schill, Mr. & Mrs Joseph Schaible, Mr. & Mrs. Will Schumacher and John Girbach of Bridgewater and Mr. & Mrs. Jacob Lehman of Sharon.

New Carpets and Room Size Rugs

The Spring Season is when ladies are mostly interested in housecleaning and some of you are thinking of adding a new Carpet or Rug to freshen the home up a little. If you are not particular where you buy why not take a look at the large line we carry We are showing about 75 Room Size Rugs in all sizes and all grades, also a beautiful line of Carpets in all wool, cotton chain and granites. We carry the Gold Medal Carpets which, at the price are the best carpets made. All we ask is for a chance to show you.

We Offer For This Month Only

A 9x9 ft. Matting Rug, worth $3.60, for $2.19. Just the Rug for Bedrooms

A 36x72 inch Matting Rug for 39c.

36-inch Fruit of the Loom Bleached Muslin, 9½c

All Silk Ribbons, 5½ inches wide, special 17c per yard.

Flouncings: 24-inch Swiss Embroidery Flouncings, beautiful patterns in neat designs for children's dresses, 50c yard.

45-inch Embroidery Voile Flouncings, 75c yd.

YOCUM, MARX & COMPANY

PLUMBING

Steam & Hot Water HEATING

Estimates Cheerfully Furnished

Work Guaranteed

Call and See Our Line of Rubber Hose

KUEBLER & MILLER

Attention, Ladies

I ask you to give but a little time and attention to the fine line of artistic trimmed HATS I am in a position to show you when you are ready to select your Hat

I am sure I Can Please you in Style, Size, Shape, Color, and Price

Come and see what a complete line I have

MARY A. SWIFT

Have Your Tires Repaired

BY THE

Ypsilanti Vulcanizing Co.

NOW OPEN FOR BUSINESS

Any make, size or style of casing or inner tube can be successfully repaired if taken to the right place.

We Can Re-tread Your Old Tires

with either non-skid or plain treads and guarantee you 2000 miles service.

All Repair Work Guaranteed

Ypsilanti Vulcanizing Co.

Ypsilanti, Mich.

Located in the old Hawkins Garage formerly occupied by Schaible-Wiedman Auto Co.

The First ALARM

Is the one you should heed if you do not you are liable to miss the opportunity of seeing the sun rise and the day will be begun before your chores are finished. I have a large stock

OF CLOCKS

which I would like to show you. Because I am the only dealer here I have not advanced my prices and do not intend so, so come in and see what I can do for you.

At the same time bring in your watch or clock and have it repaired

ROOT THE JEWELER

Thinking About Making Garden?

It's too early yet, but I want you to know that I shall have everything you need to put in the ground when the time comes. Potatoes, onions and all kinds of

Garden and Flower Seeds

the kind that will grow. Just call up the store—phone 189—and I will deliver them with your grocery order.

John Delker

The East Side Grocer

Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a payment contained in a certain mortgage (whereby the power of sale therein contained has become operative) bearing the date the 19th day of January, A. D., 1911, executed and delivered by Lewis Wallace, Michigan, City, Mich., to Edwin R. Smith; and which mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in Liber 54 of Mortgages on page 599; and which mortgage was duly assigned by the said mortgagee to Wm. Wallace, by due instrument in writing dated the 19th day of January, A. D., 1911, and which instrument of assignment was duly recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 16th day of October, A. D., 1912 in Liber 54 of Assignment of Mortgages on page 372; and Emil Welsch survivor of George Welsch, deceased, having departed this life—or before the date of said mortgage, and the mortgagee therein having made default in payment of the sum of Twenty Dollars and no suit or proceeding at law or in equity, have been instituted to recover said debt or any part thereof.

Notice is therefore hereby given that, for the purpose of satisfying the amount due upon said mortgage, including the attorney fee stipulated therein, together with the costs of this proceeding (including an attorney's fee as provided by law), I will on the 27th day of May A. D. 1913, at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the house of said Wm. Wallace in Hoose in the City of Ann Arbor in the County of Washtenaw and State of Michigan (that being the place of the Circuit Court for said County of Washtenaw) hold at public vendue, to the highest bidder, the premises described in said mortgage, situate in the Township of Manchester in the County of Washtenaw and State of Michigan, and described as follows, viz: the following parcels of land and commencing at the quarter post in the east part of the Northwest fractional quarter of section 30, Township 3 South, Range 5 East; thence South 1 chain, the North line of said quarter section, thence South 20 chains and twenty links; thence South thirty-four rods to the center of the highway known as the Brooklyn Road; thence Eastwardly along the center of said road to a point South of the place of beginning; thence North thirty-four rods to the place of beginning; containing one acre and twenty square rods of land, excepting and reserving that part of said premises conveyed and described as being thirty-five acres of land taken from the West side of the East eighty acres of the North west fractional quarter of said section; also that other parcel situate on said Section thirty-one and described as being fifteen acres of land from the South end of the West half of the Southwest quarter of said Section.

Also another parcel of land situate on said Section thirty-one and described as commencing at the East half of the Northwest fractional quarter of said Section, excepting the above described parcel; also the East half of the Southwest quarter of said Section; excepting the above described parcel; also the Southeast quarter of said Section; all being in Town four South, Range three East, containing 160 acres of land.

Dated, March 25, 1913

WM. GADD,
WM. WEIDER,
Commissioners.

IMPERIAL CREPE

SHELF PAPER

12 feet long, 11 inches wide

Price as figured, at the

Manchester Enterprise

Published every Thursday, Manchester, Mich

By MAT D. BLOSSER

THURSDAY, APRIL 10, 1913

Local Items.

New Advertisements.

The Fair
Studebaker
Peoples Bank
Mother & Wurster
Union Savings Bank
Mary A Swift—Millinery
J. E. Sacklinger—Groceries
Kuebler & Miller—Plumbers
Waterbiser Brothers—Clothing
Yocum, Marx & Co.—Dry Goods

Grass is growing for the mad weather.

Wild geese have been seen flying north.

A party of men have been hunting ducks at Wample's lake.

The entire role on township tickets, etc, will be found on the 8th page.

People have begun to make repairs and improvements about their homes.

John Wuerthner has repaired his barn and had a place fixed for his new auto.

Ferdinand Hober delivered a Ford touring car to Dudley Witherell, Monday.

The winds have been cold all the spring though the weather has been favorable.

Dear reader, what do you think of our suggestion that the school grounds be beautified.

A large number of auto drivers were out Sunday enjoying a ride. The roads were not so bad.

Observing men say that the wheat is looking good. Reports from all sections appear favorable.

The new front in the Clarkson building which is to be used by "the fair," makes it look 50 per cent better.

Manchester lodge F. & A. M. conferred the third degree upon Roy Lowery of Bridgewater Monday night.

Material for the rebuilding of the pole and cable line of the Manchester telephone exchange has begun to arrive.

Stock feeders are getting low on corn and Lonier & Hoffer have difficulty in getting a supply since the flood troubles.

President Kingsley and Village Clerk Hafner have been filing and arranging bills and documents belonging to the village, so they can be found quickly when needed.

Some of the men who were working with the telegraph line repairers have quit as they did not relish working in rain and hail. They have returned to their homes.

We wonder why the electric street lights are not on earlier. They wait until after dark before they are turned on. Scarcity of water is surely not an excuse now.

Lonier & Hoffer expected to ship one carload of potatoes but that adventure has resulted in such a rush of the tubers that they shipped four carloads and have nearly another to ship.

The farmers are hoping for better weather so they can spray their fruit trees. The ground has been too soft to drive into the orchards and there has also been too much wind.

It appears that Charles Trefethern did not have his shop insured and the damage to the building was more than been red to repair it soon and would the windows up, so the building is vacant.

The superintendent of the Lansing division of the lake shore railway and a score of other men made a tour of inspection of the line Tuesday but stopped here long enough to come down town.

The telephone company have plans completed for extending the cable lines in this village. Cables will run from the office to the corporation lines on Jackson, Ann Arbor, City and other streets.

Too many amendments were pushed upon the people this spring and they would not come out and vote. Despite all argument people have the impression that there is danger in revising the constitution.

The new paper ballers arrived in town this week for some hardness men who find it convenient if not profitable to bail their waste paper that they formerly burned. The paper mills will pay about $10 a ton for mixed paper, delivered.

The Manchester house has been so crowded with guests that Landlord Stillwell is obliged to fix up more sleeping rooms. He has men at work now and will add 14 rooms to complete the third floor which has hitherto been vacant.

The township board have done what they could to cut down expenses, but everybody should know that it is mighty hard to do it as the price of everything is increasing rather than growing less. They cut the library appropriation $50 and the road repair fund $300 and that was all they could do.

A good many mason and some who have been planning on going to Detroit next Tuesday on the special train which leaves Tecumseh E. & M. sad friends. The train reaches here at 8:20 a. m. and returning leaves Detroit at midnight This will give an opportunity for attending the meeting, the theater or visiting friends.

Mr. & Mrs. F. D. Matthew left Wednesday night for their summer home near Warner, Alberta. Their son Robert and wife are already there.

Manchester women did not make any outward demonstration or appeal to men to vote to give them an equal show with men at the polls, but we imagine they did some silent praying.

We were not at all surprised at the vote on the good roads proposition. So many farmers had expressed their objection on account of the tax imposed that we felt that it would be defeated in this section of the country. Why, they came near voting against the usual appropriation for keeping the roads and bridges in repair.

Lawyer Waters was the victim of such a good joke while at the lake Tuesday that he had to tell it himself when he arrived home. Some men were hitching ducks and had put out decoys and were hid in the grass waiting for a flock of wild ones to come along, when they heard something creeping carefully towards the decoys and soon they saw friend Waters raise up, take aim and shoot directly at them. The smoke had scarcely cleared away before he was aware of his mistake and he joined in a hearty laugh over the joke That reminds us of another of our citizens who once did the same trick and after he had shot he waved his hat to his comrades and shouted: "I've shot the whole bunch, not one has flown."

School Notes.

"The elevator to success is not running; take the stairs," has been the high school quotation for the week.

Clarence Koebbe who on account of illness was unable to be in school the past two weeks resumed his school work Monday morning.

Miss Etta Hall '95 of Chicago, Miss Maud Goodell '96 of Ann Arbor, and Miss Elna Hendershott '11 visited the high school and grades Monday morning.

The first half of the second semester close April 11. Certificates for the work completed will be given out Friday. Parents should examine them and see what their children are doing.

Obituary—Agnes Bohnet Obersmidt.

Agnes Bohnet, daughter of Barbara and John Bohnet, was born May 9th, 1834 in Grosphach, Oberant Freidenstadt, wurtemburg, Germany. At the age of fourteen she became a member of the Lutheran church, to which profession of christian faith she remained faithful, placing through life, her trust in Him "who doeth all things well."

She came to America in 1860 with her two brother, George and John Bohnet. She made her home with her sister Mrs. Julia Schaible in Sharon, until her marriage in 1864 to Christian Obersmidt. Five sons and three daughters were born to them, seven of whom survive her loss, as do also four grand-children, two of whom are in California, and two in Michigan, also four step sons and two step daughters who reside in Barry county.

She spent the greater part of her life at her home in Sharon where her husband Christian Obersmidt, preceded her to that home beyond August 11, 1897.

After eleven weeks of suffering she passed away Wednesday, April 2nd, 1913 at one o'clock and twenty-five minutes P. M.

And now though hands are folded and lips mute, we believe that a little portion of God's world is better because in it she lived and toiled.

We hereby wish to express our thanks to our kind friends and neighbors for our assistance during the illness and death of our mother, also for the beautiful floral offerings, the assistance of the choir, and the kind words of sympathy spoken by Rev. Wultenan. THE CHILDREN.

SHARON

Burt Gillbouse visited here Monday. He has been suffering from rheumatism and has been laid up for several weeks Mrs. Gillbouse is also in very poor health and has been to the hospital but is somewhat better.

Election was somewhat exciting this year—this democratic year, and the democrats swung their candidates into office with Ashley Parks as supervisor. George Alber, clerk was the only republican elected. Following is the vote, republicans coming first:

Supervisor—John W. Dresselhouse	90	
	Ashley Parks	106
Clerk—George F. Alber	118	
	August Koebbe	74
Treasurer—Bert Gieske	121	
	H'y Commissioner—Clayton Gieske	73
	Wm B. Meyer	108
Overseer of H'y—Emmett E. Speer	97	
	John Kotz	104
Justice of Peace—Homer Lehman	80	
	Theodore Koebbe	110
Board of Review—Arthur F. Gillette	78	
	Joseph Mayer	115
Constables—Carl A. Cooper	85	
	Adolph Alber	79
	John S. Grossman	82
	Herbert J. Feldsamp	73
	Henry Upham	106
	Bert Gieske	112
	Henry Kenner	109
	John Upham	109

Hatching Eggs.

From strains of the best farm and commercial egg machines known. Single Comb White Leghorns, $2 per 15 Comb Rhode Island Reds. Eggs $1.00 per setting, $6.00 per hundred. Let me tell you about them. Woodward Fruit and Poultry Farm, Manchester, R. F. D 6 Clinton, Phone 67.

For Sale, 3-year old Bay Colt.

ALBERT G. WIEDMAN,

You Will Like Manchester

And We Want You To Come Here.

IT'S A BUSINESS TOWN WITH A FUTURE.

BRIDGEWATER.

Clayton Kidd has the scarlet fever.

Henry Palmer attended lodge in Manchester Monday night.

W. J. Allen who has been writing life insurance, is visiting at home.

Hugh Agee's dog got lonesome at Tecumseh and returned to the farm Saturday.

Mrs. Will Manree has returned from a few days visit with her parents at Francisco.

Mrs. B. F. Bortless of Lansing visited her sister Mrs. Frank Lowery and family, Monday.

Boal Johnson the new highway commissioner is busy planning and organizing for immediate operations. There will be some improvements where roads are bad.

Howard Clark and his men, assisted by others, raised the frame for a barn for Albert Wiedman Wednesday. It was a cold and windy day but they got along all right.

Roy Lowery went to Ann Arbor hospital last Thursday expecting to be operated upon as he had suffered greatly with gall stones, but they were were not ready, so he came home to remain over Sunday.

Neighbors and friends to the number of 75 gave Mr. & Mrs. Leonard Hunt a surprise at their new home on the Crane farm Tuesday night in the nature of a miscellaneous shower. After a very enjoyable evening of cards, games and visiting the guests departed all wishing Mr. & Mrs. Hunt many days of happiness.

Mrs. Chas. Johnson received word Monday of a terrible accident which befell her grandson at Jackson. He, with two companions, was leaning against a railing when it gave and they dropped six feet, striking on their heads. They were picked up unconscious but two of them were but slightly hurt, the other, however, was found to have sustained a broken collar bone and serious injuries to his head. He was taken to the sanitarium. Mrs. Johnson went to Jackson Monday but returned Tuesday night reporting him slightly better. The boy was a telegraph messenger and the older son of Chas. Koernig Jr.

Election Monday drew out a fine representation. The good roads proposition was defeated the vote being 145 no and 57 yes. On woman suffrage it was not so bad 102 against and 53 for it. The, democrats elected their entire ticket by good majorities. The entire vote is given, democrats first, republicans next:

Supervisor—Wm. H. Every	110	
	C. O. Allen	62
Clerk—Henry Lenhardt	114	
	W. H. Schlink	60
Treasurer—Leonard Hunt	109	
	Bert Squires	62
H'y Commr—Noel Johnson	93	
	Herman Breitenwischer	84
Justice of Peace, full term—Fr. Blum	70	
	Ph Blum	70
Justice, fill vacancy—Gottlob Paul	105	
	Wm. Schmidt	62
Board of Review—Henry Palmer	104	
	Jesse Warner	65
Highway Commr—Bert Martin	102	
	Frank Rawson	62
Constables—Oscar Rath	104	
	Charles Braun	107
	Charles Hildinger	109
	Martin Bohn	102
	Elbert Warner	62
	Oscar Reiser	58
	Will Bentschler	57
	Dell Jenkins	58

FREEDOM.

There was only one township ticket in the field, democratic. The following were elected: Frank H. Koebbe, supervisor; Conrad Schaefer, clerk; Henry Steinaway, treasurer; Michael P. Alber, highway commissioner; Edwin Koebbe, justice of the peace; Christian Gran, member of board of review; Frank Steinaway, overseer of highways; constables—Henry Steinaway, Max Gonnas, Emanuel Loffler and Otto Eberle. In the county and state tickets there were 12 votes cast for prosecutor, 35 republican, 114 democratic and one prohibition. For county auditor Herbert A. Hidge and William L. Beardsley, republicans received 13, 34; Sam Bacon and Edwin Hooper, republicans, 53 and 42 respectively. The vote on the amendments was as follows: woman suffrage, yes 5, no 169; issuing or pensioning members of fire departments, yes 13, no 150; initiative and referendum, yes 15, no 152; recall, yes, 9, no 155. The vote for the county roads system was yes 113, no 164.

NORTH SHARON.

Mrs. A. L. Holden is quite ill.

Mr. & Mrs. F. Steinhouer of Cincinnati, Ohio, are visiting at Wm. Curtis's.

Mrs. Louis Demarter of Lansing visited over Sunday with Mr. & Mrs. J. E. Irwin.

C. D. McMahon and family of Iron Creek were over Sunday visitors of Mr. & Mrs. C. O. Hayes.

Mr. & Mrs. Louis Lemm and little daughter Lucille of Detroit were guests of Mrs. J. R. Lemm during the week.

Samples of Medusa White Marble Cement Monuments and Markers can be inspected at D M Alwardt's in Sharon They are guaranteed to stand for centuries Give me a call for cut prices this fall

WM GLATZ

All Electric Light bills will be due and payable to Village Treasurer, Charles Sackinger, between the 10th and 15th of each month, beginning January 1913

WM. J. HOFFER, Village Clerk.

Wahoo Sitters.

For a short time only you can get Wahoo Sitters for 25 cents per bottle. We have only a limited supply.

SHOWMAN, Druggist.

NORVELL.

Mrs. C. H. Heston is on the sick list.

John Cole came home Sunday to be here to vote Monday.

George Beckon of Bridgewater called on friends here Sunday.

George Bancroft of Ann Arbor visited relatives here Sunday.

Mrs. F. E. Green spent Sunday with relatives in Brooklyn.

Mr. & Mrs. Leslie Harris were in Jackson Friday.

J. Blanchard was an over Sunday guest with his family in Dexter.

Mrs. M. Schaible and daughter were Jackson shoppers Saturday.

Wm. Moons visited friends in Detroit from Saturday until Monday.

A. G. Foskat of Byron was a pleasant caller in town Sunday and Monday.

Miss Florence Hildebrand returned to Jackson after a few weeks' stay here.

Mrs. Spaulding of Toledo came Saturday to attend her mother who is quite sick.

Rev. & Mrs. C. H. Heston spent Friday with Mr. & Mrs. Burton O'Neil in Sharon.

Mrs. Babcock returned home Saturday from a week's visit with relatives in Mason.

Mr. & James Pierce returned home from Detroit last Wednesday much improved in health.

Mrs. D. Quigley had her goods moved into part of Miss Pauline Walter's house Monday.

The ladies' aid society will meet at the home of Mrs. F. Winfield, Friday afternoon, April 18.

Misses Alice Aten and Gladys Dean spent Sunday with friends in Jackson and Michigan Center.

Miss Viola Harris of Ann Arbor came Saturday for a week's vacation at the home of her parents.

Clyde Beckwith, Bryant and Miss Elma Holmes attended the lecture by Ex-Gov. Hanley in Jackson Saturday night.

Miss Nellie and Warren Raby, Mrs. Harris, Geo. Dresselhouse, Ashbel Osborne and Miss Agnes Spokes were Jackson passengers Saturday

The Baptist church had its annual roll call and business meeting Thursday last Eev. Starbaugh of Eaton Rapids preached the sermon. Rev. C. H. Heston presented his resignation which was accepted. He will locate in Bellevue. The community regret very much having Mr. & Mrs. Heston leave.

The election on Monday resulted as follows, republicans coming first:

Supervisor—James O'Neil	68	
	C. V. Hay	102
Clerk—Frank R. Holmes	70	
	I. A. Pittman	98
Treasurer—Charles Horning	79	
	John F. Bauer	91
H'y Commissioner—Wm. R. Mount	82	
	Henry Jacobs	87
Overseer of H'y—Frank Bettis	81	
	George Woodard	68
Justice, full term—A. J. Austin	77	
	W. C. Pratt	92
Justice, 3 years—D. S. Fuller	80	
	J. D. Pierce	88
Justice, 2 years—S. A. Grant	77	
	Andrew Pittman	90
Justice, 1 year—I. Dean	77	
	John Walz	92
Board of Review—John M Horning	74	
	Thomas O'Leary	95
Constables—Lee Austin	77	
	O Middlebrook	78
	F. Kelchenbocher	76
	Elmer Foor	92
	Henry Knowles	92
	John Cole	91
	Belden Koch	93

For Sale—House and lot just opposite Dr. Leslie's residence on Macomb street, also that beautiful building lot with four rods frontage on Jackson Street just west of Martin Traub's residence Will be on sale but a short time. Inquire of Sunkrout & Son Company, 606 Prudden Block, Lansing Michigan, or A. A. Snowman.

I will pay the top price for chickens brought in early in the week.

J. E. BOWLER.

Wall Paper -FREE-

30 Days Sale

in

Furniture & Crockery

For one week, commencing April 4, all customers purchasing Wall Paper will get the 9-inch

BORDERS FREE

Oat Meal and Metallic Finish Borders excepted.

For a Week Only

Haeussler

NAPOLEON.

LeVere Anweller spent Sunday and Monday with his parents at Ida.

The body of Miss Sarah Holly of Buffalo was brought here for burial Saturday.

The Methodist ladies' aid society served dinner and supper at the M. E. church election day.

Mrs. Ralph VanAscum returned home Tuesday evening accompanied by her daughter, Mrs. Clarence Steidle of Milan.

John Shea died Wednesday at the home of his son Bert at Tecumseh and his remains were brought here for burial Friday.

Owing to the great amount of water in the furnace and ventilation rooms at the high school building there was no school the first of the week.

"Sister Masons"

Don't miss this amusing play, which will be part of an excellent entertainment given by the Eastern Stars. The best "laugh producer" ever given—The "Sister Masons" will drive away the worst case of blues. Light refreshments will be served after the program. The price of admission is 15 cents and the date Friday evening, April 11th. Don't fail to come.

Card of Thanks.

We wish to thank the neighbors and friends for their assistance and sympathy during the sickness and at the funeral of our wife and mother, also for the beautiful floral offering. JOHN SAUERSILE AND CHILDREN.

Eggs for Sale.

From a pen of my best R. C. Rhode Island Reds. This pen is headed by "Pyramus," of the famous Buschman strain, and "Thisbe" a first prize bird at the recent shows. $1.00 per 15 eggs.

C. L. HAUSE.

Remember I am agent for the Ann Pistf Rugs factory and will ship old carpets, etc., there, on the second and fourth week of each month.

MRS. ED. DIETLE.

Live poultry wanted every Wednesday at the Central Market.

A. M. KIEBLER.

Several good draft and general purpose horses for sale at my barn.

A. J. WURSTER.

Born.

UNDERWOOD.—In Norvell on Tuesday, April 1, 1913 to Mr. & Mrs. Underwood, a daughter.

Home Market.

APPLES—50c@60c ⅌ bushel; CABBAGE—3c@4c ⅌ head.
BEEF.—Best steers, $6.50 @ $7.50; common, $4 00@$6 00; heifers, $5.00@ $6.50; cows, $3 50@$5.00; canners, $3.00@ 4.00; calves, $7.00@$9 00
BUTTER—Steady, 30c@25c ⅌ pound.
CORN—New, 72c for 38lbs.
EGGS.—16c ⅌ doz.
HAY.—No. 1 Timothy $9.00; No. 1 mixed, $7.00; clover $6.00; Marsh hay, $5.50 ⅌ ton.
HOGS—$7.00@$8.75.
OATS—Good demand 32c@30c.
POTATOES.—25c@30c ⅌ bu.
POULTRY—Live weight. Old rooters, 10c; old hens, 15c@14c; young, 15c@14c; ducks, 13c@14c; geese, 9c@11c; turkeys, 17c.
RYE—55 per bu.
RYE STRAW—$4.00 ⅌ ton.
SHEEP—Wethers, $5.00@$6 00; yearlings, $6 50@7 00; lambs, $7.50@$8.00; ewes, $4.00@$5 00; clipped lambs, $6 50@ $7 25.
WHEAT—Good demand. Red $1.06; white, $1 04
WOOL.—18c@22c ⅌ pound.

Told in a Few Words.

Chas Destledon, Cumberland, Wyo., says that he had the worst cough a man ever had, and cured it in a few days with Wurster's White Pine of Tar.

DEVELOPING PRINTING ENLARGING

For Amateur Photographers

Who are Particular

If you simply want your films "finished" let anybody do it but if you are looking for results that will please you and your dressed off, send 1 roll and 10c for trial development and one free sample print.

A. S. LYNDON, Ann Arbor, Mich.

"The man who makes thousands delighted with every year for Michigan students."

Just Five Days More

before we move. Five days more

of Slaughter

commencing Thursday night, April 10, until Tuesday night, April 15th

Every Article in Our Store Will Be Offered at 20 Per Cent Disount

It is much easier for us to sell the goods than to move them. You should take advantage of this sale and save some money. Wednesday morning, April 16th, we commence moving what goods are left.

Come and Save Some Money

and help us and yourselves by making your purchases at this sale. Not one article reserved, everything at a cut price.

THE FAIR

A Carload of

Overland Cars

Overland Model 69-T

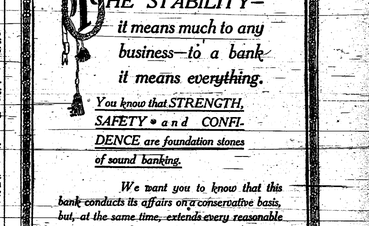
just arrived, to be delivered to John Grossman, John Wuerthner, Chester Valentine.

Call at the Garage

and look them over.

Huber & Wurster

Agents



THE STABILITY— it means much to any business—to a bank it means everything.

*You know that STRENGTH, SAFETY and CONFIDEN

RICH MEN'S CHILDREN

By GERALDINE BONNER

Author of THE PIONEER, TOMORROW'S TANGLE, etc.

Illustrations by DOM J. LAVIN

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SYNOPSIS.

Bill Cannon, the bonanza king, and his daughter, Rose, who he married up Mrs. Cornelius Ryan's set in San Francisco, to the consternation of her father, arrive at Antelope. Dominick Ryan calls on his mother to beg a ball invitation for his wife, and is refused. The determined old lady refuses to recognize her daughter-in-law. Dominick had been trapped into a marriage with Bernice Iverson, a stenographer, given years his senior. She soon tires of honeymoon, they have frequent quarrels, and he is glad to be rid of her. Daughter Bernice is left in Antelope. Dominick Ryan is rescued from storm in uncomfortable condition and brought to Antelope hotel. Antelope is cut off by storm. Rose Cannon nurses Dominick back to life. Two weeks later Bernice discovers in a paper where husband is and writes letter trying to smooth over difficulties between them. Dominick at last is able to get out of bed, but is still weak. Bill Cannon, a fellow snowbound prisoner, is taken to Rose's room to talk with her of Buford, a suitor. After three weeks, end of imprisonment is seen. Telegrams and mail arrive. Dominick gets letter from wife. Tells Rose he doesn't love wife, and never did. Thoughtless people keep from detecting Rose and Dominick embrace, father sees them and demands an explanation, but young brother Gene is made manager of ranch. Gene is a girl, disguised for years. Gene tells Dominick secret, and Dominick's position in talk with Rose. Dominick returns home.

CHAPTER IX.—(Continued.)

On the Saturday morning she went out bettmes. Inquiry at the railway office told her that the train which connected with the branch line to Rocky Bar did not reach the city till six in the evening. She entered a dealer of the choicest viands and spent part of the morning passing from stall to stall in the market on Stockton Street, buying about for dainties that might add a last elaborating touch to the begging menu. The afternoon was dedicated to the solemn rites of massaging, manicuring, and hair-waving at a beauty doctor's. On an ordinary occasion these unwonted exertions in the pursuit of good looks would have tired her, but to-day she was keyed to a pitch where she did not notice small outside discomforts.

Long before she was dressed, and sitting before the mirror in her room—she had on the last perfecting touches with a silver stick of fragrant substance and a circular piece of mossy-looking white stuff, which she rubbed with a very delicate touch, over and round her face. Her new dress of raspberry pink crape betrayed the hand of an expert in the artistic art of falling folds and the elegance with which it outlined her slim, long-waisted shape. Her artificially-reddened hair waved back from her forehead in glossy ripples; her face, all lines and hollows rubbed from it, looked fresh and youthful. With the subdued light falling on her, through the silk and paper lamp shades, she looked a very pretty woman. In her excitement, her long, brilliant eyes thrown into higher relief by the whiteness of her powdered face.

She was tremulously nervous. Every sound caused her to start and shiver to that part of her consciousness she could look down the long passageway to the stairhead. Large bunches of greenery had been placed here in the angles of the hall and stood in the corners of the sitting room. Bowls filled with ferns and roses were set on the table and mantelpiece, and the scent of these flowers, sweet and delicate, mingled with the crude, powerful perfume that the woman's draperies exhaled with every movement. At intervals she rose from her bedroom, seized the little round, soft wad of white and rubbed it over her face with a quick concentrated movement, drawing her upper lip down as she did so, which gave to her countenance with its anxious eyes an exceedingly comical expression.

It was nearly seven o'clock when the bell rang. With a last nervous look in the glass, she ran down the passageway to the stairhead. It was necessary to descend a flight of stairs, turn on the stairs from whence the lever that opened the door could be worked. As she stood on the small landing, thrown out in bright relief by a mass of dark leafage that stood in the angle of the wall, the door opened and Dominick entered. He looked up and saw her standing there, gaily dressed, a brilliant, animated figure, smiling down at him.

"Ah, Bernie," he said in a quiet, unemotional voice, "is that you?"

It was certainly not an enthusiastic greeting. A sensitive woman would have been shrivelled by it, but Bernie was not sensitive. She had realized from the start that she would probably have to combat the lingering coldness left by the quarrel. As Dominick ascended, the cool, distinguished greeting was marked by a blind, unconsciousness of any past unpleasantness. She was not, however, as unconscious as she looked. She noted his heaviness of demeanor, the tired expression of his lifted face, as he came up the stairs slowly, not yet being completely recovered, and it added to the suggestion of reluctance, of dissatisfaction and spiritless approach, that seemed to encompass him in an atmosphere distinctly flat and stale.

As he rose on a level with her, she stretched out her hands, and, laying them on his shoulders, drew his head toward her and kissed him. The coldness of his cheek, damp with the foggy night air, chilled the caress and she drew back from him, not so securely confident in her debonair. Bling assurance. He patted her lightly on the shoulder by way of greeting and said:

"How are you? All right?"

"Oh, I'm all right," she answered with brisk, determined cheerfulness "You've the one to ask about. Can you walk stiff, still. How are your feet?"

She was glad to turn her eyes away from his face. It looked very tired, and the slight smile with which he had greeted her stayed only on his lips, did not extend to his fatigued eyes. He was evidently angry still, angry and unforgiving, and that he should be so, when she was so anxious to forget the ugly episode of the quarrel and be gay and friendly again, dashed her spirits and made her feel unsure of herself and upset. She was determined, however, to show him that she had forgotten all about it, and as he turned the angle of the stairway she thrust her hand inside his arm and walked up beside him. They might have been a happy married couple, established after an absence, slowly coming up the stairs together arm in arm.

A few minutes later they were seated opposite each other at dinner. The little table glowed and gleamed, all Bernie's bravery of silver and glass was displayed for its adornment. The choice and delicate dinner began with a soup that Dominick especially liked a fact which Bernie hoped he would notice and mention. She was one of those women who have an unfailing memory for what people like to eat; a single expression of preference would remain in her mind for years. Dominick and she had not lived together for a month before she knew everything to be her way of food he liked or disliked. When she was annoyed with him, or especially bitter against his mother, she would order something but dishes that he did not care for, and when she was in a more friendly mood, as tonight, she would take pains and time to arrange a menu composed of those he preferred. He usually did not notice these rewards and punishments, but Bernie always thought he did and was "too stubborn," she expressed it to herself, to show that he was affected by them.

She observed to-night that he neither remarked, nor seemed to relish his food, but she made no comment, talking on in a breathless, lively way, asking questions of his trip, his accident, and the condition of his feet, as though there were no morrifying recollections connected with the cause of his sudden departure. Her only indication of embarrassment was a tendency to avoid anything like a moment of silence and to fly from one subject to another. Dominick answered her questions and told her of his wanderings with a slow, careful exactness. Save in the freezing cold his feet, which matter he treated more lightly than it deserved, he was open with her in recounting the small happenings of what he called "his holiday," from the time of his walk from Rocky Bar to the day of his departure from Antelope.

They had progressed through the fish to the entree when her questions ceased, from his personal wanderings and adventures to his associates. She had been very anxious to get to this point, as she wanted to know what degree of intimacy he had reached with the Bonanza King. Several times already she had tried to divert the conversation toward that subject, but it had been deflected by the young man, who seemed to find less personal topics more to his taste. Now she was advancing openly upon it, inquiring about the snow-bound group at Forlorn, and awarding to any but the august name for which her ears were pricked a perfunctory attention.

Illustrations by DOM J. LAVIN

"Really, Bernie, I Don't Know," Answered the Victim.

It was part of the natural perversity of man that Dominick should shy from it and expend valuable time on trivialities, when the other prisoners passed from his personal wanderings and adventures to his associates. Bernie felt very anxious to get to this point, as she wanted to know what degree of intimacy he had reached with the Bonanza King. Several times already she had tried to divert the conversation toward that subject, but it had been deflected by the young man, who seemed to find less personal topics more to his taste. Now she was advancing openly upon it, inquiring about the snow-bound group at Forlorn, and awarding to any but the august name for which her ears were pricked a perfunctory attention.

"How should I know whether her hair was bleached or not?" he said sharply. "That's a very silly question."

Berny was taken aback.

"I don't see that it is," she said with unusual and somewhat stammering mildness. "Most blonde-haired women, even if they haven't bleached their hair, have had it 'restored.'"

Dominick did not answer her. The servant presented a dish at his elbow and he motioned it away with an impatient gesture.

Berny, who was not looking at him, went on.

"What kind of clothes did she wear? They say she's an elegant "dresser, quite almost everything from Paris, even her underwear. I suppose she didn't have her best things up there. But she must have had something, because the papers said they'd gone prepared for a two weeks' trip."

"I never noticed anything she wore."

"Well, isn't that just like you, Dominick Ryan!" exclaimed his wife, unable, at this unmerited disappointment, to refrain from some expression of her feelings. "And you might know I'd be anxious to hear what she had on."

"I'm very sorry, but I haven't an idea about any of her clothes. I think they were always dark, mostly black or brown."

"Did you notice," almost pleadingly, "what she wore when she went out? Mrs. Whiting, the forelady at Hasel's millinery, says she imported a set of sables, muff, wrap and hat, for her this autumn. Hasel says it was just the finest thing of its kind you ever laid your eyes on. Did she have them on?"

"I couldn't possibly tell you. I don't know what sables are." Berny her more with a fur cap on, but I think it belonged to Willoughby, an Englishman who was staying there, and that he had his cap hanging on the pegs in the hall. It's quite useless asking me these questions. I don't know anything about the subject. Did you wind the clock while I was away?"

He looked at the clock, a possession of his own, given him in the days when his mother and sister delighted to crowned his rooms with costly gifts and in which he had never before evinced the slightest interest.

"Of course, I wound it," Berny said with an air of hurt protest. "Haven't I wound it regularly for nearly three years?"

This brought the subject of Rose Cannon to an end and she was not allowed to mention her during the dinner. The conversation reverted to such happenings in the city as Berny thought might interest her husband, and it seemed to her that he was more pleased to sit and listen to her chatter of her sisters, the bank, the theaters, and the shops, than to dilate any further on his adventures in the snow-bound Sierra.

When the dinner was over, they returned to the front of the flat, where next to the parlor there was a tiny hall-room fitted up as a smoking-room and den. It was merely a continuation of the hall, and "the cozy corner" which Berny had had a Polk street upholsterer construct in it, occupied most of the available space, and crowded such visitors as entered it into the corners, it had been Berny's idea to have this room "lined with books" as she expressed it, but their joint possessions in this line consisting of some twenty-five volumes, and the fact that the contracted space made it impossible to accommodate both the books and the cozy corner, Berny had decided in favor of the latter. She now seated herself on the divan that formed the integral part of this construction, and, piling the pillows behind her, leaned luxuriously back under the canopy of variegated stuffs which was supported by two formidable-looking lances.

Dominick sat in his easy chair. He always smoked in this room and read the papers, and presently he picked them up from the table and began to look them over. The conversation languished, became spasmodic, and finally died away. Berny, leaning back on the cushions, tried several times to revive it, but her husband from among the spread sheets of the evening press answered her with the inarticulate sounds of mental preoccupation, and sometimes with no sound at all, till she abandoned the attempt and leaned back under the canopy in a silence that was not by any means the somnolent quietude of after-dinner repose.

The clock hands were pointing to half-past nine when a ring at the bell was followed by the appearance of Bill Chineman at the door, stating that the expressman had come with Mr. Ryan's valises. Dominick threw down his papers and left the room. As Berny sat silent, she could hear the expressman's gruff deep voice in the hall and the thuds of the valises as he thumped them down at the stair-head. Dominick answered him and there were a few more remarks, followed by the retreating sound of the man's heavy feet on the stairs and the bang of the hall door. She sat looking at the clock, waiting for her husband to return, and he has as he did not come and the hands seemed singularly quiet she leaned forward and sent an adjoining phone down its dim length. Dominick was not there, but a square of light fell out from an open doorway of his room.

"Dominick," she called, "what are you doing?"

He turned to the door of the room in his shirtsleeves, a tall figure looking lean and powerful in this closer-fitting and lighter garb.

"I'm unpacking my things, and then I'm going to bed."

"Oh!" she answered with a falling inflection, leaning forward, with her elbows planted on her knees, craning her neck to see more plainly down the narrow passageway. "It's only half past nine; why do you want to go to bed so early?"

"I'm tired, and it will take me some time to get these things put away."

"Can I help you?" she asked with out moving.

"No, thanks. There's nothing much to bother about. Good night, Berny," and he stepped back into the room and shut the door.

Berny sat as he had left her for a space, and then drew back upon the divan and leaned against the mound of pillows. She mingle the movement charily and slowly, her face set in a rigidity of thought to which her body responded fixed and obedient. She sat there thus for an hour without moving, her eyes staring before her, two straight lines folded in the skin between her brows.

So he was still angry, angry and unforgiving. That was the way she read his behavior. The coldness that he exhaled—that penetrated even her unsensitive outer shell—she took to be the coldness of unapproachable indignation. He had never before been just like this. There was a something of acquired formality and dignity about him—a cultivated thing, not a spontaneous outward indication of an inner condition of being—which was new to her observation. He was not sulky or cross; he was simply withdrawn from her and trying to hide it under a manner of careful, guarded civility. It was different from any state she had yet seen him in, but it rather crossed her mind that it might be caused by the influence of another woman.

He was still angry—that was what Berny thought; and sitting on the divan under the canopy with her three disposed lances she meditated on the subject. His winning back was far accomplished. He was not as "easy" as she had always thought. A feeling of respect for him entered into her musings, a feeling that was novel, for in her regard for her husband there had previously been a careless, slighting tolerance which was the result of a long twenty-five years' association with him. But if he had pride enough to keep her thus cold for a time, he had shown her more fine days in the year there than anywhere else he knew of.

When she had exhausted the air with distended nostril and inhaling it in deep, grateful inspirations. His eye caught sight of the noble prospect, noted the deep sapphire tint of the bay, the horizon, violet dark against the sky, and the gem-like blues and amethysts of the distant hills. He turned his glance to the green valley below and looked down the gray expanse of the street, the wide, clean, stately street, with its air of cleanly quietness, sun-bathed, silent, almost empty, in the calm quietude of the Sabbath afternoon. In the busy thoroughfares of greater cities, with their dark, sordid crowds, their unceasing, vulgar, jangling, distracting noise, were offensive to him. The wonder crossed his mind, as it had before, how man, when he could escape from such surroundings chose to remain in them.

He turned forward slowly, a thick-set, powerful figure, his frock-coat buttoned tight about the barrel-like chest, his hat pushed back from his flushed face. He felt well down on his head. His feet were broad and blunt like his hands, and in their unaccustomed shoes he planted them firmly on the pavement with a tread of solid, deliberate authority. His forward progress had something in it of an invincible, resistless march. He was thinking deeply. He walked, arranging and planning, and there was nothing in his figure, or movements, or the expression of his face, which suggested the unsettling aimlessness of an afternoon stroll.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

The First Climbers.

A Munich paper has been searching the records of history to discover who were the first mountain climbers. It gives the palm to Moses and his ancient of Mount Sinai, and rules out Noah for his ascent of Mount Ararat because he made it in a boat. There is sufficient evidence to show that the ancients thought mountain climbing sheer madness.

No one in the time of Horace or Polybius wanted to go climbing for a summer holiday. A Chinese emperor in the seventh century was the first to make climbing fashionable in the east. But the Alps had a true horror. Europe seems to have been Dante. Petrarch and Leonard. Then came the Emperor Maximilian I, who was fond of the mountains near Innsbruck, and after him Conrad von Gesner and Joshua Simler explored the Swiss mountains. But climbing for pleasure such as we know it today was first made in the 18th quite recently.—Westminster Gazette.

How to Begin.

"What is the first step toward remedying the discontent of the masses?" asked the reporter of the aspiring agitator.

"Why, to get out and make speeches to prove to them how discontented they are."—Washington Star.

He Came to the Door of the Room in His Shirt Sleeves.

GIRL SUFFERED TERRIBLY

At Regular Intervals—Says Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound completely cured her.

Adrian, Texas.—"I take pleasure in adding my testimonial to the great list and hope that it will be of interest to suffering women. For years I suffered untold agonies at regular intervals. Such pains and cramps, severe chills and sickness at stomach, then finally hemorrhages until I would be nearly dead. I had five doctors and none of them could do more than relieve me for a time.

"I saw your advertisement in a paper and decided to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I took seven boxes of it and used two bottles of the Sanative Wash, and I am completely cured of my troubles. I have recommended Paxtine in their private correspondence with women.

For all hygienic and toilet uses it has no equal. Only 50c a large box at Druggists or postpaid from us on receipt of price. The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable — act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner distress—cure indigestion, improve the complexion, brighten the eyes. SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Henkel's

BREAD FLOUR—Very Best for Bread. You can't buy none better, no matter what the price.

GRAHAM FLOUR—makes delicious Gems.

CORN MEAL—beautiful golden meal scientifically made by the most modern process.

BELF RAISING PANCAKE FLOUR—the household favorite.

Flour

CANADA'S OFFERING TO THE SETTLER

THE AMERICAN RUSH TO WESTERN CANADA IS INCREASING

Good All Round

aids to good health—and to the strength, comfort and cheerfulness which depend on the condition of health—are the famous, time-tested, safe and speedy

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c., 25c.

Agents Wanted EITHER SEX

Big money for hustlers. We return your postage on inquiries. Write for Best Vacuum Cleaner and the Follows Vacuum Sweeper. Demonstrated free. We prepay postage. Don't let your money go. DELIVER THE GOODS.

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RESINOL RELIEVED ITCHING INSTANTLY

And Completely Cured Skin Humor.

If you have eczema or any other itching, burning skin trouble, the best evidence of what Resinol Soap and Resinol Ointment can do for you is the word of one who was cured by them after weeks of suffering. Adolph Schoen, 742 Shepherd Ave., Brooklyn, writes:

Nov. 1, 1912.—"At first little red spots were seen on my arms and body, which I noticed would get larger every day. They itched me so much that I scratched them until they bled. There were times when I stood up all night and scratched. I tried a doctor without any benefit, during which time I used ——, which seemed to do me no good whatever. One day I was thought of trying Resinol Soap and Resinol Ointment. The first application of Resinol Ointment I felt much relief. After using it a few times, I noticed the sore spots slowly fading away, and in about a month I was cured completely."

The soothing, healing balsams in Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap penetrate every tiny pore of the skin, clearing it of all impurities, driving out the germs, relieving the worst itchings, and other eruptions, and making simple and blackheads impossible. Prescribed by physicians for eighteen years. For trial sample, Dept. 2-R, 5-K., Resinol, Baltimore, Md. Every druggist sells Resinol Soap (25c) and Resinol Soap (25c), or sent by parcel post on receipt of price.

CONSTIPATION

MUNYON'S PAW-PAW PILLS

Munyon's Paw-Paw Pills are unlike all other laxatives or cathartics. They make the liver into activity by gentle means. They do not scour; they do not gripe; they do not weaken; but they do startle the sections of the liver and stomach as no other medicine does, and put these organs in a healthy condition and regulate them for good. Munyon's Pills are a tonic to the stomach, liver and nerves. They invigorate instead of weaken; they enrich the blood instead of impoverishing it; they enable the stomach to get all the nourishment from food that is put into it. Price 25 cents. All Druggists.

SPECIAL TO WOMEN

Do you realize the fact that thousands of women are now using

Paxtine

A Soluble Antiseptic Powder

as a remedy for mucous membrane affections, such as sore throat, nasal or pelvic catarrh, inflammation or ulceration, caused by female ills? Women who have been troubled by "it is worth its weight in gold." Dissolve in water and apply locally. For ten years the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. has recommended Paxtine in their private correspondence with women.

CANADA WINS AGAIN

THE COLORADO SILVER TROPHY FOR OATS WON A SECOND TIME BY CANADA.

The most recent achievement of Canada's West is winning for the second time the magnificent $1,500 silver trophy awarded by the State of Colorado for the best pack of oats. At Ohio, in 1911, J. G. Hill & Sons of Lloydminster, Saskatchewan, placed a pack of oats grown on their farm in competition, with oats from every part of the world. The judges had no difficulty in deciding, and the award was given to the Saskatchewan grown oats. In 1912, the Corn Exposition had no exhibition, and our Canadian friends, although ready for a second contest had no opportunity. In 1913, the exhibition of the Society was held at Columbia, S. C., and it is said of it that it was one of the best yet held. At this exhibition, which comprised corn and all the smaller grains, Hill & Sons of Lloydminster had on exhibition for the contest another pack of oats grown on their Saskatchewan farm, in 1912. There was no trouble for the judges, no time necessarily lost in reaching a decision, Hill & Sons won, and for the second time their name will appear on the silver trophy as the winners, beyond doubtless be occupied by their name, and then this splendid trophy will be theirs.

During the past few years Western Canada grains—wheat, oats, barley and flax—have been in the competition with grains from all other countries, and in every case their superiority has been shown. It is not only in oats, but in wheat, in barley and in flax, that Canada more than holds its own, when placed side by side with grains from other lands.

Mixed farming is taking a strong hold not only in those parts of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, and which up to the present have been devoted solely to grain growing, but also in the Province of Ontario under the conditions of climate, shelter, water, grass and hay make farming of this kind easy to prosecute and with good profits. It was in the Province of Manitoba that the steer was raised that was judged the champion steer of the steer class, at Chicago last December. The beast had been fattened on the grass of the Canadian West and the only finishing grain it had was barley; not an ounce of corn.

Western Canada offers some innumerable opportunities for the big farmer who wants to cultivate his thousands of acres, the farmer who is satisfied with a few hundred acres, the man who is content to farm his free homestead of one hundred and sixty acres; it has opportunities for the investor, the capitalist, the business man, the manufacturer and the laborer.

Agents of the Canadian Government located at different points in the United States will be pleased to give information, to give any desired information, free of cost.—Advertisement.

Sphinxes.

An American archaeologist is said to have solved the riddle of the sphinx by boring into its head and removing the sand. Many a sphinx would do one no longer after the head was subjected to a similar process. Not until after its head was bored into was it suspected that the sphinx found in Egypt was hollow. It is so with many other sphinxes.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

BREAKING OUT ON LEG

Hilltop, Ken.—"About two years ago I became subject to a bad sore on my leg. At first it was very small but soon it began to spread until it formed large blotches. The pain was terrible and almost constant. Many nights I could not sleep at all. After scratching it to relieve the itching it would burn so dreadfully that I thought I could not stand it. For nearly a year I tried all kinds of salves and ointment, but found no relief. Some salves seemed to make it worse until there were ugly sores, which would break open and run.

"One day I saw an advertisement of Cuticura Soap, Cuticura Ointment, in the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment and began by washing the sores with the Cuticura Soap, then applying the Cuticura Ointment twice a day. I noticed a change and got more Cuticura Soap and Ointment and for four weeks I was cured. It has healed so nicely that no scar remains." (Signed) Mrs. Ada A. Law, Dec. 17, 1911.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."—Adv.

The Course of Love.

"First, he sued for love."

"Then what happened?"

"She sued for damages."

A CLERGYMAN'S TESTIMONY.

The Rev. Edmund Heslop of Wiston, Pa., suffered from Dropsy for a year. His limbs and feet were swollen and puffed. He had heart fluttering, was dizzy and exhausted at the slight exertion. Hands and feet were cold and he had much a dragging sensation across the small of his back that it was difficult to move. After using 5 boxes of Dodds Kidney Pills the swelling disappeared and he felt himself again. He says he has been benefited and blessed by the use of Dodds Kidney Pills. Several months later he wrote: "I have recommended my pills in your namely since the above statement was authorized. Correspond with Rev. E. Heslop about this wonderful remedy."—Dodds Kidney Pills, 50c. per box at your dealer or Dodds Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Write for Doddsine Hints, also books of Testimonial Letters (English and German words) and receipts for dietary dishes. All 2 cent free. Adv.

An open confession may be good for the soul, but it's apt to displace a reputation.

Sprains, Bruises, Lumbago, Pain, Stiffness

Apply Sloan's Liniment and you will find it a most powerful counter-irritant. It quickly relieves the congestion and pain, and you can go about your work or business with little discomfort. Sloan's Liniment is a powerful, penetrating, but not a blistering or disfiguring liquid. It kills the pain. Sloan's Liniment is a well-known remedy for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Sciatica, Gout, Sprains, Bruises, Sore Muscles and Joints, Stiff Joints, Stiff Neck, Chilblains, Frost Bites, Toothache, Earache, Sore Throat, Croup, Diphtheria, Colds on the Chest, Backache, Strains, Corns, Bunions, Poll Evil, Spavin, Ringbone, Sweeny, Stifle, Sprains, Swelling, Frost Bite, Sore Feet, Lame Back, Piles, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Wounds, Insect Bites, Varicose Veins, Veterinary Use.

Sloan's Liniment kills germs, stops pain, reduces inflammation, increases the circulation of the healthy blood to the affected parts, and gives Nature a fair chance to do her work

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Keep Your Hens Laying for You

Pratt's Poultry Regulator regulates the blood, bowels and digestive organs of all fowls. Keeps them in a healthy condition and increases egg production. Packages, 25c and 50c, pail $1.25 and $2.50.

Pratt's Baby Chick Food for young chicks, geese, ducks and turkeys. Prevents intestinal disorders, makes sturdy, vigorous, healthy chicks and brings the greatest number to maturity. Package, 25c; sacks, $1.00.

Pratt's Animal Regulator and Conditioner will do much to keep your horse in good condition for your spring work. 25c, 50c, $1.00

"Pratt's Poultry Wrinkles," a valuable book is free for the asking.

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Proof of Quality

52 Bakings in a Year and Everyone a Success

Why? Because she used

"State Seal" Flour

Get a sack of it, dear lady, and stop your baking troubles. We mix the best grades of hard wheat grown in the north west with our Michigan wheats to produce superior flour, "State Seal."

Bran and Middlings always on hand.

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EVERY SUBSCRIBER is heartily thanked for his or her patronage the past year, and we hope that you will continue during the coming year. We earnestly desire that every subscriber for the

Manchester Enterprise

will pay back account during the next few days and that they will renew for the next twelve months.

The regular price of the ENTERPRISE is $1.25 a year in advance, but in Washtenaw county, where we do not have to pay postage, we have offered the paper for $1 to those who pay a year in advance. Now a year is 365 days, 52 weeks and we mean it; a few weeks later is NOT A YEAR IN ADVANCE and don't expect us to take it I's up to you.

Again thanking you we is hopefully,

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in rooms below Manchester House.

Have Employed an Experienced Plumber

G. F. Wildt, to take charge of shop and work

Estimates Gladly Furnished

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TOYED WITH FATE TOO OFTEN

Snake Charmer Met Death From Fangs of Reptile Over Whom He Had Claimed Mastery.

Five hundred snake charmers, sounding weird notes on their pipes, formed the unusual, yet picturesque, procession that followed to his grave Katch Sarak, a man of big renown in his business, who died in terrible agony as the result of a cobra bite received while practicing his profession in the neighborhood of Garden Reach, India. "Guru" or god, he had become dubbed by the people among whom he lived, such was his influence over poisonous reptiles. His services were sought by a neighbor who had missed many fowls from his compound. Going at dusk one day, the snake charmer discovered a cobra of unusual size among the birds, so formidable, in fact, that he postponed his attempt to capture it until daylight, when he was successful in securing it. Instead of despatching the snake at once, he took it to the local bazaar for the edification of the natives. On attempting to extract its fangs, the cobra wriggled free and darted at its captor, who was bitten on three fingers. The "guru's" supposed god-like qualities proved of no avail. Consternation reigned among the crowd as he lay in awful agony; the news of his plight spread swiftly through the bazar, and more than a hundred other snake charmers scurried to the scene, but all their efforts, all their devices, their earnest prayers were of no avail against the powerful poison. Within ninety minutes Katch Sarak was dead.

PENCIL PROVIDES OWN LIGHT

Boon to Those Whose Business Makes it Necessary to Write in the Darkness of the Night.

An invention that will prove of value to doctors, detectives, reporters, policemen, or any one, in fact, who has occasion to write or to take notes in the dark, is that of a pencil that furnishes its own light as its point passes along over the surface of the paper.

The idea is simplicity itself. It consists of a pencil that has, in the tube through which the point for writing protrudes a small accumulator and an electric lamp. This little lamp throws a small disk of light, so small that it can be hidden by the hand, yet this light is quite sufficient to guide the writer in moving the point of his pencil for the proper formation of characters.

Notes could be taken at the theater when the house is in darkness, doctors would find many uses for it, detectives in hiding could make brief notes as they proceeded with their duties, and the very busy reporter would find a thousand and one uses for it almost any month in the year. Although the light is purposely very small and weak, yet one might locate a keyhole or a house number with it.

Just Suited.

An extremely mean lin-keeper was having some rooms repapered. One day he went down to his cellar and discovered a cask of beer was just beginning to turn sour.

"Ah," he thought, "I'll give it to the workmen upstairs." So he went up stairs and said:

"Here, you chaps, is a cask of beer for you."

A few hours later he went to the place where the men were working. Nobody said anything about the beer; so, finally, not being able to bear it any longer, he said:

"Here, you chaps, what did you think of that beer?"

One of the men replied:

"Oh, it suited."

"How do you mean, it suited?"

"Well," said the man, "if it had been any better we shouldn't have had it, and if it had been any worse we couldn't have drunk it; so it suited."

Safe Sentiments.

Two French orators made excellent speeches at an American Thanksgiving dinner in Paris and two Americans made dreary ones. The first American had a message to deliver, which was that Americans should be upright in business; and the second American, a college professor, went to it for the bigger part of an hour on the necessity of educating children.

When it came another American's turn he said: "Inasmuch as one of my distinguished countrymen has impressed on us here tonight the startling truth that honesty is the best policy, and as another distinguished countryman has assured us that education is a grand little thing for the young, I can find nothing more to say except 'God bless our home,' and he sat down amid vociferous cheers.—Saturday Evening Post.

Quickly Answered.

Pat and Mike, who were neighbors in the "Ould Country," happened to retire from public gaze about the same time. Pat had stolen a watch from a blind man, while Mike had took a friend's cow for his own and sold it. As luck would have it, they were drafted to the same prison, and at church parade on Sunday morning they had a chance for a mopent's forbidden conversation.

"Sidd Mike: 'Top av the mornin' to you! Pat, sin' phwat might the time be? Sure an' ye you that knows all about watches."

But Pat was not to be done. "Mike, my lad," he replied, "begorrah, an' 'tis about milkin' time."

Only Abraham She Knew.

A small girl whose education in American history far surpassed her Biblical knowledge went to Sunday school for the first time not long ago and was much surprised to hear the teacher refer familiarly to Abraham and his nephew, Lot. The chargeless nothing she was a new pupil, inquired:

"Ada, what was your Sunday school lesson about this morning?" Her reply surprised him:

"Well, really, Mr. Wilson, we didn't have any Bible lesson this morning. The teacher took up all the time talking about Mr. Lincoln and his nephew, Abe Lincoln."

KITCHEN NEAT AND COMPACT

Perfect Arrangement of Everything Necessary for Work Resulted in Great Saving of Labor.

The handiest kitchen this writer ever worked in was originally a rather roomy pantry, yet so carefully was everything arranged that there was no crowding, and never an unnecessary step as in a large room. The two doors opening into the dining room and store room opened out of the room. Being small it received sufficient heat from the dining room stove, so contained only a gasoline stove and a good-sized fireless cooker. Along one side was a big dresser for the usual kitchen utensils.

A small shelf of convenient height held the food chopper always ready for use, while a floor bin with two compartments and casters underneath was fastened to the wall. One folding chair stood at the end of the cupboard when not in use. On the opposite side was a large work table that let down against the wall, and above it was a cupboard for baking necessities. A hinged seat on the wall at the end of the table made a convenient place to sit while wiping dishes or preparing vegetables. A small iron sink contained the faucets, and provided an abiding place for the high stool with which every kitchen should be supplied.

The work for a family of three was done in this room with perfect ease, and even on washing day, when the machine and tub must be brought in, a little forethough prevented all crowding.

IS LOSING HIS INSULARITY

According to Correspondent, the Average Briton of Today is Becoming Almost Human.

"Ten years ago the ordinary Englishman would walk the whole length of the platform in order to have a compartment to himself. If you happened in the same compartment he would shrink into a corner as if he feared you were trying to get his watch. Cheap excursion traffic and rapid, convenient suburban services have broken down the Englishman's desire for lonely journeys. He is becoming quite an affable traveling companion—as interesting and as interested as he is at a restaurant dinner table. He has got so that he is now almost human."

The foregoing extract appeared in a London newspaper report of "an informal address delivered by a leading member of the Anglo-American community at one of London's most popular clubs," according to a Detroit Free Press London correspondent.

The "humanizing" of the Englishman was attributed largely to the restaurant habit, the increasing tendency to live in flats, the coming of the department store, golf and continental tours.

Great Men and Music.

Bagpipes are a strange attraction for all sorts and conditions of people. That enthusiastic highlander, Dr. Alexander Duncan Fraser, in his book, "Some Reminiscences and a Bagpipe," tells how Henry Irving was lying seriously ill in a Glasgow hotel when a highland gathering was in progress in a room just below. He sent a message begging that the piper would play to him. Immediately he did, marching up and down the passage outside the sickroom. Then the great actor told the piper how, in his youth, he had played in Glasgow in a piece called "The Siege of Lucknow." His entry had been the signal for the pipes to strike up "I shall never forget," he said, "the wave of enthusiasm that swept over that great audience as the first notes of the pipe fell upon their ears—the highlanders were coming. Jessie's dream was answered: Lucknow was relieved. I have loved the pipes ever since."

Paying If Safe.

An overweight business man bolted headforemost into a luncheon room the other day and pounded on the counter.

"Ham-and sandwich, quick!" he ordered.

There was a wait of five minutes and the man at the counter laid a roast beef sandwich in front of him. "I didn't order this!" yelled the customer. "Bring me a ham-and-sandwich!"

Another wait, and the counter man presented the exasperated customer with a cup of cocoa. The overweight business man pulled his derby down over his ears and headed for the door.

"Where are you going?" demanded the counter man.

"To a restaurant where the cook doesn't gamble with the food!" snapped the overweight citizen, as he disappeared.

Hint to the Bishop.

A bishop once rose to address the boys of North Lake Superior. He he intended to divide the speech into twelve heads. Lord Durham threw upon got up and begged leave to propose for a few minutes to tell the house an anecdote. He was returning home, he said, a few nights before, and passed St. Paul's Cathedral just before midnight. As he did so there was a drunken man trying to see the time. Just then the clock began to strike the hour, and slowly tolled out twelve. The drunkard man listened, looked hard at the clock and said: "Hang you, why couldn't you have said that all at once?" After this narration the bishop condensed his remarks.—London Tit-Bits.

Lawyer Had No Such Scruples.

A town character who had been in trouble with the police many times was arrested recently on a minor criminal charge. The arresting officer was amazed when the fellow appeared in police court with a lawyer prepared to make a defense. Finally his case was called and the judge asked:

"Prisoner, are you guilty or not guilty?"

"Let my lawyer plead not guilty for me, Judge," was the reply. "I ain't got the nerve."

Annual Township Election in Manchester

Although there was not a large vote polled here Monday yet there was considerable interest manifest. Some came to town determined to down the good roads proposition. The new road west of the village had cost so much that they were afraid the expense would ruin them, and they said so. O hers were opposed to any and all of the amendments, while others were afraid that if the women voted several discussions would be the result in every family.

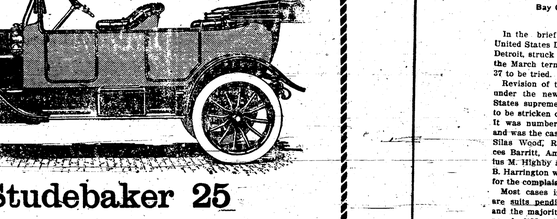
Following is the full vote of the three tickets:

NAME OF OFFICE	NATIONAL PROGRESSIVE		REPUBLICAN		DEMOCRATIC	
Supervisor	Francis W. Smith	73	Samuel A. Holmes	121	Henry L. Rowse	289
Clerk	Lester F. Blaisdell	84	Fred A. Lehman	118	William E. Crane	286
Treasurer	Alfred Rowsenan	82	Fred G. Sackett	116	G. William Seimer	294
Commissioner of Highways	George M. Horton	100	Hiram Parr	106	Frank E. Logan	236
Commissioner of Highways	Frederick Schmidt	91	J. William Wallwood	120	James Egan	221
Justice of the Peace (full term)	William L. Hoff	103	William E. Parker	115	Nathaniel Schmidt	214
Justice of Peace (3 vacancies)	Edward Baker	77	John F. Sunday	118	Reuben Wurster	237
Member of Board of Review	Charles E. Chase	82	D. Cameron Sullivan	116	Albert D. Kalmbach	284
Constables	Edward Staub	94	Fred G. Hauck	126	Michael Fahey	212
	Charles Sloat Jr.	94	Thomas Heim	123	William Cash	215
	Albert A. Greene	87	Ferdinand Huber	123	Wesley Noggles	222
	Fred Uhr	97	Warren Hoxsie	115	Hiram Logan	220

Good roads, no 284, yes 136, no choice 15. Woman suffrage, no 256, yes 156, no choice 13. Initiative referendum, no 253, yes 118, no choice 55. Relief for firemen, no 238, yes 89, no choice 58. Relative to initiative on constitutional amendments, no 259, yes 107, no choice 59. Relative to recall, no 236, yes 140, no choice 49.

The vote on justices of the supreme court, superintendent of public instruction, state highway commissioner, regents of the university, members of state board of agriculture, and of state board of education and county officers were about the same as the party voters.

The progressive lost about half the votes they polled last fall and the old party are rejoicing.



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OLD CASES ARE STRICKEN OFF

JUDGE TUTTLE DISPOSES OF TWELVE HUNDRED IN TWO HOURS.

THE OLDEST ONE WAS STARTED SEVENTY-TWO YEARS AGO.

Many Will Be Taken Care of in May in Federal Courts in Detroit and Bay City Districts.

In the brief space of two hours United States District Judge Tuttle, at Detroit, struck 1,222 equity cases from the March term calendar, leaving but 37 to be tried.

Revision of the calendar was made under the new rules of the United States supreme court. The first case to be stricken off was started in 1839. It was number five on the calendar and was the case of Henry Howard vs. Silas Wood, Robert Johnston, Frances Barritt, Amos Stillenwort, Cornelius M. Highby and Isaac H. Davoe. E. B. Harrington was the attorney named for the complainant.

Most cases in the equity calendar are suits pending in patent matters, and the majority of them will be disposed of May 12 or the date for trial set at that time. The equity cases in the calendar for the western district at Bay City will be pared down by the court May 11.

Chose Detroit for Next Meeting.

The forty-ninth session of the Michigan conference of the Evangelical association was held in the fourth ward church at Flint. Bishop S. P. Spreng, D. D., of Naperville, Ill., presided.

In the annual missionary service $2,250 was raised for home missions. This amount will be raised to over $10,000 by an every-member canvass for the mission work of the church. Next April the fiftieth session of the conference will be held in Detroit, entertained by the five churches of that city.

Five Millions are Due

The state treasury was enriched to the amount of $240,000, which was paid by the Chicago & Northwestern railroad for taxes. Payments made in taxes from corporations assessed under the ad valorem tax system is the last payment to the state. The taxes not paid before May 1 are subject to a penalty of one per cent a month.

Home Coming is Planned

Battle Creek is planning one of the most unusual homecomings ever attempted in this country. The event will start August 19 and end August 25, with something doing every day. Advertising to this effect is being done in almost every state of the union, through hotels, commercial clubs and traveling men.

Insane Woman Kills Husband.

Illius Kuusisto, aged 54, was killed at Calumet by his wife with an ax. It is believed the woman was insane. This was her second attack of mania. The woman beat her husband on the head with an ax, inflicting what was believed to be fatal wounds, including a fracture at the base of the skull, but he recovered.

Co-Eds Put Out a Fire

Fire of unknown origin broke out in South hall of Adrian college, the ladies' dormitory, for a time threatened the whole building. Credit for extinguishing the flames is due the matron, Mrs. Tarne, who ordered the girls to bring pails from their rooms and form a "bucket brigade." The fire was under control when the men from the North hall and the city fire department arrived.

To Stock Waters With Fish

As soon as the weather permits Supt. Harry Markf of the state fish hatchery will plant 30,000,000 trout and whitefish in Lake Superior, Huron and Michigan and the inland streams and lakes of the upper peninsula. This is the largest planting since the spring of 1909, when 34,000,000fish were planted.

One hundred thousand seedlings are being sent out to the boys' organization known as the forest scouts from the state forest reserve at Roscommon. The trees are to be planted by the lads on school grounds, or wherever it is deemed best. They are from two to seven years of age, and will grow into merchantable timber in 20 years.

In furtherance of its plans to revise the charter of Cadillac, the city council has called a special election for June 3 to elect seven commissioners to submit a tentative charter. Commissioners are to act for $25 each.

That the floods in the twine-making district in Ohio and the burning of the twine plant in the Illinois state prison will cause a serious shortage in binder twine in the United States is the opinion of Jackson prison authorities, who are crowding the state binder twine plant to its full capacity.

MICHIGAN NEWS IN BRIEF

The Vanguard, a socialist weekly of Kalamazoo, has suspended publication. The editor announces that unpaid bills are the cause.

By a vote of three to one the electors of Midland county voted to purchase the site in Jerome township for a state tubercular sanitarium.

The creamery at Parma, was destroyed by a fire of unknown origin, with a loss of $10,000. There was $5,000 insurance on the property.

Congressman-at-large Kelley has nominated Ray Lewis, of Houghton, a candidate for the entrance examination to West Point Military academy.

The state board of examiners of barbers has paid over to State Treasurer Hauser $2,300, which constitutes fees collected during the last six months.

Mrs. Noah Bryant, 77, of Kalamazoo, is dead. Her husband started the paper industry in Michigan and was for years head of the Bryant Paper company.

State progressive headquarters will be removed from Owosso to Detroit soon, and Secretary Charles F. Hoffman, whose home is in Owosso, will move to Detroit.

Work will begin shortly on the Genesee county roads, according to the plan voted last year. Gravel has been hauled from Linden for 10 miles north toward Flint.

The three-year-old son of Mrs. Joseph Wallace, of Calumet, died from burns received when its clothing caught fire as it sat in a high chair near the kitchen range.

The charter amendments committee of the Saginaw council has decided to submit at a special election the matter of bonding to bring Saginaw bay water to that city, a distance of about 20 miles.

George Gobeen, 8 years old, was almost instantly killed when he climbed into the pig pen on his father's farm near Ionia and tried to pull a shotgun after him. The charge pierced his neck.

Farmers of Genesee county are crying for help and as a result Ward H. Parker, the agricultural expert recently hired to teach scientific farming, has opened an employment bureau in his office here.

Passenger train No. 4, southbound, on the Grand Rapids & Indiana was derailed half a mile north of Tustin by a broken rail early Monday morning. One car was badly injured in the accident.

It was given out at Marshall that an organization known as the Michigan-Chicago Railroad company, is the corporation that will acquire the Allegan division of the Michigan Central between Battle Creek and Allegan.

Approximately $8,000 has been spent by the Battle Creek board of education in increases of salaries for teachers this spring. Practically every grade teacher who had not reached the limit of $700 was raised, in proportion to efficiency.

At a caucus of the democrat delegation in the house from Michigan, Congressman Doremus, of Detroit, was selected as the Michigan member of the congressional national committee. Mr. Doremus succeeds former Congressman Sweet.

Attorney-General Fellows started proceedings in the Bay County circuit court to restrain the village board of Pinconning from issuing licenses for six saloons. According to the Warner-Cranston law the village is only entitled to have four saloons.

Owosso lodge of Eagles decided to erect a new $20,000 home. This lodge was the first in Michigan to own its own home. The residence now occupied by the lodge is too small to accommodate the 600 members. The new home will be a two-story brick.

The state board of health has elected officers for the ensuing year. Dr. Victor Vaughan, of Ann Arbor, has been elected president, and Dr. T. M. Koon, of Grand Rapids, vice-president. May 8, 10 and 11 there will be a state embalmers' examination held at Ann Arbor.

After many years of planning, the citizens of Alpena believe they are at last to be successful and secure an electric line from Romeo to their village. The D. U. R. has offered to run in a line, if the Alpena people secure the right of way. The distance between the two towns is nine miles.

Jerry Hoskowski, 14 years old, was instantly killed while hunting, five miles south of South Lyon. He and another lad named Ehrenberg were walking, Ehrenberg in the lead, with the shotgun over his shoulder, when the weapon suddenly discharged. The charge struck Earl in the face, tearing away half the side of his head.

The Boy Scouts of America in Greenville have built a club house and repair shop. The cost will be about $500.

Lack of material is the reason given for shutting down the plant of the Bear River Paper & Bag Co., of Petoskey, until June 7. George A. Parsons, of Boston, who is back of the company's affairs, announces that the receivers will soon be dispensed with and a new company take over the mill.

WILSON IS HOPEFUL

PRESIDENT BELIEVES THE NATION APPROVES PROPOSED TARIFF BILL.

DENIES CUTS ARE RUINOUS

Executive Declares Good From Competition Will Result Immediately in the Case of Sugar—Agricultural Schedule Reached by Legislators.

Washington, April 15.—President Wilson believes the tariff bill meets the general approval of the country; that no healthy business will be interrupted, and that, while in most cases the cost of living will not be immediately reduced, the consumer will feel at once the benefit of a reduction in the sugar duty.

These views were expressed by the president in an open talk with newspaper men at the White House. He explained that his main reason for desiring a reduction on sugar was that the consumer deserved it.

The president declared that arrangements by which prices were fixed would surely be made impossible when a truly competitive situation was created, and that the public would get the benefit very promptly in the case of sugar because he knew competitive elements were ready to contest.

Denies There Is Ruinous Cut.

Criticisms, he said, had been received from some perfectly legitimate interests contending that the cuts in their cases were more than they could at present stand. Mr. Wilson said he did not see any ruinous cuts in the bill.

He referred to the fact that members of the ways and means committee had heard every person in interest and that their judgments were based on those hearings.

It was suggested to the president that many Ohio Democrats in congress felt that free wool would be ruinous to the wool industry. Mr. Wilson said he had been trying to inform himself as much as possible on that subject, but did not feel that fears were justified by facts. He remarked that he had heard just the other day that the price of wool was the same on both sides of the water.

In connection with the sugar tariff the president was asked if he thought sugar factories, both beet and cane, could operate under free sugar. He said that he certainly thought they could, remarking with a smile that the factories might shut down for effect for a time, but that they would open for business later.

The president said he hoped to open reciprocity negotiations with several countries as soon as the tariff bill was passed.

"Market Basket" Tariff Up.

House Democrats began the second week of consideration of the new tariff bill in caucus.

Having withstood the test of vigorous opposition to the sugar schedule, the prospect was that no material changes proposed to the bill could get enough support to be effective, not excepting free raw wool, against which a definite opposition has developed. Consideration of the wool question probably will not be reached for several days.

The "market basket" attracted attention of the legislators, the agricultural schedule having been reached. Wheat and citrus fruits were particular targets for some of the members from milling and fruit-growing states.

Millers Charge Discrimination.

Flour has been placed on the free list in the administration bill, the dutiy of 10 per cent ad valorem is left on wheat. Representatives from milling states say that is a discrimination against the millers and they propose to make a fight either to put wheat on the free list or to place a compensating duty on flour. Opposition developed also to the free listing of potatoes.

The senate finance committee, which began consideration of the bill, also had the same question before it, some senators proposing to place a duty of 50 cents a barrel on flour on the basis of five bushels of wheat to the barrel.

RUSS NOBLE WOMAN SUICIDE

Miss Olga Tenchovich is Found Dead After a Quarrel With Her Suitor.

San Francisco, April 14.—Miss Olga Tenchovich of St. Petersburg, a Russian noblewoman, was found dead in her room at a fashionable hotel with bullet wounds in her head. It is asserted she committed suicide. The tragedy is said to have followed a quarrel with her suitor.

Miss Tenchovich is said to have been the daughter of a Russian counsel, and was the fiancee of Count Ignan, a wealthy wholesale merchant of this city.

U. S. SAILORS ARE KILLED

Two Members of Cruiser California Die in Street Fight at Mexican Port.

Guaymas, Sonora, Mexico, April 12.—Two sailors of the United States cruiser California were killed and three others wounded in a street fight at Masatlan, a Pacific coast port below this point.

Two or three Mexican policemen were wounded in attempting to arrest the American sailors.

Admiral Cowles is investigating the incident.

BENNETT CLARK.

Bennett Clark, son of Speaker Clark, has been appointed parliamentary clerk to the speaker, succeeding Charles Crisp of Georgia, who was elected a representative in congress.

FREE MRS. PANKHURST AFTER HUNGER STRIKE

Liberated on Probation From Holloway Jail After Nine Days of Fasting.

London, April 14.—Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, the suffragette leader, was released from Holloway jail here after having been on a "hunger strike" since she was sentenced, only nine days ago, to three years of penal servitude.

Mrs. Pankhurst was released on probation and must report at frequent intervals to the police. In case she commits any misdemeanor she is liable to immediate arrest without warrant and must then serve out her full term of conviction. The intention of the authorities is to allow her to be free only until she regains her strength.

Mrs. Pankhurst was removed to a sanitarium. Her condition was reported to be very serious. She was unable to sit up. The attending physician, however, expressed the hope that she would recover.

It is said that Mrs. Pankhurst refused to sign any undertaking and tore up her ticket of leave and was released free of any pledge.

An attempt was made by suffragettes to burn down the Shipcote Council school at Gateshead. Incendiaries entered after drenching the place with kerosene and set it afire. The flames were quickly discovered and firemen prevented their spreading.

Evidence that the perpetrators were suffragettes was afforded by labels scattered about the premises, inscribed: "We burn to get votes for women." "For the damages done see —Asquith."

FIRE SWEEPS KANSAS PRISON

Twine Plant and Other Buildings Destroyed—Insane Convicts Panic-Stricken.

Kansas City, Mo., April 14.—A fire which started in the twine factory in the state prison at Lansing, Kans., threatened to sweep through all the prison buildings. The prisoners were removed from the buildings.

The fire destroyed the twine plant, the tinker shop and the power house. Fanned by a high wind, the flames threatened for a time the entire prison.

Several score of insane prisoners incarcerated near the start of the fire raised a terrible howl, beating on the bars of their sells and screaming.

The more unruly class of prisoners, those convicted of the more heinous crimes, who work in the mines, came to the surface early in the day and had just been locked in their cells when the flames broke out.

The more orderly prisoners helped fight the flames and did very work. The flames were under control after a battle lasting several hours.

AGREE TO FIGHT FREE WOOL

Fifty Representatives Prepare to Battle Against Proposed Tariff Reduction.

Washington, April 14.—Fifty representatives from twenty or more states who are opposed to putting raw wool on the free list held a conference here today and adopted a resolution that the Democratic caucus it was agreed unanimously to fight free wool.

The wool Democrats claim to have a hundred votes against the free list plan.

Representative Ashbrook of Ohio was elected chairman of the wool conference which was attended by about ten other members from Ohio.

The senate adjourned until 2 o'clock Tuesday.

Plague Epidemic Feared.

Bogota, Colombia, April 12.—Much alarm has been caused here by reports that bubonic plague has broken out at the seaport of Santa Marta.

FIVE PERISH IN BURNING HOUSE

MOTHER AND THREE DAUGTERS AND LITTLE GIRL FRIEND ARE DEAD

FIRE BREAKS OUT WHILE THE FAMILY SLEEPS

Parents Suffer Injuries in Attempting to Rescue Children from Flames. Father will Recover

As the result of a fire which destroyed the home of James Bradley, at Kenneth, near St. Ignace, Mr. Bradley is an inmate of a St. Ignace hospital, mourning the death of his wife, their three daughters and a neighbor's child.

The fire started while the family was sleeping. The daughters, aged 14, 10 and 7, were burned along with Verna Irwin, aged 7, who was spending the night with them. Mr. and Mrs. Bradley were severely burned in attempting a rescue, and the later died of injuries in the hospital. Mr. Bradley probably will recover.

Mr. Bradley is foreman of a mill at Kenneth and Mr. Irwin is an employe of the same plant. The Bradleys moved from Pellston to Kenneth last January.

Suffragette Wins Hunger Strike

Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, the suffragette leader, was released from Holloway jail after having been on a "hunger strike" for nine days.

She had been sentenced to three years in the penitentiary as leader of the militant suffragettes.

Mrs. Pankhurst was released on probation, under the terms of which she must report at frequent intervals to the police. In case she commits any misdemeanor she is liable to immediate arrest without warrant and must then serve out her full term of conviction. The intention of the authorities is to allow her to be free only until she regains her strength.

Heroic Woman Saves Husband.

But for the heroism displayed by his wife, H. H. Rawlings, a real estate agent, of Port Huron, might have been cremated, when their apartments were destroyed by fire. Rawlings is a paralytic and lay helpless on a couch in one of the rooms when burning timbers overhead told him of the danger. His cries for help were heard by his wife, who coolly lifted him onto a wheel chair, and unassisted, carried him down a steep stairway, along with their 5-year-old daughter, through smoke which was suffocating. They had no sooner reached the outside than the roof caved in.

Amendment Is Now Assured.

Direct election of United States senators became one of the provisions of the constitution by Connecticut's ratification of the amendments to that effect. Thirty-six states, the requisite three-fourths of all in the union, have now approved the change. It remains only for the governors of all states which have acted favorably to formally notify Secretary Bryan and for him to issue a proclamation announcing the change. The amendment to the constitution is the second within the last few months. The new amendment is the seventeenth to be adopted.

Girls Win in Boston Strike.

A strike of the telephone operators of Greater Boston, threatened for the past few days, is averted by a compromise reached after a 48-hour conference between representatives of the company and the union. Instead of increasing wages, as was demanded, the company is to adopt a plan of "anniversary payments" of from $25 to $100 a year, in the nature of a bonus for faithful service.

Low Birth Rate in France.

The birth rate in the French capital for 1912 was the lowest since 1861, according to a municipal report made public recently. There was only one birth for every 29 families. The infantile death rate was 142 a thousand. Prohibitive rentals are said to have been the chief cause for the decrease in the number of births.

Reorganize the New Republic.

The Brazilian government, anticipating similar action on the part of the United States, has cabled to the Chinese government its recognition of the new republic. The Brazilian and Chinese flags were displayed together over the government offices.

Otto L. Hill has started suit against the city of Fort Huron for $5,000. He alleges his property was damaged when repairs were made to a water main.

The past winter's cut of timber in Ontonagon county, the center of the logging operations in the upper peninsula, is estimated at 150,000,000 feet. This cut is believed the largest ever recorded in any one season in this district, and is evidence that lumbering is still an important industry in Michigan's north country.

KING ALFONSO OF SPAIN

An attempt on the life of Spain's young ruler has been made for the third time by anarchists. Three shots were fired at him but he escaped unhurt.

DENTISTS ELECT OFFICERS

Vote to Affiliate with National Body and Give Money to Miller Memorial

A vote to affiliate with the National Dentists' association, an appropriation of $250 to the Miller Memorial fund at Ann Arbor, and the election of officers featured the final session of the Michigan Dental association at Grand Rapids.

The Miller Memorial probably will be either a medal or a scholarship at the University of Michigan in honor of Dr. Miller, who came to Grand Rapids as dean of the medical department, but died two weeks after taking the position.

Officers elected: President, W. A. Giffen, Detroit; Vice-President, C. A. Burbridge, Grand Rapids; Secretary, J. Ward Hoxie, Jackson; Treasurer, E. J. Chamberlain, Grand Rapids; members of the executive council, G. C. Bowles, Detroit, and Walter L. Crego, Saginaw.

Joliet to Get Federal Prisoners

Prisoners, convicted of felonies in the federal courts at Chicago, hereafter will be sent to the Illinois state penitentiary at Joliet, instead of to the federal penitentiary at Leavenworth, according to notice which came from Washington to United States District Attorney James H. Wilkerson.

Historic Bridge to Be Removed.

Gen. Sullivan's bridge, which Gen. Washington and his army used in passing over the Schuylkill river to winter quarters at Valley Forge, is to rise again in imperishable concrete.

This most certain of all is a meeting of representative men recently.

A $250,000 structure is planned, the money having been subscribed by patriotic men of wealth residing in the neighborhood of the historic spot.

President Will Visit Canal.

President Wilson is going to Panama to see for himself the work in the extra session of congress adjourns.

To the delight of those who stand for free tolls for American commerce, the president informed them of his intention. He said he would take up this question soon as the tariff was out of the way. That he would go to study it personally in all its phases, and that about his first step would be a trip to the canal.

Troops Withdrawn from Buffalo

A court order was signed directing the withdrawal of the 600 state militia, called to Buffalo in connection with the strike of the carmen of the International Railway company.

Street car service on regular schedule was resumed on all city suburban lines.

Mrs. Jacob Welter, the last real Michigan Daughter of the Revolution, died at the home of her son near Ovid, aged 95. She was the widow of Nathan Sayre, a lieutenant in the Continental army. She was a member of the Michigan Pioneer society.

The trout fishing season in upper Michigan promises to be exceptionally brief this year. Farmers report five to eight feet of water in the woods in many places, and say the amount at this time of the spring is the greatest they have ever seen. Many of the rivers and creeks are, certain to overflow, and it is probably will be well along in the summer before fishermen will be able to whip the streams with much hope of success.

At the last meeting of the Saginaw common council the endowment fund of $20,000 left by the late ex-governor A. T. Bliss for the improvement of Bliss park was accepted.

In the free decision ever announced by the supreme court of the United States in regard to the use of X-rays, the tribunal held that the burden was on the plaintiff, in suits for damages resulting from the use of X-rays, to show the physician, or defendants, was negligent, and that the physician in such suits need not show he was not negligent.

IMPORTANT NEWS SUMMARY

Madame Poincare, mother of the president of France, is dead in Paris.

Henry M. Flagler, Standard Oil magnate, has lapsed into unconsciousness at West Palm Beach, Fla., and friends and relatives now fear that the end is only a matter of hours.

John J. Hartigan, the New York policeman who would not "squeal," went to Sing-Sing to serve three years for perjuring himself to shield higher police officers accused of graft.

The house at St. Paul, Minn., passed Senator John Moonan's bill for a constitutional amendment for the recall of all public officials, executive and appointive. The bill now goes to the senate.

Dr. Thomas J. Kemp of Washington convicted of sending improper medical matter through the mails, was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary. Kemp is a son-in-law of Senator Fletcher.

Manila papers received in San Francisco tell of the Moro siege of the town of Jolo, continued since the latter part of January, and say 37 American soldiers are in the hospital there, 17 of them seriously wounded.

Johnny Coulon, champion bantam of the world, and Francis Hennessy, the St. Louis bantam-weight, have signed to meet before the Future City Athletic club in an eight-round bout on April 29. The matter of weight is left up to Coulon.

A large vase filled with flowers graced the bench in front of Supreme Court Justice Hughes in Washington as a reminder of his birthday anniversary. Justice Hughes is fifty-one and the youngest member of the court in point of years.

Full investigation of strike conditions in the Paint Creek coal fields in West Virginia by a committee of three senators was asked in a resolution presented by Senator Kern of Indiana in the senate in Washington. It was referred to a committee.

Miss Agnes Seineke, a high school teacher of East Chicago, Ind., has written Dr. E. H. Garrett in Los Angeles Cal., that she is ready to sacrifice cuticle if it is needed in a skin grafting operation to save the life of James Grady, one of his patients