Our Advertisers Keep **Patronize** the in **GOBLES** and

LOCAL BREVITIES

Last game of season Friday night. Ferndale.

Charles Petty is detained at home with the flu.

of the week at her home here.

`Ed Doe spent Sunday and holiday with Mrs. Doe at Port Huron. Mrs. Lillian Mann visited in Kal-

amazoo and Climax the first of the week. Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Green visit-

ed at Ray Wise's in Kalamazoo Thelma Dykema of Kalamazoo

visited Thelma Machin the first of the week Fern Messinger picked 3 dandelion blossoms Feb. 20, 1932, in her

front yard. Owing to so many being indisposed the program for Washington's Birthday was postponed indefin-

The M. E. Aid will meet with Mrs. John Torrey next Wednesday. Answer roll call with name of a state and when admitted to union.

The Wauchek hatchery started operations Monday with over three times as many chicks sold for the first hatch as for the same a year

Farmers Vegetable Insect Control School at Gobles schoolhouse next Wednesday morning at ten. In charge of county agricultural agent. Don't miss it.

Wouldn't this have been some country had it had intelligence enough to have taken GeorgeWashington's advice to avoid all foreign entanglements?

Former and older residents will be interested in knowing that Mrs. Otis C. Cackler, passed away recently at the home of her daughter in Kalamazoo. She was a Gobles resident for many years.

Mrs. Eva Westcott celebrated her 87th birthday Sunday by visiting her son, Edgar Westcott and family near Otsego. A bountiful dinner was given in her honor. Mrs. Mabel Churchill and Donald ac-

Some of our readers have been surprised to find some of their property listed for tax sales when they have receipts to show that taxes were paid. This should teach all to see that their descriptions are right on their tax receipts to avoid further troubles.

The Washington memorial exercises sponsored by the village will continue Sunday evening with union services at the Community church at 7:30. Rev. Charles Hahn will give the main address. Special music is in preparation. Everybody urged to come.

Did Gobles give you a real ball game last Friday night? Two overtime periods but Gobles won both games and are still in the running for county championship tie. They must b at Covert tomorrow night to do it. Come out and help give the team rousing support for the

Dean Ray, son of Mr. and Mrs. Willard Ray and a senior of Gobles High, has been named second alternate from this congressional district for entrant at the national naval academy at Annapolis, Dean is the first from here in years to apply for this honor and we hope it will be a good year for second alternates.

The Mobeetie, Texas, Journal announces the marriage of Mr. George E, Kile to Miss Florence L. Coburn The groom is plant man for the Southwestern Associated Telephone company and the bride is operator at the Mobeetie exchange. If our memory is correct the bride is a grandoaughter of Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Day.

Marion Rendel of Kalamazoo is home this week ill with flu.

Mrs. Ida Cole is home from Marquis were home from Chicago for the week end.

Clarence Andre was called early Tuesday to take Jack Valleau, who Mrs. Hugh Smith spent the first was suffering from a hemorrhage of | fine shape financially as we are. the nose, to the hospital, where he is resting nicely.

KENDALL

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Benton spent the week end in Kalamazoo.

Mr. and Mrs. D. V. Chamberlin spent Sunday in Kalamazoo with their son, Vern and family, who are

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Chamberlin of Kalamazoo spent Sunday at Frank Chamberlin's.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Bailey February 19, a son, William Lawrence Bailey. Congratulations. Born, February 20, to Mr. and Mrs. Claude Story, a son, Glenn

Mrs. May Ray and daughter, Lillian spent Saturday in Kalama-

Lee Story. Congratulations.

the week end with his parents, Dr. and Mrs. Wilkinson.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Harris of Kalamazoo spent Wednesday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. M.

Mrs. Charlotte Kane, Joseph Kane and Fred Snook of Kalamazoo spent Monday with Mr. and Mrs Henry Waber.

Florence Bachelder of Kalamazoo has been visiting here with relatives. Ivan Ray is ill at his home and unable to attend school.

Those who are reported ill at the present are: Mrs. Carrie Young and children, Norton, Leone and Harold, Amelia Odell, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Knowles and Mrs. Carrie Swim, Beatrice Waber, Louise Waber and brother, Clarence, Margaret and Maurice Mahieu, Gordon and Joyce Leversee, Hazel Schoolcraft and daughter, Mary Jane and Mary

Word was brought here early Sunday morning of the death by auto by Mrs. Caroline Howard Plummer accident of Mrs. Lyle Earle of Ot- and her company from Kaiamazoo She was killed white returning home from a visit to Kendall. Mr. Earle was also injured. They resided here a few years ago. Her chest was crushed when the auto went into a ditch near Otsego.

Mr. and Mrs. Estus Leversee and baby Billie and Emmett Leversee spent Sunday evening with Floyd Harter in Allegan. They report Mrs. Harter gaining in a Battle Creek hospital.

Mr. and Mrs. D. V. Chamberlin were callers at Elmer and Mary Chamberlin's near Plainwell Sunday evening.

Final Tax Notice

Will be at Gobles Bank in the afternoons this week Saturday and on March 1, taxes not paid before then must be returned.

Walter Becker, Treas. Pine Grove

The Caucus

The lack of interest in the caucus Monday evening is good evidence that the village at large is well pleased with its present officials as the following were renominated without opposition:

John Reig'e, president Clarence Andre, clerk John McDonald, treasurer Edward Alway, assessor Walter Ruell, Roy Randall and Lloyd Upham, trustees.

Community Church

Sunday school at 10 a. m. Morning worship at 11 a.m. Lillian Mann, pastor

We are ready for your job Bring it in today, YOPK.

Our Town

As another fiscal year draws to a Carleton Rendel and Harold close it seems fitting that we call your attention to the town itself.

> We believe that few indeed are the towns that furnish the advantages this town does that are in as

> With a bonded debt of only \$12,-000 we have electricity, water, a mile of pavement, a village hall, miles of cement walks and side streets in excellent condition. As a separate unit we also have a good schoolhouse and athletic field free from debt. We also have a sinking fund of over \$3000 on hand toward the retiring of our bonds.

> We are most proud of our town and equally as proud of our financial condition and if any town can make as good a showing we will be glad to congratulate them.

Our village council are to be congratulated in giving us so much for our money. They are not to blame for our bonded debt but they are entitled to much credit in keeping up the appearance of the town and still create such a fine surplus. We are proud of them and hope they Glenn Wilkinson of Detroit spent | may continue to serve us through many years.

Our people, too, have withstood the depression and continue to smile. Most of them are able to pay their taxes and live and no one is allowed to suffer in our midst All are striving to keep this the one lest place to live and doing their parts in keeping Gobles going well within its means.

The fact that the entire list of officers whose terms expire were renominated without opposition at the caucus Monday evening convinces us that others feel the same as we do.

Gentlemen's Night

Last Thursday evening the Gobles Weman's Fortnightly Club entertained the mere men at their annual gentlemen's night.

The event started as usual with a fine banquet to which all did ample justice and which made all forget their troubles. This was followed by a very enjoyable program that won the hearty approval of all fortunate enough to be present.

This was followed by a social hour and bridge that continued the pleasures until a late hour.

The guests of the evening were well repaid for the year of cold lunches incident to the fortnightly meetings of this organization and start out the new year with pleasurable anticipations of the time when they will again be entertained by these hosts.

Busy Workers

The Busy Workers met with Clara Burgett Feb. 18, for an all day meeting. A bountiful pot luck dinner was served at noon. After the business meeting the ladies next. As I am called to Paw Paw played pedro. Nellie Merrill won first prize and Ellen Torrey second.

Next meeting will be with Ada Pike March 3.

Annual Tax Sales

The second publication of the Annual Tax Sales for Van Buren County will be found in the supplement of this issue.

Card of Thanks

Words fail us to express our appreciation for the fruit, flowers, letters and many kind acts and words of encouragement from our friends and neighbors, members of the school board, teachers and children of the Gobles schools. We are very grateful and thankful for the many ways in which we were remembered and helped during our recent accident and illness.

Dorothy and Mildred Ringel

Patronise our advertisers.

BASE LINE

Elmer Forster and family of Merson and Robt. Banks and family of Bloomingdale ate Sunday dinner with Mr. and Mrs. L. Woodruff.

Frank Philley of Allegan visited his cousins, Mrs. Edna Wilmot and Harley Merriam last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. James spent Monday evening at L. Woodruff's.

Harley Merriam took Sunday dinner with Mr. and Mrs. G, Bell.

Mr. and Mrs. Claude Enos spent Saturday evening at Lester Wood-

W. A. Jacobs visited in Paw Paw Sunday.

Mrs. Bert James of Alamo and Mrs. Zelda Pullin spent Monday with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. J Eastman of Gobles.

Violet Pullin, who has been helping her grandparents a part of the winter is staying at home again. Although Violet is in school each day we are glad she is back in the neighborhood again.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl James of Kalamazoo spent Saturday night with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. George James.

Zelma James of Gobles was a guest of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. James Saturday night and Sunday.

Village Election

Notice is hereby given to the Qualified Electors of the Village of Gobles, State of Michigan that the next ensuing Annual Village Election will be held at Village Hall within said Village on

Monday, March 14, A.D.1931 At which election the following village

officers are to be elected, viz.: 1 Village President; 1 Village Clerk; Village Treasurer; also 3 Trustees for 2 years; 1 Assessor.

Also for the purpose of voting upon th following proposition:

"Shall the village of Gobles, raise one half mill for the support of a village band? RELATIVE TO OPENING AND

CLOSING OF THE POLLS

Dated this 2ndday of February, A. D.

C. L. ANDRE, Clerk of said Village.

WAGERTOWN

Grange Thursday evening. De-

Mrs. Grauman has been spending

a week with her sister, Mrs. Mertz. Mrs. Kaats visited Monday afternoon with Ethel Eastman.

Sunday evening visitors at Geo. Leach's were Leonard Goble and family, Mr. and Mrs. Joe Holdeman and Norma Truax and children

Mrs. Helen Beeman and daughter visited the last of the week with her sister, Mrs. Rhoades in Kala-

Vernon Healy and family called Sunday afternoon at Geo. Bell's.

Lewis Mertz of Montana is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A

John Beeman and son, Junior spent Sunday in Kalamazoo. Mrs. Beeman and daughter returned home with them.

Ladies Aid Wednesday, Feb. 2 at Grange hall. Pot luck dinner.

Democratic Caucus

Democratic caucus is hereby called to nominate village officers for their ensuing terms and to transact such other matters as may properly come before it, at 8 P. M. fast time Thursday, February 25, 1932 at the Gobles Village hall.

By order of Committee.

Patronize our advertisers.

6UBSCRIPTION PRICE, \$1.50 A YEAR & ADVANCE. IN CANADA, \$2.00.

ADVERTISING RATES.
Business Locals, 5 cents a line per wee
Curch Notices, half price.

ALL Poetry 5c per line, in advance.
Resolutions, 75 cents per set.
Cards of thanks, obituaries and resolute to be paid for in advance.

Cards of Thanks, 50 cents. Copy for advertising must reach this not later than Tuesday noon. All that in later can be laid one side until the of the following week.

Copies of the paper, 5c each. Copies of paper are not included in obituaries or of thanks.

Methodist Church

Charles Hahn, Pastor. GOBLES

Morning Worship, 10:00 Sunday School,11:00 o'clock. KENDALL Sunday School, 9:30,

Morning Worship, 10:30. Notice of Hearing Claims STATE OF MICHIGAN—The Probate Court for the County of Van Buren,

.In the Matter of the Estate of Louis H Waber, Deceased. Notice is hereby given that four months from the 3rd day of February A. D. 1932, have been allowed for creditors to present their claims against said deceased to said court for examinagainst said deceased to said court for examination and adjustment, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said court, at the probate of our or before the 6th day of June, A. D. 1932 and that said claims will be heard by said court on Monday, the 6th day of June, A. D. 1932 at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

Dated Feb 2rd A. D. 2022

Dated Feb. 3rd A. D. 1932, MERLE H. YOUNG,

Judge of Probate Mortgage Sale

Notice is hereby given that the mort-

gage dated December 13, 1930, given by Sarah Polakow to Elizabeth Wilkins and William Wilkins on the following described property, to-wit: "The North 110 acres of the Northeast quarter, the north 32 acres of the south 37 acres of that part of the northwest quarter lying east of highway, also the north half of the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section 24, Town three South range 14 West, Paw Paw township, Van Buren County, Michigan, which mortgage was

recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Van Buren County, Michigan, on December 13, 1930, in Liber 150 of Mortgages on pages 425-6, will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises at the north front door of the Court House in the Village of Paw Paw, Michigan, on the 29th day of April, 1932, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon. Installments of interest due June 13, 1931 and December 13, 1931 are due and unpaid and have remained unpaid for more than 30 days after maturity and the mortgagors elect to declare the entire amount of principal and interest unpaid to be now due and payable and hereby foreclose for the whole thereof amounting to \$2500.00 principal and \$195.31 interest or a total of \$2695.31, be-

fees. Dated January 25, 1932. WILLIAM WILKINS and ELIZABETH WILKINS,

Mortgagees

W. J. Barnard, Attorney for Mortgagees Paw Paw, Mich.

WAVERLY

Mr. and Mrs. Marion Burns and son, Bobby spent Sunday at Squire Burns.

Kalamazoo spent the week end at Henry Bishop's.

Mr. and Mrs. George Bishop of

The 4-H Club met with Marian Carpenter last Saturday afternoon.

Bernard Blakeman and Paul Wilcox of Kalamazoo were supper guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Blakeman last Wednesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Fay White and Mr. and Mrs. Frank White of Gobles were Sunday evening callers at J.A. White's.

Mildred Herron of Kalamazoo spent Sunday at Arthur Herron's.

Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Sage and Mr. and Mrs. John Russel visited Mr. and Mrs. Jess Coffinger of Kalamazoo Sunday.

Mrs. Corabel Ketchum entertained the Ladies Aid last Wednesday. About thirty were present and all report a very pleasant time.

Notice

I will be a candidate for nomination on the Republican ticket for township treasurer, Pine Grove township. Your support will be appreciated

Carl Johnson.

Patronize our advertisers.

Pd Pol Adv

GOBLES NEWS EVERY THURSDAY MORNING

Entered at the Post Office at Gobles. Mich., as second-class matter.
J. BERT TRAVIS, Publisher.

Business Locals

Advertise everything you can't use in this column. Others get results. Why not you?

Good horses for sale. Sage Bros. For prompt taxi service phone Ruell's store.

Indian relics wanted. See Van Ryno. Buy Firestone tires at L. & C.

Veal calves wanted. See or phone Lester Woodruff.

Suits and topcoats cleaned and pressed \$1. Call for and deliver Mon. and Thurs. Out of town customers leave cleaning at Ruell's grocery. Clare C. Stegeman, Dry Cleaning Plant, Allegan.

Am prepared to do well work of all kinds. Frank Veley.

Good house paint \$1.85 per gallon; pure linseed oil paint \$2.60. Floor varnish 75c quart. Frank Roberts, phone.

Choice winter apples for sale. See or phone G. R. Beadle.

Wanted---Fat cattle and hides See or write Otis Lohrberg, Gobles. Wanted---Cattle, hogs and veal calves. Phone Verne Stephenson's

market day times or my house in evening. Alfalfa hay for sale. Dr. Sage

farm just west of Gobles. Battery charging 50c at Randall's

Apples for sale, 50c a bushel. See or phone Ed Honeysett, northeast of Kendall.

For Sale: 10,000 egg hot water incubator. Call W. H. Ferguson. Will trade for what have you. I am ready to do your well work

of all kinds and will compete with any good well drivers price. Will Herman, phone R. M. Curtiss & Co., Gobles.

Wanted to Buy-Your cattle, sheep, hogs. Veal calves a specialty. Phone 2121 or 3471, Bangor. J. C. Jordan, Bangor.

2 Aladdin kerosene lamps, good as new for sale cheap. See Arthur Smith on Quetschke farm.

Green wood for sale. Phone Arthur Nash.

Be ready to stop the SMALL FIRE. FYR FYTER will do it. See Clif. Bingham.

Still selling dressed beef. Noble Stoughton, Kendall.

Old time dance at Kendall Saturday night. 5 prizes will be given.

For radio service and repair see or phone Lovell Cook, Bloomingdale. Barred Rock hatching eggs for sale. John Russell. Phone 453F1L.

Wanted. to borrow \$500 on real estate property worth over \$4000. Inquire at News office.

Found---Dog. Owner may get same by proving property and paying for keep. J. B. Ryno.

Good work horse wanted. See Ed Carter.

Cable baby grand piano and late model Maytag electric washer, both like new, for sale. Reasonable. Schlihs, Pine Grove.

Want to rent a farm on shares. Call and see me. Ralph Conklin, Lawton. For Sale-Hard coal brooder,

nearly new. Ed Messinger. For sale or will rent whole house,

in Gobles, reasonable. Al Munn. For sale cheap. Beech and oak body wood at old Vint Nash farm.

Good dry wood for sale. See Chet Good 4-year old fresh, registered

Jersey cow and calf at side, also 2weeks old registered Jersey bull for sale. W. I. Ray, Kendall,

U. OF M. WAR SCIENCE **PROFESSOR RELEASED**

The University of Michigan has granted the request of the War Department that Maj. Basil D. Edwards, professor of military science and tac tics and R. O. T. C. commandant here, be released at the close of the present year. It is understood that Maj. Edwards will be named to an important post directing industrial mobilization as an executive under Frederick H. Payne, assistant secretary of war.

Maj. Edwards is serving his third year here and is regarded highly. Under his direction the military unit here has reached the highest point of efficiency and ranks now as one of the outstanding units of the country.

It is said here that the change is in no way associated with the Far East situation.

Holland Teachers Volunteer Pay Cut

Holland's public school budget will effect a saving of \$8,000 for the current year, due to voluntary reductions departments. The schedule covers 20 \$4,000,000. U. S. navy ships went to the city's assistance, per cent in the salary of Supt. E. E. in salaries by teachers and heads of Fell, 15 per cent in the salary of Principal J. J. Riemersma and 10 per cent in teachers' salaries.

The board of education will consider the report and also a tentative reduction of approximately \$38,000 in next year's budget, involving 145 employes, to be recommended by the teacher's committee.

RELIEF

from Headaches, Colds and Sore Throat Neuritis, Neuralgia

Don't be a chronic sufferer from headaches, or any other pain. There is hardly an ache or pain Bayer Aspirin tablets cannot relieve; and they are a great comfort to women who suffer periodically. They are always to be relied upon for breaking up colds.

It may be only a simple headache, or it may be neuralgia or neuritis. Rheumatism. Lumbago. Bayer Aspirin is still the sensible thing to take. Just be certain it's Bayer you're taking; it does not hurt the heart. Get the genuine tablets, in this familiar package.



Severe Earthquake Destroys Large Part of Cuban City



Above is an aerial view of the city of Santiago, Cuba, which was struck by an earthquake that leveled off at least a fifth of the buildings, killing at least twelve persons and injuring 300, and causing damage estimated at

HUNTING LICENSES TOTAL 6,900,000

More than 6,900.000 hunting licenses for taking wild game were issued to sportsmen throughout the United States and Alaska, in the season 1929-30. Including receipts from combined hunting and fishing licenses but not those from licenses issued for fishing only, the revenue to the states amounted to more than \$10,000,000.

Detailed figures for the season, compiled by the bureau of biological survey of the U.S. department of Agriculture, show an increase in the number of licenses issued and in the money receipts as compared with the preceding three years. In the 1926-27 season, the bureau's records show 5,9808,795 hunters paid for their licenses a total of \$8.187,223, in the 1927-28 season 6,462,555 hunting licenses were issued, bringing a revenue of \$9,338,173 to the states, in 1928-29, 6,428,761 licenses were issued, and the fees paid were \$9,391,412.

New York, with 721,171 licenses and \$735,295 in money returns, and Pennsylvania, with 509,926 licenses and a revenue of \$1,029, 745 head the 1929-30 list. Only 17 states licensed more than 1,000 nonresidents or aliens, Pennsylvania leading with 4,823, Maine coming second with 4,-

638, and New York third with 4,065. Michigan figures for the 1929-30 period were 404,129 resident licenses; 2.704 nonresident and money returns, \$625;601.25.

Waterway Bills Shelved

Wyandotte Channel ,the St. Clair but will somewhat exceed the total of river and Mackinac Channel will be \$39,000. shelved for the remainder of the present session of Congress as a result of the decision of the Houe Rivers and Harhor Committee not to approve new legislation of this type.

Tired, Nervous and Depressed?



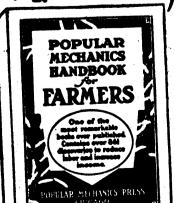
Health Suffers When Kidneys Do Not Act Right

> EED promptly a nagging backache, with bladder ir-regularities and a tired, nervous, depressed feeling. They may warn some disordered kidney or bladder condition.

Users everywhere rely on Doan's Pills. The sale of millions of boxes annually attests to Doan's popularity. Your dealer has Doan's.

A Diuretic

Gold Mine of Ideas for Farmers



Here's "the most remarkable book ever published for farmers," says one authority. It is remarkable in the atterne practical nature of its centests, in the wide range of farm subjects cov-ered, is the world of illustrations it contains, and in the attremely low price.

861 Discoveries

One discovery sometimes makes a fortune. Here are 861 of them, any one of which may be of many dollars value to you. These discoveries may be classified as follows:

135 for the farm shop

7 on greenhouse work
27 on farm tools
64 on garden work
24 on poultry
17 on the lawn
140 on household helps
76 on miscellaneous
farm work
86 on hunting,fishing,
emd trapping

Suppose you could live your life 417 times aid force shead of other farmers in a way that would insure you libers and if This book enables you'be do the next best thing — you may hav the striken—experience of exceptable farmers as told by themselves — briefly, clearly, compared these energies are shortested with accurate drawings! Imagine 270 pages chock are the striked with accurate drawings!

Just send \$1 and the book will be mailed to you postpaid

NOVELTY GARDEN CLUB 58 Market Avenue, S. W. Grand Rapids, Mich. stituted.

Fire losses in the leading cities of Michigan probably will average slightly under the 1930 totals, judging by

Detroit accounts for a large part of riod from Dec. 1 to 31. the reduction with a total \$644,623 The report shows 297 men convicted swered 12,560 alarms.

fire prevention activities, kept its per served in jail in December, 1930. capita loss around \$2. The loss total was \$345,000, as compared with 160,926 in 1930.

The lower percentage of fines paid is due to the fact that men arrested for breaking game, fish and fur laws

\$158,168, one of the lowest losses in pending sentences. the city's recent history.

number of years, around \$83,000.

ly from \$38,978 to \$204,800, four had been speared illegally.

18 Being Perfected

Confident of the practicability of Should the tests prove the feasibility men into court during the month. of the invention it undoubtedly will

bladed contraption that fits above the near beaver houses or dams. fore part of the fuselage and directly thrown by air current into four-blade of pheasants, 15. position and immediately begin revolv-

Revive Sugar Plant

Mr. Pleasant chamber of commerce has given its endorsement to the proposed organization of the Mt. Pleasant Sugar Company. Pledges have been subscribed by business and profesbeet crop notes.

Columbia Sugar Company.

Ships Electric Buses

Shipment of the first of the new

Fire Losses in Michigan Cities Show Low Ratios FINES FALL OFF,

reports from most of the larger municipalities. The several city fire de-continues to decrease the proportion o. b. and \$192.76 under alternate bid, partment estimates are, in all prob- of violators serving jail sentences is less discount. Mifflinburg Body Comability, scaled downward somewhat increasing rapidly, according to a rebecause of the general reduction in port issued by the department of conproperty valuations during the year. | servation. The report covers the pe-

lower than in 1930. The 1931 figure of conservation law violations for the is \$3,612,659. Valuation of property month as compared with 360 convicted where fires occurred was 130,011,207, in December, 1930. The fines and while the insurance coverage was costs paid amounted to \$4,002.66 as \$107,081,626. The department an-compared with \$7,412.82 in the same month of the previous year. However, The loss total of Grand Rapids was 74 persons served an aggregate of somewhat higher, although this city, 2,100 days in jail during December, which has been a national leader in 1931, as compared with 1,090 days

Flint's loss was only about one-third are unable to pay fines and serve the the 1930 total amounting to \$131,- alternative jail sentences. Justices of 465, less than \$1 per capita. Saginaw, the peace hearing conservation law hit by two bad losses in January, nev- cases also are placing larger numbers ertheless managed to hold its total to of violators on probation or are sus-

Only 23 of the 297 cases brought Lansing, while not equaling some into court in December had to do with other marks of recent years, still had the fish laws. Thirteen men were cona good record, with a loss of about victed of illegal possession of nets or \$110,000 or around \$1.25 per capita. operating nets illegally and ten were Jackson had the lowest loss total in a punished for possession of certain species of fish out of season. Two of Muskegon's loss jumped precipitate- these cases were for having fish that capitalist, has joined the ranks of

pad fires causing damage estimated at Forty-six men were convicted in insurance is made by George E. Don-\$172,745. Muskegon Heights, a sub- December for hunting without licenses. nell, special agent for the Northwest urb, had the lowest loss in its history, In addition six were convicted for car-ern Mutual Life, who brokered enough however, totaling only \$2,515 or 16.1 rying guns in areas frequented by additional insurance through the Bills authorizing the development cents per capita. Port Huron's loss game without permits, and seven were Crown Life of Toronto, to put Mr. and improvement of Lake St. Clair, has not yet been definitely determined fined or went to jail for carrying guns Olds' coverage over the million mark.

> son or illegal possession of venison business over age 65, including Mr. brought 32 men into court during De- Donnell's own carrier. cember. Men convicted of such viola tions received the largest fines and the

ventor, is proceeding with arrange- Twenty-three were sentenced for setments for the construction of a work- ting their traps too close to muskrat ing model of his recently patented col- homes. The fact that they did not have lapsible safety rotor wing by Univer- metal tags bearing their names and sity of Detroit aeronautic experts. addresses on their traps brought 25

Twelve men were convicted of illegain recognition of aviation authori- gal possession of beaver hides or of trapping beaver out of season. Six Bolcom's device is a simple two- were sentenced for setting traps too

Among the other conservation laws above the main wings. Overtaken by violated during the month were: Bormotor trouble in midair, the pilot rowing or loaning licenses, 7; taking merely would have to release a brake rabbits illegally, 6; swearing falsely lever and the fan blades would be to obtain licenses, 7; illegal possession

The department of conservation ing, thereby becoming a stabilizer confiscated 305 traps during Decemwhile the engine is dead, permitting ber, took 38 guns from persons using easy elevator-like descension to earth them illegally and confiscated large numbers of furs. Other articles listed as confiscated were: 1 automobile, 12 fish nets, 22 muskrat pelts, 10 beaver pelts, 1 mink pelt, 4 partridges, 4 ferrets, 5 raccoon pelts and 2 boats.

Takes Postoffice Figures

Figures for two Michigan postoffices, sional men and farmers for \$30,000 in a \$135,000 structure to be eercted at loans to the company against farmers' Ludington and a \$75,000 addition and alteration to be made at Ann Arbor, Henry A. Vallez, Bay City, is vice are being taken by James A. Wetmore, president and general manager of the U.S. supervising architect at Washcompany which leased the plant for ington, D. C. Bids on the former are the 1931 season from the insolvent due February 26, and on the latter on February 29.

Plans \$500,000 Armory

Albert Kahn, Detroit architect, has trackless trolley coaches developed by been selected to prepare plans for a General Motors Truck Company, Pon-tiac, has started. The coaches were cost \$500,000, to be erected at Linordered by the Wisconsin Gas and wood, Artillery and Oakman boule-Electric Company, which operates a vard, Detroit, for the 182nd field artilstreet car service in Kenosha. All lery of the Michigan National Guard. street cars are to be discontinued and Col. Heinrich Pickert, U. S. Collector the trackless trolley coaches sub- of Customs at Detroit, is in charge of

Million Dollar U. S. Mail MICHIGAN WILL STILL Truck Order Bids Opened MICHIGAN WILL STILL

Bids for furnishing 2,000 motor trucks for the U.S. mail service, to cost close to \$1,000,000, were opened recently by the postoffice department. Low bids, under various specifications, were submitted by Dodge Brothers, Chevrolet, Ford, General Motors separately.

The bids were submitted on two set. delivery bases, first, f. o. b., and secprovided for delivery to the main posting capacity was offered by Dodge Brothers at \$524.67 each, net, while the lowest bid under the alternate basis was submitted by Chevrolet at \$562.90 net. The latter company also with a white background and black submitted the low bids for 500 complete trucks of 1,800 pounds gross made until after ranking police offiload carrying capacity at \$386.50 f. o. b. and \$406.72 under the alternate

Ford Motor submitted the low bids for separate chassis, offering to sup ply 1,500 of the 4,200-pound load chassis for \$336.69 each, f. o. b., and \$352 under alternate bid, and bidding \$204.66 f. o .b. and \$215.02 under alternate bid for the 500 chassis of 1,800 pound load capacity. The low bid to supply bodies to carry the 4,-200 pound load was placed by General Motors Truck Company at \$149.14 f pany was the lowest bidder for the 1,800-pound bodies at \$114 f. o. b.

Delinquent Dog Taxes Are Boon to Manistee

A campaign for the collection of delinquent dog taxes, conducted by Prosecutor Max Hamlin, has enriched the Manistee county treasury by more than \$1.500.

The drive against owners who failed to pay their license fees for 1931 was instituted last July and has just been closed. Notices were sent to 700 persons, 60 warrants for arrests were is sued and 15 persons were brought into justice court and convicted.

Prosecutor Hamlin, believing the present dog tax too high, has prepared a letter to be submitted to the Michigan State Supervisors association, urging a reduction to \$1 for males and \$2 for females. The present tax is \$2 and \$4.

Has Million Insurance

Disclosure that Ransom E. Olds, pioneer automobile manufacturer and those having \$1,000,000 or more life Mr. Olds is nearly 68 years of age, Hunting and killing deer out of sea- and most companies will not accept

By Ionia Inventor

tions received the largest fines and the longest jail sentences recorded for the month.

The provided Blonde (white); superior grade better than black; highly mucilaginous. Natural laxative supplying bulk and lubrication.

Muskrat trapping brought 44 men his plan and encouraged by the interest focused on it by much of the aviation world, Clarence Bolcom, Ionia inventor is preceeding with

HAVE AUTO PLATES MADE OF STEEL

Because of the difference in the cost Truck and the Mifflinburg Body Com- between copper and steel, the statepany. The vehicles sought include department does not feel justifid in 1,500 trucks of 4,200 pounds gross using copper for the 1933 license load capacity and 2000 cubic feet plates, therefore making it necessary body; and 500 trucks of 1,800 pounds to continue with the 24-gauge steel gross load capacity and 100 cubic feet material. Plates for 1931 and 1932 body. Bids were invited for complete cost the department 15c per set, but trucks and for c hasses and bodies the department is in hopes to reduce this cost for 1933 plates to 10c per

Estimates from various copper comondly, under an alternate basis which panies show that copper plates would cost from 17c to 19c per set. The adoffice garages throughout the counditional cost of copper for the 1,350, Lowest f. o. b. bid for 1,500 000 sets which will be needed for 1933 complete trucks of 4,200 gross carry- is too great to be disregarded even though the department desires to aid Michigan copper mines.

While the department has shown a decided preference for a 1933 plate numerals, final decision in not to be cials in several Michigan cities have been consulted. The order for the 1933 plates will be placed in about 30

G. M. C. Reduces Dividend

Reduction of its annual dividend rate from \$3 to \$2 a share on the common stock was decided upon by the directors of the General Motors Corporation, with the declaration of a 50-cent quarterly payment on March 12 to stock of record on February 13. The \$3 annual rate had been in effect since early in 1929, when the stock was split up on a 21/2 for 1 share basis. The reduction had been widely expected in financial circles in view of the 1931 earnings on the common stock of \$2.01 a share, but in some quarters it was held that the \$3 annual rate would be maintained in view of'the corporation's huge cash surplus of over \$204,000,000.

Complete Your Toilet **Cuticura Talcum** Fragrant and Refreshing Price 25c. Sample free. Address: "Cuticura," Dept. 4B, Malden, Mass



SAME PRICE

Guaranteed pure and efficient.

USE less than of high priced brands.

for

ounces

MILLIONS OF POUNDS USED BY OUR GOVERNMENT

Fifty and Fit



MAN is as old—or as young— A as his organs.

At fifty, you can be in your Why go along with "fairly good health" when you might be enjoying vigor you haven't felt for years?

There's a simple little thing any-one can do to keep the vital organs stimulated, and feel fit all the time. People don't realize how sluggish they've grown until they've tried it. The stimulant that will stir your system to new life is Dr. Caldwell's

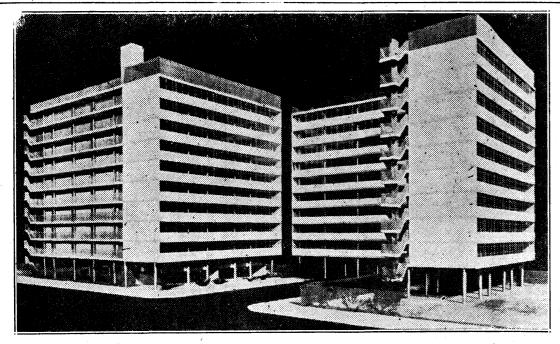
syrup pepsin. It will make a most amazing difference in many ways. This famous doctor's prescription is a delicious syrup made with fresh herbs, active senna, and pure pep-sin. It starts its good work with the

first spoonful. That's all you need to drive away the dullness and headache of a bilious spell, and rid the system of that slow poison that saps your strength. It's better than a tonic for tired bowels, and unlike habit-forming laxatives you can take it freely or give it to any child. And it isn't expensive.

Get some syrup pepsin today, and take a little tonight. Don't wait until you're sick to give your system this wonderful help. You can avoid those spells of biliousness or consti-pation. A spoonful every now and then is better than constant worry about the condition of your bowels, or fear of auto-intoxication as you grow older. Dr. Caldwell's syrup pepsin protects the system. All druggists keep this preparation.

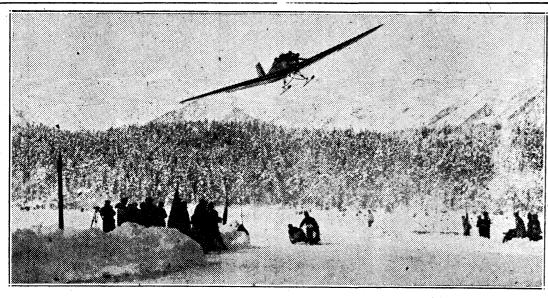
CAMERA NEWS

House That May Replace Big City Slums With Sunlight



This striking house design, submitted at an architec ural exhibit in New York, is a planned housing development in a slum distress of New York, replacing ancient tenements with many-windowed elevator apartment houses surrounded by parks. The rent for such a house would be \$10.95 a month per room.

A Race on the Ice and in the Air in the Bavarian Alps



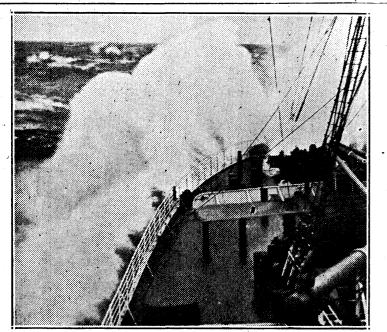
Iuaugurating the winter sports season at Elbsee, Bavaria, was this unique race between a motorcycle and ar airplane. The race was dangerous for both contestants because of the snow-covered track and because of the difficulty of landing the plane on the surrounding mountainous country.

Chinese Refugees Flee Shanghai



A scene similar to this one was being re-enacted in Shanghai as hundreds of terror-stricken Chinese refugees fled the city by every boat, train and road available, following the desperate fighting in the Chapei district of the city between Japanese naval forces and Chinese defenders.

Liner Encounters Storm in Atlantic



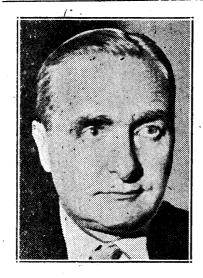
A huge wave dashes over the bow of the liner Conte Grande as it dips to meet a towering swell during a recent trip from Italy to New York, on which it encountered unusually heavy winter seas in the north Atlantic.

Issues Appeal



Mrs. Chiang Kai-Shek, American educated wife of the leader of China and daughter of the famous Dr. Sun Yat-Son, issued an appeal to American women for their sympathy toward stricken China in its plight. She said that the invasion plunged a great nation into grief.

New Secretary



Above is Ogden L. Mills, who was promoted from the position of under secretary of the treasury to take the place of Secretary Andrew W. Mellon, who left the department to become ambassador to Great Britain. Mills was succeeded as under secretary by Arthur Ballantine.

STATE OWNED LANDS SHOW BIG INCREASE

The state ownership of lands in Michigan increased 209,108.6 acres and 3590 city and village lots, mostly through tax delinquency during the year 1931, the lands division of the department of conservation indicated as figures of January 1, 1932. Land Agricultural Economics, U. S. Departowned by the state, including the areas deeded during 1931, now totals tion collected by the Attorney Gen-2,093,742.43 acres and 76,006 village and city lots.

While the state's holdings in many decided decreases under totals listed January 1, 1931.

During the period beginning July 1 the department of conservation disposed of 45,077 acres and 2,000 city West North Central States, South At- tion test has been developed to detect and village lots through sale. Such sales brought a revenue of \$125,207. and Pacific; increases are reported for hen. Some states have equipped spe-In addition, 8,900 acres of state land were given out in homesteads.

Only three counties in the state do not have state owned land-Branch, Hillsdale and Wayne. The state holdings in several other counties are negligible. Mackinac county now holds the largest state acreage of any county in Michigan, with 167,361 acres.

Berrien county has 87 acres of state owned land; Allegan county has 433.89 acres; Barry county, 185.45 acres; Calhoun county, 320 acres Cass county, 40 acres; Ingham county, 320 acres; Jackson county, 240 acres Kent county, 79.39 acres; Muskegon county, 3,839.51 acres; Oceana county, 1,896.64 acres; Van Buren county, 68.7 acres.

Spud Acreage May Show Small Drop

Michigan farmers and growers in other late-producing states intend to plant about the same acreage to potatoes this year as in 1931, according to information received from Washington. But sarmers in the nation-atlarge, according to the intention-to plant reports, intend to reduce their acreage about 2 per cent.

The department of agriculture says this would result in a harvest area of 3,328,000 acres, if farmers do not change their plans before planting time and if acreage losses between planting and harvesting are normal. The harvested area in 1931 was 3, 382,000 acres and in 1930 the harvested area was 3,038,000 acres.

In the different states there are marked variations in the changes growers propose to make this year. A decrease of 11 per cent is planned in the total potato acreage in the 11 southern early states, but the commercial early potato acreage in these states is expected to be reduced about of early and late potatoes in these states will be increased about 2 per cent, according to present plans.

An intended decrease of 2 per cent in the total acreage in the seven intermediate potato growing states is indi-

season than in several years past, the season and a larger number of chiefly because credit is aid to be re-

indicated in the 18 surplus-producing crease being largest in the North Cenmercial districts located far from markets.

Twelve states, including Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Iowa, which grow late potatoes mainly for home or local consumption, show intentions to increase acreage 4 per cent.

Oviatt Says Beet Acreage in the State Will Reach 100,000

In an address to a huge gathering of farmers in Grand Rapids recently, C. R. Oviatt, sugar beet specialist for Michigan State college, estimated that farmers in Michigan would plant 100, 000 acres of beets this season. This would be the largest acreage planted in 10 years. Peak of the acreage was 150,000 acres in 1922.

Mr. Oviatt estimated that 10 of the 16 sugar making plants in Michiganwould be operated this year. But six opened last year, some under a cooperative plan.

Mr. Oviatt has been asked to speak before the Grand Ledge Chamber of Commerce next month when the chamber will take up its community plan for aiding the opening of the Lansing plant.

Over 3,000 acres of beets have been already pledged by mail and through promises to M. F. Kennoy chairman of the central committee on the opening plan. Sugar pledges by committee. No word relative to the

Decrease in Farm Bankruptcies Reported

Farm bankruptcies have been decreasing steadily since 1925. In the year ended June 30, 1931, they were fewer than in any fiscal year since

There were 4,023 farm bankruptcies in 1931, compared with 4,464 in 1930, and 4,939 in 1929, according to figures compiled by the Bureau of

since statistics were first compiled on from one chick to another. White counties were materially increased this subject totaled 7,872 in the year diarrhea may be diagnosed by a postduring the year, in five counties, one 1925. In the year 1922, there were morten examination. Ovaries that are in the lower peninsula and four in the reported 3,236 bankruptcies. The total upper peninsula, state property shows of 4,023 farm bankruptcies in 1931 pearance. The partially developed comprised 6.7 per cent of all bank- volks are angular in outline, shrunken, ruptcies in the United States.

1930, and ending December 1, 1931, during the last fiscal year are reported taining a dark fluid are present. for the New England group of states, tral, and East South Central groups.

> ruptcies last year, reporting 368 cases; followed by Iowa, with 338; but where carefully conducted, it will 181; and Georgia, 177 cases. States reporting only one farm bankruptcy case each were New Hampshire and Rhode Island.

> The National Bankruptcy Act exempts farmers and wage earners from which show evidences of the disease. involuntary proceedings, and although only a small percentage of farm fail-ures are brought into bankruptcy vention must be practiced if it is to be farmers asking for legal adjustment covered chick, and the pullet, indicates indicating the reluctance of farmers that have recovered from white diarto repudiate their obligations.

Farmer bankruptcies, last year, among six occupational classes desigearners being first and merchants second. The total of 60,105 bankruptcy cases reported, is divided as follows: Farmers, 4,023; wage earners, 29,-693; merchants, 13,459; manufacturers, 1,336; professional, 1,292; other classes, 10,302.

Farm Price Index Drops 3 Points

A drop of three points in the index of the general level of farm prices from December 15 to January 15 brought the index down to 63 per cent of the 1910-14 average on the latter date, according to the Bureau of Agricultural Economics, U. S. Department of Agriculture.

The decline is attributed largely to a break in the price of dairy and poultry products which had remained at relatively high levels up to the latter part of December. Prices of other commodities showed but slight change for the month,

The combined index for dairy and poultry products was 85 per cent of the 1910-14 base period, on January 15, compared with 99 per cent on December 15. A decrease of about 33 cows being milked.

Only a slight decrease in acreage is about 2 per cent in the month, the dechanged. The average farm price of the same as on December 15. The corn-hog ratio advanced about 3 per cent from December 15 to January 15, reaching 11.2 on the latter date.

The farm price of beef cattle declined about 2 per cent from December 15 to January 15, and sheep about the roof, back, sides and floor are 1.6 per cent. The farm price of veal calves advanced about 2 per cent and lambs nearly 6 per cent.

Opportunities in Farming

Ia., past president of the American when dampness is in evidence. Farm Bureau Federation, declared.

"The young farmers of these years, who can do his job and do it well, is far ahead in chance of success during years of plenty than the man who is licked by hard times," Howard said.

He also said that "in the long run, land is the best of all investments." Public utility or industrial securities may be rendered obsolete by scientific advance, he declared, but "land is ele-

Less Russian Wheat

The 1931 wheat crop in Russia may the tons are also coming in to the now definitely be considered a poor one, according to a report of the U.S. Lancsing plant has yet been received Department of Agriculture. The yields from Manager Wallace of the Michi- of winter wheat in Russia were fairly because of drouth.

POULTRY

STOCK FREE FROM WHITE **DIARRHEA**

One of the foremost causes of loss in poultry is white diarrhea. And this is the season of the year when every breeder and purchaser of stock should become interested in the problem.

Pullets that have been raised from a flock that had white diarrhea should not be used for breeding purposes. It ment of Agriculture, from infiorma- is an established fact that germs of white diarrhea are present in the ovaries of birds suffering from that The largest number of farm bank- disease, and that they are transmitted ruptcies recorded in any single year from the hen to the chick as well as affected will show a characteristic aphard and discolored to a dark brown Decreases in farm bankruptcies or greenish color. At times, yolks con-

During recent years, the agglutinalantic, West South Central, Mountain, the presence of white diarrhea in the the Middle Atlantic, East North Cen-cial laboratories for testing birds, while in other states the testing has Illinois led in number of farm bank- been done by private individuals. This test is not a hundred per cent perfect, Ohio, 277; New York, 198; Missouri, help pick out the birds affected with the disease.

If new stock is to be purchased, it should come from healthy stock. Chicks should be carefully watched for signs of diarrhea and any isolated

White diarrhea is a disease that court, the bureau believes that the eliminated. The cycle of infection esfurther decline in the number of tablished by the hen, the egg, the reof their indebtedness is significant, as that it is not desirable to keep chicks rhea for breeding stock. Birds that recover from the disease make relawere third in numerical importance tively poor producers from a commercial standpoint. Affected chicks cause nated by the Attorney General, wage a big brooder mortality, as the affected usually die and spread the disease to others through their droppings.

KEEP POULTRY HOUSES CLEAN AND DRY

During the winter months the main points to watch in the poultry houses are cleanliness, dryness and purity of the air. It is most necessary to remove the droppings more often at this time of the year than during the summer months because of the close confinement of the birds. Droppings are one of the main sources of spreading contagious diseases to the rest of the flock. Use a hoe, a square shovel or a regular dropping board scraper. Be sure to get into all of the corners, as it is important that a thorough job be done. After the manure is removed, scatter some land plaster or road dust over the dropping boards to absorb the moisture

The litter should be removed before becomes broken and dirty. Once a month should be frequent enough, although each farm has its own peculiar condition that might in some cases make it necessary to remove the litter oftener. All litter and droppings should be removed to some distance from the range occupied by the birds. cated, a material decrease in Virginia per cent in the farm price of eggs was The litter should always be bright and and some reduction in Kansas to be the outstanding feature in the decline, dry; do not use any that is musty or and some reduction in Kansas to be offset in part by increases in New Jersey, Delaware, Kentucky and Missouri. Maryland reports no change.

Reports from commercial growers in the early and intermediate states in the early and intermediate states have a functional department. The farm price of butterfat dropped about 16 per cent from December 15 to January 15, and milk common straws that are most desiration of the common straws that is musty or mouldy. The ideal litter is one which lasts long, does not pack too soon, and heavy winter production. show a greater degree of uncertainty about 7 per cent, reflecting unusually able. There are very good commercial concerning plans for the approaching favorable pasture conditions late in litters on the market that are inexpensive. A word of caution should be given, however, to those using this The farm price of corn declined kind of litter. Do not use it too long just because it is something you paid for. It is true that it stays clean late potato states, the more important tral group of state, although prices in longer, but do not expect one filling to decreases being reported from com- Illinois, Iowa and Minnesota were un- last all season. When it appears to be getting old, change it. Remember, for hogs on January 15 was 3.76 cents, the health of the flock, the litter cannot be renewed too often.

Poor ventilation is one of the main causes for roup and colds. Either the poultry house becomes too damp or the birds are bothered by drafts. In checking over their quarters, see that tighttight. The front should permit a good circulation of air without drafts. If moisture gathers in the litter, or on the walls, open the windows more during both night and day, until the moisture disapepars. On stormy Depression, instead of being a han- days or when the temperature gets dicap to the ambitious young farmer, near zero, it is necessary to close the actually offers him better opportuni- windows and other openings for a ties to prove his mettle than do "good short time. The front ventilator should times," J. R. Howard Marshalltown, be kept open practically all the time

Farming Is Best Situated Industry

Michigan farmers in 1932 should attempt to grow more of their own food requirements and thus reduce their living costs during the depression, according to J. F. Cox, dean of agriculture at Michigan State college.

"Farming is the best situated industry in the United States at the present time," Cox said. "Even though farmers are affected somewhat by the current depression, they are making the most comfortable living of all. While no actual cash profits may be realized, a comfortable living is assured.

"We may be asked to give up for a while some of the things our foregan Sugar Company, who, it is under-satisfactory, but much of the spring fathers never had nor dreamed of, but stood, made a special trip to New wheat acreage, which is more impor- we still have the opportunity that was York City to survey the sugar sit- tant, failed to make a crop, principally theirs-to achieve independence and a

living on American land."

a lot of misunderstanding about chick prices from people who do not take the trouble to inform themselves on this matter.

Roughly speaking, there are too distinct classes of baby chick producers---hatcheries and breede hatchers. We belong in the latter category.

Hatcheries, as a class, pay little or no attention to breeding, many of them not even having a flock of chickens on the place. Their main object is to produce chicks as cheaply as possible and sell them at a low price---thus appealing to a class of people who buy on price alone. And it is a significant fact that in the past two years this class of hatcheries are said to have suffered the great est business loss.

Breeder-Hatchers, such as we are, are those who are making a sincere effort through breeding, disease control and sanitation, to produce chicks that will pay the utmost in profits for their owners. There are hundreds of these breeder-hatchers in the United States and they're getting from \$3 to \$12 per hundred more for their chicks than I am selling the same quality right here locally for. Their prices run from \$15 to \$25 per 100. And they're selling a big lot of chicks every year at these prices. Breeder-hachers have been the least affected by the depression. Why? Because their customers are making money and want more chicks each year. Over 80% of my business so far this year is from old customers. In this community practically all of my customers are re-ordering. One man, who has bought 500 yearly for several years is increasing his order this year to

1500. Several others are talking of increasing the size of their orders. We're not much interested in whether a rooster has five points or 15 on his comb, but we are in terested in breeding single comb white leghorns that will lay more big white eggs at all seasons of the year and will have enough body weight to bring added profit when sold for meat.

Prices: \$12 per 100 Phone or see Al Wauchek Sales



More Service

FOR LESS MONEY

Prompt and Efficient Service

is Yours at Small Cost

L. & C. CHEVROLET SALES

ESTUS LEVERSÉE, Owner

GOBLES, MICH.

At new place on the corner

Chicken Feeds

RKD Besbet Laying Mash

Service

REIGLE'S The Store of Many bargain

Better Quality in Groceries for Less. Don't Miss These Bargains

Thursday, Friday and Saturday Cash Specials

Catsup

Large bottles, sold last year at 25c, 25c
Now 15c, 2 for is attracting more cars to our place every week. When in need of such Service, Batteries, Gas, Oil, Tires. Tubes or other Car Accessories or needs,

Mustard Quart jars, very good Salad Mustard. Per jar

Oleo

Peanut Butter One pound jar,

Kellogg's Pep

Seedless Raisins 2 lb pkg, 9c 2 lbs Peanut Butter25c

We have a fine variety of good quality Canned Goods for only a dime Mothers Chinaware Oats

Lawrence Asparagus No. 2 can,

CASH PRICES ONLY

White was Meats Dressed Chickens, heavy or light Fresh lean Side Pork. Pork Loin Roast Pork Chops Pork Shoulder, sliced or chunk Round Steak T-Bone Steak Hemburg or Sausage, fresh Oysters, large, Bacon squares, slab and Canadian bacon

Nice pork Liver, per pound, Saturday 10c CORN BEEF in brine. TRY THIS New stock of Oil Cloth at Reduced Prices Smoked Herring Fresh Fruits and Vegetables, Celery Hearts, Jersey Sweet

Potatoes, Grapefruit, Oranges,

and Bulk Dates Paying Top Prices on Eggs and Cream Full line of Fresh Frests and Vegetables WATCH OUR WINDOW FOR PRICES 25c Ruell's INDEPENDENT Store

Open Evenings and All Day Sundays

Red and White Store

Al Machin, Owner

Electric Clock Free

Saturday Night at 7 o'clock **ASK ABOUT IT**

Week End

Friday and

Specials Saturday Only 6 bars Lady Godiva Soap . 35c 10 bars Fels Naptha Soap . 49c Blue Goose Oranges, doz...35c Franco American Spaghetti, Head Lettuce.....9c R & W Noodles, cellophane wrapped, per pkg....10c Celery, bunch...... 10c Beef Roast, any cut.....10c R & W Coffee, vacuum packed, 1 lb for39c Beef Steak, any cut......15c Macaroni or Spaghetti, 5 Grisco, 1 lb can $\dots \overline{23}c$

OPEN EVERY NIGHT

We have no time this week for ad writing

Do you want to see it go lower? Its up to you. We can't fight the whole state all alone.

The Square Deal Cash Cream Station The Best Year Around Cream Market in Michigan

VAN. V. RYNO, Prop.

Regular Shell Oils

At Lowest Price in Years Gallons or more

Use Shell Gas for Quick Starting in Cold Weather

SEE US FOR NEW TIRES AS WELL

Everything in Service

SHELL SERVICE STATION Walter Ruell, Prop.

Basil Allen in Charge

Farmers Feed Store

We have a good line of Feeds that satisfy and are Priced Within the Reach of All

DRIVE IN.

Dairy Feeds Wonder, 24 per cent RKD, 16 per cent RKD, 32 per cent

Middlings Cottonseed Meal Linseed Oil Meal Salt, sack or block

Wheat Oats

GRAIN Cracked Corn Shelled Corn Ear Corn

Bone Meal

Charcoal Buttermilk

Meat Scraps

Scratch Feed

Oyster Shells

Bill Lamphere Vern Thayer SOUTHARD BUILDING

Gobles, Michigan



If your motor uses lots of oil 100 per cent Pure D sylvania Oil will stop that PENN DIX

waste. **DIXIE SERVICE**

DIXIE SERVICE STATION REED CHENEY, Manager

Per pound,

Sweetened Poultry Mash

\$1.45 per

20 per cent protein

Here's a dandy egg producing mash that will fit your packet book.

TRY IT! We have a large number of users who are getting 60 per cent production with this mash

Here's Another Genuine Bargain Globe Calf Meal, 25 lb. sack, 90c

The Gobleville Milling Co.

W. J. Davis, Mgr.

Both Phones

Gobles, Michigan

INSURANCE WINDSTORM AND

AUTOMOBILE The Travis Agency

Bread Bread Best Meals at Lower Prices

Groceries

10 bars P G or Kirk's Flake Soap, at 35c

24½ lb sack SunGlow Flour, a good buy 45c

Good Creamery Butter, 3 days only . . 22e

Large pkg Super Suds, a very good buy | 9c

No. $2\frac{1}{2}$ can Tomatoes 10c

4 cans of Canned Goods, GLEAN UP 25c

Our Eden Peas, just fige, 2 cans ... 25c

No. 2 can good grade Peas [0c, 3 cans 25c]

Come in and see our Coffee Prices. We

are having a clean up COFFEE SALE

SUGAR BELOW COST to our customers

1 large Gold Dust and 1 can

Large bottle of Vanilla, 8 ozs

Gobles Bread

for economy, health and enjoyment. Ask for it, eat it and be happy.

Other Good Baked Goods as Well

DON'T MISS OUR SATURDAY SPECIALS

GOBLES BAKERY

T. Walters

SPECIAL, MONDAY ONLY! **CLEANING! BIG CUT IN PRICES**

2 3-piece Suits \$1.00 Any 2 Garments\$1.00
BRING YOUR CLOTHES TO

> H. W. TAYLOR General Store

You'll be surprised how far your money

goes for good food here.

Special one week, Hot Dogs 5c

DIXIE INN L. Ryan

L. LaBare

HOME KILLED

Beef, Pork, Veal and Lamb

Fresh Fish Fridays Chickens Saturdays

BEST OF EVERYTHING IN MEATS

VERNE STEPHENSON Gobles, Michigan

Announcement!

Ruptures cured without pain. No loss of time from work. Varicose Veins and Ulcers treated without operations. Tonsils removed by Diathermy

> Dr. A. H. Lee, IN GOBLES ON MONDAYS, FROM 10 TO 4

For appointments call Mrs. J. R. VanVoorhees

READY TO CONTINUE

serving you with

Everything in Building Materials

GOBLES LUMBER DEALER

AT LOWEST POSSIBLE MARGINS

J. L. Clement & Sons

Save a Penny Today

Save a penny today, and another tomorrow, Its easy, my friend, if you only half try; It will free your old age from many a sorrow, For the comforts you need, you'll be able to buy.

Safe Deposit Boxes

Space in our vault costs but \$2 a year. Our services are free.

THE FIRST STATE BANK

"BANKING FRIENDSHIPS THAT ENCIRCLE THE COMMUNITY!



Protect Yourself Against March Winds

with Creams and Lotions for the face and hands

Several varieties, all good Get your choice

LEAVE FILMS HERE FOR DEVELOPING

McDonald's Drug Store

GOBLES, MICHIGAN

The Best of Everything in Drugs

"Tomatoes are cheaper--Potatoes Eddie Cantor sings: are cheaper.

WE ALL KNOW THIS TO BE TRUE

BUT, alfalfa hay is a good price and alfalfa seed is CHEAPER--and now's the time to plant alfalfa. We handle ONLY Farm Bureau Seeds and this year we are able to offer MICHIGAN GROWN VARIEGATED and also CERTIFIED GRIMM and HARDIGAN at the lowest prices in years. This is the first time that there has been enough Michigan grown seed to go around and Michigan Grown Seed is the BEST for our conditions.

Mermash for your chickens Prices again reduced Our 16 per cent Mermash was formerly \$1,99 per 100 lbs and is now \$1.75. Eggs are low but the leading egg men are using Mermash and we know of one whose production is over 65 per cent. Use just one feed from the time the chicks are hatched until they are laying--that's Mermash. No use of using two or three feeds.

A. M. Todd Company

W. J. Richards

On Cold Mornings

Farm Bureau Products

W. J. Richards, Kendall

Stanley Styles, Gobles

The Mill, Bloomingdale

A. M. Todd Co., Mentha

L, Adsit, Otsego

Handled by

when icicles are long-your car will start easily, run smoothly and safely, if you let us PREPARE IT

Come in for our Winter Service Special TODAY

Walter Grauman Complete One-Stop Service

Basket

Gobles Opera House

BIG GAMES 2

Friday Night

COVERT vs Gobles

County Championship Series Last Game of the Season

GOBLES MUST WIN to tie for county championship Come Out and Help

Have Secured Competent Help

and will continue to service your radios and care for your electrical needs as before.

CALLS WILL BE ATTENDED PROMPTLY

Petty Bros. & Co.

WORLD'S FAIR IN 1933

Yes, the big World's Fair will be held in Chicago next year. And its going to mean that millions of people from all over the world will visit Chicago and these extra millions will all have to be fed. This will mean better prices for certain lines of farm produce right here locally.

Prepare for the better egg prices this big event is bound to bring by ordering your Larger Leghorn baby chicks today.

\$12 per 100 AL WAUCHEK

NO. 22

FAMOUS DETECTIVE CASES

By Cleveland Moffett

Story of a Dishonest Bank Messenger Whose Theft of Currency Led to a Series of Unusual Adventure

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Friday, May 4, 1888, two messengers left the Ameri-Exchange National bank, at the northeast corner of Cedar street and Broadway, New York city, and started down the busy

thoroughfare for the office

of the Adams Express com-

pany, a few blocks distant.

They carried between them, each holding one of the handles, a valise made of canvas and leather, in which had just been placed, in the presence of the paying-teller, a package containing forty-one thousand dollars in greenbacks, to be transmitted to the United States treasury in Wash-

ington for redemption.

Although the messengers-Edward S. Crawford and old "Dominie" Earle -were among the bank's most trusted employees, their honesty being considered above suspicion, they were nevertheless followed at a short distance by Bank Detective McDougal, an oldtime police detective, whose snowwhite beard and ancient style of dress had long made him a personage of note on Broadway. Detective McDougal followed the messengers, not because he had any fear that they were planning a robbery, but because it is an imperative rule of all great banking institutions that the transfer of large sums of money, even for very short distances, shall be watched over with the most scrupulous care. Each messenger was supposed to act as a check on his fellow, while the detective walking in the rear was a check on both. In such cases all three men would be armed, and would use their weapons without hesitation should an attick be made upon them.

The messengers walked on through the hurrying crowd, keeping on the east sidewalk as far as Wall street, where they turned across, and continued their way on the west sidewalk as far as the Adams Express company's building, which stood at 59 Broadway. Having seen them safely inside the building, the detective turned back to the bank, where his services were required in other mat-

Passing down the large room strewn with boxes and packages ready for shipment, the two messengers turned to the right, and ascended the winding stairs that in those days led to the money department, on the second floor. No one paid much attention to them, as at this busy hour bank mes sengers were arriving and departing every few minutes. Still, some of the clerks remembered afterward, or thought they did, that the old man, Earle, ascended the stairs more slowly than his more active companion, who went ahead, carrying the valise alone. Both messengers, however, were present at the receiving window of the money department when the package was taken from the valise and handed to the clerk, who gave a receipt for it in the usual form: "Received from the American Exchange bank one package marked as containing forty, one thousand dollars, for transfer to Washington"; or, at least, so far as has ever been proved, both messengers were present when the package was

The two messengers, having performed their duty, went away, Earle hurrying to the ferry to catch, a train out into New Jersey, where he lived, and Crawford returning to the bank with the empty valise. The valuable package had meantime been ranged behind the heavily wired grating along with dozens of others, some of them containing much larger sums. The clerks in the money department of the express companies become so accustomed to handling gold, silver and bank-notes, fortunes done up in bags, boxes or bundles, that they think little more of this precious merchandise than they might of so much coal or bricks. A quick glance, a touch of the hand, satisfies them that the seals, the wrappings, the labels, the general appearance of the packages are correct: and having entered them duly on the way-bills and turned them over to the express messenger who is to forward them to their destination, they think no more about them.

In this instance the forty-one-thousand-dollar package, after a brief delay, was locked in one of the small portable safes, a score of which were always lying about in readiness, and was lowered to the basement, where it was loaded on one of the company's wagons. The wagon was then driven to Jersey City, guarded by the messenger in charge, his assistant, and the

ATE in the afternoon of driver, all three men being armed, and was safely placed aboard the night express for Washington.

> The next morning, when the package from the American Exchange bank was delivered in Washington, the experienced treasury clerk who received it perceived at once, from the condition of the package, that something was wrong. Employees of the Treas ury department seem to gain a new sense, and to be able to distinguish bank-notes from ordinary paper merely by the "feel," even when done up in bundles. Looking at the label mark of forty-one thousand dollars, the clerk shook his head, and called the United States treasurer, James W. Hyatt, who also saw something suspicious in the package. Mr. Blanchard, the Washington agent of the Adams Express company, was summoned, and in his presence the package was opened. It was found to contain nothing more valuable than slips of brown straw paper, the coarse variety then used by butchers in wrapping up meat, neatly cut to the size of bank-notes. The forty-one thousand dollars was missing.

It was evident that at some point between the bank and the treasury a bogus package had been substituted for the genuine one. The question was, Where and by whom had the substitution been made?

The robbery was discovered at the Treasury in Washington on Saturday morning. The news was telegraphed to New York immediately, and on Saturday afternoon anxious councils were held by the officials of the American Exchange bank and the Adams Express company. Inspector Byrnes was notified; the Pinkerton agency was notified; and urgent dispatches were sent to Mr. John Hoey, president of the express company, and to Robert Pinkerton, who were both out of town, that their presence was required im mediately in New York.

Three theories were at once sug gested: The bogus package might have been substituted for the genuine one either at the bank, between the bank and the express office, or between the express office and the Treasury. The first assumption threw suspicion on some of the bank employees, the second upon the two bank mes sengers, the third upon some one in the service of the express company Both the bank and the express company stoutly maintained the integrity of its own employees.

An examination of the bogus pack age disclosed some points of significance. Ordinarily, when bank-notes are done up for shipment by an ex perlenced clerk, the bills are pressed together as tightly as possible in small bundles, which are secured with elastic bands, and then wrapped snugly in strong paper, until the whole makes a package almost as hard as a board. Around this package the clerk knots strong twine, melts a drop of sealing-wax over each knot, and stamps it with the bank's seal. The finished package thus presents a neat and trim appearance. But in the present instance the package received at the Treasury was loosely and slovenly wrapped, and the seals seemed to have been put on either in great haste or by an inexperienced hand. Moreover, the label must have been cut from the stolen package and pasted on the other, for the brown paper of a previous wrapping showed plainly in a margin running around the label. The address on the package read:

"\$41.000. "United States Treasurer,

"Washington, D. C." All this was printed, except the fig-"41,000," even the dollar-sign The figures were in the writing of Mr. Watson, the paying-teller of the bank, whose business it was to oversee the sending of the money. His initials were also marked on the label, with the date of the sending; so that on examining the label Mr. Watson him-

Earle and Crawford, the bank messengers, were submitted to repeated examinations; but their statements threw no light upon the mystery.

self was positive that it was genuine.

Finally came the theory that the money package had been stolen while in the care of the express company.

One important fact stood out plain and uncontrovertible: That a responsible clerk in the money department of the Adams Express company had receipted for a package supposed to contain forty-one thousand dollars intrusted to the company by the bank. This threw the responsibility on the company, at least until it could be

contained brown paper, and not banknotes. In accordance with their usual policy, the Adams people paid over to the American Exchange bank the sum of forty-one thousand dollars, and said no more about it. But their silence did not mean inactivity.

Hastening to New York in response to the telegram sent him, Robert Pinkerton examined the evidence already collected by his representative, and then himself questioned all persons in any way concerned in the handling of the money. Mr. Pinkerton, after his investigation, was not so sure as some persons were that the package had been stolen by employees of the express company. He inclined rather to the opinion that, in the rush of business in the express office, the false package, badly made up though it was, might nave been passed by one of the clerks. This conclusion turned his suspicions first toward the two bank messengers. Of these he was not long in deciding Dominie Earle to be, in all probability, innocent. While he had known of instances where old men, after years of unimpeachable life, had suddenly turned to crime, he knew such cases to be infrequent, and he decided that Earle's was not one of them. Of the innocence of the other messenger, Crawford, he was not so sure. He began a careful study of his record.

Edward Sturgis Crawford at this

time was about twenty-seven years old. a man of medium height, a decided blond, with large blue eyes, and of a rather effeminate type. He went scrupulously dressed, had white hands with carefully manicured nails, parted his hair in the middle, and altogether was somewhat of a dandy. He had entered the bank on the recommendation of a wealthy New Yorker a young man about town, who, strange to say, had made Crawford's acquaintance, and indeed struck up quite a friendship with him, while the latter was serving in the humble capacity of conductor on a Broadway car. This was about a year before the time of the robbery. Thus far Crawford had attended to his work satisfactorily, doing nothing to arouse suspicion, unless it was indulging a tendency to extravagance in dress. His salary was but forty-two dollars a month, and yet he permitted himself such luxuries as silk underclothes, fine patent-leather shoes, and other apparel to correspond. Pushing back further into Crawford's record, Mr. Pinkerton learned that he had grown up in the town of Hancock, New York, where he had been accused of stealing sixty dollars from his employer and afterward of perpetrating a fraud upon an insurance company. Putting all these facts together, Mr. Pinkerton decided that, in spite of a perfectly self-possessed manner and the good opinion of his employers, Crawford would stand further watch

Thus three months went by with no result; then four, five, six months; and, finally, all but a year. Then, suddenly, ture for Central America giving out to his friends that he was going there to assume the management of a banana plantation of sixty thousand acres, owned by his wealthy friend and

penefactor. Before Crawford sailed, however, the shadows had informed Mr. Pinkerton of Crawford's intention, and asked instructions. Should they arrest the man before he took flight, or should they let him go? Mr. Pinkerton realized that he was dealing with a man who, if guilty, was a criminal of unusual cleverness and cunning. His arrest would probably accomplish nothing, and might spoil everything. There was little likelihood that the stolen money would be found on Crawford's person: he would probably arrange some safer way for its transmission. Perhaps it had gone ahead of him to Central America weeks before.

"We'll let him go," said Mr. Pinkerton, with a grim smile; "only we'll nave some one go with him."

The Pinkerton representative employed to shadow Crawford on the voyage sent word, by the first mail after their arrival in Central America, that the young man had rarely left his stateroom, and that whenever forced to do so had employed a colored servant to stand on guard so that no one could go inside.

Nothing more occurred, however, to justify the suspicion against Crawford until the early part of 1890, when the persistent efforts of the detectives were rewarded by an important discovery. It was then that Robert Pinkerton learned that Crawford had told a deliberate lie when examined before the bank officials in regard to his family relations in New York. He had stated that his only relative in New York was a brother, Marvin Crawford, who was then driving a street car on the Bleecker street line. Now it came to the knowledge of Mr. Pinkerton that Crawford had in the city three married aunts and several cousins. The reason for Crawford's having concealed this fact was presently brought to light through the testimony of one of the aunts, who, having been induced to on Sunday, May 6, 1888, two days after

shown that the package as delivered the robbery, her nephew had called at Pinkerton recognized from a descripher house, and given her a package which he said contained gloves, and which he wished her to keep for him. It was about this time that the papers contained the first news of the robbery, and, her suspicions having been aroused, she picked a hole in the paper covering of the package large enough to let her see that there was money inside. Somewhat disturbed, she took the package to her husband, who opened it and found that it contained two thousand dollars in bank notes. Realizing the importance of this discovery, the husband told his wife that when Crawford came back to claim the package she should send Crawford to him, which she did.

> Some days later, on learning from his aunt that she had spoken to her husband about the package, Crawford became greatly excited, and told her she had made a dreadful mistake. A stormy scene followed with his uncle, in which the latter positively refused to render him the money until he was satisfied that Crawford was its rightful possessor. A few days later Crawford's young friend, the man about town, called on the uncle, and stated that the money in the package belonged to him and must be surrendered. The uncle was still obdurate; and when Crawford and his friend became violent in manner, he remarked meaningly that if they made any more trouble he would deliver the package of money to the Adams Express company and let the company decide to whom it belonged. This brought the angry claimants to their senses, and Crawford's friend left the house and never returned. Finally Crawford's uncle compromised the contention by giving his nephew five hundred dollars out of the two thousand, and retaining the balance himself, in payment, one must suppose, for his silence. At any rate, he kept fifteen hundred dollars, and also a receipt in Crawford's handwriting for the five hundred dollars paid to him.

Other members of the family recalled the fact that a few days after the robbery Crawford had left in his aunt's storeroom a valise, which he had subsequently called for and taken away. None of them had seen the contents of the valise, but they remembered that Crawford on the second visit had remained alone in the storeroom for quite a time, perhaps twenty minutes, and after his departure they found there a rubber band like those used at the bank. The detectives also discovered that on the 15th of May, 1888, eleven days after the robbery, Crawford had rented a safety deposit box at a bank in the Fifth Avenue hotel building, under the name of Eugene Holt. On the 18th of May he had exchanged this box for a larger one. During the following months he made several visits to the box, but for what purpose was not known.

On presenting this accumulated evidence to the Adams Express company, along with his own deductions, Robert in April, 1889, Crawford took his depar- | Pinkerton was not long in convincing his employers that the situation reence of some more adroit detective than had yet been sent there. The difficulty of the case was heightened by the fact that Crawford had established himself in British Honduras, and that the extradition treaty between the United States and England did not then, as it does now, provide for the surrender of criminals guilty of such offenses as that which Crawford was believed to have committed. Crawford could be arrested, therefore, only by being gotten into another country by some clever maneuver. The man best capable of carrying out such a maneuver was Robert Pinkerton himself; and, accordingly, the express company, despite the very considerable expense involved, and fully aware that the result must be uncertain, authorized Mr. Pinkerton to go personally in pursuit of Crawford.

Mr. Pinkerton arrived at Balize, the capital of British Honduras, on February 17,1890, nearly two years after the date of the robbery. There he learned that Crawford's plantation was about ninety miles down the coast, a little back of Punta Gorda. Punta Gorda lies near the line separating British Honduras from Guatemala, and is not more than a hundred miles from Spanish Honduras, or Honduras proper, directly across the Gulf of

Difficulties confronted Mr. Pinker ton from the very start. People were dying about him every day of yellow fever, and when he started for Punta Gorda on a little steamer, the engineer came aboard looking as yellow as saf fron, and immediately fell ill, so that he had to be taken ashore. Then the engine broke down several times on the voyage, and the heat was insufferable.

As the boat steamed slowly into Punta Gorda it passed a small steam craft loaded with bananas. "Look." said one of the passengers to Mr. Pinkerton, not aware of the nature of Mr. Pinkerton's mission, "there goes Crawford's launch now.'

Landing at once, the detective waited for the launch to come to shore, which speak, not without difficulty, stated that | it presently did. The first man to come off was Marvin Crawford, whom Mr.

tion, although he had never seen him. Then he saw Edward Crawford step off, dressed smartly in a white helmet hat, a red sash, a fine plaited linen shirt, blue trousers, and patent-leather | ning look, to turn its silk lining into a shoes. Mr. Pinkerton approached and held out his hand.

"I don't remember you," said Craw ford: but his face went white.

"You used to know me in New York when I examined you before the bank officials," said the detective, pleasantly. Crawford smiled in a sickly way and

said, "Oh, yes; I remember you now."

Mr. Pinkerton explained that he had

traveled five thousand miles to talk with him about the stolen money package. Crawford expressed willingness to furnish any information he could, and invited Mr. Pinkerton to go up to his plantation, where they could talk the matter over more comfortably. Seeing that his best course was to humor Crawford, Mr. Pinkerton consented, though realizing that he thus put himself in Crawford's power. They went aboard Crawford's launch and steamed up the river, a very narrow, winding stream, arched quite over through most of its length by the thick tropical foliage, and in some parts so deep that no soundings had yet found bottom. The plantation was entirely inaccessible by land on account of impassable swamps, and the crooked course of the river made it a journey of twenty-three miles from Punta Gorda, although in a straight line it was only six miles away.

Mr. Pinkerton was surprised at the unpretentious character of the house. which was built of cane and palm stocks and roofed with palm branches.

Mr. Pinkerton remained at the plantation for forty-eight hours. On the second day he had a long interview with Crawford, questioning him in the greatest detail as to his connection with the robbery. Crawford persisted in denying that he had had any connection with it, or had any knowledge as to what had become of the stolen money. Argue as he would, Mr. Pinkerton could not beat down the stubbornness of his denials. All direct approaches failing, at last he tried indirection. He spoke of Burke, the absconding state treasurer of Louisiana, who, along with a number of other American law-breakers, had fled to Central America. "Burke had a level head, hadn't he?" said he.

"How do you mean?" asked Craw-

"Why, in going to Spanish Honduras. You know the United States has no extradition treaty there under which we could bring back a man who has absconded for embezzlement or grand larcenv. Burke is as safe there as if he owned the whole country.

"Is that so?" said Crawford, looking significantly at his brother Marvin,

who was present. "Yes," said Mr. Pinkerton, "it is. I

only wish the fellow would come up here into British Honduras: then we might do something with him." Here the subject was dropped. Next Mr. Pinkerton exhibited to

Crawford a sealed letter written by James G. Blaine and addressed to the chief magistrate of British Honduras, pointing to the seals of the State department to assure Crawford of the etter's genuineness, and hinting mysteriously at the use he proposed making of this document and at the probable effect that would follow its delivery.

With this the interview closed, and Mr. Pinkerton announced his intention of going back to Punta Gorda.

Toward evening of the second day Crawford and his brother got the launch ready, and took Mr. Pinkerton down the river back to Punta Gorda. where they said good by. At parting Crawford made a brave show of treating the whole matter lightly. "I may see vou in New York in a couple of months," he said to the detective as they shook hands.

"If you see me in New York," said Mr. Pinkerton, "you will see yourself under arrest,"

On landing, Mr. Pinkerton proceeded, with all the obviousness possible, to call at the house of the British magistrate, which was so situated that Crawford from the launch could not fail ito see him enter. This seems to have confirmed the impression he had been striving to create, that British Honduras, though in truth a perfect refuge for a criminal like Crawford, was none. Crawford, apparently thoroughly frightened, and thinking he had not an hour to lose, steamed back in all haste to his plantation, gathered together, as subsequently appeared, his money and other valuables, and then, under cover of night, dropped down the river again, put out to sail forthwith, and crossed the Bay of Honduras to Puerto Cortes, in Spanish Honduras, the country of all Central America in which Mr. Pinkerton preferred to have him. In short, Mr. Pinkerton's stratagem had worked perfectly.

As soon as Mr. Pinkerton learned of Crawford's flight, he hurried in pursuit, crossing the bay to Livingston. in Guatemala. In so doing he risked his life, first by putting out to sea in a little dory, and then by trusting his

sarety to a treacherous Carlo boatman, who, when they were several miles out, evinced a strong disposition to take possession of the detective's overcoat, in order, as he explained with a cunpair of trousers. At this, Mr. Pinkerton carelessly produced his revolver, which had a quieting effect upon the fellow, and the voyage was completed in safety. But soon after landing Mr. Pinkerton suffered an attack of fever, and being warned by the doctors to return to a Northern latitude, he got the government machinery in motion for the apprehension of Crawford, had photographs of the former bank messenger spread broadcast through the country, and then having cabled the New York bureau to send responsible detectives to take his place, he sailed for New Orleans. Mr. Pinkerton was succeeded in Cen-

tral America by detective George H.

Hotchkiss, one of the best men in the country, who arrived in Balize on the 18th of March. A telegram from Pinkerton's former employee, now chief of the secret police in Honduras, informed him that Crawford had been seen in San Pedro, Spanish Honduras, on the previous Saturday, and was being closely pursued by Spanish soldiers accompanied by Pinkerton men. Hotchkiss sailed at once for Puerto Cortes, where he learned from the American vice consul, Dr. Ruez, that, Crawford had left San Pedro hastily the previous Monday night. On further investigation the detective discovered that a San Francisco bully and former prize fighter, "Mike" Neiland, had called at Crawford's boarding house on Monday, and warned him that detectives were pursuing him from Puerto Cortes on a hand car. Neiland had pretended to be Crawford's friend, and said he would keep him out of the hands of the detectives. Crawford, very much frightened, grabbed up some of his luggage and left the house with Neiland. It was generally believed that Neiland had designs on Crawford's money, and would not hesitateto kill him, if need were, in order to get it. Hotchkiss immediately requested

Mr. Bert Cecil, at Tegucigalpa, the capital, to cover all telegraphic points. and, if possible, have Crawford and his companion arrested on some trivial charge. The day after he reached San Pedro, on March 22, he received a telegram saying that Crawford and Neiland had been arrested and taken before the governor at Santa Barbara. They had been searched, and about thirty-two thousand dollars had been found on Crawford's person. The money was in old and worn bills that in every way resembled those in the stolen package. Whether they were the identical bills or not it was impossible to say, as the bank had not recorded the numbers.

On receipt of this news. Hotchkiss: accompanied by Jack Hall, a guide, set out across the country for Santa Barbara. The journey was accomplished, but only after the most terrible suffering and many privations and dangers. Moreover, the fever got its deadly clutches upon Detective Hotchkiss: and when he had finally dragged himself into Santa Barbara, he cabled the New York office:

"Crawford and money held for extradition. Am sick. Cannot remain. Coming on steamer Tuesday. My associate takes charge."

Before sailing for New Orleans Detective Hotchkiss had an interview with Crawford in the presence of the Spanish officials, and obtained from him a written confession of his guilt.

Detective Hotchkiss also had an interview with "Mike" Nieland, Crawford's companion in flight, who described his first meeting with Crawford at his boarding house in San Pedro, and acknowledged that he had deliberately frightened Crawford into running away by his story of the pursuing detectives. He described their adventures and hardships in trying to escape over the rough country, the difficulties they experienced in buying mules, their sufferings from exposure in the swamps, and finally their capture by the soldiers. Neiland said that Crawford gave him three thousand dollars in fifty-dollar bills, and also allowed him to carry, a part of the time, a large package wrapped in oil-cloth paper and sewed up tightly. Crawford had told him to throw this package away rather than let any one capture it; for, he said, it contained money which would send him to prison if found upon him.

As they pushed along in their flight, Crawford declared repeatedly that he would put an end to his life rather than be taken prisoner; and when the soldiers surrounded them he drew his revolver and tried to blow his brains out. One of the soldiers, however, was too quick for him, and struck the weapon out of his hand. After the capture Crawford vainly tried to bribe the guards to let him escape, offering them as much as ten thousand dollars. When the large package was opened, it was found to contain bundles of bills sewed together with black thread, and with about a dozen rub-

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South part of SW 1/4 Wes	f South 1 Lake 16 1 62 40 20 40 st of Ro	4 post, rods, So 126.00 25.30 63.00 75.60 oad	uth to F 24.57 4.94 12.29 14.75	19 rods, Road, Ea 5.04 1.01 2.52 3.02	West 5 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	5 rods, Road to 156.61 32.25 78.81 94.37	East part of N½ of I SW¼ of SW¼ S½ of NE¼ SE¼ of NW¼ N½ of NE¼	1 60 2 40 3 80 3 40 4 80	59.49 11 24.83 4 41.86 8 22.10 4 59.40 11	.61 2.38 .84 .99 .17 1.67 .31 .88 .59 2.38	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	74.48 31.66 52.70 28.29 74.37	and NE¼ of SE¼ 28 W½ of SE¼ 28 E½ of E½ of NE¼ 31 S½ of SWfrl¼ 31 E½ of N½ of SEfrl¼ 31 West part of NE¼ 32 NW¼ of SW¼ 32	40 8 80 11 40 7 73.67 19 40 3 60 7 40 3	59.70 11. 3.43 22. 44.52 14. 98.72 38. 44.16 6. 44.64 14. 67.28 7. 66.96 16.	$egin{array}{cccc} 12 & 4.5 \\ 53 & 2.9 \\ 75 & 7.9 \\ 66 & 1.3 \\ 55 & 2.9 \\ 27 & 1.4 \\ \end{array}$	4 1.00 8 1.00 5 1.00 7 1.00 9 1.00 9 1.00	74.74 141.09 93.03 246.42 43.19 93.18 47.04
NE¼ south of Street excep 15 N5 of W½ of NW¼ 16 SE¼ of SW¼ 17 Parcel 175 feet East and intersection of M-40 and 17	$113.50 \\ 50 \\ 40 \\ West by \\ U. S12 \\ 1$	225.25 126.50 63.25 86 feet	7.41	1.52	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	279.19 157.23 79.12 orth of	South 160 rods, East 40	5 10 ds East of	24.76 4 P. M. R. R 12.20 2 Northwest	.73 .15 .83 .99 .38 .49 corner of Vest 40 roo	1.00 1.00 1.00 Section, lls to be	74.37 5.60 31.58 16.07 thence eginning 120.90	E½ of NE¼ 33 East part of NW¼ 33 NW¼ of NW¼ 34 North part of SW¼ of S' S½ of SE¼ West of Dowa 34 W½ of E½ of NE¼ except	73	53.73 10.4 8.66 11.4 2.79 2.4 r Drain 29.74 5.8	18 2.1 14 2.3 19 .5 30 1.1	5 1.00 5 1.00 1 1.00 9 1.00	108.40 67.36 73.45 16.79
Commencing at intersection point 49 48-100 chains South Cora, Northwest on Lake to North to point 400 feet North Park, North on East line of U. S12 to beginning 18 Beginning center post of Serods, East to beginning 21	of North point 7 5 h of cent Road to 30 ction, So	heast co 5-10 cha ter R. R. center o 101.40	rner of ins Wes . West to of U. S. 19.78 rods, We	Section, t of Eas o East li -12 East 4.06 est 20 r	West t t Section ine Pen t allong 1.00 ods, No	o Lake on line, insular center 126.24 orth 40	NE¼ of SE¼ E½ of SW¼ W½ of SE¼ E½ of NW¼ Land commencing 464 thence North 28 rods, W	$egin{array}{cccc} 10 & 80 \ 11 & 80 \ 5-10 & { m feet} & { m W} \end{array}$	94.30 18 47.52 9 120.16 23 44.20 8 91.68 17 est of Sou South 28	39 3.77 27 1.90 43 4.81 62 1.77 88 3.67 theast corn rods. East	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 ter of 38 rod	117.46 59.69 149.40 55.59 114.23 Section, s to be-	South part of NE 4 of SE 36 Sec. TOWNSHIP 1 Commencing at Northeast corrods, South 128 rods, East 12	38.75 7 24 29.25 8 SOUTH C ner of NW 2g rods, N	78.30 15.2 36.28 16.8 36.7 RANGE 14 of NW1 123 ro 2.85	3.1 32 3.4 16 WE rl 4 of S	ection. V	7
South part of SE¼ of SE 24 NE¼ of NE¼ 25 S½ of NE¼ of SW¼ 25 NE¼ of SE¼ 25 E½ of NW¼ and NW¼	$^{14}_{33}$ $^{40}_{20}$ $^{40}_{of}$ 120	38.91 24.60 54.66 21.86	7.59 4.80 10.66 4.27 24.93	1.56 \.98 2.19 \.87	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	49.06 31.38 68.51 28.00	Lot commencing 32 rods thence North 20 rods, beginning Commencing 6 03-100 chains, Nort quarter line, South 14 1	s East of So East 16 roo 13 2 nains North th 14 12-10 12-100 chain 15 12.53	outhwest codes, South 2 6.78 1 from center 0 chains Equations to beginn 16.28 3.	rner of SF 0 rods W .32 .27 of Section ast 8 87 ½ ing .65	2 1/4 of est 16 1.00 n, then -100 cl	Section, rods to 9.37 ce West nains to	NE 4 of NW 4 21	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	21.45 43.1 r of Sectio	on, thence ginning 39 2.9 15 1.8 02 1.4	e South 5 1.00	274.50
Wfrl½ of NWfrl¼ and SE 31 NE¼ of SWfrl¼ and E½ 31 TOWNSHIP 4 Sec.	72 44 of N 93 of SE4 60 SOUTH	217.60 Wfrl ¼ 103.32 of SWf 36.10 OF RA	42.44 20.15 rl ¼ 7.04 NGE 14	8.70 4.13 1.44 WEST		269.74 128.60 45.58	Commencing at center of South of shore of Saddle West of North and South West 6 rods, North 14 ro West 4 line of Section, Commencing 61 rods W West to shore of Saddle	e Lake, Wes $\frac{1}{4}$ line of $\frac{1}{2}$ ods, and $\frac{1}{2}$, thence Eas $\frac{1}{5}$ $\frac{20}{20}$ est of cente	sterly along Section, ther feet, East st to beginn 93.78 18 er of Sectio	shore to a ice North 2 8 rods, No. ing 29 3.75 n. thence	point rods th to E	55 mods 10 feet, East and 116.82	E½ of NW¼ of NW¼ 22 W½ of NW¼ of NW¼ 22 SW¼ of NW¼ 28 TOWNSHIP 2 Sec. South part of North 154 acre	20 1 20 1 40 4 SOUTH C	6.75 3.5 5.00 2.5 12.40 8.5 F RANGE	27 .6 93 .6 27 1.7 16 WE	7 1.00 0 1.00 0 1.00 ST	21.69 19.53 53.37
That part of the S½ of NE 1 5 N½ of SW¼ 5 N½ of SE¼ 9 S½ of SE¼ 10 NE¼ of NW¼ 10 E½ of SW¼ North of M.	6 80 40 80 40	17.18 141.85 18.44 112.15 53.18	M. C. R. 3.36 27.67 3.60 21.87 10.38	$\begin{array}{c} .69 \\ 5.67 \\ .74 \\ 4.49 \end{array}$	$1.00 \\ 1.00 \\ 1.00$	$\begin{array}{c} 22.23 \\ 176.19 \\ 23.78 \\ 139.51 \\ 66.69 \end{array}$	Commencing 59 rods We East 100 feet, North 15 ning Commencing 59 rods W East 100 feet, North 20 1	to beginning 15 2 st and 29 ro 0 feet, Wes 15 est of cente	6.20 1. ds South of t 100 feet, 37.70 7. er of Sectio 00 feet to b	21 .25 center of South 150 36 1.51 n. thence	1.00 Section feet to 1.00 South 2	8.66, thence begin-	That part of W½ of SW¼, West side 1 That part of E½ of E½ of East part of S½ of SE¼	10 2 , South of 9.43 2 SE 4 Sou 22 11	29.36 5.' Road exc 23.46 4.	of High 73 1.1 cept 16 58 .9 hway 76 4.6	way 7 1.00 57-100 a 4 1.00	37.26 acres on 29.98 145.15
E½ of NW¼ of SW¼ 10 North 50 acres of W½ of 12 12 12 13 NE¼ of SW¼ West of High NE¼ of SE¼ 13 South 30 acres of S½ of	20 NE ¼ exc 40 way 29 40 SE ¼	12.51 cept Eas 40.05 50.66 35.46	2.44 16 roo 7.81 9.88 6.92	.50 ds 1.60 2.03 1.42	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	16.45 50.46 63.57 44.80	S½ of N½ of SE¼ SW¼ of SE¼ NE¼ of NW¼ W½ of NW¼ of NW¼ NE¼ of SW¼ SE¼ of NE ¼ and NE¼	20 40	89.43 17. 27.20 5. 20.40 3. 34.00 6. 10.20 1.	44 3.58 31 1.09 98 .82 63 1.36 99 .41 97 1.22	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	111.45 34.60 26.20 42.99 13.60 38.79	West part of South 20 acres 7 SW 1/4 of SE 1/4 7 N 1/2 of SW 1/4 of SE 1/4 9	of Wfrl ½ 10 2 40 5 20 1 40 13 40 14 40 10	of NWfr 4.08 4.7 7.75 11.2 8.89 3.6 0.08 25.3 0.82 27.4 1.70 19.8	$\begin{bmatrix} 1/4 \\ 70 \\ .9 \\ 27 \\ 2.3 \\ 58 \\ .7 \\ 5.2 \\ 6 \\ 5.6 \end{bmatrix}$	$egin{array}{cccc} 6 & 1.00 \ 1 & 1.00 \ 6 & 1.00 \ 0 & 1.00 \ 3 & 1.00 \ \end{array}$	30.74 72.33 24.33
E½ of E½ of NE¼ 14 N½ of W½ of E½ of NE W½ of W½ of NE¼ 14 E½ of NE¼ 15 E½ of NE¼ North of M. C.	21/4 20 40 80 R. R. ex	42.72 25.33 44.32 100.09 cept Eas 24.71	11.85 8.33 4.94 8.64 19.52 st 10 acr 4.82	es	1.00 1.00 1.00	32.28 55.73 124.61	South 10 acres of NW 1/4 1 acre off North end of SE 1/4 of NE 1/4 except 1 1/5 tion, thence South 10 roc beginning	of NE ¼ an 26 30 W ½ of NE 27 41 ½ acres com ls, West 24 28 38.50	d N½ of S 33.30 6. ¼ and NE; 99.96 19. mencing at rods, North 114.89 22.	W ¼ of NI 50 1.33 4 of NW ½ 50 4.00 Northeast 10 rods, E 40 4.60	1.00 1.00 2 1.00 2 2 2 24 1.00	124.46 of Sec- rods to 142.89	S½ of NW¼ of NW¼ 15 NW¼ of SE¼ 16 Parcel in Southwest corner of and South by 20 rods East a 18 South part of East 70 acres	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8. 04 1. 5	37 1.5 39 1.6 E 1/4 bein 37 .3	1.00	50.97 47.65 50.97 s North
NE¼ of SW¼ North of M 16 W½ of N½ of SW¼ Nort 16 NW¼ of SW¼ South of M 16 W½ of NE¼ of SW¼ of 17	6 n of M. (30 . C. R. R.	7.36 C. R. R. 22.10	1.44 4.31 1.44 1.82	.29 .88 .29	1.00	10.09 28.29 10.09	SE¼ of SE¼ E½ of SWfrl¼ NE¼ of NWfrl¼ TOWNSHII	36 36 P 2 SOUTH ec. mer of SEfr	1¼ of Secti	83 2.02 01 4.72 31 1.50 E 15 WES	1.00 1.00 1.00 T	124.30 63.25 146.71 47.25	W½ of SW¼ of SE¼ 18 NE¼ of SW¼ except South 19 South 10 43-100 rods of NE¼	of NWfrl ¹ , 10 13-10 34.75 2 4 of SW 4	1.25 2.2 .29 .0 0 rods 5.88 5.0	0 .4! 6 .01 5 1.04	5 1.00 5 1.00 1 1.00 4 1.00 6 1.00	30.74 14.90 1.36 32.97 5.55
NW¼ of SW¼ of SW¼ 17 West part of SE¼ South of 17 S½ of S½ of SE½ East of 17 Beginning at Northeast corn West 38 rods 4 feet, thence	4 Corpora 13 er of Sect	32.72 2. R. 9.33 ation lim 32.72 tion 20	6.38 1.82 ait and 1 6.38 thence 5	1.31 .37 North of 1.31 South 46	1.00 1.00 f M. C. 1.00	12.52 R. R. 41.41	or less North part of NEfrl 4 West part of N 5% of SE 4 W ½ of NE ¼ of SW ¼ W ½ of SE ¼ SE ¼ SF NE ¼ of NW ¼ L of NE ¼ of SE ¼ L of NE ¼ of SE ¼	1 3 4 42 7 20 8 20 9 80 11 40	3.20 125.36 24. 76.39 14. 30.55 5. 90.76 17. 98.55 19. 28.77 5.	63 .13 45 5.01 90 3.06 96 1.22 70 3.63 22 3.94 61 1.15	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	4.96 155.82 95.35 38.73 113.09 122.71 36.53	East 12 rods of West 46 a 10 43-100 rods 19 NW 44 of SE 44 19 NW 44 of SW 44 20 W 42 of SW 44 except South 2	cres of E 5.25 40 2 20 acres 60 15 SW 1/4	34 of N3 .19 .0 1.42 .2 8.60 5.5 7.01 30.6	2 of \$\frac{1}{8} \\ .01 \\ 8 \\ .06 \\ 8 \\ 1.14 \\ 2 \\ 6.28 \end{array}	2 except 1.00 5 1.00 4 1.00 3: 1.00	1.24 2.76 36.32 194.91
easterly along Highway to F 14 feet to beginning 17 and 20 Sfrl 4 of NW 4 19 About 50 acres of land in S Highway, West by town lin	20 20 SWfrl4,	32.72 46.73 bounde	6.38 9.11 d North	1.31 1.87 , East a	1.00 1.00 and Sou	41.41 58.71 1th by	$E\frac{1}{2}$ of NW $\frac{1}{4}$ of NE $\frac{1}{4}$ 1 NW $\frac{1}{4}$ of NE $\frac{1}{4}$ of SE $\frac{1}{4}$ West 60 acres of NE $\frac{1}{4}$ a	9 114	218.04 42	54 .73 72 2.20 87 2.64 73 1.58 Vfrl 1/4	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	84.08 23.41 68.91 82.52 49.93 270.88	Parcel commencing at Northe the Village of Deerfield, then North 18 rods to beginning 27 North part of W frl 1/2 of S	40 4 east corner ce East 6 .68 SWfrl 4	3.54 10.4 4.08 8.6 of Lot 19 rods, Sout 1.48 .2 6.98 3.3	0 1.76 5 Block h 18 rod 9 .06	1 1.00 3 1.00 2 Goss A ls, West 3 1.00	67.13 55.44 Add., to 6 rods, 2.83
W½ of NE¼ of NE¼ 20 SE¼ of NE½ of NE¼ 20 10 acres of land in Southeas 20	along Sec North to 31 20 10 t corner	beginn 93.46 18.67 14.02 of SW 1/2	ne to H ing 18.23 3.64 2.73 4, East 14.48	3.74 3.74 .75	1.00 1.00 1.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 3.00 3.00	ods to East 116.43 24.06 18.31	12 of NW 4 of NE 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	19 43 21 20 21 20 E 1/4 22 40 23 80	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	74 .97 87 1.82 43 4.19 55 4.83 60 1.56	$1.00 \\ 1.00 \\ 1.00$	148.20 31.04 57.14 130.41 150.15 49.12 82.87	NE ¼ of SE ¼ TOWNSHIP 3 Sec. NW ¼ of SW ¼ Commencing at Northeast corr South 10 rods, East 64 rods, N½ of N½ of S½ of SE ½	40 6 ner of SE North 10	3.84 12.4	16 WES 5 2.55 on, then ginning	1 00	93.63
E½ of S½ of W½ of SW 21 N½ of N½ of NW¼ 21	¼ 10 VE ¼ 10	21.04	2.73 7.30 7.75 4.11 10.93		1.00	18.31 47.19 50.06 26.99	South part of West 76 ac Part of SW ¼ of SW ¼, 6 Section, thence North 42 to beginning 3 TOWNSHIF	eres of SE 4 32 40 commencing rods, East 2 5 5 7 3 SOUTH	62.76 12.2 10 rods Eas 22 rods, Sou 20.72 4.	24 2.51 st of South th 42 rods, 04 .83	1.00 west co West : 1.00	78.51 rner of 22 rods	SW 1/4 of NE 1/4 and 1/2 acre a That part of N 1/4 of NW 1/4 of	20 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	6.58, 24.6 est of P. I 4.27 4.7 f P. M. R.	E ¼ of N 8 5.06 M. R. R. 3 .97 R.	1.00 except 1 1.00	North 5 30.97
E¼ of W½ of NE¼ 22 E½ of E½ of E½ of NW 22 W½ of E½ of E½ of NV 22 North part of W½ of E½	20 14 20 V 14 20 of NW 14	38.02 58.93 51.56	7.41 11.49	1.52 2.36 2.06 .74	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	73.78 64.68 23.78	East part of West 96 43- West part of that part of	4 47.33 6 50.50 100 acres of 6 30 NW 1/4 Sout 9 58.96	47.82 9.3 th of Paw P 177.24 34.1	19 2.29 33 1.91 aw River	1.00	71.85	SE ¼ of NW ¼ 10 4 N½ of E½ of NE ¼ 11 4 NW ¼ of NE ¼ 11 NW ¼ of SW ¼ 11 4 South part of E½ of W½ o	90 32 40 7 40 9 40 9 40 6 f NW 4	6.34 63.6 3.35 14.3 8.76 19.2 2.13 17.9 5.84 12.8	4 13.05 1 2.93 6 3.95 7 3.69 4 2.63	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	
West part of East 29 25-10 23 North 60 rods wide of SE 4 23 Commencing at intersection of the nee Southwesterly in cent	0 acres of 15.25 of Section 36 of center er of Val	of SW 1/2 15.20 on West 108.49 of Nichalley Roa	4 of NF 2.97 of cente 21.16 olsville 1 id 63 ro	.61 er of Va 4.34 road and ds, then	1.00 lley Ro 1.00 l Valley ce Sout	19.78 19.78	NE¼ of SW¼ 1 North part of NW¼ of N 1 SE¼ of NE¼ 1 N½ of North 30 acres of	$egin{array}{cccc} 3 & 9.50 \ 4 & 40 \ E & 1 \ & 1 \ & 5 & 5 \end{array}$	65.06 12.0 26.02 5.0 Vest of Brus 5.58 1.0	39 2.60 07 1.04 h Creek 09 .22 14 1.73	1.00	81.35 33.13 7.89 54.44 92.67	That part of E½ of SE¼ N 12 6 Commencing at a point on the South on ¼ Section line to the way to Paw Paw River, North acres more or less NE¼ Thet part of NEI 13	orth of hi 66 10' e Paw Paw e East and erly along	7.73 21.0 River and West Hig River to 1 3.14 2.5	1 4.31 l 4 Sechway, W peginning	tion line est along contain 1.00	thence g High- ning 10 17.24
E½ of NW¼ 24 W½ of SE¼ 24	29 40 4 20 80 1	90.60 48.73 15.20 101.32 106.38	17.67 9.50 2.97 19.76 20.74	3.62 1.95 .61 4.05 4.26	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	112.89 61.18 19.78 126.13 132.38	N½ of N½ NW¼ 2 W½ of NW¼ of NE¼ a 2 S½ of N½ of NW¼ 2 SW¼ of SW¼ 2 South part of W½ of S 2	1 40 1 1 100 2 1 40 1 1 40	277.00 54.0 102.29 19.9 48.22 9.4 85.33 16.6	02 11.08 05 4.09 10 1.93 34 3.41	1.00 1.00 1.00	343.10 127.33 60.55 106.38	That part of NE 4 of NW 4 of K. L. S. and C. R. R. except contence North 40 rods, West 36 same to beginning except the commencing at the Northeast thence West 40 rods, South 1 ginning 16 2 1 acre East of Beeney Road S	rods, Sou Highway a corner of 6 rods, E	lying Nort g at the So th to Raily along the I f the W 1/2 ast 40 rod	h of righ outheast vay, South North side of NW s, North	t of way corner of theasterly e of R. 1	of the f same, y along R. Also section,
W½ of W½ of NE¼ 26 E¾ of S½ of NE¼ 26 East part of E½ of E½ of 27 E½ of E½ of NE¼ of NE3 W½ of SE¼ of NE¼ 28	40 60 NW ¼ 10 4 10 20	77.79 16.85 32.72 56.07	2.47 10.12 15.17 3.29 6.38 10.93	$\begin{array}{c} .51 \\ 2.07 \\ 3.11 \end{array}$	1.00 1.00 1.00	65.05 97.07 21.81	SE 1/4 of NE 1/4 2 N 1/2 of N 1/2 of N 1/2 of SI South 105 acres of NW 1/3 TOWNSHIP	8 40 E 1/4 3 20 4, except Sc 4 60 P 4 SOUTH	25.66 5.0 19.25 3.7 outh 45 acro 75.36 14.7 OF RANGE	01 1.03 76 .77 es 70 3.01 15 WEST		32.70 24.78 94.07	SE 4 of SW 4 and SW 4 of 20 8 SE 4 of SE 4 20 4 Commencing on North line of 26 rods, South 10 rods, West ginning 21 Commencing in Northeast cor	SE 1/4 30 130 10 80 Section 10 to Beene 1.60	3.64 3.63 3.64 3.63 3.64 3.63 3.63 3.64 3.63 3.64	3 .75 4 5.22 7 3.21 of 4 pe orth alo	1.00 1.00 ost, thence ng Boad 1.00	100.25 ce East to be-
S½ of NE¼ of NW¼ 28 SW¼ of NW¼ East of F 28 SE¼ of NW¼ 28 W½ of NE¼ of SE¼ 28	20 lighway 34 1 40 1	35.05 158.88 116.87 16.19	30.98 22.79	1.40 6.36 4.67	1.00 1.00 1	44.29 3 197.22 3	5½ of SE¼ South 16 acres of SE¼ of SW¼, South of White Creek 5 16	3 80 1	63.88 12.4			140.52	rods, South 40 rods East 36 ro 22 S½ of SE¼ of SW¼ 22 20 W% of N½ of S½ 23 10	ods, North 9 69 52.	40 rods to 0.93 13.6 46 10.2; 5.72 38.1' lext page)	beginni: 4 -2.80 3 2.10	1.00 1.00	87.37 65.79 242.72.

CITY OF SOUTH HAVEN

Dyckman and Woodmans Addition Block

All of Block 14 axcept beginning at Northwest corner Lot 5, thence South 70 feet, East to Southeast corner Lot 3, Northwest to beginning, being all of Lots 1, 2, 6, 7, 8 and 9 and part of Lots 3, 4 and 5

14 \$179.50 \$35.01 \$7.18 \$1.00 \$222.69

Beginning at Northeast corner Lot 8, thence Westerly along North line Lots 8 and 9 to East line of U. S. Harbor, thence South along West side Lots 9, 10, 11 and 12, 210 feet, thence Southeast parallel with West line of Lot 1, 80 feet to U.S. Harbor line, thence North 53° East line Lot 8, thence North along East line Lot 8, 80 feet to beginning, being a part of Lots 8, 9, 10 and 11 and East 36 feet of Lot 12 349.02 68.06 13.96 1.00 432.04

West 3 feet of Lot 12 and Let 13 .36 1.00 8.91 1.74 15 Elkenburgh Addition

Block South 51 feet of East 144 feet Lot 13 and North 51 feet of East 144 feet 9.70 1.99 1.00 49.71 North 132 feet of East 75 feet of Lot 1 89.48 17.45 3.58 1.00 111.51 North 50 feet of East 100 feet of Lot 5 74.6859.65 11.64 North 120 feet of West 149 feet of Lot 5 and West 44 feet of North 50 feet of East 146 feet of Lot 5 .40 1.00 9.941.94

South 60 feet of West 146 feet of Lot 5 9.94 1.94 .40 1.00 Aylsworth's Subdivision of a part of the Elkenburg Addition Block 1.00 .40 13.28 1.94Lot 2 9.9413.289.941.94.40 1.00 Lot 3 The Fern Valley Addition 13.33 1.95Lots 5 and 6

4.99 .20 1.00 7.16 .97 Lot 10 7.16 Lot 11 4.99 1.002.27 1.00 11.63 Lot 22 Grussinger's Addition 1.00 11.95Lots 4 and 5 5.91 1.16 8.31 Lot 8 8.87 1.73Lots 2 and 3 Hale Conger and Co.'s

Lots 1 and 2

.85 1.00 27.13East 50 feet of Lot 9 21.15West 16 feet of Lot 9 and Lots 10 and 11 34.751.09 1.00 1.00 12.01 Lot 13 1.07 34.01 26.73 5.211.00Lot 21 and South 1/2 of Lot 22 26.10 16.05 .49 1.00 12.18 2.3849 2.38 1.00 16.05 12.18 Lot 4 North 62 feet of East 44 feet of Lot 12 and North 47 feet of West 22 37.69 North 39 feet of Lot 11 9 29.70 5.801.191.00 13.32 9.98 1.94 .40 1.00 Lot 2 except West 50 feet of South 100 feet 551.20 445.50

1.00

82.44

Lot 5

7.09 1.00 5.97 1.00 219.98 149.13 West ½ of Lot 13 13 Lots 1 and 2, except commencing at Northeast corner Lot 1, thence Westerly along South side Dyckman Ave. 125 6-100 feet, thence Southerly 259 54-100 feet to a point in West line of Williams Street 278 feet Southerly of the point of beginning, northerly along West line of Williams Street 278 feet to beginning

1745.10 340.30 69.80 1.00 2156.20 Parcel commencing at intersection of Broadway and Dyckman Ave., Westerly 99 feet on South side parallel with Dyckman Ave., Southwesterly 260 feet parallel with Williams Street, thence Southeast 170 feet, East 132 feet to Broadway, North 280 7-100 feet to beginning, except South 74

feet of North 154 feet of East 132 feet of Lot 498.60 97.23 19.94 1.00 Harrisons Addition Lot 1 and West 42 feet of Lot 2 76.70

.40 13.28 9.941.00 Lots 9 and 10 1.94Hartman's Addition Block Lots 4, 5, 6 and 7 Lots 1, 11 and 12 34.64 1.39 1.00 43.78 43.60 Lot 7 34.49 6.73 1.38 1.00 Highland Addition Lot 32 2.31 .47 1.00 15.60 11.82 Lot 70 4.98 .20 1.00 7.15The Home Addition 2.19 1.00 Lot 11 29.55 1.18 37.50

Lots 5 and 12 29.55 1.18 37.50 6.79 34.80 1.3943.98 Lots 4 and 5 1.00 Lots 6, 7 and 8 84.51 16.48 1.00 105.37M. Jones' Block .20 29.80 1.19 Lot 9 1.00 37.81 1.00 Lots 7, 8 and 9 34.77 6.78 1.39 43.94 .40 10.12 1.971.00 13.49 10.12 .40 1.00 13.49 Jones' Second Addition

Block Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 79.78 15.56 3.19 1.00 99.53J. R. Monroe Subdivision No. 2 Lots 5, 6 and 7 99.42 19.39 3.98 1.00 Monroe Park Lots 8 and 9 East 60 feet of Lot 11 149.58 $29.17 \\ 5.85$ $\frac{5.98}{1.20}$ 29.96 1.00 38.01North 22 feet of Lot 5, South 3 feet of Lots 4 and 7 and Lot 6

 $16.22 \\ 27.23$ $1.00 \\ 1.00 \\ 1.00$ 83.16 139.61 $173.42 \\
15.68$ 5.58 East 2 of Lots 5 and 6 11.88 .48 Amended Plat Napier's Addition Block Lots 1, 2, 3, and 4 1.00 555.19 Lots 5 and 6 124.6524.31 4.991.00 154.95Lots 9 and 10 48.62 7.16 $9.97 \\ 1.47$ 249.30 1.00 308.89 Lot 7 36.74 1.00 46.37Lots 16, 17 and 19 16.973.48 1.00 .108.45 South 1/2 of Lot 23 Lots 12 and 13 $23.76 \\ 84.75$ $\frac{4.64}{16.53}$ 3.39 1.00 105.67West 60 feet of Lots 14 and 17 and Lots 16 and 18 $214.11 \\ 112.26$ $41.75 \\ 21.89$ 265.42 $1.00 \\ 1.00$ 4.49139.64

99.72

9.94

19.45

 $\frac{1.94}{.97}$

3.99

.40

.40 .20

.88

1.00

1.00

1.00

124.16

13.28

7.15

 $7.\overline{15}$

28.24

South 12 feet of Lots 17 and 18; Lots 19 and 20, and North 12 Lots 21 and 22 6 118.80 23.17 4.75 1.00 Lot 1 7 72.78 14.19 2.91 1.00 4.75 1.00 2.91 1.00 1.64 1.00 feet of $90.88 \\ 51.59$ Lots 2 and 3 Pleasant View Addition
4 98 .97 Lots 4 and 5 17.463.581.00 111.55Lot 3 7.15 Lots 14 and 15 Lots 17 and 18 9.94 1.94 .40 $.40 \\ .47$ $\frac{1.00}{1.00}$ 9.9413.28Lot 20 15.60 Lot 21 4.98 $7.15 \\ 7.15$ 1.00 Lot 29 .20 .80 1.00 4.98 Lots 31, 32, 33 and 34 3.88 25.56

Lots 59, 60 and 61 2.91 .97 14.92 .60 Lot 64 $1.00 \\ 1.00$ 7.15 37.844.98 .20 Lot 67 29.83 1.19 .97 .97 Lot 68 4.98 .20 $7.15 \\ 7.15$ 4.98 .20 1.00 Lot 80 .20 7.15 1.00 Ravinia Park Addition Block Lots 11 and 12 2.65 82.72 1.00 Lot 20 59.00 11.51 2.36 73.8722.06 4.30 4.30 .88 1.00 28,24

Lots 35 and 36 Lots 39 and 40

Lot 51

Lot 58

Lot 28

VILLAGE OF BANGOR Township 2 South of Range 16 West Sec.

Commencing at Northwest corner of Lot 93 of Village South Bangor, thence running due North to margin of Black River at low water mark a distance of 2 53-100 chains, thence Westerly along margin of Black River to point of intersection with North and South 1/4 line of Section, thence South along said 1/4 line to quarter post on South side of Section, thence Lot 9
East along South Section line to place of beginning and being about 9 Lot 14

VILLAGE OF BANGOR Township 2 South of Range 16 West

Sec. acres of land according to U.S. Survey thereof \$160.00 \$31.20 \$6.40 \$1.00 \$198.60 Commencing on East and West quarter line of Section at intersection with West line of Right of way of P. M. R. R. thence west on quarter line 14 chains and 82 links, thence South 15 chains and 70 links to West line of Ry. Right of way, thence Northeast along West line of Ry. Right of way to beginning 12 8.75 30.00 5.85 1.20 1.00 38.05

to beginning 12 Assessor's Plat 95.02 18.53 208.00 40.56 3.80 1.00 118.35 Lot 11 8.32 / 1.00 Lot 30 Cross Addition Block

West 22 feet of East 24 feet of Lot 6 94.87 76.01 14.82 3.04 1.00 North 55 feet of Lots 7 and 8 9.00 1.76 .36 1.00 Lot 9 and West 3 of Lot 10 76.01 3.04 1.0094.87 South 24 feet of North 44 feet of Lots 11 and 12 24.47 .76 1.00 3,71 19.00 Lot 3 except South 2 rods $\begin{array}{ccc} 2.13 & 1.00 \\ 2.13 & 1.00 \end{array}$ 53.2253.22 10.38 South 1 of Lots 3 and 4 and North 2 rods of Lots 5 and 6 57.33 45.61 8.90 1.821.00 17 Funk's Addition Block

30.40

38.55

1.43

2.37

2.85

3.78

42.41

38.05

30.46

111.24

15.73

67.14

76.51

10.27

26.80

111.24

1.00

1.22 .23 Lot 5 8.06 5.71 2.001.12Lot 11 Lot 12 1.00 Lot 1 77.96 62.32 12.152.49 1.00 Lots 3 and 4 6.13 1.26 31.40 19.22 .7724.74 1.00 Lot 7 Hastings Addition .08 Lot 13 1.92.47 1.00 3.99 Lot 20 8.10 1.58 1.00 11.00 Lots 32 and 33 1.00 .124.763.04,.60 Lot 39 Monroe's Addition .23 22.20 4.55Lots 4 and 5 .23 .23 1.12 1.00 8.05 Lot 8 Lots 1 and 2 1.121.00 8.05 5.70Lots 9 and 10

18.503.791.00 118.14 Lot 9 Village of South Bangor 43.27 1.372.97 19.80 Lots 118 and 119 53.22 10.38 2.13 1.00 66.7319,00 1,00 24.47 .763.71VILLAGE OF BLOOMINGDALE

North % of Lots 1 and 2 7.77 1.52 Parcel commencing at Southwest corner Lot 1, East .31 1.00 10.60 48½ feet, North 44 feet, West 48 1/2 feet, South 44 feet to beginning 1.54 1.00 38.47 1.00 108.72 4.35Lot 9 and West 22 feet of Lot 10 Lot 15

8.95 1.75.36 1.00 12.063.09 1.00 .63Lot 109 15.84 2.78 1.00 13.56 86.87 Lot 117 3.87 19.81 1.00 29.72 1.00 Lot 140 5.80 Havens Addition 6.06

Lots 12 and 13 1.00 .16 .12 1.00 3.00 Lot 6 23.51 4.59 30.04 VILLAGE OF BREEDSVILLE 57.60 2.301.00 3.80

1.00 Lots 2 and 3 .09 Lot 2 26.88 1.08 1.00 34.2063.56 12.401.00 Lot 11 2.5479.50Lot 8 35 .01 1.00 Lot 5 except 222 9-10 feet North and South 532 feet East and West on East side of Lot 5 .01 Lot 12 1.00 VILLAGE OF COVERT Lots 1 and 3

Lot 13 South 66 feet of Lots 17 and 18 and West 20 feet of Lot 19 4.46 .87 .18 1. 1.00 49.31Lots 19 and 20 except South 50 feet, Also except West 20 feet of Lot 19 68.27 1.00 Lot 44 except 30 feet East and West by 100 feet North and South South West corner 54.72 10.67 $\frac{2.19}{1.41}$ 35.24 6.88 1.00 W ½ of Lot 51 44.53

Commencing at Northeast corner of Lot 54, thence South 50 feet, West 77 feet, South 26 feet, West 71½ feet, North 76 feet, East 148½ feet to beginning 90.20 17.59 3.61 1.00 112.40 beginning 90.20 17.59 South 75 feet of East ½ of Lot 54 10.26 2.00 VILLAGE OF DECATUR

1.19 1.00 .89 1.00 37.85 Lots 10 and 11 28.59 3.49 1.00 23.10 Lot 6 $\begin{array}{c} .12 \\ .12 \end{array}$ 1.00 1.00 Lot 11 3.00 3.00.591.00 Lot 15 98.17 19.14 1.00 122.24 1.00 Lot 13 6.711.319.29Lots 13, 14 and 15 37.93 1.521.00 47.85Lot 5 11.63 59.63 Lot 10 2.391.00 Lot 1 40.171.00 1.61 50.61 Lots 2, 3 and 4 Lots 27, 28, 29 and 30 $12.02 \\ 56.12$ 8.92 1.00

Lot 11 44.63 1.00Lots 13 and 14 .29 .06 Lot 15 13 7.251.421.00 Lot 16 1.49 .30 1.00 1.00 1.49 $\begin{array}{c} .30 \\ .22 \end{array}$ $\frac{1.00}{1.00}$ Lot 17 19 1.11 .04 .06 Lot 2 20 1.11 1.00 2.25 Lot 11 .09 1.00 22 1.00 1.34 Lot 5 A 30.00 5.851.20 1.00 Lot 15 23.85 4.66 .951.00 East 46 feet of Lot 7 and West 21 feet of Lot 16

45.00 1.80 1.00 East 46 feet of Lot 16 except North 7 rods and Lot 17 1.11 120.51 23.50 Lot 13 4.82 1.00 149.83 28½ feet front on Phelps Street by 100 feet deep C 596.30 116.28 on Delaware 23.85 1.00 Street 737.43 West 58 feet of Lot 3 except North 58 feet 3.93 2.68 98.18 122.26 13.06 66.97 1.00 83.711.00 26.78 1.07 34.07 East 6 feet of Lot 21 and North 81 feet of Lot 22 58.02 2.32 1.00 72.651.00 40.45 1.62 50.96 1.74 1.47 .36 Lot 18 8.92 12.02 7.50 1.00 10.27

89.26

Lot 20 Lots 5, 6, 7, 16, 17 and 18 26.85 1.07 1.00 Lot 13 11.92 2.33.48 1.00 Lots 21 and 22 except South 33 feet 58.55 10.45 2.14 1.00 Lot 4 and East % of Lot 5 61.13 West ¼ of Lot 5 and North 92½ feet of Lots 6 and 7 H 7.50 1.47 .30 $1.00 \\ 1.00$ West ½ of Lot 5 .84 Lot 6 East ½ of Lot 6 31.25

.54 1.00 West ½ of Lot 6 and Lots 7, 8. 9 and 10 .36 1.00 12.02 $06 \\ 1.25$ Lot 11 1.49 1.00 2.85 Lot 11 6.09 39.56 4.71 1.00 3.00 1.00. Lot 4 and 5 Lot 7 $14.80 \\ 2.64$ 75.883.04 1.00 3.2117.68 100.2213,50 1.00 1.00

13.39

89.26

2.62

VILLAGE OF DECATOR \$178.52 \$34.81 Lots 4, 5 and 6 East 1/2 of Lot 9 Lot 11 23.85 Lot 5 and West 10 feet of Lot 6 17.85 .12 Lot 5 12.00 48 1.00 1.17 Lot 13 5.97.241.00 Township 4 South of Range 14 West

Sec. parcel on SW 1/4 commencing at intersection of center of Wheeler Street with East line of Rogers Street, thence East 20 rods, North 40 rods, West 20 rods, to Rogers Street, thence South to beginning
17 141.45 27.59 5.66 1.00 About 8 acres of land bounded North and East by Corp. limits, South by

by Lot 17, Block 13, West by Delaware Street
17
26.78
5.22 5 acres of land commencing 20 rods North of Southwest corner of Section, thence East 40 rods, North 20 rods, West 40 rods, South 20 rods to beginning 17 59.63 11.63 2.39 1.00 74.65 A piece of land 40 rods East and 14 rods North of Southwest corner of Section, thence North 24 rods, East 20 rods, South 24 rods, West 20 rods 14.92 to beginning 1.00

Hastings and Hewson's Addition West 4 rods of Lot 1 and Lots 2, 3, 7 and 8 Lots 13 and 14 Lots 16 and 17 and 26 Lots 19 and 20 .06 Lot 22 1.49 1.00 Lot 23 Lots 34 and 35 8.92 .36 1.00 .09 2.25 .44 1.00 Lot 36 Parkhurst and Defendorf's Second Addition Lots 23, 24 and 25 11.88 2.321.00

South 14 feet of Lot 6; Lot 7, and North 34 of Lot 10 25.20 4.92 Commencing 31/2 feet North of Southeast corner of Lot 12, North 13 feet, West 8 rods, South 13 feet, East 8 rods to beginning 8.15Lot 4

VILLAGE OF GOBLES

Block

Lots 1 and 4 West ½ of Lots 2 and 3 60.5411.81 2.421.00 2.28 Lot 5 1.00 Lots 2 and 3 2.42West 1/2 of Lots 2 and 59.54 11.62 2.381.00 Township 1 South of Range 13 West

Land commencing 33 feet East, 77 feet North, of Southwest corner of Section, then East 100 feet, North 34 feet, West 100 feet, South 34 feet to beginning 19 2.13 63 .13 1.00 4.94 Land commencing 73 1/4 rods East of Northwest corner of Section, thence Land commencing 15 % rods East 51 North 13 rods, West 5 % rods to beginning 30 28.59 5.58 1.14 1.00 36.31 Land commencing 26 rods 6½ feet East of Northwest corner of Section, thence East 8 rods, South 14 feet, West 8 rods, North 14 feet to beginning 4,77 .93 .19

Parcel commencing 7 rods East of Northwest corner of Section, thence South 6 rods, East 10 rods, North 6 rods, West 10 rods to beginning 6.36 1.24 .25 1.00 8.85 Land commencing 35% rods East of Northwest corner of Section, thence South 13 rods, East 12½ rods, North 13 rods, West 12½ rods to begining 25.41 4.96 1.02 1.00 32.39 Land commencing 31 rods 6 feet South of Northwest corner of Section, thence East 8 rods, North 34 feet, West 8 rods, South 34 feet to beginning

30 25.41 4.96 1.02 1.00 32.39

4.96 1.02 1.00 32.39

5.41 4.96 1.02 1.00 32.39

5.42 1.00 32.39

63.52 12.39 2.54 1.00 79.45

Farcel commencing 28 rods 6½ feet South of Northwest corner of Section,

East 8 rods, South 14 feet, West 8 rods, North 14 feet, to beginning 30 2.80 .55 .11 1.00 4 Township 1 South of Range 14 West

Parcel commencing 30 rods South of Northeast corner of S1/2 of SE1/4 Section thence West 16 rods, South 4 rods, East 16 rods, North 4 rods to beginning 24 21.37 4.17 .85 1.00 27.39 to beginning S½ of S½ of NE¼ 5.70 1.00 25 40 142.44 27.78 Parcel commencing 821/2 rods West and 20 rods South of Northeast corner of Section, thence West 8 rods, South 6 rods, East 8 rods, North 6 rods to beginning 25 35.61 6.95 1.42 1.00 44.98 to beginning 1.42

Block Lots 1, 2 and 3 Lots 4 and 9 18.30 Lot 5 3.66 91.50 17.85 VILLAGE OF HARTFORD Township 3 South of Range 16 West

VILLAGE OF GRAND JUNCTION

Sec. Commencing 16 rods North of East and West 1/4 line and 111/2 rods West of North and South 1/8 line NW 1/4 of Section, West 5 rods, North 8 rods, East 5 rods, South 8 rods to beginning 15 23.13

Commencing 16 rods North of ¼ line and 26½ rods West of West ¼ line of Section, North 8 rods, West 10 rods, South 8 rods, East 10 rods to beginning

32.70 6.38 1.31 1,00 41.39 Commencing 32 rods South of Southeast corner of Lot 28 Martha Bridges Add., West 8 rods, North 6 rods, East 8 rods, South 6 rods to beginning 16 16.25 3.17 .65 1.00 21.07

M. F. Palmer's Subdivision of Lots 1, 2, 3, 21, Block 2 123.94 24.17 4.96 1.00 Lot 15 4.961.00 Allen, Huntley and Stickneys Addition Block. Lot 1 24.68

Lot 4 .75.15 .03 1.00 1.93 Martha Bridges Addition Lot 7 3.6818.89 1.00 24.33 Lot 21 .75.03 1.00 1.93 Lot 22 3.00 .59 .12 1.00 4.71 Lots 27 and 28 30.86 6.02 1.23 1.0039.11 Hastings Addition Lots 1 and 2 .74 .12 18.62 3.63 23.99 Lot 3 Lots 4, 5, 6 and 7 $\substack{\textbf{4.83}\\\textbf{18.25}}$ 1.00 13.96 .56 1.00 Lots 22 and 23 1.00 1.00 22.94 .92Lot 48 11.53 .46 15.24 Lot 51 1.05 .21 1.00 Hilliards Addition Lot 12 32.70 6.38 1.31 1.00 41.39

Hilliards 2nd Addition Block Lot 2 55.53 10.83 2.221.00 69.58 Kimes Addition Block Lot 3 .28 1.00 9.54 Lots 4 and 5 7.21.29 1.00 9.91 E. R. Olds Addition Block West ½ of Lot 9 .03 1.00 1.93 Reynolds Addition Block Lot 6

1.00

1.07

Lot 6 $\frac{2.32}{22.87}$.09 1.00 3.86East 88 feet of Lot 1 4.46 .91 1.00 Lots 1 and 2 and West ½ of Lots 3 and 4 12 24.68 4. .99 1.00 31.48 Freeman Stowe's Addition 41.27 8.05 1.651.00 51.97 Stowes 2nd Addition Block 6.18 1.21 .25 1.00 Lots 1, 2, 3 and 4 Lots 3, 4, 7 and 8 Lots 8, 9, 10, 11, 28.25 5.511.13 1.00 9.13 1.79 .371.00 12, 13 and 14 25.32 4.941.01 1.00 32,27

Stratton's Addition Block Lot 8 except East 60 feet 158.36 30.88 6.33 1.00 196,57 Warren's Addition Block Lots 7 and 9 VILLAGE OF KEELER 3.38 1.00 105.37 Block

Lot 13 1.09 1.00 VILLAGE OF KENDALL Lots 85 and 86 14.432.81.58 1.00 East ½ of Lots 110 and 113 Lot 114 .11 .51 1.00 12.63 1.00 Lot 116 10.83.43 1.00

(Continued on next page)

350 PEOPLE

Have Given Me Some or All of

THEIR INSURANCE

We have a record of their names and amount and kind of insurance carried, also a record by dates of expiration. As a further safeguard the companies I represent send notices of expirations monthly.

Regardless of these safeguards, we urge you to check up on your policies occasionally to see that our records are correct.

Fire Insurance in **Standard Companies**

cover at specific places only and

IF YOU MOVE

you should advise us before you do so that we may cover at the new location without extra cost provided the conditions at new location are the same.

IF YOU MOVE to a locality where our policies do not cover we will give you a rebate for the unexpired time.

> Always glad to check your policies and advise as best we know--whether you insure with us or not.

The Travis Agency

My Clodhopper Husband

By ALICE C. MEYER-WING

not enough, she married the best 'catch" of the county, Frank Fenton, the junior partner of the law firm of

Not only did she marry this handsome young attorney, but she went away on a long honeymoon trip. Surely the gods were kind to this first bride of our crowd, and as we watched the train out of sight, and saw the last flutter of Annie May's handker-

To me, this was especially an anxious thought. I was half in love with a young farm hand, Simon Akers. This was the day of the term "clodhopper," used in ridicule of the now honored calling of agriculture, and a hired "hand" was especially despised.

The jeering of my friends was often trying. "If you had a beau like that, Amelia," one of them said as the train disappeared—"but wouldn't your clodhopper loom up in patent leath-

It was a cruel comparison. I was shamed. Life was cheating me. But I married Simon. We went west to grow up with the country and, incidentally grew prosperous. The aunt, who had given me a home when I was an orphan babe, had died, and with her went the last link connecting me with the home people, but the newspapers had begun to tell the world about the political rise of Frank Fenton. And, again, there came over me the old feeling of having been cheated.

Later there were stories of Fenton's connection with bribery charges and political scandals so pabbid that it was front page news all over the country.

In the midst of it, my husband suggested that we take the trip we had so often planned. "We can afford it, honey," he said, "and we've waited long enough. We'll go to Washington and New York-all the places we've dreamed about. On our way back we'll stop at the little home town. Some of our old friends are still there, and I love the little place, honey. It gave me my wife. Remember how I used to walk three miles to see you, after I had plowed all day? We would sit, without a word; then when it was so dark you couldn't see my cowhide shoes, I would reach over and take your hand and remark that it was a fine evening. Remember?"

I remembered. One of the places we had always wished to visit, was the one large city of our home state. We had a delightful week of shopping and sightseeing there, and boarded the train for

our continued trip in a happy mood.

Other passengers were coming in. One was a pale, well-dressed little woman whom the porter conducted to a section a little in front of us, on the opposite side of the car. I found myself studying her. Her profile reminded me of some one I had known.

The unguarded tones of two young girls back of us, reached me: "They think she's on her way to the capital to see her scamp of a husband. A reporter in the depot told me she came in on the midnight train. She isn't well, and people say she is grieving herself ill."

Somehow I knew they were talking about the woman with the puzzling

"He hasn't been home for months," continued the indignant young speaker, "and it is rumored that there is another woman."

We had traveled an hour, probably, when I heard her gasp. The girls sprang up. "It's Mrs. Fenton!" one of them said.

"Mrs. Fenton!" I exclaimed rising. Could it be-yes, it was-Annie May, the first bride of my old home crowd. She knew me instantly and smiled through her pain. "My heart," she said faintly. "I must go back to the city and telegraph my husband."

I looked at Simon. He understood. "We needn't hurry, honey," he said. "We'll go back with her if you wish."

At midnight, her husband, the "Honorable" and very elegant, Frank Fenton arrived. I was sitting beside my stricken friend. The doctor was there. Simon was near.

"Frank," she cried, as her husband appeared. "Come home, dearest. We need you, the children and I." She struggled up and put out her hands.

I felt we should leave the room, but the doctor motioned us to stay. Her husband stood at the foot of the bed, aloof and cold, stripped of his

glamour, his real self revealed. two men-Frank Fenton and Simon scales had fallen from my eyes and I knew at that moment that the cheated

woman lay suffering before me. "So you thought to follow me," Fenton sneered. "Well, the sooner you know that I shall never return to you. the better. Divorce proceedings in the hands of my lawyers and

woman I shall marry next time-There was a slight shudder, a moan, from the figure on the bed. The physician looked up, calmly. "You will not need a divorce," he said.

Simon led me gently to our own room. I put my arms around his neck and touched, reverently, his plain, weather-stained face with my lips. "Thank God," I said brokenly and fervently. "Thank God for my clodhopper husband."

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(WNU Service.)

AMBULANCE SERVICE Day or Night

C. L. ANDRE

Gobles

Isn't It a Shame?

The trouble with the world is that people who know what to do about conditions don't have the opportunity or power to carry out their ideas .-Miami Herald.

Criticism of Columbus

One of our most contented American friends says that his only criticism of Christopher Columbus is that he did not settle here. - Lowell Evening

Magisterial Standard

The term "gonfalon" is applied to an ensign or standard which was once borne by the chief magistrates of many Italian cities, as Florence and Lucca

Bird "Mound Builder" The Australian brush-turkey is a real "mound builder" that heaps up

large mounds of sand, leaves and

twigs in which to incubate the eggs. Causes of Earthquakes A scientist confirms the theory that

the pull of the moon and sun on the

earth operates to determine the time of earthquakes. Diameter of Jupiter

Jupiter has a diameter 11 times that

of the earth, a volume 1,300 times, and a mass more than 300 times that of this planet.

Odd Mushroom An Australian species of mushroom

is said to give out a clear emeraldgreen light that is possible to read by European Cockpit

Belgium is called the cockpit of Europe. It has been the site of more Eu-

ropean battles than any other country. Deceptive Metal

Pyrite has been called "fools' gold"

because it has so often been mistaken for the precious metal. Try This Prescription

The best way to keep your mind fresh is to use it.-American Maga

Many Indian Languages

Some 170 different languages are spoken in India.

Famous Observatory Greenwich observatory was established by King Charles II in 1675. The

the charge of the astronomer royal, who is assisted by eight astronomers and a staff of computers.

direction of the observatory is under

Embraces All Saints All Saints' day was instituted to honor all the saints, known and un-IV, to supply any deficiencies in the

faithful's celebration of saints' feasts during the year. Giant Clock The dimensions of the clock on the

British house of parliament are as follows: Four dials, each 23 feet square: figures, 2 feet: minute hand, 14 feet, The famous bell, Big Ben, weighs 131/2

Cubit Not Uniform

The length of the cubit has varied. In English measure it is 18 inches, in ancient Egypt, 20.61 inches; the Roman cubit was 17.4 inches; the Greek, 18.25 inches; the Hebrew, 17.58 inches.

High Thinking

Thinkers are scarce as gold; but he whose thoughts embrace all his subject, pursues it uninterruptedly and fearless of consequences, is a diamond of enormous size.—Lavater.

Single Leprosy Colony

There is but one leprosy colony in the United States. This is located at Carville. La., and is the federal isolation hospital for persons suffering with this disease.

Forest Fires Destroy Fish

Fish, while apparently protected by several feet of water during a forest fire, are in as much danger as are animals and birds whose homes are being destroyed.

Netherlands Coal

The coal mining industry of the Netherlands dates back to the Twelfth century, when the monastery of Rolduc opened a coal pit.

Smallpox Still a Threat

States.

During the ten-year period from 1920 to 1930 there were about 600,-000 cases of smallpox in the United

Take Your Time

Don't go through life so fast-you'll be dreadfully bored by the time you're fifty.-John Galsworthy.

Good Use for Sawdust One big light and power company uses sawdust as its sole source of pointing north.

ALBERT J. FOELSCH, M. D. Physician and Surgeon.

Office at residence across from saptist

Flower Orders

GOBLES, MICH

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G. A. SHOWERMAN Dentist

Office Hours: 8 to 12 1 to 5 Except Wednesday afternoon DENTAL X.RAY PAW PAW, MICHIGAN

BasterLilyChapterNo.230,0.E.S. Meetings FirstTuesday of Each Month

Visiting members always welcome MRS. ELMA NEWCOMB, W. M. Agnes Foelsch, Sec.

Andson Lodge No. 325, F.& A.M Acetings the First Thursday evening

of each month Visiting Brothers Always Welcome W. D. THOMPSON, W. M. THOMAS KETCHUM.Sec.

Small Animal "Planters"

An example of less direct influence of small animals on man is seen in Washington and Oregon, where the Douglas fir supports a large and important industry. Mice and squirrels of that section are very fond of the fir seed, and in years of plenty bury stores of this food in the ground for preservation. If a fire or cutting exposes the ground over these stores to the sun, the seeds germinate and soon high quality trees have sprouted.

Cooling Process

How the ancient Egyptians first used the secret of cooling by evaporation is related by Doris W. McCray in Hygeia Magazine. Shallow trays of porous material were filled with water and placed on beds of straw where they were left exposed to the night winds. In the morning a thin film of ice had formed over the surface. This practice is still being used today by natives of India.

No American "Penny"

Properly there is no such a coin as a penny in American coinage. What many persons refer to as a penny should be called a cent. The word penny is an inheritance from England, which still uses the penny coin. It is worth two cents in United States currency. The American coin is a cent because it is one one-hundredth of the unit \$1. A penny would be two such fractions.

Important Conflict

The battle of Golden Hill is ranked by some writers as the first conflict of the war of the American Revolution. This took place on January 18, nearly seven weeks before the Boston. massacre. The British soldiers killed one citizen and wounded three after the soldiers had destroyed a liberty pole set up by the Sons of Liberty.

Unusual Taxes

In the reign of William III and Mary of Great Britain all sorts of taxes were imposed in order to pay for the war upon which the queen's Dutch consort was engaged. Thus marriages, births and deaths were taxed, as well as bachelors and widowers of the term of five years.

Railroad Gauge

Stephenson, inventor of the steam locomotive, is said to have adopted the gauge of his engine from that of his farm wagon wheels. Horse-drawn wheeled vehicles had been of approximately that gauge since the days of Roman chariots.

Town Marker Idea

The London Chamber of Commerce advocates uniform air markers for towns, the sign to be of white letters on black ground, letters to be twenty feet high and sixteen feet wide and accompanied by an arrow



WEEK OF FEBRUARY 28

Early in the week beginning February 28th the greater part of Michigan will be under the influence of a rather warm wave for this time of year. There will be little or no snow left on the ground, if previous storms have left any deposits, because readings of truculently. the thermometer are expected to range far above the freezing point.

These warm weather conditions will be due to a general and widespread part of this week. Moderate rains will be widespread under this influence with occasional sections of rather heavy downpours.

The probabilities of electrical storms are rather strong at this time to sections farther north in the United States than is usual for this time of year. This means that many counties of Michigan are liable to them during the first half of this week.

Cloudy, stormy weather will remain in this state until Wednesday or Thursday with temperatures above the seasonal normal, but about this time there will be a break in sky conditions. Rains will slacken or cease entirely in most parts of the state and temperatures will range close to the normal for this time of year.

Friday or Saturday sees increasing cloudiness with more or less brisk winds in many parts of the state as the result of another storm center.

Maple Sugar Weather

Unusually early runs of sap have been recorded this year as a result of the unusually mild winter, but we believe the latter part of this week will prove a rather good period for many sugar bushes. There are many factors which influence the amount of sap laughter, so sinister that Dick's blood produced by the trees and its sugar ran cold at the sound of it. It echoed content, among them being the through the rooms, sardonic and terweather conditions of the preceding rible, like the laughter of demons in summer and the weather at maple the nethermost pit. And then, just as sugar time. Warm, sunny days and Dick had reached the limit of endurfreezing nights during the sugar season are essential to a good sap flow.

Dinner Stories

He Knoks

Teacher was going to give an object lesson.

"Tommy," she began, "why does

"Well," said Tommy, "Mother keeps at him until he finally gives in.'

Shipwrecked Sailor (swimming for life toward an object he has just on it in the darkness, until his fingers sighted): "Glory be, professor, it's a buoy!

Shipwrecked Professor (absently, as usual): "Ah, I had hopes-but back and sponge on that friend of never mind, how is the mother do-

Installment Collector: See here, you're seven payments behind on your

Kenny. Well, the company adver

tises, "Pay as You Play." "What's that got to do with it?"

"I play very poorly."

A Real Chip

little fellow and will be just like your traffic. father."

Boy: "Yes, that's what mother is afraid of."

The Height of Courtesy

"They tell me you love good music," said the lady playing at the piano to her musical friend.

"Oh!" said she politely, "that does ly. not matter; please go right on.'



When

TEETHING makes HIM FUSSY

One of the most important things you can do to make a teething baby comfortable is to see that little bowels do their work of carrying off waste matter promptly and regularly. For this nothing is better than Castoria, a pure vegetable preparation specially made for babies and children. Castoria acts so gently you can give it to young infants to relieve colic. Yet it is always effective, for older children, too. Remember, Castoria contains no harsh drugs, no narcotics—is absolutely harmless. When your baby is fretful with teething or a food upset, give a cleansing dose of Castoria. Be sure you get genuine Castoria with the name:

Chart Fletcher. ASTORIA

MAD LAUGHTER A THRILLING MYSTERY STORY + by MILES BURTON

"No, your speech is in your favor, certainly," said the voice. "That is why I agreed to receive you. It would not surprise me, however, if your idea barometric pressure that will cross was to go straight to the police when over or near Michigan during the early you left here, in the hope of cadging some reward from them. Believe me, you have my full permission to do so. But, if you will take my advice, you will do nothing of the kind. Such a procedure might have a most damaging effect upon your health.'

There was a suggestion of such menace in the voice that Dick shuddered in spite of himself. But before he could reply, the voice continued:

"Perhaps, though, you are afraid of the police. I have no doubt that there are many acts of petty meanness on your conscience which would not bear inquiry. A most unpleasant predicament. But do not imagine for a moment that I share your fear of the police. I have always found them the most estimable body of men. I believe, however, that some of the men who obey me have been unfortunate enough to get on the wrong side of them, and they might resent any communication between you and their natural enemies. I have frequently been amused by the results of their resentment.'

CHAPTER XIV

The voice broke off in a peal of ance, it ceased as abruptly as it had

"That's only just by way of warning," continued the voice. "If you bear that in mind, I think you may possibly do. You will receive further instructions in due course. When you get them, you will carry them out at once and without question. Now take a couple of steps forward, until you your father put storm windows on come to the table. Put your hand on every fall?" it, and you will find your first week's pay in advance."

Dick did as he was told. The top the taxi! On the whole, it would be "I'm afraid there isnt'," she replied of the table was sticky with filth beneath his touch. He fumbled about came to a packet of notes, which he put in his pocket.

"Now!" exclaimed the voice. "Go yours in Walworth until I want you.'

reached it, and found his way into the passage. Suddenly, behind him, the blood-curdling laughter rang out again, peal after peal, threatening him. mocking his powerlessness. He almost! Uncle: "You are growing into a nice head, above the roar and rattle of the

Jerry answered his knock and admitted him. "Anything wrong, sir?" he asked anxiously when they were safely in the back kitchen. "You, look a bit upset, sir, if you'll forgive the liberty."

Dick shuddered. "I've heard the devil's laugh in hell," he replied short-

Mellin Street was all very well in its way, but the amenities of the back kitchen scarcely provided sufficient occupation for Dick's restless mind. He had put his hand to the plough, and, although he confessed to himself that he had been shaken by his adventure in Wapping, he had no intention of abandoning his quest.

Besides, the very fact that the unknown man had paid him for a week in advance seemed to prove that he would receive a further summons from him. He took the notes out of his pocket and examined them closely. There were five of them, all old and crumpled and it was obvious that they had been so long in circulation that there was no hope of tracing them. All he could do was to wait.

He fidgeted about the back kitchen with ill-concealed impatience, until about one o'clock. Then, since no message had come for him, he an-

that he had not been followed. Even I'm afraid," replied Dick, as he took supposing that the gang with which he the book. "It was something like under observation, they were scarcely likely to run the risk of tracking him across London. Nor did he see any one who could recognize him as he hurried into the house.

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dressing room and discard the shabby garments of Captain Blackwood. He had divested himself of these, and was the room of the said. "I'm sure I'm very friends."

Was scarcely proof against the tedium of the following day. He did not dare for the follow

"I don't talk altogether like the engaged in selecting an attire more average cockney, do I?" replied Dick suitable to the fastidious Dick Pentory knock on the outer door.

posed to be out of town and he was for Alison's number. not at all anxious for any of his inwas might have seen him drive up in quietly this afternoon?"

CHAPTER XV.

The Scotland Yard man bowed himhampton, when there came a peremp-self out, and Dick returned to his tall and gaunt, with stooping shoulders feeble gas jet to flicker despairingly. dressing room to complete his toilet. and an untidy shock of grayish hair. A hand thrust a screwed-up ball of Dick swore under his breath. This This effected, he took up the telephone was an infernal nuisance. He was sup- and after a moment's hesitation, asked

His expression changed as he heard quisitive friends to discover his where. her voice in reply. "Dick speaking," abouts. His first impulse was not to he said. "Don't tell your aunt or anyanswer the door, in the hope that the body that it's me. I don't want anycaller would abandon his attempt. But body to know that I'm in town. Any then it struck him that whoever it chance of meeting you somewhere



A childish voice muttered: "For Captain Blackwood."

stood an apologetic little man, in a Magnificent and wants me to meet bowler hat and a thick overcoat. He him there at half-past four." spare--'

was an inconvenient time."

He proffered a card which Dick lard, C. I. D."

town for an hour or two. What can I such an hour. Anyhow, the risk was do for you?"

"I am investigating the case of Lady Hardway's diamonds, sir," replied Pollard. "The unfortunate death ant of certain essential facts, and the could apply to you for a few particulars."

"I'll tell you what I can, of course," said Dick. "But wouldnt' it be better for you to go to Woodbridge Square and see Lord and Lady Hardway

"Well, it's like this, you see, sir," replied Pollard. "As you know, Inspector Brooks made full inquiries the I think I've made a pretty fair start," day after the burglary. If I were to he replied indifferently. repeat these inquiries, his lordship "That means that you might become impatient. He is not at to tell me anything," said Alison present aware of the death of Inspec- laughing. tor Brooks."

"I see," said Dick with a smile. "Well, fire away, Inspector, I'll an- that's all." swer any questions I can."

Pollard made a few inquiries as to ing out. "I shall be back this evening before six," he said. "If anybody comes to see me before then, you can take the message or tell them to come back. I can't stop here doing nothing."

Dick left the house, took a tube at the White Elephant and Castle and got out at Charing Cross, where he hailed a taxi and told the man to drive to his rooms. He felt pretty, certain that he had not heen followed to the safe and occupants of the house in could tell that the moment I saw you. It was anything of the kind. And it was apparant, from the rather elementary anything of the kind. And it was apparant, from the rather elementary anything—dangerous, are you, Dick." There's one thing more, sir," he said. "You are familiar with the appearance of the necklace, I suppose? It would be of the greatest help to me if you would draw a rough sketch of thailed a taxi and told the man to drive thailed a taxi and told the man to drive thailed a taxi and told the man to drive thailed a taxi and told the man to drive thailed a taxi and told the man to drive thailed a taxi and told the man to drive thailed a taxi and told the man to drive thailed a taxi and told the man to drive thailed a taxi and told the man to drive thailed a taxi and told the man to drive thailed a taxi and told the man to drive thailed a taxi and told the man to drive thailed a taxi and told the man to drive thailed a taxi and told the man to drive thailed a taxi and told the man to drive thailed a taxi and told the man to drive thailed a taxi and told the man to drive that the safe and occupants of the house, to which Dick reponse thanke the mossage or tell that the moment I saw you.

Woodbridge Square, to which Dick refigition to ask you what it is." Her voice thanked him, and then, taking out a going to ask you what it is." Her voice thanked him, and then, taking out anything of the kind. And it was appearant on the kind. And it was appearant point as a sevely below." The voice thanked him, and then, taking out anything of the kind. And it was appearant point a

did not hope for anything as good as the anxiety you cause to your—
this first action was to go into his this, sir," he said. "I'm sure I'm very friends."

better to let him in and concoct some regretfully. "I heard again from law, Mr. Penhampton," he said, in a story to account for his sudden return, father this morning. He's coming up He slipped on a dressing-gown and to London today, and wants me to opened the door. On the threshold meet him. He's going to the Hotel

She paused, but before Dick could Without a word, Dick turned and groped his way toward the door. He the rent, or some such prosaic matter. know! Why not come with me? You he insists upon maintaining the most But, since the door was open, there could call for me here in a taxi soon was no other course but to let him in. after four. You needn't get out, I'll "Come inside," said Dick abruptly. be on the watch. Aunt Edith will be "I've only a moment or two to out, she's going to one of her meet- Weatherleigh. "I will certainly reings. We'll go to the Magnificent and frain from asking indiscreet quesmocking his powerlessness. He almost spare—"

ran to the door of the house and slammed it behind him. But he could not rid his ears of the sound. All the not rid his ears of the sound. All the not rid his ears of the sound. All the not rid his ears of the sound. All the not rid his ears of the sound. All the not rid his ears of the sound. All the not rid his ears of the sound. All the not rid his ears of the sound. All the not rid his ears of the sound. All the not rid his ears of the sound. All the not rid his ears of the sound. All the not rid his ears of the sound. All the not rid his ears of the sound. All the not rid his ears of the sound. All the not rid his ears of the sound. All the not rid his ears of the sound. All the not rid his ears of the sound his ears of the sound. All the not rid his ears of the sound. All the not rid his ears of the sound. All the not rid his ears of the sound. All the not rid his ears of the sound. All the not rid his ears of the sound. All the not rid his ears of the sound his ears of the sound. All the not rid his ears of the sound his ears of the sound. All the not rid his ears of the sound his ears of the sou way back to Walworth it rang in his not have called had I known that it to talk to. Say you will, there's a dear."

Dick hesitated. He had not conglanced at in astonishment. It bore fessed, even to himself, that his real the words: "Detective-Inspector Pol- reason for coming to life again had been to see Alison. Why should he "Sit down, Inspector," said Dick, not fall in with her suggestion? It was ther more quietly. "You're lucky most unlikely that anybody in his circular more quietly. "You're lucky come up to cle would be at the Magnificent at "Glar. Really, I cannot see the use of diamonds—"

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("Grave price of the use of the rather more quietly. "You're lucky most unlikely that anybody in his cirto catch me. I've only come up to cle would be at the Magnificent at worth it.

"Right, I'll be there," he replied. He employed the time until four o'clock looking through the correof Inspector Brooks has left us ignor-spondence which had accumulated in his absence, and then called a taxi and drove to Alison's address. The car had scarcely come to rest before the door when Alison appeared and entered it. She looked at him smilingly.

"Well, how's the mystery progress-"

CHAPTER XVI

At his rooms, Dick reassumed the character of Captain Blackwood, and unobtrusively to Mellin Street. No message had come for him

CHAPTER XVI

Men and women everywhere making big profits operating our hot peanut merchandising machines. Small investment starts splendid big business. Deal direct with factory. Write Roy Stringer Co., Ltd., 968 Ft. Wayne Avenue, Indianapolis, Indiana. Assistant Commissioner told me that I and drove to Alison's address. The car "Well, how's the mystery progressing?" she asked.

They know more about the business a gulf between his experience of the than I do."

"Well, it's like this, you see, sir," that it seemed impossible that they that it seemed impossible that they that it seemed impossible that they a gulf between his experience of the had left the house. He served up a most admirable supper, after which had left the house. He served up a most admirable supper, after which had left the house. He served up a most admirable supper, after which had left the house. He served up a most admirable supper, after which had left the house. He served up a most admirable supper, after which had left the house. He served up a most admirable supper, after which had left the house. He served up a most admirable supper, after which had left the house. He served up a most admirable supper, after which had left the house. He served up a most admirable supper, after which had left the house. He served up a most admirable supper, after which had left the house. He served up a most admirable supper, after which had left the house. New and Colonial patterns. Price \$15.00 to most admirable supper, after which had left the house. He served up a most admirable supper, after which had left the house. He served up a most admirable supper, after which had left the house. He served up a most admirable supper, after which had left the house. He served up a most admirable supper, after which had left the house. He served up a most admirable supper, after which had left the house. He served up a most admirable supper had left the house had left the house. He served up a most admirable supper had left the house had left t

quiries at the reception office.

"Dr. Weatherleigh? Yes, he arrived a few minutes ago. Would you like to go up and see him?"

he and Alison were led to a suite on known man again, the message came. the first floor. A voice bade them enter, and Dick found himself for the first time in the presence of the dis- on the house door. He had reached tinguished antiquary.

wear and his heavy boots were badly Then the messenger vanished. down at heel. His clean-shaven face those of an artist.

she introduced Dick.

"I am very glad to meet you, Mr.

"Of course he will," replied Alison, a time-table.
disengaging herself. "That's what I Dick sprea about London like that! Haven't you the railway and the names of the stagot anything decent to wear?"

clothes packed in my trunk," replied the river, a cross had been made in Dr. Weatherleigh.
"Well, I'm going to look," said Ali-

son. "You order tea and I'll see what you've brought with you. I shall prob- tered Dick. "I've got to be at that ably have to spend the rest of the eve- point at half-past eleven tonight. It ning buying you Christian collars, or sounds interesting, but I wonder what something.'

fa'her turned to Dick. "I suppose ly spot, if I remember right." Alison's right," he said, with an apologetic smile. "Somehow I never seem station just before eleven, the prosto have time to think of my personal pect did not appear encouraging. It appearance. That's the worst of a was Saturday and the various fachobby, it's apt to usurp an undue tories scattered along the Essex shore share of one's mind. Even though one of the river displayed no signs of acis interested in the Ancient Britons, tivity. Very few people were about one, one is hardly justified in dressing and the rain was still falling in torlike them."

Dick's own elegance, but there was a his threadbare overcoat, walked out of twinkle in his eyes that belied the the station into the cheerless night. seeming humility.

Tea was a pleasant meal. Alison and Dick did most of the talking, while Dr. Weatherleigh listened, occasionally throwing in a mild comment. Dick found that he was not so wrapped up in his hobby as to be entirely ignorant of current events and was therefore not surprised at a reference to the theft of the necklace.

"I believe that Alison told me that you are Lord Hardway's brother-inpause in the conversation. "I read in the newspapers of the loss of the family diamonds. Have the police found but this is my way." any clue yet?"

"Oh, father dear, you mustn't mention the Hardway diamonds!" exclaimed Alison, with mock solemnity. "Dick can think of nothing else, but solemn silence on the subject."

"Then no doubt he is in the confidence of the police," replied Dr.

smile. "But I confess that it would Gen. garage, modern bldg. 66x1 give me great satisfaction to find the man who's got the diamonds."

(Diamond 1.3) and the man who's got the diamonds."

(Diamond 1.3) and the machinery or will sell stock and rent bldgs. Two other garages in 1200 Minn. town. Box 154, Cold Spring, Minn.

terested in would never attract a bur-

"Some people," said Dick, reaching for his hat, "have a fancy for setting them in rings."

And Alison, after he left, devoutly

Something New! Safety Razor Blade Stropper; 35c. Send stamps or coin for sample; Money back guarantee. Agents wanted. Matt J. Kennedy, 25 E. Jackson Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

hoped her father would not notice the warm color flooding her face.

Well, how's the mystery progressng?" she asked.

Dick frowned. There was so great that no one was even aware that he habit Packing Co., Highland, Illinois.

that it seemed impossible that they should exist in the same world. "Oh, I think I've made a pretty fair start," he replied indifferently.

"That means that you aren't going to tell me anything," said Alison laughing.

"Well, there's nothing much to tell, yet," he replied. "I've made a start, that's all."

She glanced at him quickly. "Something's happened!" she exclaimed. "I could tell that the moment I saw you.

You needn't be frightened, I'm not leader, he must on no account risk anything of the kind. And it was ap-

packing-case. His laughter must have threat of danger, he had only to tell marvelous proposition South, its magnificence almost begans description. Financially discontinued, obviously unconvinced.

"Do be careful, Dick," she said, swiftly and securely rounded up. Cer-

splendor together and Dick made in appearance was bound to lead to his detection. It rained heavily and he and Jerry kept one another company round the fire, yarning about their adventures during the war. And then at last, when Dick had almost abandoned Dick replied in the affirmative, and hope of ever hearing from the un-

It came in rather a curious way. Dick started up as he heard a knock that state of restlessness when it was Alison's father cut rather an in- almost impossible for him to sit still. congruous figure in the sumptuous set- He opened the door, admitting a gust ting of the Hotel Magnificent. He was of wind and rain that caused the He was dressed in a rough tweed suit, paper towards him and a childish voice which showed signs of considerable muttered: "For Captain Blackwood." Dick shut the door without any

was that of a dreamer, but it wore a attempt to discover the identity of the kindly smile, and his long fingers were messenger. He did not wish to appear inquisitive; his role was that of He kissed his daughter affectionate- the man who is prepared to accept ly and kept his arm round her while orders and obey them without question. He walked back to the kitchen, where he very carefully unrolled the Penhampton," he said warmly. "Alison wet ball of paper. It proved to be an has mentioned you more than once in outline map, bearing the heading: her letters. I hope you will give me "London Midland & Scottish Railway; the pleasure of staying and having tea London, Tilbury and Southend secwith us?"

Dick spread the map out on the brought him here for. Now, listen, table and examined it closely. It bore father dear. You can't possibly roam very little detail, beyond the line of tions. But at one point, south of "I believe that there are some other Rainham station, and on the bank of pencil, and by this was written: "11:30 P. M."

"Well, thats' clear enough!" mutthe devil I shall be expected to do She ran out of the room and her when I get there? It's a pretty lone-

Certainly, when he left Rainham rents, driven before a biting wind. He spoke shyly, as if deferring to Dick, muffling up as best he could in

(To be continued.)

Down and Out John: "I hear Bill was kicked off the squad."

Jack: "How so?" John: "He was told to tackle the lummy and he tackled the coach.'

For Crying Out Loud

"I wouldn't cry like that if I were ou," said a lady to little Betty. "Well," said Betty, between her

sobs, "you can cry any way you like,

U. W. No. 1035-2-22-1932

Opportunity Adlets

Ten to 240-acre farms, house and lots in Missouri. For information, write Mr. Bert F. Kaiser, Brunswick, Mo.

It is time to prepare for strawberry season. Write us for special offer on American Standard Quart Berry Baskets. Address, Newton Box & Basket Co., Newton, III.

man who's got the diamonds."

"Diamonds," said Dr. Weatherleigh reflectively. "Now the stones I'm in
"Now other garages in 1200 Minn. town. But 154, Cold Spring, Minn.

"Pressure Cookers—If you do meat canning, write for pressure cooker bargains. Save money now. Halftime, 7556 Oglesby Ave., write for pressure cooker bargains. Save money now. Halftime, 7556 Oglesby Ave., Chicago.

Are you overweight? Our method shows how to lose fat safely and easily. Write for particulars and special introductory offer. The Supreme Method Co., 1110 Hartford Bldg., Chicage.

of peril.

Even Dick's unfailing cheerfulness add sign and watch your business grow; 10c was scarcely proof against the tedium of the following day He did not down

WIDER VARIETY OF **COURSES IS TAKEN** BY "M" STUDENTS

College students are showing a wider range of interests and a tendency to look into new fields of knowledge at the expense of some subjects which were almost traditional in every course before the war, according to a comparison of subjects elected annually in the college of Literature, Science and the Arts in the University of Michigan from 1913 to 1931.

Study of the percentage of the total enrollment of the College in each of 46 departments or divisions show that when comparing figures for 1913 and 1931 there was a drop of approximately 29 per cent in chemistry, 34 per cent in economics, 50 per cent in German, 12 per cent in Latin and 10 per cent in physics and 11 per cent in mathematics, says Dean John R. Effinger. There was also a loss in the percentage of the whole taking philosophy, difficult to determine due to the fact that philosophy and psychology were combined in 1931. Some of the decrease in economics was also due to the separation of sociology and business administration courses from the department since 1913. These were the departments showing the major falling off in student interest, and all are subjects which were taken more or less as a matter of course by the student of two or three years ago.

The shift in enrollment has not been confined to a small number of other courses, but has been felt in varied fields. Sociology gained 9 per cent from 1913 to 1931, zoology, 15 per cent, geology, 13 per cent, and pointed arrangement. political science 27 per cent. Psychology also has gained largely at the expense of other courses, but the absolute figure cannot be obtained because of the inclusion with philosophy in 1913. Romance languages grew 8 per cent, Spanish being very popular during and after the war, but now losing favor, while French and Italian hold about even. It must be remembered that, due to the great increase in college attendance after the war, many losses actually had more students under instruction than in 1913, says Washingtonian motif may be revised Dean Effinger.

ments which have gained lightly in spirit of '76 at this time. comparison with the total enrollment. With the modern cust languages and literature, speech, bac-

Giving absolute reasons for changes in elections is difficult, says Dean Effnger. German of course suffered as a result of war feeling, but is coming season, and to this is added white, a fact that beach and sports togs gener extension department. back rapidly and may regain much of combination saluted by all lovers of ally are again quite mannish Heavy its lost ground. Spanish was boomed sports clothes, which, by the way, are Jersey is much in use, also flannel, and a quart for children, at least two serv-some form. Just what turn this ec-fickle in matters pertaining to the for some years as the commercial particularly chic this season. Most of that women are strutting about in ings of vegetables besides potatoes, passport to South America, but is now them have a convertible neckline so slacks is everybody's secret. One cangiving ground to French and German. that the blouse may be worn open at not fail to be amused at the curious grain cereal, and one serving of a Latin may have dropped to a stabil- the neck or bowed demurely at the contradictions offered by the ultra- protein food is the regular outline for ized point, as Greek seems to have base of the throat. There seems to be feminine Washingtonian fashions and logical diet towards a sensible dodone years ago, and will probably hold less enthusiasm for great open spaces the distinctly masculine flavor impart-crease in weight. A breakfast of fruit its own because of professional de- for the purpose of tanning. mand and the vast amount of source material for classical research in the University library. How much the leaving of old fields of study is an aftermath of the war psychology is debatable, but probably is a present

Nashville Selects Champion Baker of

Throughout the middle west pie champions are being made, their 1914, and attended business college in championships being founded upon their ability to bake a sour cherry into the office of Fred T. Miles and cities. pie. All this stir in the kitchens of the country is only one of the activities of national cherry week, Feb. 15

The latest local champion to be selected is Miss Marjorie Gillet of Nashville, who turned out the best cherry pie of any one in her home economics class in Nashville High school. As the treatment. result of her expertness in mixing and browning the crust containing Michigan cherries Miss Gillett will be sent to the state finals.

State cherry pie champions will be assembled in Chicago on Washington's birthday and there the ingredients and tools necessary to fashion the national championship pie will be placed at their disposal for the final "bakeoff."

Eaton Eighth Graders May Write Nature Exam

Eighth grade pupils of Eaton county this year will be allowed to choose between nature study and agriculture for their usual agricultural examination when taking the county examina-

Myrna G. Denison of Bellevue, county school commissioner, announces that next year a course in nature study will be included in the curriculum of the rural schools of the

The first class of the nature study extension course, open to all teachers of the county and others interested in the work, was held recently in the supervisors' room at the county court house in Charlotte. Miss Argabright of the nature study department of Western Teachers college was the in-

New Wraps for Evening Wear



A bright blue boucle finish woolen borders the collar with white pony. Interest centers on the semi-dolman sleeves puffed about the wrist. A threebutton closure and self-belt are features. The bodice is loose at back in bolero effect. The light top is a feature of this coat, which employs blue diagonal woolen for the top. The lining of the same two colors is joined in similar

Speaking of Style By IRENE VAIL

New York-Everyone knows by signers are beset with the idea that the ance.

These include anthropology, Oriental dinating fashions persisting, it is quite result, since an earring breaks the sebreasted coatees.

The rather military combination of tumes. red and blue is frequently used this

Hats seem to have all but lost their this time that the fashion world is pay- balance. One side of the coiffure is ing homage to our bi-centennial by uncovered and must therefore be very departments showing percentage advocating revolutionary styles. De- carefully dressed to preserve a bal-

The new saucy "pancake beret," to suit the needs of the time. It must which perches jauntily on one side of The growing range of interest be admitted that some of the adapta- the head, has made a decided hit and which seems to activate the student of tions are remote in resemblance, but it encourages wearing earrings for recent years is shown by the depart- there is a valiant effort to revive the several reasons. An exposed ear is an invitation for a simple earring decora-With the modern custom of co-or- tion. The bare look is less likely to rather dressy for many street cos-

ed by slacks and reefers.

For Probate Judge Of Ottawa County

Miss Cora VandeWater of Grand probate judge at the primaries this which a class of 13 will be graduated, eat a generous salad composed largely fall. She has been associated with the Sour Cherry Pies office the past 15 years.

Miss VandeWater is a graduate of the Holland city schools, class of Holland. Holland, following which she went came to Grand Haven in 1917, when she was appointed to her present position by Judge J. J. Danhof of pro bate court. During her association with Miles she studied law.

Nut bread is a time and thought saver for sandwiches. It needs simple like to shave the prosecuting attorney be eaten just before going to sleep.

Western Seminary

issued its annual catalog for the cur- juice or hot skim milk will satisfy. Haven, register of probate court, has rent school year, which closes with the announced she will be a candidate for annual commencement May 12, at a rich cream soup for lunch. With this, The enrollment is 40, including one of greens, with a small amount of peculiarity must work to your admany shortcomings—for a while at graduate student, Rev. C. A. Stoppels, dressing, whole grain bread instead of pastor of Bethel Reformed church, white and some dried fruit as a des-

Rev. S. C. Nettinga is president of the institution.

A Close Shave

Judge: "Before I pronounce sentence, have you anything to say?"

Ex-Barber: "Yes, your honor, I'd just once more.'



Forever

By Frank K. Glew

Building a future with stones of today, From plans we have drafted with care; Erecting a structure that's founded to stay, Undaunted by any despair.

Selecting materials with quality real, Using labor that's famed for its skill, Pacing floor after floor upon girders of steel, Pitching into the job with a will!

At work on a building of beauty and state, A land-mark that rears to the sky, With a name graven deep that will some day be great When others in ruins will lie.

An edifice founded on service and trust Impressive, silent and tall; A structure that stands for the things that are JUST; A LIFE that won't crumble or fall.

Noted Wives Of History

By M. H. TILLITT

MARGARET OF ANJOU

Margaret of Anjou, a daughter of Rene of Anjou, tituler King of Naples and Jerusalem, was the wife of King notions of what's what in the parent- tion one, to be considered. Henry VI of England.

Married to that gentle king in 1445, the troublous developments that in cupboard drawer, like a stranger? those days befell the Lancastrian

sessing a cleverness that enabled her from a psychological angle. If we touched mothers' satin dress. to win her imperious way without did, there would be less time to deseeming to exercise too much self-will, vote to the unimportant details and very precious," she explains. "It is she was a source of great strength to attitudes about nothing at all which hand-painted. Please dont' touch it, he. husband,

And in the period when the king was stricken with insanity, she zeal-And so he found it on his recovery cannot trust our children. from the mental malady.

As the mother of Henry's son, Edward, she was also conspicuous for her devotion and unfailing service.

She was a mainstay of the king and tile elements that were then mobilizing under the banner of the House of

And, for awhile, Margaret was enabled by her strength of mind and spirit to curb the movement against the Lancastrian rule. Always alert to see the menace to her husband, or child, that might lurk in political developments then on, she had resourcefulness that, for a space, offset the

ascendancy, and she, with her husband and son, had to flee for their lives.

The forces against the Lancastrian House were too strong for the resistance that Margaret later raised, by foreign aid and by enlistment of support in England. Later, on his return to England, her husband was put to death in the Tower, and her son Edward; with whom she herself had returned, was slain at the battle of

Homemaker's Corner

Good physical condition before at possible to find a reflection of this idea vere full face view. Already some tempting a diet and gradual reduction, teriology, geography, journalism, and in accessories as well as in dresses composition button earrings are ap- not more than two pounds a week, general linguistics, the latter rising themselves. There are many little cape- pearing in the jewelry market and were the two general rules for atfrom 59 per cent in 1913 to 4.34 in lets, separate or as a part of a coat, should provide a change from ubiquit-taining a fashioable figure in the series of talks over station WKAR recently for a reply soon.—A. T. R., Palm for a re on "Health of the Farm Women," Reports from Palm Beach stress the given by Miss Muriel Dundas of the

> Some milk, a pint for adults and with little sugar, whole wheat bread Seminary
>
> is sufficient. Het cakes with syrup are centricity takes in your case is re-heart. For her part, the girl friend will Graduate 13 meal menus; but if the apparent fleeted in the cancel leave to the part, the girl friend fleeted in the cancel leave to the part, the girl friend fleeted in the cancel leave to the part, the girl friend fleeted in the cancel leave to the part, the girl friend fleeted in the cancel leave to the part, the girl friend fleeted in the cancel leave to the part, the girl friend fleeted in the cancel leave to the part, the girl friend fleeted in the cancel leave to the part, the girl friend fleeted in the cancel leave to the part, the girl friend fleeted in the cancel leave to the part, the girl friend fleeted in the cancel leave to the part, the girl friend fleeted in the cancel leave to the part, the girl friend fleeted in the cancel leave to the part, the girl friend fleeted in the cancel leave to the part of the part o meal menus; but, if the suggested flected in the general kowing style of meal has digested by 10.30 and a need the writing. Apparently you have a Western Theological seminary has for food is felt, a glass of orange fixed notion that you are graciousness that she is possessive.

Choose a clear bouillon rather than sert. The salad dressing may be made Western represents a constituency of mineral oil, which has no food from seven states and twenty-one value, instead of the vegetable oils, substituting it in any standard recipe.

For dinner, select meat and potato, avoiding the fat meats. Use more vegetables in large servings. Either in consequence, is happy. milk or some other beverage, preferably taken without cream and sugar, and a dessert complete the meal. A glass of hot milk and a cracker may

A chamois skin used for washing windows cleans the glass with little ef-

Color added throughout the home by paint and lacquer can accomplish introspective habits of thought. She sympathetically. But with all your charming effects when used on occas can keep a secret and is genuinely sinsional chairs, tables and book shelves. cere. But she is suspicious and jealous nearly as intense, ever, in your emo-

Planning meals for a week in advance insures greater variety and better balance in the diet.

Tape measures of good firm material stitched on the sides or made of heavy oilcloth will not stretch. If numbered from each end they save time in using.

A child's play is just as important to his growth and development as are food and rest.

Your local tailor will be glad to make the buttonholes in your children's made-over coats.

Carrots and peas form a favorite

You and Your Child

By JANE HERBERT GOWARD

SENSORY TRAINING AND THE HOME

child relationship frequently lead par-

mains that most of us do not think different from another "smooth" he Beautiful and charming, and pos- sufficiently about our jobs as parents has learned to recognize from having we allow to clutter the already com- sonny. I would be most uphappy if it plicated lives of ourselves and our got even the tiniest crack." How can children.

gression and kept his heritage, at least ourselves. We do not have faith in an untouchable object? This is a quesfor a time, safe and waiting for him. ourselves as parents, and, consequently tion which mothers whose homes are

> Otherwise, why is it that we give will want answered. some article, bottle, dish or ash-tray is with the "things" in his home.

such accidents, but the parents' atti- den will have been removed. That day tude toward the child. This communi- when mother held the vase in her own cates itself to him in a flash, carried hands and allowed him to feel of it, by the incisive force behind a single she was taking this precaution. She word, "Don't." Sensing impending painstakingly pointed out the raised But, at last, the Yorks gained the fear. Strong little fingers that since been painted by hand; she let him babyhood have had an unbelievably run his hands across a rosebud, saw vigorous clutch, loosen and down falls him admire the vivid blue background

Aside from the inhibiting effect same."

which such an attitude has upon the child's spirit, and which is to be avoid-We learn by our senses, yet false ed, there is another factor, an educa-

We learn through our senses. Mereents to take steps which prohibit the ly to look at or to hear a given object at the age of fifteen, she early found furtherance of this education. Is it be- described is not very convincing to the her husband in need of help that she cause we fear consequences, or be-child's mind. He must touch it. How could supply. With her force of charcause we are selfishly possessive that can he comprehend such words as acter and clearness of thought and we expect our children to respect the "smooth," if he hasn't first learned gift for dealing with public affairs, furnishings in the house, along with the feel of "smooth"? This porcelain she did much to hold up his hands in the unrevealed secrets of pantry and pitcher, with the shiny surface, is smooth to the touch because his fin-Whatever the reason, the fact re- gers slide so easily. It is cool, and

Mother shows him a vase. "This is she make him appreciate the value of The trouble, of course, starts with this vaso and train him to respect it as decorated with numerous knick-knacks

them so little credit for strength or By allowing him to help in the intelligence when it comes to the han-kitchen, carrying, fetching and doing dling of property within the home, many seemingly trivial jobs which are which by rights belongs to the whole so important to sensory development. family? "Don't" is a command which Also too many restrictions must not be her son in dealing with the rising hos-comes to our lips almost instinctively placed on the child. He should be free when we imagine that the safety of to move around and grow acquainted

> If the child's curiosity is satisfied And usually it is, but for reasons regarding a valuable wase, he won't other than we think. For it is not the have to be watched. The mystery and child and his childishness that cause the desirability attending the forbidthe porcelain pitcher or the solid gold and heard him remark that blue and trimmed candy dish.
>
> pink "look different, but feel the

Your Handwriting and What It Tells

By JANET WINTON

MEET THE SOCIAL LION AND own make-up are very attractive to GIRL FRIEND

my girl friend's handwriting to have is apt to be toward anyone or any-Beach, Fla.

A habit to loop-the-loop in "y" sup- set. plies an interesting clue to your own make-up. It shows eccentricity in I suspect that you are inclined to be

her. Yet, there is a feeling of dis-Dear Janet Winton: I am sending trust in her mind, no doubt, as there pared with you, and the range of her interests must be narrowed down and

hoping for a reply

personified and that you are quite a big, it has a conciliating effect on men. others. You are successful from a

is not as outspoken, as frank and gang and playing host in a grand mancheerful as your own. She is highly intelligent, however, shown in sharp planned to save for some household letter structure. While you express necessity. more, and are more striking as a personality, thought and feeling are the theater. Indeed, you evince some deeper in her case.

by nature.

The compelling social traits in your be.

other looped-above-the-line formations show by their ungenerous state

On the other hand, if the girl friend lion socially. And as far as I can has a pretty face or looks well in judge from your handwriting this clothes, you will be able to forgive vantage. It is a form of conceit which least. It is flattering to your ego to is least offensive. It inspires only good be with someone good looking, espeimpulses. And while the original drive cially if her good looks are capable of is selfish and born of a wish to go over inspiring envy in the hearts of other

The girl friend is naturally indusstandpoint of personality; they like trious, while you enjoy gadding about. to have you around; and everybody, She likes peace, quiet and orderliness. She is thrifty and far-seeing. But you The handwriting of the girl friend would think nothing of inviting over a ner with the money both of you had

You like color, gayety, music and histrionic ability yourself, shown in That incurving hooked beginning the rolling, forward motion of the stroke in "a" in the accompanying writing. You have the capacity for illustration shows up in other forms placing yourself in another's shoes occasionally, too. This is a sign of and "feeling" along with them most tional reactions, as the girl friend can

A Dish a Day

By JUDITH WILSON

Children's Party Refreshments Peanut Butter Sandwiches Currant Jelly Sandwiches Frozen Pudding M. Heart Shaped Sponge Cake with

Pink Frosting Cinnamon Hearts Cocoa

Creamed Chicken in Toasted Bread Case Pineapple and Cream Cheese on Crisp Crackers

Cookies

Newly Wed Wife: "I'm so fortunate; my husband never wants to go

Malted Milk

out nights.' Friend: "Yes, he never cared much for pleasure."

this combination on a platter, the string beans heaped high, steaming and appetizingly in the center, with diced carrots forming a border all around.

When the homemaker pays for pure butter, she should get it. Here's how to test it to find out if the neighborhood grocer is deceiving you: Put a little butter in a teaspoon and hold it over a flame. If it dissolves without a sound, why then it is pure. But if it sputters, it contains some foreign substances.

Much time and labor can be saved vegetable alliance and are pleasing to if scissors are kept in a convenient the eye in point of color. String beans place in the kitchen. Celery and string and carrots give the same color beans may be easily cut up with them, scheme when combined, but a new the ends of greens and asparagus flavor. One homemaker who goes in snipped off, and raw spinach, lettuce for decorative effects, recently served and water cress shredded.

a lot of misunderstanding about chick prices from people who do not take the trouble to inform themselves on this matter.

Roughly speaking, there are too distinct classes of baby chick producers---hatcheries and breede hatchers. We belong in the latter category.

Hatcheries, as a class, pay little or no attention to breeding, many of them not even having a flock of chickens on the place. Their main object is to produce chicks as cheaply as possible and sell them at a low price---thus appealing to a class of people who buy on price alone. And it is a significant fact that in the past two years this class of hatcheries are said to have suffered the great est business loss.

Breeder-Hatchers, such as we are, are those who are making a sincere effort through breeding, disease control and sanitation, to produce chicks that will pay the utmost in profits for their owners. There are hundreds of these breeder-hatchers in the United States and they're getting from \$3 to \$12 per hundred more for their chicks than I am selling the same quality right here locally for. Their prices run from \$15 to \$25 per 100. And they're selling a big lot of chicks every year at these prices. Breeder-hachers have been the least affected by the depression. Why? Because their customers are making money and want more chicks each year. Over 80% of my business so far this year is from old customers. In this community practically all of my customers are re-ordering. One man, who has bought 500 yearly for several years is increasing his order this year to

1500. Several others are talking of increasing the size of their orders. We're not much interested in whether a rooster has five points or 15 on his comb, but we are in terested in breeding single comb white leghorns that will lay more big white eggs at all seasons of the year and will have enough body weight to bring added profit when sold for meat.

Prices: \$12 per 100 Phone or see Al Wauchek Sales



More Service

FOR LESS MONEY

Prompt and Efficient Service

is Yours at Small Cost

L. & C. CHEVROLET SALES

ESTUS LEVERSÉE, Owner

GOBLES, MICH.

At new place on the corner

Chicken Feeds

RKD Besbet Laying Mash

Service

REIGLE'S The Store of Many bargain

Better Quality in Groceries for Less. Don't Miss These Bargains

Thursday, Friday and Saturday Cash Specials

Catsup

Large bottles, sold last year at 25c, 25c
Now 15c, 2 for is attracting more cars to our place every week. When in need of such Service, Batteries, Gas, Oil, Tires. Tubes or other Car Accessories or needs,

Mustard Quart jars, very good Salad Mustard. Per jar

Oleo

Peanut Butter One pound jar,

Kellogg's Pep

Seedless Raisins 2 lb pkg, 9c 2 lbs Peanut Butter25c

We have a fine variety of good quality Canned Goods for only a dime Mothers Chinaware Oats

Lawrence Asparagus No. 2 can,

CASH PRICES ONLY

White was Meats Dressed Chickens, heavy or light Fresh lean Side Pork. Pork Loin Roast Pork Chops Pork Shoulder, sliced or chunk Round Steak T-Bone Steak Hemburg or Sausage, fresh Oysters, large, Bacon squares, slab and Canadian bacon

Nice pork Liver, per pound, Saturday 10c CORN BEEF in brine. TRY THIS New stock of Oil Cloth at Reduced Prices Smoked Herring Fresh Fruits and Vegetables, Celery Hearts, Jersey Sweet

Potatoes, Grapefruit, Oranges,

and Bulk Dates Paying Top Prices on Eggs and Cream Full line of Fresh Frests and Vegetables WATCH OUR WINDOW FOR PRICES 25c Ruell's INDEPENDENT Store

Open Evenings and All Day Sundays

Red and White Store

Al Machin, Owner

Electric Clock Free

Saturday Night at 7 o'clock **ASK ABOUT IT**

Week End

Friday and

Specials Saturday Only 6 bars Lady Godiva Soap . 35c 10 bars Fels Naptha Soap . 49c Blue Goose Oranges, doz...35c Franco American Spaghetti, Head Lettuce.....9c R & W Noodles, cellophane wrapped, per pkg....10c Celery, bunch...... 10c Beef Roast, any cut.....10c R & W Coffee, vacuum packed, 1 lb for39c Beef Steak, any cut......15c Macaroni or Spaghetti, 5 Grisco, 1 lb can $\dots \overline{23}c$

OPEN EVERY NIGHT

We have no time this week for ad writing

Do you want to see it go lower? Its up to you. We can't fight the whole state all alone.

The Square Deal Cash Cream Station The Best Year Around Cream Market in Michigan

VAN. V. RYNO, Prop.

Regular Shell Oils

At Lowest Price in Years Gallons or more

Use Shell Gas for Quick Starting in Cold Weather

SEE US FOR NEW TIRES AS WELL

Everything in Service

SHELL SERVICE STATION Walter Ruell, Prop.

Basil Allen in Charge

Farmers Feed Store

We have a good line of Feeds that satisfy and are Priced Within the Reach of All

DRIVE IN.

Dairy Feeds Wonder, 24 per cent RKD, 16 per cent RKD, 32 per cent

Middlings Cottonseed Meal Linseed Oil Meal Salt, sack or block

Wheat Oats

GRAIN Cracked Corn Shelled Corn Ear Corn

Bone Meal

Charcoal Buttermilk

Meat Scraps

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Oyster Shells

Bill Lamphere Vern Thayer SOUTHARD BUILDING

Gobles, Michigan



If your motor uses lots of oil 100 per cent Pure D sylvania Oil will stop that PENN DIX

waste. **DIXIE SERVICE**

DIXIE SERVICE STATION REED CHENEY, Manager

Per pound,

Sweetened Poultry Mash

\$1.45 per

20 per cent protein

Here's a dandy egg producing mash that will fit your packet book.

TRY IT! We have a large number of users who are getting 60 per cent production with this mash

Here's Another Genuine Bargain Globe Calf Meal, 25 lb. sack, 90c

The Gobleville Milling Co.

W. J. Davis, Mgr.

Both Phones

Gobles, Michigan

INSURANCE WINDSTORM AND

AUTOMOBILE The Travis Agency

Bread Bread Best Meals at Lower Prices

Groceries

10 bars P G or Kirk's Flake Soap, at 35c

24½ lb sack SunGlow Flour, a good buy 45c

Good Creamery Butter, 3 days only . . 22e

Large pkg Super Suds, a very good buy | 9c

No. $2\frac{1}{2}$ can Tomatoes 10c

4 cans of Canned Goods, GLEAN UP 25c

Our Eden Peas, just fige, 2 cans ... 25c

No. 2 can good grade Peas [0c, 3 cans 25c]

Come in and see our Coffee Prices. We

are having a clean up COFFEE SALE

SUGAR BELOW COST to our customers

1 large Gold Dust and 1 can

Large bottle of Vanilla, 8 ozs

Gobles Bread

for economy, health and enjoyment. Ask for it, eat it and be happy.

Other Good Baked Goods as Well

DON'T MISS OUR SATURDAY SPECIALS

GOBLES BAKERY

T. Walters

SPECIAL, MONDAY ONLY! **CLEANING! BIG CUT IN PRICES**

2 3-piece Suits \$1.00 Any 2 Garments\$1.00
BRING YOUR CLOTHES TO

> H. W. TAYLOR General Store

You'll be surprised how far your money

goes for good food here.

Special one week, Hot Dogs 5c

DIXIE INN L. Ryan

L. LaBare

HOME KILLED

Beef, Pork, Veal and Lamb

Fresh Fish Fridays Chickens Saturdays

BEST OF EVERYTHING IN MEATS

VERNE STEPHENSON Gobles, Michigan

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Ruptures cured without pain. No loss of time from work. Varicose Veins and Ulcers treated without operations. Tonsils removed by Diathermy

> Dr. A. H. Lee, IN GOBLES ON MONDAYS, FROM 10 TO 4

For appointments call Mrs. J. R. VanVoorhees

READY TO CONTINUE

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Everything in Building Materials

GOBLES LUMBER DEALER

AT LOWEST POSSIBLE MARGINS

J. L. Clement & Sons

Save a Penny Today

Save a penny today, and another tomorrow, Its easy, my friend, if you only half try; It will free your old age from many a sorrow, For the comforts you need, you'll be able to buy.

Safe Deposit Boxes

Space in our vault costs but \$2 a year. Our services are free.

THE FIRST STATE BANK

"BANKING FRIENDSHIPS THAT ENCIRCLE THE COMMUNITY!



Protect Yourself Against March Winds

with Creams and Lotions for the face and hands

Several varieties, all good Get your choice

LEAVE FILMS HERE FOR DEVELOPING

McDonald's Drug Store

GOBLES, MICHIGAN

The Best of Everything in Drugs

"Tomatoes are cheaper--Potatoes Eddie Cantor sings: are cheaper.

WE ALL KNOW THIS TO BE TRUE

BUT, alfalfa hay is a good price and alfalfa seed is CHEAPER--and now's the time to plant alfalfa. We handle ONLY Farm Bureau Seeds and this year we are able to offer MICHIGAN GROWN VARIEGATED and also CERTIFIED GRIMM and HARDIGAN at the lowest prices in years. This is the first time that there has been enough Michigan grown seed to go around and Michigan Grown Seed is the BEST for our conditions.

Mermash for your chickens Prices again reduced Our 16 per cent Mermash was formerly \$1,99 per 100 lbs and is now \$1.75. Eggs are low but the leading egg men are using Mermash and we know of one whose production is over 65 per cent. Use just one feed from the time the chicks are hatched until they are laying--that's Mermash. No use of using two or three feeds.

A. M. Todd Company

W. J. Richards

On Cold Mornings

Farm Bureau Products

W. J. Richards, Kendall

Stanley Styles, Gobles

The Mill, Bloomingdale

A. M. Todd Co., Mentha

L, Adsit, Otsego

Handled by

when icicles are long-your car will start easily, run smoothly and safely, if you let us PREPARE IT

Come in for our Winter Service Special TODAY

Walter Grauman Complete One-Stop Service

Basket

Gobles Opera House

BIG GAMES 2

Friday Night

COVERT vs Gobles

County Championship Series Last Game of the Season

GOBLES MUST WIN to tie for county championship Come Out and Help

Have Secured Competent Help

and will continue to service your radios and care for your electrical needs as before.

CALLS WILL BE ATTENDED PROMPTLY

Petty Bros. & Co.

WORLD'S FAIR IN 1933

Yes, the big World's Fair will be held in Chicago next year. And its going to mean that millions of people from all over the world will visit Chicago and these extra millions will all have to be fed. This will mean better prices for certain lines of farm produce right here locally.

Prepare for the better egg prices this big event is bound to bring by ordering your Larger Leghorn baby chicks today.

\$12 per 100 AL WAUCHEK

OUTH HAVEN S	Acr 100 100 Am of	i i i	5	•
	ths ths oun	eres lecti	irge TA	

Block					- 10 P
Lots 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10					
22	\$9.45	\$1.85	\$0.38	\$1.00	\$12.68
Lots 1 and 12 $\frac{\overline{22}}{22}$	28.37		1.13	1.00	36.03
TERRITORIAL		VISION			4-1
	32.86			1.00	41.58
Lots 3 and 4 TRAILS E			1.01	1.00	
	2.72	.53	.11	1.00	4.36
Lot 14					24.52
Lot 15	19.04		.76		
Lot 25		.53	.11		4.36
Lots 28 and 29		5.31		1.00	
Lot 30	2.72			1.00	
Lot 45	1.37	.27	.05	1.00	2.69
Lot 81	1.37	.27	.05	1.00	2.69
WAYSIDE SU					1
Block		78.54	,		
Lot 9 13	2.05	.40	.08	1.00	3.53
Lot 10 13	2.05	.40	.08		
	19 97	2.39	.49	1.00	
Lot 6 WINKLER'S GRAVEL					10.10
		3.00			20.00
East ½ of Lot 22					
West ½ of Lot 22		3.00		1.00	20.00
WOODLAN	ID BEA	CH			
. Block		•	1 2 2		
Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 3	11.49	2.25			
Lot 12 3, Lots 2, 3, and 5 4	$\bf 1.92$.38			
Lots 2, 3, and 5 4	1.92 5.11	1.00	.20	1.00	7.31
East ½ of Lots 19 and 20	. '	ęð.			
4	2.56	.50	.10	1.00	4.16
West 1/2 of Lots 19 and 20			(1)		
1	17.88	3 49	.72	1.00	23.09
Lot 15 5	1.28	.25			2.58
Total 91 99 and 99 5	6.04			1.00	
Lots 21, 22 and 23 5	3.83	.75	.15	1.00	5.73
Lot 15 5 5 Lots 27 and 28 5 Lot 16 7 Lot 16 7 Lot 2 10					
Lot 16 7		.75			
	2.56	.50			
Lots 17 and 18 13	5.11	1.00	.20	1.00	7.31
		1			

famous Detective Cases Continued from first page

ands wrapped around them, and it covering of buckskin under led paper. The money amountthirty-two thousand five-hundred , all in United States billstens, twenties, fifties, and hunbut mostly fives. Ultimately oney was returned to the Amerxchange bank.

government of Honduras conthanks to their friendly rewith the Pinkertons, to decrawford over to one of the repatives of the agency, and Superent E. S. Gaylor, who had meanreplaced Detective Hotchkiss, im in charge. A guard of Spandiers brought the prisoner to Cortes, where he was placed in l pending his transfer to a veslling for the United States. Suendent Gaylor himself was pressee that everything was manproperly, and he was seconded oversight by the former Pinkernployee, the head of the secret in Honduras. The final arnents had been made, the govnt having taken advantage of a thorizing the expulsion of "pers foreigners" in order to get rid wford. The superintendent had ly taken passage for himself and ord, and selected berths, on an can vessel that was to sail on orning of May 2, 1890; but, the before. Crawford made his esrom the hotel, going without the , which remained in the deteckeeping. How he escaped always ned a matter of conjecture. The stood at the water's edge, and balcony to which Crawford had he may have managed to spring to a wall built on piles. From he may have reached the hotel t the back, and escaped over one picket fences that separated tel from the adjoining property.

untiring efforts were made to scious pilot to a place of safety. ure him. The swamps were ed for miles, and soldiers were ut in all directions. Mr. Gaylor ed that Crawford succeeded in g his escape into Guatemala, was only thirty miles distant. as undoubtedly assisted in his by the fact that people in the sympathized inding region ly with him.

several years after Crawford's he was left undisturbed in Cenmerica, where he was frequentn by people who knew him, and he seemed to be thriving. Evenhe and his brother engaged in ess on one of the islands in the ito reservation of Nicaragua, they were regarded as dangernen by the government, likely cite revolution. So strong was eling on the part of the Nicaragfficials that advances were made United States government to Crawford surrendered, the Nican officials declaring that they gladly give him up if a demand s extradition was made by the authorities in Washington. For reason the demand was never

ediately after Crawford had made ssion, the American Exchange realizing that there was no longy doubt that the robbery was itted by one of its employees, tarily refunded to the Adams Excompany the forty-one thousand s that had previously been paid by the company, together with st thereon for two years, and a part of the expenses.

Pinkerton's theory of the way ich this robbery was committed hat Crawford had an accomplice ad previously prepared the bogus ge, and who, by previous appointwas standing on the stairs in the ss office when the two messenarrived. It was always a quesn Mr. Pinkerton's mind whether ld man Dominie Earle told the truth in his testimony before the officials.

Large Valley

Imperial valley is a large secof country in the middle of Imcounty, Calif. It is about 400. cres in extent.

Honored for Valor



The Cheney award, consisting of a plaque, a certificate of award and a substantial cash contribution, was awarded to Private John B. Smith of the United States army air corps. The award, made annually to the officer or enlisted man of this branch of service performing the outstanding act of valor during the year, was made to Private Smith who, when a plane crashed into the building in which he was working, dived head first into the blazing cockpit and liberated the pilot's foot which was firmly wedged in the rudder bar. Smith, though injured by ing the following days and the crash, then removed the uncon-

Flyer Plunges 16,000 Feet as Oxygen Fails

Mount Clemens, Mich.-On squadron flight 20,000 feet aloft, Lieut. George A. Hersam, army pilot, felt himself losing consciousness. He struggled for air, tugging at his oxygen mask.

"Then," he later described the experience, "I passed out."

Lieuts, Hugh Coleman and Emmet O'Donnell, two of the other eleven pilots flying from Selfridge field to Washington, saw their comrade's plane

dive, and zigzag downward. Somewhere, 16,000 feet below, Lieutenant Hersam recovered consciousness, and straightened his plunging plane to an even flight. His belabored lungs were relieved. He followed the squadron to Bolling field, and was welcomed by the comrades who thought him lost.

Archaeological Work

Shows Increase in U. S. Washington.-In contrast with past

business conditions, and slightly ahead of those of the present, archaeological recearch is experiencing a boom in southwest United States.

With activity centering around Santa Fe, N. M., 34 permits were issued during the past year to various scientific institutions and universities, while 22 were issued the previous year.

Prediction of requests for a greater number of permits for next year has been made by Jesse U. Nusbaum, consulting archeologist in charge of the archeological laboratory at the point.

Paris.-Paris noids the world's record for being the city with the greatest number of missing people, according to statistics.

The Society for the Protection of the Family, which aids the French police in tracing missing individuals, announces that 27,000 people have disappeared from Paris during the last year. This is an increase of 7,000 over 1930.

It is emphasized, however, that many of these so-called missing have not fallen victims to crime, nor accident, but have merely suddenly left town for reasons of their own.

RATS ARE USED TO STUDY TOOTH DECAY

Find Soundness of Dentition Depends on Dict.

Baltimore. - Two Johns Hopkins university scientists have made public discoveries that go far toward explaining the ways in which diet causes, or prevents, decay of teeth. Two fertilizers, phosphorus and calcium, regulated by vitamin D are the tooth savers.

The experiments showing how to work the combination of the three substances were explained in Science, official organ of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, by Dr. E. V. McCollum and Henry Klein. Their work was aided by grants from the American Dental association.

The tests were made on rats. In the laboratories their caretakers grew tooth cavities in the rodents almost at will, or prevented them almost entirely.

All this was done simply by giving the rats the right proportions of phosphorus and calcium. This correct ratio was about four parts of phosphorus to three of calcium. Proportions of three to two did not work.

Not only the ratio was important but the amount also. There was a minimum of the fertilizers below which they failed of effectiveness. When the rats were fed too little and in wrong proportions, the report states that 80 per cent of them developed cavities in 140 days. With properly balanced diet this decay was cut to 5 per cent.

The investigators further ascertained that the portion of the phosphorus in the blood is of vital importance, and that this is related to

Calcium and phosphorus are two of the principal fertilizers. They reach man daily in many different kinds of food, but their proportions vary greatly. Vitamin D comes both from eating food and from sunshine or ultra-violet light on the skin.

Report Reveals Whale Supply Is Decreasing

Washington.—The study of vitamins A and D and the abundance of phytoplankton and zooplankton (basis of fish life) receive considerable attention in the annual report of the commissioner of fisheries for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1931.

Decreased/ supplies of whales and oysters are predicted, unless strenuous conservation methods are adopted. Seal herds continue to increase and computation showed a total of 1,045, 101 fur seals in the Pribilof islands herd on August 10, 1930-an increase of 73,574 animals, or 7.57 per cent over the corresponding figure of 1929

The world catch of whales has increased from about 12,000 in the calendar year 1920 to more than 27.500 in 1929, and the production of whale oil increased from nearly 20,400,000 gallons to 93,400,000 gallons in this ten year period.

Whale fishing has been intensified in all seas by the development of floating factory ships with a displacement up to 30,000 tons.

Toll of Tuberculosis Drops to All-Time Low

Washington.-American health authorities have reduced the tuberculosis death rate to the lowest ever recorded, Surgeon Gen. H. S. Cumming declared in a report to congress.

The general health of the people of the country during 1930 and the first half of 1931 was "exceptionally good," Doctor Cumming said.

The tuberculosis death rate last year was only 68.5 deaths to every 100,000 population, as compared with 73.1 in 1929 and 76.4 in 1928. In 1900 the death rate from this disease was 201.9. This represents a saving of 160,000 lives.

In contrast to other diseases, infantile paralysis was more prevalent in 1930, but declined in 1931.

Typhoid fever and diphtheria deaths

declined. Pellagra, caused by poor nutrition.

increased in 1931.

Student Unable to Sell Gold That He Panned

Toronto, Ont .- A University of Toronto student is "broke" with \$20 in gold in his pocket.

The student spent the summer panning gold in the Yukon. He sold part of his earnings in the north country, and brought more than an ounce back.

Now he can't dispose of his ounce of gold. The banks won't accept it, the jewelry stores said the amount was "too small to bother with" and the refineries agreed.

"It's a funny situation when you can't sell gold," he said, "but maybe it's the gold standard."

ϼϥϙϙϙϙϙϙϙϙϙϙϙϙϙϙϙϙϙϙϙϙ Suckling Pigs Pay for Girls' Beauty

Copenhagen.—A Danish girl had a hair shingle at the barber's and paid for it with one suckling pig. Another girl gave four pigs for a permanent wave.

It was a symptom of the increasing system of trade by barter because of the agricultural crisis. The girls, working on farms, are paid in live stock or farm produce instead of money.

NEED FOR BETTER PLANES IS URGED

Improvement in Efficiency of Aircraft Is Asked by the Advisory Board.

Washington.-A call for improvement in the performance and efficiency of American military, naval, and civilian aircraft was sounded by officials of the national advisory committee for aeronautics and heads of army and navy aviation activities.

In summarizing its investigations during the last year, the advisory committee asserted that the fundamental problems confronting aviation in all its branches will not be solved until aircraft are made safer, more economical, easier to control at low speeds, and more efficient. In private aircraft, it states, the airplane must be given greater safety and greater economy in production, in maintenance and opperating costs if the aircraft industry is to thrive in the face of threatened decreasing military purchases.

Speed Crowns Lost.

Officials in charge of the bureau of aeronautics and the army air corps state in their annual reports that while progress has been registered in all phases of military performance, the speed crowns lost to Great Britain, France, and Italy will never be regained until more money is expended on experimental research on racing planes in this country. Both urged expenditure of increased funds to boost the speeds of all types of fighting aircraft.

To stimulate depressed conditions in the aircraft industry in the interests of national defense army and navy air heads have recommended increased purchases of airplanes for the army and navy. The advisory committee takes the position that nothing would have such a beneficial effect upon the stability of the aircraft industry as "assurances of continuity of government procurement of military and naval aircraft."

Would Add 1,500 Planes.

Adoption of the programs recommended by Rear Admiral William A. Moffett, chief of the bureau of aeronautics, and Maj. Gen. James E. Fechet, recently head of the army air corps, would add from 1,000 to 1.500 planes to the national defense establishment during the next five years in addition to annual replacements amounting to between 800 and 900 planes. The increases for the navv would be utilized affoat as the carriers and flying deck cruisers allowed this country by the London treaty were built. The army planes were requested by Maj. Gen. Fechet for aerial coastal defense work, a mission assigned the army by the joint army and navy board this last year

Savants Are Puzzled by Big Oyster Shell Mounds

Damariscotta, Maine.—Scientists are seeking an explanation of the existence of a huge mound of fresh water oyster shells along the Damariscotta

Some of the shells are eight to ten inches across. No shellfish of the sort is to be found in this section. Dr. Lloyd Fisher of Bates college, theorizes that the mound may antedate the glacial advances centuries ago and that the shells were left by huge birds that gathered the oysters for food and then dropped the sn from the air to break them against

Another theory is that the mound accumulated as a result of frequent banquets of Indians at this point.

Turks Plan Shade and Water for New Capital

Angola.-Shade and water, the two great needs of Turkey's new capital. are to be provided on a large scale next year.

The deputies and state functionaries, who constitute the larger part of Angora's new population, have been accustomed to the water sports at Istanbul, and they sigh for something similar here to make life more livable.

So two large open-air swimming pools, with facilities for sun bathing are to be constructed. For shade, 350,-000 trees are to be planted, including acacias and oaks. A hundred thousand vine shoots and 20,000 fruit trees will increase the greenery.

College Boy Changed Little in Last 40 Years

Bethlehem, Pa.-Dr. Charles Russ Richards, president of Lehigh university, looked at the college boys of 40 years ago and those of today and found little difference between them. The student today may be "a bit more sophisticated," Doctor Richards said, but now, as 40 years ago, there are two broad classifications among the undergraduates, "those in college for a good time and those who have a definite objective."

Robbery Recalls Days of Road Agent Activity

Bannack, Mont.—Once the center of operations for road agents in the stirring vigilante days, Bannack has slept peacefully for some forty years.

Now the revitalized gold mining industry is bringing people back. For the first time in the memory of most residents, a robbery occurred

here recently. Two men robbed Monte Vurdick's

bar of \$800.

Annual Tax Sale

State of Michigan, County of Van Buren, ss.

The Circuit Court for the County of Van Buren in Chancery.
In the matter of the petition of Oramel B. Fuller, Auditor General of the State of Michigan, for and in behalf of said State, for the sale of certain lands for taxes assessed thereon.

On reading and filing the petition of the Auditor General of the State of Michigan praying for a decree in favor of the State of Michigan, against each parcel of land therein described, for the amounts therein specified, claimed to be due for taxes, interest and charges on each such parcel of land and that such lands be sold for the amounts so claimed by

parcel of land, and that such lands be sold for the amounts so claimed by

parcel of land, and that such lands be sold for the amounts so claimed by the State of Michigan.

It is ordered that said petition will be brought on for hearing and decree at the March term of this Court, to be held at the Village of Paw Paw in the County of Van Buren, State of Michigan, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1932, at the opening of the Court on that day, and that all persons interested in such lands or any part thereof, desiring to contest the lien claimed thereon by the State of Michigan, for such taxes, interest and charges or any part thereof shall appear in said court, and file with and charges, or any part thereof, shall appear in said court, and file with the clerk thereof their objections thereto on or before the first day of the term of this Court above mentioned, and that in default thereof the same term of this Court above mentioned, and that in default thereof the same will be taken as confessed and a decree will be taken and entered as prayed for in said petition. And it is further ordered that in pursuance of said decree the lands described in said petition for which a decree of sale shall be made, will be sold for the several taxes, interest and charges thereon as determined by such decree, on the first Tuesday in May thereafter, beginning at 10 o'clock a. m. on said day, or on the day or days subsequent thereto as may be necessary to complete the sale of said lands and of each and every parcel thereof, at the office of the County Treasurer, or at such convenient place as shall be selected by him at the county seat of the convenient place as shall be selected by him at the county seat of the County of Van Buren, State of Michigan; and that the sale then and there made will be a public sale, and each parcel described in the decree shall be made will be a public saie, and each parter described in the detree shall separately exposed for sale for the total taxes, interest and charges, and the sale shall be made to the person paying the full amount charged against such parcel, and accepting a conveyance of the smallest undivided fee simple interest therein; or, if no person will pay the taxes and charges and take a conveyance of less than the entire thereof, then the whole parcel shall be offered and sold. If any parcel of land cannot be sold for taxes, interest and charges, such parcel shall be passed over for the time being, and shall, on the succeeding day, or before the close of the sale, be reoffered, and if, on such second offer, or during such sale, the same cannot be sold for the amount aforesaid, the County Treasurer shall bid

off the same in the name of the State.

Witness the Hon. Glenn E. Warner, Circuit Judge, and the seal of said Circuit Court of Van Buren County this 19th day of January A. D. Glenn E. Warner, Circuit Judge.

Countersigned, Earl A. Thomas, Clerk.

(Seal)

STATE OF MICHIGAN

To the Circuit Court for the County of Van Buren in Chancery:

The petition of Oramel B. Fuller, Auditor General of the State of Michigan, for and in behalf of said State, respectfully shows that the list of lands hereinafter set forth and marked "Schedule A," contains a description of all lands in said County of Van Buren upon which taxes were assessed for the years mentioned therein, and which were returned as delinated to the personnel of th quent for non-payment of taxes, and which taxes have not been paid; together with the total amount of such taxes, with interest computed thereon to the time fixed for sale, and collection fee and expenses, as provided by

law, extended against each of said parcels of land.

Your petitioner further shows to the Court that said lands were returned to the Auditor General under the provisions of Act 206 of the Public Acts of 1893, as delinquent for non-payment of said taxes for said years respectively, and that said taxes remain unpaid; except that lands included in said "Schedule A" for taxes of 1890 or prior years were returned to the Auditor General as delinquent for said taxes under the provisions of the general tax laws in force prior to the passage of Act 200 of the

Public Acts of 1891, and which taxes remain unpaid.

Your petitioner further shows that in all cases where lands are included in "Schedule A' as aforesaid for taxes of 1890 or of any prior year, said lands have not been sold for said taxes or have been heretofore sold for said delinquent taxes and the sale or sales so made have been set aside by a court of competent jurisdiction, or have been cancelled as provided by

Your petitioner further shows and avers that the taxes, interest, collection fee and expenses as set forth in said "Schedule A" are a valid lien on the several parcels of lands described in said schedule.

Your petitioner further shows that the said taxes on the said described lands have remained unpaid for more than one year after they were returned as delinquent; and the said taxes not having been paid, and the same being now due and remaining unpaid as above set forth, your petitioner prays a decree in favor of the State of Michigan against each parcel of said lands, for the payment of the several amounts of taxes interest, collection fee and expenses, as computed and extended in said schedule against the several parcels of land contained therein, and in default of payment of the said several sums computed and extended against said lands, that each of said parcels of land may be sold for the amounts due thereon, as provided by law, to pay the lien aforesaid.

And your petitioner will ever pray, etc. Dated January 18, 1932

Auditor General of the State of Michigan, for and in behalf of said State.

SCHEDULE A

	AT . 1007				
Acres 100ths	Amount of Taxes	Interest	Collection Fee	Charges	TOTAL

1.00 194.45

SE ¼

CITY OF SOUTH HAVEN Block

,			TAXES	OF 192	28			
Und 9-10 of Lots 6 and 7	,	39			43.33	4.62	1.00	164.50
6 and 7	•	39	\$	19.83	\$ 7.44	\$.79	\$1.00	\$ 29.06

TOWNSHIP 3 SOUTH OF RANGE 15 WEST

West part of that part of NW 1/4 South of Paw Paw River 9 58.96 164.03 46.75 6.56 1.00 218.34 TAXES OF 1929 TOWNSHIP 1 SOUTH OF RANGE 13 WEST

Sec.						
SE 4 of NW 4 of NW 4 1	10	16.28	3.17			21.10
A parcel of land commencing	40 rods	West of	the cer	iter of S	ection	, thence
South 24 rods, West 40 rod	s. North	24 rods	. East	40 rods	to be	ginning
1	6	-3.26		.13	1.00	5.03
SW 4 of NE 4	40	55.49	10.83	2.22	1.00	69.54
W 1/2 of W 1/2 of SW 1/4 2	40	35.23	6.87	1.41	1.00	44.51
S 1/2 of NW 1/4 of SW 1/4 5	20	29.62	5.78	1.18	1.00	37.58
NE 1/4 of SE 1/4 8	40	21.54	4.21	.86	1.00	27.61
SW 4 of NW 4 10	40	50.34	9.82	2.01	1.00	63.17
E½ of SE¼ 10	80	96.90	18.90	3.88	1.00	120.68
E½ of W½ of SE¼ 10	40	21.19	4.14	.85	1.00	27.18
East part of Nfrl 1/2 of N	E 1/4					
12	30	58.72	11.45	2.35	1.00	73.52
SE¼ of NE¼ 12	40	29.36	5.73	1.17	1.00	37.26
W.½ of NE¼ 14	80	88.08	17.18	3.52	1.00 .	109.78
North part of E 4 of NE 4						
18	30 ·	37.79	7.37	1.51	1.00	47.67
\$3% of E% of SWfrl 1/4 18	60	87.21	17.01	3.49	1.00	108.71
S% of Wfrl % of SWfrl %						
10	10	156 64	30 54	6.27	1.00	194.45

Land commencing at South ¼ post of Section, then North 120 rods, East 263 rods, South 120 rods then West to beginning 9.60 49.21 North part of W1/2 of NEfrl 1/4

18 19 156.64 30.54

 $\begin{array}{ccc} 26.17 & 5.10 \\ 110.74 & 21.59 \end{array}$ 1.05 4.43 1.00 33.32 1.00 137.76 North part of NWfrl 14 19 35 North part of NW1114 13 2 acres in East side of S½ of NW 4 of SW 4 and SW 4 of SW 4 20 42 58.14 11.34 2.33 1.00 72.81 Parcel of land commencing at Southeast corner post, then North 26 rods, West 80 rods, South 26 rods, East 80 rods to beginning

21 13 14.43 2.81 .58 1.00 18.82

21 13 14.43 2.81 .58 1.00 18.82 W ½ of NE¼ except M. C. R. R. right of way also except that part of W ½ of NE¼ lying North of Right of Way 28 73 65.89 12.85 2.64 1.00 82.38 SE¼ of NE¼ 28 40 28.87 5.63 1.15 1.00 36.65 SE¼ of NE¼ 28 40 28.87 5.63 1.15 1.00 36.65 That part of NE¼ of NW¼ lying South of line surveyed by T. A. Smith, County Surveyor, Dec. 28, 1928, described as commencing 836 feet South of North ¼ post of Section, then North 63°, west 90 feet, West 200 feet, then South 1° West 96 feet, South 35½° West 120 feet, South 35½° West 53 feet, South 80° West 300 feet, North 55½° West 73 feet, South 54½° West 74 feet, North 87½° West 46 feet North 53½° West 96 feet, North 43¾ feet West 230 feet, North 28½° West to the West ⅓ line at a point 430 feet South of North Section line 28 12.70 9.03 1.77 .36 1.00 12.16

58.54 36.65 W1/2 of NWfrl1/4 46.59 9.09 1.86 1.00 28 SE¼ of NW¼
NE¼ of SW¼
Wfrl½ of SWfrl¼
NE¼ of SE¼ 1.15 5.6328.87 28 40 5.631.00 36.65 28 40 43.47 8.48 1.74 1.00 54.69 63 36.65 1.151.00 28 40 28.875.63

Charges TOWNSHIP 1 SOUTH OF RANGE 13 WEST

Sec.

ning on South right of way line of South Haven R. R. at a point 166 feet South of Northeast corner of Section running Westerly along the R. R. right of way 200 feet, South 41° 47 minutes West 165 feet, South 78° right of way 200 feet, South 41° 47 minutes West 165 feet, South 78° 54 minutes, West 188 feet, South 71 feet, South 75° 26 minutes East 145 feet, South 7° 58 minutes East 130 feet, South 39° 2 minutes East 200 feet, South 46° 37 minutes East 300 feet, South 10° 11 minutes East 96 feet, South 70° 35 minutes East 48 feet, South 15° 9 minutes West 65 feet, South 28° 17 minutes East 106 feet, South 5° 16 minutes East 124 feet, South 16° 12 minutes, West 160 feet, South 30° 19 minutes West 116 feet, North 19° 45 minutes West 108 feet, North 6° 5 minutes West 108 feet North 57° 3 minutes West 243 feet, South 33° 20 minutes West 172 feet, South 17° 41 minutes East 200 feet, South 45° 6 minutes East 200 feet, South 6° 7 minutes west 97 feet, South 72° 18 minutes West to West line of E½ of E½ of NE¼ then South to ¼ line then East to East ½ post, then North to beginning.

S½ of SW¼ of NE¼ 20 14.32NW 1/4 of NW 1/4 35.80 6.991.431.00 71.20N1/2 of SEfrl1/4 29 51.029.952.041.00 64.01Sfrl 1/2 of SEfrl 1/4 except the hard land lying West from the following described lines, beginning on the South line of Section at a point 225 feet East of South ¼ post and running thence North 27° 45 minutes East 141 feet, North 40° East 462 2-10 feet, North 28° 45 minutes East 267 3-10 feet, North 65° 18 minutes East 363 2-10 feet, North 16° 55 minutes East 200 feet, North 54° 0 minutes West 312 feet, West 66 6-10 feet, North 9° West 132 feet to North line of said parcel 29 59 41.17

8.03parcel of land commencing at a point 3 chains East from shore of Brandywine Lake and 2½ rods in a Northerly direction from a point 11 37-100 chains East 12 644-1000 chains North from South ¼ post, then West 3 chains to shore of Brandywine Lake, then North 2½ rods, East 3 chains, South 2½ rods to beginning

*	29	10.74	2.09	.43	1.00	14.2
The West part of East 5	5 acres of	$S\frac{1}{2}$ of	SE¼			
	30 5	7.16	1.40	.29	1.00	9.88
S½ of SE¼	81 80	53.34	10.41	2.13	1.00	66.8
Land commencing at No	rtheast cor	ner of	NW 1/4	thence	West 16	rods
South 33 rods, East 16 a	ods, North	33 rods	to beg	inning		
, ,		5.37	1.05	.21	1.00	7.63
West part of NWfrl 1/4	33 50	43.47	8.48	1.74	1.00	54.69
West part of Efrl 1/2 of	SW¼					
	3 4 40	63.99	12.48	$\boldsymbol{2.56}$	1.00	80.03
TOWNSHI	2 SOUTH	OF RA	NGE 1	3 WEST	Г	

W 1/2 of NE 1/4 of SE 1/4 and W 1/2 of SE 1/4 of SE 1/4 1.01 1.00 S½ of E¼ of SE¼ of SE¼ .12 1.00 2.98 .58 North part of E1/2 of SEfrl 1/4 1.00

4.68

 $\begin{array}{c} 3.49 \\ 68.43 \end{array}$ 2.74 1.245.32W½ of NWfrl¼ NW¼ of NEfrl¼ NE¼ of SW¼ 66.2113.341.00 85.51 31.10 1.00 35.656.961.431.00 45.04 26.07 SE ¼ of SW ¼ N ½ of NW ¼ of SE ¼ S ¾ of W ½ of SE ¼ 1.00 3.96 40 20.30 .81 20 10.14 13.53 2.03 1.00 63.71 E½ of NE¼ 80 40 NE 4 of SE 4 and West part of N % of W ½ of NW ¼ S½ of NE ¼ 8 3.68 1.00 114.6210 92.00 17.943.62 1.00 80 17.63112.6590.40 W 1/2 of SE 1/4 North of River .81 1.00 10 50 20.30 3.9626.07NW 1/4 of SE 1/4 11 40 and E 1/2 of NE 1/4 of 1.43 1.00 12 20 35.726.9745.12SW 4 of NE 4 SE 4 of NW 4 East 40 $3.21 \\ .41$ 1.00 100.24 of Road 80.36 15.67E½ of SE¼ of NW¼ 15 1,00 13.60 20 10.20 1.99NE 4 of SW 4 and W 1/2 of SE 1/4 2.861.00 89.28 71.4813.94N½ of SW¼ of SW¼ 15 20 S½ of SW¼ of SW¼ and SE¼ 10.20.41 1.0013.601.99SW 1/4 33.19 1.33 1.00 6.4842.00 60 NE 1/4 of SW 1/4 and N 1/2 of SE 1/4 2.251.00 56.17 10.95 E1/2 of S1/2 of SW1/4 of SE1/4 .85 .17 1.00 4.356.3720 10W 1/2 of S 1/2 of SW 1/4 of SE 1/4 1.00 5.63.237.96 18.08

E 1/2 of SW 1/4 of SW 1/4 21 20 2.70.55 1.00 13.83West part of S1/2 of SE1/4 42.991.721.00 54.09 W ½ of E½ of NE¼ 22 E¾ of NW¼ of NE¼ and N½ of SW¼ of NE¼ 1.57 22 4039.147.641.0049.3530 East of Angling Road 22 1.3233.121.00 41.90West part North of Road NW 4 of NE 4 and East part North of Road of NE¼ of NW¼ 22 10 4 Parcel West of Road of S½ of SW¼ 45.18 8.82 1.81 1.00 56.81

 $\frac{.13}{.96}$ $5.15 \\ 30.74$ 3.36 $\overline{23}$ 1.00 NW 4 of SE 4 40 24.08 4.70 SE ¼ of SE ¼ SE ¼ of SW ¼ 1.67 23 2440 and E½ of NW¼ North of road 2.76E½ of NE¼ 26 80 99.9519.504.001.00 124.45W 1/2 of NE 1/4 South of road West part North of road of

20 W ½ of NE ¼ East part of NW ¼ 2727 96 130.20 25.39 5.21 1.00 161.80 West part of N½ of NE¼ of SW¼ 27 9.28 24.41 .98 1.00 31.15South part of West 50 acres of N 1/2 of NE 1/4 28 10 7.96.32 1.00 Beginning center of highway 28 rods 11 feet Westerly from intersection of highway and the East line of Section, running thence South 72° West 4

rods, thence South 21 rods 2 feet, thence South of East 4 rods, thence North 22 rods 8 feet to beginning 28 5.67 1.16 '1.00 South part of W 1/2 of NW 1/4 35 34

and North part of W1/2 57.21 11.16 2.29 1.00 31.49 6.15 1.26 1.00 35 26 of SW 1/4 NE¼ of SE¼ 36 40 TOWNSHIP 3 SOUTH OF RANGE 13 WEST

Sec. E½ of SW¼ South of Territorial Road West part of SW 1/4 of SE 4 South of Terri-torial Road 2 107.27 20.92 4.29 1.00 133.48 W 1/2 of SW 1/4 South of Terr. Road

139.24 27.16 5.57 1.00 172.97West 24 rods of SW 1/4 of SE 1/4 16.73 S½ of NW¼ of NW¼ and N½ of S½ of NW¼ 10 60 98.60 19.23 3.94 1.00 122.77 N1/2 of SW1/4 except North 32 rods of West 125 rods 84.51 16.48 80.21 15.64 10 55 3.38 1.00 S½ of NE¼ 11 80 N½ of NW¼ of NW¼ 11 20 3.211.00 100.06 .61 1.00 19.86 of SE 1/4 South part of North 35 acres of E1/2 10 2.42 .50 1.00 11 12.4216.34 1.00 96.92 18.90 3.88 120.70 E $\frac{12}{2}$ of NW $\frac{1}{4}$ 12 80 113.58 22.15 4.54 1.00 East 45 rods of West 49 rods E $\frac{1}{2}$ of SE $\frac{1}{4}$ lying East of M. C. Ry. 12 35 77.83 15.18 3.11 1.00 22.1512 35 77,83 15.18 3.11 1.00 97.12 W½ of SW¼ 17

South 10 rods of North 18 rods of East 10 rods of South 60 acres of South part of NE¼ 18

W½ of NE¼ 14 1 11.98 2.34 .48 1.00 15.80 SE¼ of NW¼ and NE¼ W½ of NE¼ West 12 1/2 rods of S 3/4 of NE 1/4 14 9.38 15 80 12.95.521.00 E½ of SW¼ SE¼ of NW¼ NE¼ of SW¼ $\frac{.32}{4.56}$ 8.08 1.58 1.00 114.07 22.24

49.53

4.64

9.66

.90

1.98

1.00

10.07

.19 1.00

.29 1.00

16 40

17 10

South part of NW 1/4 of SE 1/4 East of Mud Lake

17

North part of NWfrl 1/4

of SE ¼

TOWNSHIP 3 SOUTH OF RANGE 13 WEST

NW ¼ of SE¼ except the hard land in Southeast corner, beginning at center of SE¼, then West 52 rods to edge of marsh and along line between marsh and hard land close to following line North 19½° East 86 feet, North 15¾° West 165 feet, North 2½° East 190 feet, North 37° East 105 feet North 46¼° East 210 feet, North 56° East 55 feet, South 42° East 88 feet, South 54½° West 61 feet, South 34¾° East 171 feet, North 89½° East 96 feet, South 37¾° East 140 feet, South 83° East 39 feet, South 71½° East 160 feet, South 64½° then East to East line of said parcel then South 275 feet to place of beginning to 52.69 said parcel then South 275 feet to place of beginning 19 69.54 4 28 31 \$22.44 \$4.38 \$0.90 \$1.00 \$28.72 N% of SE¼ except K. L. S. & C. Ry. The marsh land on South end and East side of E½ of E½ of NE¼ begin-19 96 10

107.45 20.96 $\frac{1.00}{1.00}$ 7.64 1.57W ½ of SW ¼ of SE ¼ 21 20 49.3539.14Commencing at a point 64 rods South of Northwest corner, thence South 44 rods, East 10 rods North 12 rods, thence Easterly along waters edge 210 rods, North 18 rods, thence Westerly along waters edge to beginning 21 74 26.72 5.21 1.07 1.00 34.00 21 74 South part of W234

acres of N% of NW 1/4 of NW ¼ S¼ of N½ of NW ¼ 22 1.7522 10.37 2.02 .41 1.0013.80 E 1/2 of SW 1/4 South of M. C. R. R. $\frac{3.64}{2.80}$ $1.00 \\ 1.00$ $113.40 \\ 87.35$ W 1/2 of SE 1/4 $\mathbf{23}$ 80 91.01 17.75SW 14 of SE 14 24 40 6 W 12 of South 60 acres of W 12 of SE 14 69.91 13.64 5.69 1.17 1.00 37.03 30 29.17 East 30 acres of North 70 acres of NE 1/4 except M. C. R. R. and K. L. S. and C. right of way and except West 6 acres. South part of SWfrl ¼ 30 E¼ of W½ of SE¼ 30 W¼ of SE¼ 30 2.89 1.00 60 72.3214.10 90.31 20.09 .80 1.00 20 9.401.93 1.00 60.54 3.92.80 1.00

W½ of NE¼ of NE¼ 31 20 20.09 3. E¾ of W½ of NE¼ 31 60 92.39 18. East part of SW¼ of SE¼ South of M. C. Ry. 3.70 1.00 18.02 1.00 20.84 3.13 .6431 12.5016.07North 131/2 rods of West 18 rods of NW1/4 of NW1/4 TOWNSHIP 4 SOUTH OF RANGE 13 WEST

Sec. North part of South 69 acres of NW 1/4 West part of East 73 27-100 acres of N½ of NEfrl¼
2 35.08 53.60 10.46
West part of East 38 19-100 serves of N1/2 10.46 .91 1.00 29.16 2.14West part of East 38 19-100 acres of N1/2 of NWfrl1/4 2 19.0515.10 2.95 Parcel commencing 8 chains East of Northwest corner, thence parallel with

Section line 22 chains 90 links, West parallel with town line 8 chains to Section line, North 18 chains 40 links, East 3 chains, North 4 chains 50 links, East to beginning 2 16.97 24.77 4.83 .99 1.00 31.59 North part of South 116 acres of NW 14 116.80 $65.70 \quad 12.82$ $2.63 \quad 1.00$ SE 1/4 of SW 1/4 40 Commencing at Northwest corner of Section running South on West line of Section 14 11-100 chains, thence East parallel to North line of Section

26 80-100 chains, thence North parallel to West line of Section 14 44-100 chains to the North line of Section, thence West on Section line 26 80-100 chains to beginning 3 37.84 94.90 18.51 3.80 1.00 118.21 N½ of NWfrl¼ except 20 acres off West side and 16 acres off East side 6 29 13.63 2.66 .55 1.00 17.84 East part of N1/2 of NWfrl 1/4 .36 1.00 12.229.08 87.00 16.973.48 1.00108.45 N% of NW % of NW % S% of NW % of NW % of NE % 10.622.18 1.00 54.4568.25 $\begin{array}{c} 10 \\ 20 \end{array}$ 12.102.36.481.00 15.94 .60 2.90 1.00 12 14.88 19.38 East part of West 30 acres of SW of SW 1/4 $\frac{2.24}{.75}$ 20 10 10.92 $1.00 \\ 1.00$ 70.17W 1/4 of SW 1/4 of SW 1/4 12 18.67 24.063.64South part of E1/2 of SE1/4 65 117.71

3.78 1.00 94.50 18.43N½ of N½ of E½ of NE¼ 1.21 1.00 30.255.90 S1/2 of S1/2 of E1/2 of NE1/4 .42 1.00 10.61 2.07 14.10 19 20 SE 14 of SW 14 8.48 1.741.00 43.4754.69S1/2 of SWfrl 4 West of Lake 67.50 13.17 2.701.00 84.37

TOWNSHIP 1 SOUTH OF RANGE 14 WEST Sec. East part of NEfrl 1/4 NW 1/4 of SE 1/4 31.77 6.20 56.57 11.03 $\frac{1.27}{2.26}$ 40.24 SE 4 of SE 4 5 40 1.00 Commencing 4 rods West of Northeast corner of NW ¼, thence South 78 rods, West 65 rods, North 70 rods, East 65 rods to beginning
6 28.44 92.42 18.02 3.70 1.00 115.14 $92.42 \\ 56.57$ 2.26 1.00 70.86 SE¼ of NW¼ 11.03

Wi of E% of NE% of SE% $\begin{array}{c} 4.34 \\ 20.22 \end{array}$ 25 W % of NE 4 of SE 4 .81 1.00 W % of NL 4 of SE 7
S½ of SE 4
NW 4 of SE 4
N½ of N½ of SE 4
S½ of N½ of SE 4
NE 4 of NE 4
SW 4 of NE 4
SW 4 of NE 4 28.88 $\frac{3.39}{6.02}$ 40 17.34.691.00 22.4230.88 39.14 1.241.0013142.03 27.701.00 40 48.90 9.541.96 1.00 1.00 110.81 88.91 17.34 16 3.56South part of W1/2 of NWfrl1/4 W 1/2 of SE 1/4 18 80 163.07 31.80 6.521.00 202.39 Beginning at center of Section, thence North 1847 5-10 feet to center of Creek, thence Southwesterly along Creek to Great Bear Lake, Southerly along Lake to the East and West ¼ line, thence East 819 feet to beginning 19 23 237.76 46.37 9.51 1.00 294.64

20 40

20 40

to beginning
NW ¼ of NW ¼
SW ¼ of NW ¼
SE ¼ of NW ¼ 20 40 6.95 1.00 173.78177.75 34.67 SW 1/4 20 160 7.111.00220.53 That part of W ½ of NE ¼ North of Highway 23 40 115.83 22.59 4.63 1.00 144.05 North part of SE 1/4 2560 33.896.951.00 S½ of N½ of SW¼ 26 North part of S½ of SW¼ 26 40 54.42 + 10.612.181.00 68.2125.82 1.00 20.41 3.9826.21NW 1/4 of NW 1/4 West of Highway 27 35.68 23.81 .954.651.00 30.41

68.68

13.39

1.62 /1.00

1.00

2.75

Parcel commencing at Northeast corner of Section, thence South 111 rods 5½ feet, West 115 rods, North 111 rods 5½ feet, East 115 rods to beginning 32 80 61.33 11.96 2.45 1.00 76.74 Parcel commencing 115 rods West of Northeast corner of Section, thence South 111 rods 5½ feet, East 115 rods, South 48 rods 11 feet, West 200

rods, North 160 rods, East 85 rods to beginning 32 120 198.50 38.71 1.00 246.15 N½ of SW¼ of NE¼ $13.98 \\ 28.12$ $\frac{.56}{1.12}$ 1.00 20 E¼ of E½ of SE¼ W½ of N½ of NE¼ 33 20 5.481.00 9.29 1.90 1.00 47.61 59.80 North part of NE 1/4 of SE1/4 22.67 34 16 4.4229.00 $3.02 \\ 8.01$ SE¼ of SE¼ 75.54 $14.74 \\ 39.04$ 40 35 1.00 94.3071.66 N½ of SW¼ 248.23 1.00 TOWNSHIP 2 SOUTH

OF RANGE 14

Sec. SE¼ of SE¼ 26.04 SW 4 of SW 4 40 24.694.81 .99 31.49 West 1/2 of East 90 acres of North 155 acres of NEfrl ¼ 6 45 and North part of East 45 acres of North 155 acres of NEfrl 1/4 143.49 27.991.00 178.22West part of SWfrl 4 NE 4 of NE 4 98.67 /19.24 53.06 10.35 $3.95 \\ 2.12$ 1.00 122.86 1.00 66.53 6 60 40 Parcel commencing 7 rods 6 feet West of Southeast corner of Section, thence North 103 feet, West to East line of Town Hall, South 103 feet, East to beginning 8 15 11.83 2.31 .47 1.00 15.61 NW 4 of NW 4 9 40 91.97 17.94 3.68 1.00 114.59 East to beginning 8 15 NW 4 of NW 4 9 40 North part of W 2 of SW 4 9 20 91.97 17.94 3.68 1.00 114.59 32.60 6.36 1.30 1.00

SE 4 of NE 4 except 1 square acre out of Southeast corner and 10 rods East and West by 16 rods North and South out of Northeast corner 17 38 61.14 11.93 $2.45 \quad 1.00$ West part of E½ of SW¼ 89.77 122.44 $3.59 \\ 4.90$ 23.88 80 1.00 152.22112.91 22.02 1.00 4.52140.45

of SW $\frac{3.81}{1.22}$ $1.00 \\ 1.00$ 95.30 18.59 118.7017.00 E½ of W½ of SE¼
9.98 SE¼ of SW¼
141.87 and NE¼ of NWfrl¼
NWfrl¼ of NWfrl¼
E¼ of SW¼
673 and F¼ of North 100 30.45 5.9438.61290.35 11.61 2.98 19 56.62359.58 74.55 14.54 1.00 93.0721 6.73 and E½ of North 100 acres of NWfrl¼ 28 50 101.65 19.83 4.07 1.00 126.55

(Continued on next page)

Charges Interest Cha Am $_{
m of}^{
m Anc}$ ROOSEVELT HILLS FIRST SUBDIVISION VILLAGE OF PAW PAW VILLAGE OF LAWRENCE Block Block Block \$0.94 \$1.00 \$30.06 \$0.02 \$1.00 \$0.43 \$23.53 \$4.59Lot 41 nmencing Southwest corner Lot 6, North 54 feet, East 821/2 feet, Lots 10 and 11 Souch 54 feet, West 82½ feet to beginning 7 \$28.00 1.00 .38 .08 1.92South ½ of Lot 9 77Lot 42 Lot 12 and North 2½ rods of Lot 13 .02 .431.00 \$35.58 .02 4.48 .92 1.00 .08 40.00 1.60 50.40East ½ of Lot 3 Township 3 South of Range 14 West .02.4371.03 13.862.84Lots 7 and 8 $\begin{array}{c} .02 \\ .02 \end{array}$ South a of Lot 5 and North a of Lot 6 Parcel commencing 2 7-10 chains North of Southwest corner E1/2 of NE1/4, .08 66.26 .4312.92North 6 63½-100 chains, East 10 09-100 chains, South 6 63½-100 chains, West to beginning 12 11.52 2.25 .46 1.00 15.23 South 30 feet of Lot 7 13 44.10 8.60 1.76 1.00West to beginning 12 11.52 2.2b .40 1.00 10.25 Parcel beginning 28 rods East of Northeast corner of Lot 11, Block 46 South 16 rods, East 8 rods, North 16 rods, West to beginning 12 58.90 11.49 2.36 1.00 73.75 .08 .42Township 3 South of Range 15 West 2.15 Commencing in center of St. Joseph Street at a point 78 rods West of East line of SE 4, thence West in center of said Street 5 rods, South 10 rods, East 5 rods, North 10 rods to beginning

9 26.20 5.11 1.05 1.00 33.36 Lot 52 Lot 59 $\frac{.42}{.42}$.09 .09 Parcel commencing Northeast corner Lot 11 Block 46, East 50 feet, South 2.15 1.00 .83 100 feet, West 50 feet, North to beginning 12 11.52 2.25 Lots 1 and 2 $\frac{1.53}{1.53}$.46 1.00 15.23 Parcel of land commencing 2 rods East of South 4 post of Section, East on Section line 8 chains 62 ½ links, North 9 chains 42 links, West 8 chains Lot 6 Commencing at intersection of North line of Main Street and East line of .02 .43 .08 1.00 Hazen Street, North 202½ feet, East to Maple Lake, Southeast on Lake to North line of Main street West to beginning

12 57.60 11.24 2.30 1.00 72.14 .08 .43 62½ links, South 9 chains 42 links to beginning
9 8.50 27.16 5.30 1.09 1.00 34.55

Parcel of land commencing 11 chains 6½ links East of North ¼ post of Section, East 4 chains 35 links, South 4¼° West 6 chains 27½ links to center of Breedsville Road, North 56¼° West to center of same 4 chains Lot. 8 .02.43 .08 .021.00.02 .08 Dyckman and Woodmans Addition .43Lot 11 .02Block 71.56 13.96 2.86 1.00 89.38 .43 .08 .021.00Lots 1, 4, 5 and 8 55 links, North 1° West 3 chains 71 links to beginning and ¾ acres lying .08 .02 North of Breedsville Road out of parcel commencing 29 rods East of quarter stake between Sections 4 and 9, South 36 rods, West to Paw Paw River, Easterly along North bank of Paw Paw River until it intersects Bennetts West line, North to Section line West to beginning. Also a strip of land 6 ½ rods wide off West side of following description, beginning .431.00Titus' Addition Lot 14 .43 _ 4.08 Lots 5 and 6 Lot 15 .43 021.00 VILLAGE OF PINE GROVE MILLS Lot 17 .43 .43 .08 1.00Block Lots 2 and 6of land 6 ½ rods wide on west side of following description, beginning, 2½ chains from Northeast corner of Section, thence by metes and bounds West on Section line 22 94-100 chains, South 4¼° West 27 chains to center of Breedstille Road, thence in center of said Road South 56¾° East 18 84-100 chains, North 19½° East 2 50-100 chains, South 65½° East 2 chains North 13¾° West 16 82-100 $.02 \\ .02$ 58.48 9.08 Entire 46.54 1.861.00 .08 Lot 20 .43.70 Entire .43Lot 21 3.58 .701.00 5.42Entire .02 Lot 22 **BEECHWOOD HILLS** Lot 23 .02 .43.08 1.00 5 75-100 chains, North 88° East 2 chains, North 1¾° West 16 chain to beginning 9 3.75 60.40 11.78 2.42 1.00 West 16 82-100 2.15 .09 3.66 Lot 4 .08 1.00 Lot 24 75.60chain to beginning 9 3.75 60.40 11.78 2.42 1.00 75.60 Parcel commencing 59 rods 10 links North of quarter line stake between Sections 9 and 10, thence East 112 feet, South 128 feet, West 112 feet, Lots 5 and 6 4.27 .83 .17 1.00 6.27Lot 25 1.00 .09 3.66 .42Lot 24 2.15.43 .08 02.86 21.38 4.171.00 27.41Lot 40 Lot 27 .43.08 1.00 North 128 feet to beginning FIRST ADDITION TO COVERT RESORT. 10.00 1.95 Lot 28 .40 1.00 Block .43 .08 .02 1.00Gages Addition 27.76 5.42 1.11 1.00 35.29 Lots 1, 2, 3,and 4 $.0\overline{2}$.08 Lot 30 .431.00Block CROUCHES ADDITION TO VILLAGE OF GRAND JUNCTION Lot 31 Lots 5 and 6 60.61 11.82 2.42 1.00 75.852 .42 .09 Phelps Addition 15.25.08 .02 Lots 3 and 4Lot 37 .43 1.00Block 1.19 6.10Lot 38 .43 Entire 11.92 1.00 15.73 Lot 1 6.101.19.24 1.00 8.53 .08 .02 Lots 3, 4, 5, 7 and 8 1.48 .30 1.00 South ½ of Lot 2 7.54 10.322 .02 FRED E. DECKER'S SISTER LAKES SUBDIVISION Lot 40 $.43 \\ .43$.08 1.00 Phelps and Ridlon's Addition Lot 41 Lot 2 South part of NW 4 of SWfrl 4 .08 $02 \\ .02$ 13.62Block 1.99 .41 1.00 10.2230.26 5.901.21 1.00 38.37 Lot 43 .43 .08 1.00DEANS ADDITION TO PALISADES PARK Parcel of land 1 rod wide off West side of Lot 5 and Lot 6 42.61 8.31 1.70 .43 Lot 44 Block 1.00 .08 .02 53.62 North 60 feet of Lot 2 31.63 6.17 $\begin{array}{c} .02 \\ .02 \end{array}$.11 1.00 2.65 .52Lot 46 .43.08 1.00Lot 10 4.286.07 1.24Lots 3 and 4Lot 47 J. P. Ryans Addition HASTINGS ADDITION TO THE VILLAGE OF PAW PAW .02 1.19.05 onumber Lot 7
onumberLot 49 .43 .43 .08 1.00Lot 17 5.54 1.09 .22 1.007.852.48Lot 8 Lot 50 VILLAGE OF LAWTON .05 1.00 2.48 1.191.00 2.45 .05Township 3 South of Range 13 West Lot 11 .02 Lot 52 .43.08 1.00Lot 22 Sec. Lot 53 .08 1.00.051.00 2.48 South part of North 37 acres of that part of SW 1/4 North of K. L. S. & C. .43 28 30.96 6.041.24 1.0039.24.24.051.00 2.48 $\begin{array}{c} .02 \\ .02 \end{array}$ Lot 55 .43.08 1.00 .24North 11 rods of South 12 rods of West 4 rods of East 121/2 rods of SW 1/4 .05 Lot 25 .08 Lot 56 1.00Lot 26 .24.051.00 2.48 29 13.05 2.55 .52 1.00 17.12 West 68 feet of East 348 feet of that part of SE ¼ of SW ¼ lying West 17.12 2.48 .051.00.02 .02Lot 58 .43 .08 1.00 of K. L. S. and C. Ry. 29 N½ of E¾ of NE¼ of SE¼ Lot $\bar{39}$ 2.48 32.176.271.291.00 40.73Lot 59 .08 1.00HUBBARD'S ADDITION TO THE VILLAGE OF DEERFIELD 29 10.23Block .02 Lot 61 .43 .08 1.00 $S\frac{1}{2}$ of $E\frac{3}{4}$ of $NE\frac{1}{4}$ of $\stackrel{\circ}{SE}\frac{1}{4}$ 29 15 .06 1.00 Lot 62 .43 .08 1.0032.946.421.32 1.00 Lot 1 and North 12 feet of Lot 6 41.68 West 10 rods of North 3½ rods of SW¼ of SE¼, East of Main street .18 1.00 6.45Lot 3 .02 INDIAN GROVE SUBDIVISION 29 1.00 .02 Lot 4 .43.08 Parcel beginning at intersection of M. C. Ry. with East line of Hamilton Street extension, running Northeast along M. C. Ry. 15 rods, thence South Block .43 .08 1.0046.90 1.49 15 rods, thence West 14 rods, thence North 6 rods to beginning 29 .75 6.00 1.17 .24 1.00 8.41 Commencing 12% rods West of the South ½ post of Section, thence North 7.2546.90 onumber Lot 237.161.00 .02 Lot 7 .43.08 1.91 .39.43 .02 .08 1.00.39 .39 .08 1.00 3.44 1.00 3.44210 feet, West 100 feet, South 210 feet, East 100 feet to beginning Lot 18 .08 $.02 \\ .02$ Lot 10 .43 .43 .08 .08 .08 29 10.93 2.1314.50 Lot 19 Lot 11 1.00 North 40 rods of West 20 rods of E% of W½ of NW½ 32 5 38.16 7.44 1.53 1.00 .39.08 1.97 .39 .08 1.00 3.441.27.43 $02 \\ 02$ $\frac{32}{32}$ $\frac{32}{40}$ $31.\overline{83}$ $N\frac{1}{2}$ of $E\frac{1}{2}$ of $SW\frac{1}{4}$ Lot 23 .08 6.211.00 40.31 Lot 14 .43.08 1.00North 7 acres of South 19 acres of that part of N1/2 of SE1/4, West of ISLAND HOMES SUBDIVISION .43 8.41 Main Street except West 100 feet of North 139 feet 6.001.17.02 $.43 \\ .43$ Lot 7 6.00 1.00 8.41 1.17 32 47.971.92 1.00 60.25.08 1.00 S½ of SW¼ of SE¼ of SE¼ Lot 14 .43 $.24 \\ .24$ Lot 15 6.00 1.17 1.00 8.41 12.502.44 .50 1.00 16.44 Lot 19 .02South part of SW 1/4 33 35 79.16Lot 20 6.001.171.00 8.41 .98.77 Lot 20 .43.08 .021.00Lot 29 1.17 .24 Bitely's Addition .02.08 1.00 6.00 .24 Lot 39 Lot 22 KINNES ADDITION TO VILLAGE OF MATTAWAN Lot 23 .08 East ½ of Southwest ¼ 10.502.05 42 1.00 13.97 .43 .43 Block .02 Southeast 1/4 7.601.561.00 38.95 49.111.00.86 1.00 Lot 6 4.21 27.65 North ½ of South 8 rods of East 6 rods LAKE BROWN WOOD RESORT Lot 28 15.993.12.64 1.00 20.75 .43.08 .08 Block South 4 rods of East 6 rods $.0\overline{2}$ $_{
m Lot}$ 1.0010.34 15.85 .63 .43 20.58 Lots 8 and 9 .20 1.00 7.23West 8 rods of North 4 rods of South 19 rods of that part of Block North of 2nd Street 8 31.99 6.24 1.28 1.00 40.51 Lots 3 and 4 13 67.96 13.26 2.72 1.00 84.94 Lot 31 43 .02MAUK'S CEDAR LAKE SUBDIVISION Lot 34 .43 .02Lots 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14 .70 1.00 .02 43 OAK ISLAND SUBDIVISION 20.54.02Lots 1 and 2 131.05 $1.53 \\ 1.53$ 19 .02OAK PARK .43 .43 .43 South ½ of Lots 5 and 6 Lot 39 .021.00 Block 1.53 1.53 1.53 23.56 4.60 25 .94 1.00 30.10 Lot 40 .08 .08 .02 Lot 21 1.00 7.14Lot 41 Breese's Addition 021.00 Lots 25, 26, 27 and 28 1.00 16.78Lot 42 .43 1.00 Lot 7 2.56 .50 1.00 4.16.43 .43 .43 36.73 7.16 Lot 43 Lots 3 and 4 1.47 1.00 46.36Lots 1 and 2 $7.31 \\ 5.73$ 5.111.00 .20 1.00 Lot 44 .02 .02 $\frac{1.00}{1.00}$.08 Dodge's Addition Lot 13 3.83 .75 1.00 Lot 45 .08 $\frac{1.53}{1.53}$ tak! Block Lot 4 17.88 3.49 23.09 Lot 46 Lot 47 .43 .43 .43 East ½ of Lots 10 and 11 OAK WOOD SUBDIVISION .02 1.00 1.00 1.53 1.53 1.53 .08 3 31.546.16 1.26 1.00 39.96 Block .08 Lots 2 and 3 9 22.49
Lots 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 10 16.06
Lots 1 and 2 13 4.09
THE FIRST SUBDIVISION OF Love's Second Addition .08 .08 Lot 49 .43 16.06 3.13 .64 1.00 20.83 6,05 Block Lot 50 $.02 \\ .02$.43 1.00 Lots 17 and 18 1.25 $\begin{array}{c} .05 \\ .32 \end{array}$ $1.00 \\ 1.00$ 2.55Lot 51 .43 1.00 1.53 Lots 19 and 20 8.00 1.56 10.88 Lot 52 .43 .02 1.00 1.53 . Ł.: Lots 11 and 12 41.73 1.67 Block 8.14 1.00 52.54 .43 .43 .08 .08 Lot 53 .02 1.00Union Addition Lot 2 Delwood 36.84 7.18 46.49 Lot 54 .02 1.00 Lot 1 Lot 19 5.87 .94 7.40 Fernwood 30.091.00 1.00 1.00 Block 1.20 38.16 Lot 55 Lot 56 .43 .08 .02 1.00 1.53 $\frac{4.80}{37.90}$.19 1.52 6.93 47.8215.83 Lot 3 Fernwood 20.55.08 .08 .43 .43 .02 1.00 and 8 Oceana 37.90 7.40 1.52 1.00 THE SECOND SUBDIVISION OF PALISADES PARK Lots 7 and 8 78.32 7.50 $\substack{62.61\\5.26}$ $12.21 \\ 1.03$ 2.50 .21 $1.00 \\ 1.00$ Lot 11 .02 1.00 1.53 Lot 12 Lot' 58 .02 .08 1.00 1.538 Whiteheads Addition Lot 13 Block 3.87 1.00 25.47 Lot 59 .43 .43 .08 .02 1.00 Lots 7 and 8 Beechwood 1.88 .38 1.00 12.87 Lot 60 .08 .02 1.00 1.53 Foot O' the Rainbow Block Lot 8 4.80 .94 .19 1.00 6.93 Lot 61 .43 .02 .08 1.00 1.53 1.53 West 35 feet of North 100 feet of Lot 1 9 7.84 1.53 Lake Bluff 4.27
PENINSULAR PARK Lot 12 .83 .17 1.00 6.27 .02 .02 .02Lot 62 .43.08 .31 1.00 Lot 4 Lot 3 .08 1.00 .71 22.88 17.71 1.00 VILLAGE OF MATTAWAN Lot 4 .43 .08 1.53 1.53 1.00 ROGERS ADDITION TO THE VILLAGE OF GRAND JUNCTION South 80 feet of West 35 feet of Lot 1 Lot 5 1.00 Block Lot 6 .43 .43 .08 .021.53 1.53 3.66 1.00 73.20 14.28 2.93 1.00 54.2991.41 $\frac{2}{2}$ 43.141.00 1.73ROOSEVELT HILLS FIRST SUBDIVISION 1.00 West 1/2 of Lot 5 8.63 1.68 .35 1,00 11.66Lot 9 .42 .09 1.00 East 42 feet of West 92 feet of North 20 feet of Lot 15
2 2.17 .42 .09
Lots 5 and 7 .4 10.81 2.11 .43
Lot 7 12 29.67 5.79 1.19 Block Lot 10 .43 .43 .08 .02 1.53 1.53.02 1.00 .02 .021.00 3.68 .08 1.00 Lot 2 .02 .43 .08 1.00 Lot 12 .08 1.00 .43 $\frac{1.53}{1.53}$ 14.351.00 Lot 3 .43.08 .02 1.53 Lot 13 1.191.00 37.651.00 VILLAGE OF PAW PAW 1.53 1.53 .43 .08 .021.00 Lot 14 .42 .08 .09 .02 2.15 1.00 Lot 5 .43 .08 .02 1.00 Lot 15 .43 1.00Lot 12 4 57.60 11.24 2.30 1.00 72.14 Lot 9 5 118.72 23.15 4.75 1.00 147.62 Parcel beginning Northeast corner West ½ of Block, South 264 feet to Paw Paw Street, West 24 feet, North 132 feet, West 20 feet, North 72 feet East 20 feet North 60 feet East 24 feet to beginning Northeast Corner West 24 feet, West 25 feet, North 72 feet East 20 feet, North 72 feet East 20 feet, North 60 feet East 24 feet to beginning Northeast Corner Rest 24 feet to beginning Northeast Corner Rest 24 feet to beginning Northeast Corner Rest 20 feet North 60 feet East 24 feet to beginning Northeast Corner Rest 20 feet North 60 feet East 20 feet North 60 feet Rest 24 feet to beginning Northeast Corner Rest 20 feet North 72 f Lot 6 .08 1.53 Lot 16 .43 1.00 $\begin{array}{c} .02 \\ .02 \end{array}$ 1.53 1.53 .43 .08 1.00 Lot 17 .02 .43 √.08 1.00 .43 .08 1.00 Lot 18 .43 .08 $1.53 \\ 1.53$ 1 - 1m 1.001.53 Lot 19 .02 Paw Paw Street, West 24 feet, North 60 feet, East 24 feet to beginning 115.20 22.47 4.61 1.00 1.00 i (... Lot 10 .08 .08 $\begin{array}{c} .02 \\ .02 \end{array}$.43 .43 1.00 Lot 20 .43 .43 .08 .02 1.53 1.53 1.53 1.00 Lot 21 143.28 $\begin{array}{c} .02 \\ .02 \end{array}$.08 1.00 Lot 12 .02 1.00 .08 Lot 9 and North ½ of Lot 10 Lot 22 .43 .08 $\begin{array}{c} 1.53 \\ 1.53 \end{array}$ 1.00.08 98.68 19.24 Lot 13 .43 .02 1.00 1.53 Lot 23 3.95 1.00 122.87 10 .43 .43 .08 .02 North 25 feet of Lot 12 13 .431.00 48.43 Lot 15 .0238.407.491.54 1.00 .08 1.00 .42 1.00 3.66 North 1/2 of Lots 6 and 9 Lot 25 .08 $1.53 \\ 1.53$ 1.00 Lot 16 .43 .08 .02 1.00 1.53 53.17 Lot 17 Lot 26 42.24 17 8.24 1.69 .43 .43.08 .08 $\begin{array}{c} .02 \\ .02 \end{array}$ 1.53 1.53 South ½ of Lots 1 and 4 .43 1.00 .02 .09 .08 1.00 Lot 18 .43 .08 1.00 Lot 28 2.15 Lot 4 32.13 6.271.29 1.00 40.69 .42 3.66 1.53 1.00Lot 19 .08 1.00 1.53 29 58.33 11.37 2.33 1.00 Lot 29 .08 73.03 1.00 East 46 feet of Lot 7 and West 20 feet of Lot 10 29 134.00 26.13 Lot 20 .02 .02 .43 .08 1.00 1.53 Lot 30 .43 .43 .02 .08 .08 1.00 .43 .08 $1.53 \\ 1.53$ 1.00 5.36 .76 1.23 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.53 1.53166.49 1.00 Lot 22 Lot 7 19.02 30.72 1.00 32 24.49 Lot 37 .02 1.00 Lot 23 .02 38.94 Lot 24 .43 .08 1.00 Lots 9 and 12 Lot 38 5.99.43 .43 .08 .08 .02 1.00 .43 .08 North 4 rods of Lot 6 1.00 1.53 .33 $\frac{1.00}{1.00}$.021.53 1.53 1.53 1.6011.11 1.00 Lot 25 1.00 1.53 Lot 7 30.72 38.94 Lot 41 1.00 Lot 26 .08 .02 Lot 16 except North 1 rod .43 1.00 1.53 Lot 42 .43 .43 .08 .02 Lot 27 15.47 .43 .08 .02 1.00 1.53 3.02.62 $\begin{array}{c} .02 \\ .02 \end{array}$ $1.00 \\ 1.00$ 1.00 .08 20.11 North 1 rod of Lot 16 Lot 28 $\begin{array}{r}
1.14 \\
220.78 \\
2.92
\end{array}$.43 .08 .02 1.00 Lot 44 .05 1.00 1.53.43 .08 2.421.53 Lots 6 and 7 Lot 29 43.05 8.83 .43 .08 .02 1.00 1.53 Lot 45 273.66 1.00 4.61 Lot 30 .12 1.00 1.00 .02 .43 .08 .02 1.00 1.53 .43 .08 1.00 Lots 5, 6, 7 and 8 15.92 .43 3.11 .08 20.67 .08 .02 1.00 1.53 1.00 1.53 Lot 3 3.91 19.2047 Lot 50 .43 1.00 1.00 .43 1.00 1.00 .08 .02 1.53 1.53Lot 1 .77 .61 1.00 1.00 Lot 51 3.7524.72 Lot 35 .43 .08 .021.00 .02 $\begin{array}{c} 1.53 \\ 6.27 \end{array}$.43 .08 North ½ of Lot 19 15.22 .43 _ .08 19.80 Lots 37 and 38 .17 .02 1.00 1.53 .83 1.00 $15.22 \\ 27.86$ 55 Lot 55 .02 .61 1:00 .43 .08 19.80 Lot 39 1.53

.43

.08

%02

1.00

1.53

(Continued on next page)

1.11 1.00

35.40 | Lot 40

The content of the	ALNOS E diHSUMOL	Amount of Taxes Amount Taxes Amount Taxes	Charges	TOTAL		P 2 SOUTH OF	Amount of Taxes ON Taxes ON Taxes	Collection Fee Charces	TOTAL		ਊਰ ੈ TY OF SOUTH	of Taxes A Interest	Collection Fee Charges	TOTAL
Column	SW¼ of SE¼ 24 40 N½ of NE¼ of NE¼ and NW¼ 25 60 E½ of SW¼ 25 80 N½ of SE¼ of NE¼ 26 20	of NE 4 140.64 27.45 165.52 32.28 22.84 4.45	2 5.63 1.0 3 6.62 1.0 5 .91 1.0	00 174.69 00 205.42 00 29.20	North part of West 30 a E½ of SW¼ of SE¼ W½ of SE¼ of NW¼ North 17 acres of W½ South by 133 feet East mencing at West ½ pos	cres NE ¼ of S 9 10 \$28 9 20 28 10 20 42 of NW ¼ of S and West in S st of Section, th	3.29 \$5.52 3.29 5.52 2.74 8.33 W 4, excepouthwest coence East 3	1.13 1.0 1.71 1.0 100 feet 1	00 35.94 00 53.78 North and ccept com-	South ½ of Lots 1 and North 60 feet of Lots 8 South ½ of Lots 10 a	2 1 \$8. and 9 2 64. nd 15 5 64.	63 12.60 63 12.60	2.59 1.00 2.59 1.00	80.82
Section Sect	North 10 rods, West 12 rods, South 28 39.25 S% of SW 4 29 and SE 4 of SE 4 30 100 E 2 of N 2 of SE 4 30 40 SW 4 10f SE 4 30 and E 2 of W 2 of	10 rods to beg 301.85 58.87 586.11 114.29 313.14 61.07	7 12.07 1.0 7 23.44 1.0 7 12.53 1.0	373.79 00 724.84 00 387.74	rods West 36 28-37 rods N½ of E½ of E½ o Commencing at West ¼ 9 rods, West 36 28-37 i	11 14 76 f SE ¼ 11 20 34 post of Section, rods, North 9 ro 11 2 16	o beginning 3.93 15.00 4.19 6.67 , thence Eas ds to begin	3.08 1.0 1.37 1.0 36 28-37 r ting .43 1.0	00 96.01 00 43.23 ods, South 00 14.20	Lot 3 and East ½ of I South 45 feet of Lot 8 2 Lot 6 2 East ½ of Lot 1 and Nor	Lot 4 18 67. 19 29. 11 59. 1h 10 feet of Ea 14 74. rth 10 feet of W	97 13.26 83 5.82 65 11.64 st ½ of Lot 57 14.54 Vest ½ of L	2.72 1.00 1.19 1.00 2.39 1.00 2 2 2 2.98 1.00 ot 2	84.95 37.84 74.68 93.09
Company Comp	W% of NE¼ of NE¼ 31 15 E½ of SE¼ 32 80 NW¼ of NE¼ 36 40 Sh of E¾ of SE¼ of SE¼ 36 10 TOWNSHIP 4 SOUTH	84.00 16.38 238.38 46.48 53.29 10.40 13.24 2.59 I OF RANGE	3.36 1.0 3 9.54 1.0 2.13 1.0 3 2.13 1.0	104.74 295.40 66.82	SW 4 of SW 4 South part of E 2 of E 3 of NW 4 of NE 4 W 4 of NE 4 of NW 4 SE 4 of NW 4	12 10 12 12 40 24' SE'4 12 50 60 13 20 23 13 30 55 13 40 44	7.85 48.24 0.43 11.78 1.38 4.17 5.57 10.84 2.74 8.33	9.89 1.0 2.42 1.0 .86 1.0 2.22 1.0 1.71 1.0	00 306.48 00 75.63 00 27.41 00 69.63 00 53.78	Lot 14 3 Lot 15 5 Lots 6 and 7 East ½ of Lot 11 and I	14 44. 14 19. 14 119. 19 198. 10 12 19 9. 13 11.	33 8.64 88 3.88 30 23.27 85 38.78 94 1.94 82 2.31 59 13.58	1.77 1.00 .80 1.00 4.77 1.00 7.95 1.00 .40 1.00 .47 1.00 2.78 1.00	25.56 148.34 246.58 13.28 15.60 86.95
Application 1985	1 60 N½ of NEfrl¼ 2 65 N½ of NWfrl¼ 2 65 S½ of NW¼ 2 80 North part of E½ of SW¼	79.48 15.50 141.39 27.58 73.10 14.20 219.57 42.82	3 5.66 1.0 3 2.92 1.0 2 8.78 1.0	00 175.63 00 91.28 00 272.17	NW 4 of SW 4 Commencing on center 58 33-100 feet East of 192 2-10 feet, South 23	13 40 51 line of North East line of I 1 4-10 feet, We 14	1.29 10.01 Street exter R. R., North st to beginn 4.46 .87	ded, East (235 9-10 mg .18 1.0	at a point feet, East	Lot 7 Townsh Parcel in NW¼ comment and East corporation line	nip 1 South of Fec. eing at intersect thence West al	ion of Sout ong River 6	est h side of Bl feet South	ack River 138 feet,
A	E½ of SE¼ of SE¼ 5 20 SE¼ of NE¼ 7 40 E½ of NE¼ of NE¼ 8 20 NW¼ of NW¼ 9 40 SW¼ of SE¼ 9 40 East 50 acres of part North of Hig	15.10 2.99 38.59 7.5 20.76 4.0 52.87 10.3 53.89 10.5 hway of SE14	5 .60 1.0 3 1.54 1.0 5 .83 1.0 1 2.11 1.0 2.16 1.0	19.65 00 48.66 00 26.64 00 66.29 00 67.56	thence East 216 8-10 fe on R. R. to beginning Commencing 46 rods 12 of Section, thence Sout links, West 6 rods to be Und 7-11 commencing 4	eet, South 203 24 14 34 2½ links North h 16 rods 13 line eginning 14 6 rods 12½ link	8-100 feet to 9.70 68.20 and 15 rods aks East 6 r 4.88 .95 s North and	R. R., Nor 13.99 1.0 East of We ods, North .20 1.0 560 feet Ea	thwesterly	beginning W½ of NWfrl¼ commen corner is located as fol River South bank and Ea feet, thence South 76° 5 said corner, North 86° 5 Black River, thence South	2 14. cing at Southea lows, commencie st corporation li 5' West 206 feet West along Southerly along Bla	85 2.90 st corner Lo ng at the i ne of said c t, South 3° th line of Lo tok River to	59 1.00 ot 9 Bonito I intersection ity, thence S 55 West 2' ot 9 about 1 o M. C. R.	Plat which of Black South 132 76 feet to 30 feet to R. thence
Septiment of the property of t	N½ of SE¼ 11 80 W½ of SW¼ of SE¼ 11 20 W¾ of SW¼ of NW¼ 12 30 NW¼ of NE¼ 16 40 SW¼ of SW¼ 17 40 N½ of NE¼ of NE¼ 19 20 Commencing 26 rods East of North	34.39 6.7 8.60 1.6 45.85 8.9 35.21 6.8 4.54 .8 2.72 .5 west corner of	1 1.38 1.0 8 .34 1.0 5 1.83 1.0 7 1.41 1.0 9 .18 1.0 3 .11 1.0 Section, the	00 43.48 00 11.62 00 57.63 00 44.49 00 6.61 00 4.36 nce East 4	4 post of section, then East 200 feet, South 10 Commencing at Northw 37 rods 2½ feet, East tion, thence West to	ce North 250 fe 10 feet, East 45 14 1 est corner of E $\frac{1}{2}$ to R. R., Northw beginning 15 5 2 NE $\frac{1}{4}$ of NE $\frac{1}{2}$	et, West 245 feet to begi 9.09 3.73 ½ of NE ¼ vest to R .R. 4.76 4.83 ¼	feet, South nning .76 1.0 of NE 4, the to North li	00 24.58 ence South ine of Sec-	Easterly along R. R. to E tion line to a point 86° 5' to said starting point of acres E½ of W½ of parcel confect North of South li 341 53-100 feet, South 4'	ast corporation East of starting Southeast corn 2 3 97. mmencing on Worden of Section, 6 53-100 feet, I 2 1 4.	line, thence g point, then ler of Lot 9 .04 18.93 est 1/8 line of North 476 East 341 40- .99 .97	North along the North 86 9 containing 3.88 1.0 of Section 8 6 60-100 fe 100 feet to .20 1.0	corpora- 5 West about 3 0 120.85 41 50-100 eet, West beginning 0 7.16
Company Comp	NW ¼ 23 160 North part of W ½ of SEfrl ¼	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1.42 & .2 \\ 384.60 & 75.0 \end{array}$	8 .06 1.0 0 15.38 1.0	$\begin{array}{ccc} 00 & 2.76 \\ 00 & 475.98 \end{array}$	feet, West 110 feet, No. mencing at Southwest East 1 66-100 chains, beginning	Vest of East 4/ rth 173 feet, East corner of abov North 3 30-100 15	post of Sect st 110 feet t e, thence S chains, We 3.51 4.59	ion, thence beginning, outh 3 30-1 st 1 66-100 .94 1.0	South 173 Also com- 100 chains, chains to 00 30.04	Amended Add. East on N extension of Brockway a beginning Commencing 150 feet E Amended Add. East 48 fe	orth % line of S Ave., West on s 3 24. ast of Northeas set. South 100 fe	Section 50 fee same 50 fee .93 4.86 st corner Lo eet more or	eet, South 1 et, North 10 1.00 1.0 ot 1 Block less to a str	00 feet to 00 feet to 0 31.79 7 Mapiers ip of land
Comment from 1 11 - 11 for the comment of the comme	W ½ of SE ¼ 24 80 . NW ¼ of NE ¼ 25 40 SE ¼ of NE ¼ and N ¾ of N ½ of 26 100 E ½ of SW ¼ 28 80	98.86 19.2 23.02 4.4 of SE ¼ 154.60 30.1 129.36 25.2	8. 3.95 1.0 9 .92 1.0 5 6.18 1.0 5 5.17 1.0	00 123.09 00 29.43 00 191.93 00 160.76	Commencing 16 rods So R. R., thence Northwes line of Section, thence to beginning Commencing 215 feet	terly on R. R. t East to East 1 15 4 West of East 14 ast 50 feet, Sou	o a point 19 ine of said 9.93 9.74 post of Se th 133 feet	2 rods South Section, the 2.00 1.0 ction, thenc to beginning	h of North ence South 00 62.67 e West 50	for street purposes, Wes feet more or less to b Commencing 198 feet E Amended Add. East 52 fe	t on North line eginning 3 29. ast of Northeas et, South 100 fee North 100 feet	of said stri .70 5.80 et corner Lo eet more or to beginning	1.19 1.0 ot 1 Block less to a str	North 100 0 37.69 7 Napiers ip of land
Feb 1985 1	of Section thence East 75 feet, So North 130 feet to beginning 32	and East 225 f outh 133 3-10 15.32 2.9	eet of Northy feet, Wester 9 .61 1.0	vest corner ly 75 feet, 00 19.92	thence North 12 rods 1 East 12 rods 16 links	6 links, West 12 to beginning 15 2 NE 1/4	rods 16 lin 4.46 4.77	ks, South 15	2 16 links, 00 31.21	Section, South 50 feet, beginning Commencing 367 feet No tion, West 100 feet, Sou	West to Lake $^{ m N}$ $^{ m S9}$ $^{ m Th}$ and $^{ m 33}$ feet $^{ m th}$ $^{ m 104}$ feet, Sou	Michigan, No .10 11.53 West of Sou	orth 50 fee 2.36 1.0 utheast corn	t, East to 0 73.99 er of Sec-
All of While of While of Shift	feet, North 133 3-10 feet to begin 32 Wfrl½ of Wfrl½ except 1 acre, S 34 151 E½ of SE¼ 36 80	20.43 3.9 outheast part 1 272.63 53.1 131.58 25.6	8 .82 1.0 North of Mag 6 10.91 1.0 6 5.26 1.0	00 26.23 gician Lake 00 337.70	NW ¼ except 265 feet Northwest corner SW ¼ S½ of S½ of SE¼ NE¼	16 20 2 East and West 17 159 22 17 160 17 17 40 5 20 160 19	3.50 4.59 by 1050 fee 2.18 43.33 7.74 34.66 6.84 11.08 2.34 37.51	.94 1.0 t North and 8.89 1.0 7.11 1.0 2.27 1.0 7.69 1.0	00 30.03 d South in 00 275.40 00 220.51 00 71.19 00 238.54	Parcel beginning 363 feet NE % of NE % of Section East 132 feet except Sou Parcel beginning 300 fe	9 39. South and 297 South 131 fee th 7 feet East 0 5. et East of Nort	feet West of the West 132 and West for 1.16 theast corner	of Northeast feet, North or Alley NE .24 1.0 or Lee and	corner of 132 feet, 14 0 8.30 LaGrange
All they next of May of Novice of Control of March 1985 and Section (1985) and Section (1	All of NW¼ of NE¼ of Section t Black River 1 35 SW¼ of NE¼ 1 40 East part of SE¼ of NE¼ 1 25	137.03 26.7 100.71 19.6	3 5.48 1.0 4 4.03 1.0 5 2.74 1.0	00 170.24 00 125.38 00 85.57	W½ of NW¼ W½ of E½ of SW¼ N½ of NW¼ of SW¼ South part of W½ of N¾ of E½ of SW¼ ex	20 80 10 20 40 20 20 3 f SW 4 20 60 5 ccept 10 rods No	2.58 20.00 8.55 1.67 4.19 6.67 1.29 10.01	4.10 1.0 .34 1.0 1.37 1.0 2.05 1.0	00 127.68 00 11.56 00 43.23 00 64.35 Is East and	NE 4 Parcel beginning 438 fee Streets, South 99 feet, E Parcel beginning 564 fe Streets, North 132 feet,	10 8. It East of South ast 66 feet, Nor 10 23. et East of Nor East 66 feet, So 10 39.	.85 1.73 least corner th 99 feet, .60 4.61 theast corner th 132 fee .73 7.75	.35 1.0 Green and West 66 fee .94 1.0 er Lee and t, West 66 i 1.59 1.0	11.93 LaGrange et, NE 4 0 30.15 LaGrange feet NE 4 0 50.07
We of Fig. 4 (1994) 6	All that part of N½ of NWfrl¼ River except about 6 acres for Righ R. R. hereby covering about 36 acr 1 36 E½ of NW¼ South of River 1 59	of Section what of way Kalanes of land 107.82 21.0 81.19 15.8	ich lies North nazoo and So 3 4.31 1.0	h of Black outh Haven 00 134.16	E½ of NE¼ of NW¼ W½ of SE¼ of NW¼ W½ of SW¼ SE¼ of SW¼ N¼ of N¼ of E¼ of	21 59.50 12 22 20 2 22 20 5 22 80 10 22 40 3 of SE 4	1.38 4.17 5.57 10.84 6.86 20.84 4.19 6.67	.86 1.0 2.22 1.0 4.27 1.0 1.37 1.0	00 27.41 00 69.63 00 132.97 00 43.23	of NE¼ of SE¼ of NE⅓ North 132 5-100 feet, E for Alley in NE¼ Parcel beginning 626 05 corner of NE¼ of SE¼	4 of Section, So ast 44 feet, exc 10 35. -100 feet South of NE¼ of Se feet. East 88 fe	ept North 5 ept North 5 .40 6.91 and 341 fe ction North eet, except '	00 feet, We: 7 feet East	st 44 feet, and West 0 44.73 Northeast feet, West
Series of No. 1976. We can be series of the control of the contro	W ² of N ³ 4 of W ¹ 2 of NW ¹ 4 of SE 11 10 S ¹ 2 of N ¹ 2 of E ¹ 2 of	60.43 11.7			SW 4 of NE 4 10 acres lying West of	23 20 1 24 40 5 R. R., N½ of S 24 10	4.95 10.72 W ¼ of SW	2.20 1.0 4	00 68.87	Parcel beginning at the South 6 rods, West 40 ro	10 32 Northeast corn ds, North 6 rods 10 22 ast corner Green	$.45$ 6.33 er of SE $\frac{1}{4}$ s, East 40 ro 0.05 4.30 and LaGra	1.30 1.0 of SE ¼ o ods to begin .88 1.0 inge Streets,	0 41.08 f Section, ming 0 28.23
South part of NW1 of NW2 of NW	and S½ of E½ of SE¼ except parcel in Southwest corner 25 rods square 13 35 W½ of E½ of W½ of SE¼ 13 20 W½ of W½ of SE¼ 13 40 NW¼ of SW¼ 14 40	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3 1.28 1.0 0 2.87 1.0 9 1.58 1.0	00 40.42 00 89.66 00 49.69	E½ of SE¼ of SW¼ SW¼ of SE¼ S½ of SE¼ of SE¼ NW¼ E½ of SE½ of SW¼	24 18 1 24 20 2 24 40 3 24 20 4 25 160 8 25 40 3 25 10 1	1.38 4.17 5.69 6.96 7.58 9.28 5.48 16.67 8.48 7.50 1.90 2.33	.86 1. 1.43 1. 1.90 1. 3.42 1. 1.54 1.	$egin{array}{cccc} 00 & 27.41 \\ 00 & 45.08 \\ 00 & 59.76 \\ 00 & 106.57 \\ 00 & 48.52 \\ 00 & 15.71 \\ \hline \end{array}$	Parcel beginning 446 3-1 of Section, thence West Phillips Street, South 4: North 45° East 192 feet	10 29 0 feet South and 37 4-10 feet, S 6° East along I 7, North 2° 30 10 103 East line of Fr	.50 5.76 d 240 feet Worth 24° WEast line Present 245 fee. 25 20.14 ancis Stree	1.18 1.0 Vest of East Vest 351 8-1 nillips Stree eet to begin 4.13 1.0 t 231 feet	4 corner 10 feet to t 82 feet, ning 0 128.52 West and
South part of NWs of Setts North part of Setts North part of NWs of Setts N	South and 40 rods East and West, 15 9 North part of SW 4 of NE 4 21 5 N ½ of NE 4 of NE 4 22 20 S ½ of NE 4 of SE 4 22 20	Southwest cor 47.10 9.1 656.29 127.9 158.38 30.8	ner 9 1.88 1.0 8 26.25 1.0 8 6.34 1.0	00 59.17 00 811.52 00 196.60	SW 4 of SW 4 North 50 acres of Sour SE 4 of NE 4 NE 4 of NW 4	27 40 11 th 70 acres of 1 28 50 3 29 40 5 29 40 3	5.40 22.51 NE 4 4.19 6.67 1.29 10.01 4.19 6.67	4.62 1.0 1.37 1.0 2.05 1.0 1.37 1.0	00 143.53 00 43.23 00 64.35 00 43.23	East line Francis Street beginning Parcel beginning Northy Grange Street 150 feet, ning Commencing 33 feet Nor	East 50 feet, 1 10 70 yest corner Dea Northeasterly 1 10 24 th and 66 feet E	North 100 f .14 13.68 ns Add., No 87 5-10 fee .83 4.84 Cast of South	feet, West 5 2.81 1.0 orth on Eas t Southwest .99 1.0 hwest corner	0 feet to 0 87.63 t line La- to begin- 0 31.66
North 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2	22 10 South part of NW 4 of SE 4 22 20 North part of W ½ of NE 4 23 70	78.85 15.33 345.20 67.33	3.15 1.0	98.38	E½ of SE¼ of SW¼ W¼ of SE¼ of SW¼ W½ of NE¼ NW¼ SW¼ of SW¼ except of	29 20 1 29 20 5 30 80 10 30 19 commencing at S	7.10 3.34 1.37 10.02 2.58 20.00 2.34 37.51 southwest co	.68 1.0 2.05 1.0 4.10 1.0 7.69 1.0 rner of Sect	00 22.12 00 64.44 00 127.68 00 238.54 ion, thence	of NW 4 of Section, East 132 feet, West 49 ½ feet Parcel beginning 99 feet Streets, North 132 feet feet. NW 4	t $49\frac{1}{2}$ feet on $\frac{1}{2}$, South 132 feet 11 68 West of North, West $82\frac{1}{2}$ feet 11 20	North line S to beginning 61 13.38 west corner eet, South, 65 4.03	Superior Str 2.74 1.0 Superior a 132 feet, 1 .83 1.0	eet, North 0 85.73 nd Cherry East 82½ 0 26.51
Ety of ENG of SNA 33 50 57.80 13.23 2.71 1.00 84.78 NWA 07.NWA 37.14 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1	East part of West 60 acres of NE 1/2 25 30 East 40 acres of West 100 acres of	39.88 7.78 39.88 7.78 NE¼ except 8	160 16	00 50 96	North 20 rods, West 40 E ½ of NW ¼ of NE ¼	7 rods, South 80 30 30 6 31 20 1 31 20 1 of NE 1/4	rods to beg 8.38 13.33 2.83 2.50 2.83 2.50	inning 2.74 1. .51 1. .51 1.	00 85.45 00 16.84 00 16.84	Parcel beginning 150 fee Cherry Street, South 140 East 125 feet, NW ¼ Aylwe BI	3 5-10 feet, We: 11 9 orth's Lake Vie ock	st 125 feet, .94 1.94 w Subdivisi	North 146 .40 1.0	5-10 feet, 0 13.27
North part of South 83 acres of ND4 12.96 2.66 1.00 83.05 1.00	E½ of E½ of SE¼ 26 40 Commencing at the Northeast corne South 703 feet, thence West 993 fee West 764 feet, thence North 1646 fe 658 5-10 feet, thence East 1318 fee	67.80 13.23 33.91 6.62 r of SW 4 of 3 et, thence Sout et, thence East et to beginning	2 1.36 1.0 SE¼ of Section 1.0 h 284 5-10 for the 1.439 feet, the	100 42.89 ion, thence eet, thence ence South	N ½ of SW ¼ of NW ¼ S ½ of SW ¼ of NW ¼ W ½ of SE ¼ of NW ¼ E ½ of NE ¼ of SW ¼ W ½ of NE ¼ of SW ¼	31 '40 4 31 20 1 31 20 3 31 20 1 31 20 2 31 20 2	7.01 9.17 7.10 3.34 4.19 6.67 2.83 2.50 9.92 5.84	1.88 1.6 .68 1.6 1.37 1.6 .51 1.0 1.20 1.6	00 59.06 00 22.12 00 43.23 00 16.84 00 37.96	Lot 29 Lot 36 Lot 1 Lot 15 Lots 6, 7, 8 and 9	1 5 1 9 2 9 2 5 Crystal Springs	.91 1.16 .94 1.94 .94 1.94 .91 1.16 Addition .12 25.18	.24 1.0 .40 1.0 .40 1.0 .24 1.0	0 8.31 0 13.28 0 13.28 0 8.31 0 160.46
NW 4 of NW 4. See 14 14 12 3.02 1.00 94.19 NW 4 of NW 4. See 15 NW 4. Of NW 4. Of NW 4. See 15 NW 4.	North part of South 83 acres of 28 40 South part of East 30 acres of SE1 28 5 W1/2 of N1/2 of NE1/4 of NE1/4	NE ¼ 66.44 12.96 4 of SW ¼ , 11.72 2.29	3 2.66 1.0	00 83.06 00 15.48	W½ of NE¼ of NE¼ W¾ of W½ of NE¼ of NE¼ of NE¼ of NE¼ of NE¼ of	33 30 64 34 20 8 34 60 12 NE14	1.22 15.84 3.96 24,18	3.25 1.0 4.96 1.0	00 101.31 00 154.10	Lots 36, 37 and 40 Lot 41 Lot 43	29 9 20 20	.80 5.82 .94 1.94 .65 4.03 .65 4.03	1.19 1.0 .40 1.0 .83 1.0	0 37.81 0 13.28 0 26.51 0 26.51
SEY of SEW 34 10 66.73 11.06 2.27 1.00 71.06 NM of NEW of NEW 35 20 55.09 10.75 2.20 1.00 69.08 NM of NEW 35 20 55.09 10.75 2.20 1.00 69.08 NM of NEW 35 20 74.77 19.01 3.90 1.00 121.38 NM of NEW 35 40 97.47 19.01 3.90 1.00 121.38 NM of NEW 35 40 97.47 19.01 3.90 1.00 121.38 NM of NEW 35 50.05 NM of NEW 35 20 8.65 1.67 .34 1.00 11.56 NW of SEW 1 1 10 8.55 1.67 .34 1.00 11.56 NW of SEW 1 1 10 8.55 1.67 .34 1.00 11.56 NW of SEW 4 1 10 10.00 NM of SEW 30 11 10 8.55 1.67 .34 1.00 11.56 NM of NEW 30 20 1 11.00 8.55 1.67 .34 1.00 11.56 NM of NEW 30 20 1 11.00 8.55 1.67 .34 1.00 11.56 NM of NEW 30 20 1 1.00 8.55 1.67 .34 1.00 11.56 NM of NEW 30 20 1 1.00 8.55 1.67 .34 1.00 11.56 NM of NEW 30 20 1 1.00 8.55 1.67 .34 1.00 11.56 NM of NEW 30 20 1 1.00 8.55 1.67 .34 1.00 11.56 NM of NEW 30 20 1 1.00 8.55 1.67 .34 1.00 11.56 NM of NEW 30 20 1 1.00 8.55 1.67 .34 1.00 11.56 NM of NEW 30 20 1 1.00 8.55 1.67 .34 1.00 11.56 NM of NEW 30 20 1 1.00 8.55 1.67 .34 1.00 11.56 NM of NEW 30 20 1 1.00 8.55 1.67 .34 1.00 11.56 NM of NEW 30 20 1 1.00 8.55 1.67 1.00 43.25 NM of NEW 30 20 1 1.00 8.55 1.67 1.00 43.25 NM of NEW 30 20 1 1.00 8.55 1.67 1.00 43.25 NM of NEW 30 20 1 1.00 8.55 1.67 1.00 43.25 NM of NEW 30 20 1 1.00 8.55 1.67 1.00 43.25 NM of NEW 30 20 1 1.00 8.55 1.67 1.00 43.25 NM of NEW 30 20 1 1.00 8.55 1.67 1.00 43.25 NM of NEW 30 20 1 1.00 8.55 1.67 1.00 43.25 NM of NEW 30 20 1 1.00 8.55 1.00 4.00 1.00 8.55 1.00 1.00 1.00	NW 4 of NW 4 33 40 E ½ of NW 4 West of R. R. 34 49 S ½ of NE 4 of SW 4 34 20	75.45 14.73 104.01 20.28 39.76 7.70	2 3.02 1.0 3 4.16 1.0 5 1.59 1.0	00 94.19 00 129.45 00 50.11	N½ of N½ of SW¼ N½ of NE¼ of SE¼ e	35 40 4 except 6 % acres 35 13.25 of SE %	2.74 8.33 on North si 9.85 1.93	1.71 1.0 de .39 1.0	00 53.78 00 13.17	Lots 7, 8, 9, 11 and 14 Dyckem Bl Lot 5	24 an Hale & Com ock 1 79	.83 4.84 panys Addit .46 15.50	.99 1.0 tion / 3.18 1.0	0 31.66 0 99.14
NW¼ of SE¼ 1 40 72.68 14.17 2.91 1.00 90.74 1.156 E½ of E½ of E½ of SW¼ of SE½ 100 10.09 0.74 1.156 E½ of E½ of SW¼ of SE½ 1.67 3.4 1.00 11.56 Sec. 1.67 3.54 Sec	N½ of NE¼ of NE¼ 35 20 S½ of S½ of NE¼ 35 40 TOWNSHIP 2 SOUTH	55.09 10.78 97.47 19.03 I OF RANGE	5 2.20 1.0 1 3.90 1.0	00 69.04	Parcel 60 rods North as Highway in Northwest	35 40 2 nd South by 26 corner of N½ o 36 9.75 4 SW¼ of SE¼	1.38 4.17 rods East and SW 4 7.84 9.33	.86 1.0 nd West lyir 1.91 1.0	00 27.41 ng West of 00 60.08	Lot 8 1 Lot 1 Lot 5 Lot 7 Lot 4	14 49 14 29 14 79 15 17	.66 9.69 .50 5.76 .46 15.50 .70 3.46	1.99 1.0 1.18 1.0 3.18 1.0 .71 1.0	0 62.34 0 37.44 0 99.14
S½ of NW¼ of SE¼ 3 20 38.48 7.50 1.54 1.00 48.52 17 8-10 feet, North 70° East 209 88-100 feet, South North 60 feet of Lot 5 and South 16 feet of Lot 4 and South 16 feet of Lot 5 and S	NW¼ of SE¼ 1 40 E½ of E½ of SW¼ of SE¼ 1 10 S½ of SW¼ of NE¼ 3 20 S⅓ of NE¼ of SW¼ 3 20	8.55 1.6 72.66 14.1 8.55 1.6 57.41 11.2	7 2.91 1.0 7 .34 1.0 0 2.30 1.0	$egin{array}{cccc} 00 & 90.74 \ 00 & 11.56 \ 00 & 71.91 \ 00 & 43.23 \ \end{array}$	Frl. Section Nfrl ½ Commencing 2202 42-1 east corner of N½ of S	HP 2 SOUTH O Sec. 24 36 4 25 136 19 00 feet west and 14 of Section, t	7.01 9.17 2.34 37.51 d 106 92-10 hence South	1.88 1. 7.69 1. 7.0° West	00 59.06 00 238.54 n of South- 209 88-100	East 66 feet of Lot 8 Lot 3 Lot 1 Dyck Bl	15 88 23 24 24 69 26 53 man and Woodn ock	.50 17.26 .83 4.84 .53 13.56 .10 10.36 nans Additio	3.54 1.0 .99 1.0 2.78 1.0 2.12 1.0	0 31.66 0 86.87
North ½ of East ½ of South 20 acres of North 60 acres of W½ of SW¼ of SE¼ of SE	S½ of NW¼ of SW¼ 3 20 N½ of NE¼ of SE¼ 3 20 N½ of NW¼ of SE¼ 3 20 Commencing 120 rods North of ¼ East 60 rods, South 26% rods, West	38.48 7.5 153.54 29.9 58.33 11.3 post between S 60 rods, Nort 8.51 1.6	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	00 48.52 00 190.63 00 78.03 i 10 thence beginning 00 11.51	feet, North 217 8-10 217 8-10 feet to beg Frl Section Si of E% of N½ of South 5 chains 17 lir	feet, North 7 inning 25 1 2 35 30 6 NE¼ 36 40 5 hks of NWfrl¼	0° East 20 5.64 5.00 4.12 12.50 1.29 10.01	9 88-100 f 1.03 1. 2.56 1. 2.05 1.	eet, South 00 32.67 00 80.18 00 64.35	Lot 10 Lot 13 Lot 17 Lot 7 South ½ of Lot 12	2 62 2 54 2 174 2 68 5 89 5 9	.37 12.16 .85 10.70 .51 34.03 .31 13.32 .75 17.51 .98 1.95	2.19 1.0 6.98 1.0 2.73 1.0 3.59 1.0 .40 1.0	0 68.74 0 216.52 0 85.36 0 111.85 0 13.33
South part of SE¼ of SE¼ 10 21.38 4.17 .86 1.00 27.41 Lots 4 and 5 .5 149.13 29.09 5.97 1.00 185.19 Lots 1 and 2 10 23.80 4.65 .95 1.00 30.40 South part of SE¼ of SE¼ .95 .97 .20 1.00 7.15 Lot 10 199.44 38.90 7.98 1.00 247.32	North ½ of East ½ of South 20 NEfrl¼ 4 5 SW¼ of SW¼ 4 40 W% of SE¼ of SW¼ 4 20	17.10 3.3 acres of Nor 10.69 2.0 55.53 10.8	th 60 acres 6 8 .43 1. 3 2.22 1. 8 2.48 1.	of W½ of 00 14.20 00 69.58 00 77.49	N½ of SW¼ SW¼ of SW¼ East ½ of Lot 5	36 15.42 3 36 80 7 36 40 3 CITY OF SOUT Block 1 11	4.19 6.67 6.93 15.00 8.48 7.50 FH HAVEN 8.21 23.05	3.08 1. 1.54 1.	00 96.01 00 48.52	Ave., 175 feet, South 13° West 85 feet, North 87° thence North along West part of Lots 1, 2, 3, a	32 30 West 1 59 20 West side of Lots 4, and 4 7 99	40 15-100 for 175 feet to 3, 2 and 1 .72 19.45	eet, South 2 West line to beginning 3.99 1.0	of Lot 4, g. Being a
South part of SE 4 of	South part of SE¼ of SE¼ 5 10 NE ¼ of NE¼ 8 40 N 4-5 of N½ of N½ of E½ of SW	21.96 4.2 43.78 8.5 4 of SE 4	9 .88 1. 4 1.75 1. 2 .29 1.	00 28.13 00 55.07	Lots 4 and 5 Lot 14 South 25 feet of Lots and 12 Lots 5 and 6	5 14 6 5, 6, 7 and 8 ar 7 5	9.13 29.09 4.98 .97 nd North 45 9.10 11.53 9.94 1.94	5.97 1. .20 1. feet of Lot 2.36 1. .40 1.	00 185.19 00 7.15 s 9, 10, 11 00 73.99 00 13.28	Lots 1 and 2 Lot 10 West 32 feet of South 4 Lot 6	10 199 9 feet of Lot 11 10 29 13 103	.44 38.90 .70 5.80 .95 20.28	7.98 1.0 1.19 1.0	0 247.32 0 37.69